BeanAir
WIRELESS IIOT SENSORS

USER MANUAL

BeanDevice® 2.4 GHz

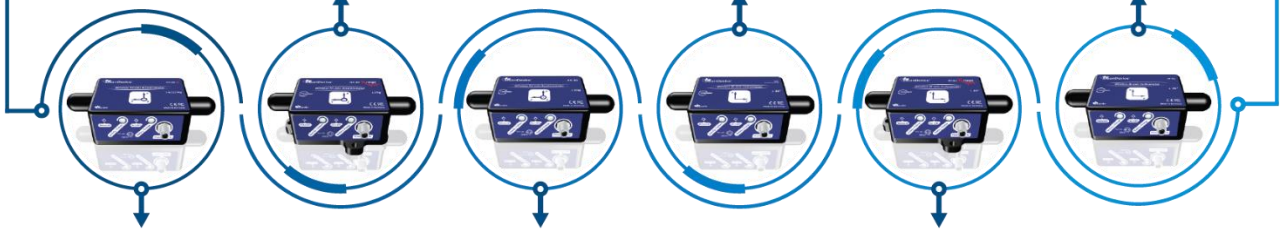
SmartSensor

BeanDevice® 2.4GHz

AX-3D XRange
High Performance wireless IIOT vibration sensor | acceleration and Particle Velocity monitoring

INC
Wireless IIOT inclinometer sensor tilt, inclination, slope monitoring | low-cost version

HI-INC
Wireless IIOT inclinometer tilt, inclination, slope monitoring



AX-3DS
Wireless IIOT accelerometer sensor Shock and impact monitoring

AX-3D
High Performance wireless vibration sensor | acceleration and velocity monitoring

Hi-Inc XRange
High performance wireless IIOT inclinometer sensor | tilt, inclination, slope monitoring

DOCUMENT			
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VALIDATION			
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Writer	Youssef Shahine	✓	
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Reader n°1	Antje Jacob, Production Manager	✓	
Reader n°2	Mohamed-Yosri Jaouadi., Embedded software engineer	✓	

UPDATES			
Version	**Date**	**Auteur**	**Evolution & Status**
2.1	26/06/2012	Christophe Dontegreuil	• BeanDevice® HI-INC accuracy considerations BeanDevice® mounting
2.2	15/11/2012	Christophe Dontegreuil	• New version of the streaming mode Primary Cell replacement instructions and Calibration added
2.3	10/03/2013	Christophe Dontegreuil	XRange version added
2.4	22/05/2014	Christophe Dontegreuil	Detailed information about log files creation & management
2.5	29/11/2014	Maxime Obr.	• TimeSync function description • Log folder organization added
2.6	06/02/2016	Maxime Obr.	• Sensor calibration section added • More details about power supply wiring code for Xtend option • Exporting a log file on excel added

UPDATES			
2.7	21/03/2016	Rasha Friji	• Standalone option • Battery level display
2.8	27/09/2016	Salah Riahi	• BeanDevice versions suppressed • Tx Power management suppressed
2.9	22/12/2016	Salah Riahi	• Exporting a log file to Excel video added
2.10	12/03/2018	Aymen JEGHAM	• New technical Videos added • System Maintenance (primary cell change & calibration) suppressed
2.11	3/05/2018	Aymen JEGHAM	• Signal processing • Alarm threshold • Zeroing • S.E.T acquisition mode
2.12	10/07/2018	Youssef Shahine	• Technical features updated • Alarm Management description transferred from BeanScape® UM to BeanDevice® 2.4GHZ User Manual • Offline analysis tool description transferred from BeanScape® UM to BeanDevice® 2.4GHZ UM
2.13	20/07/2018	Aymen JEGHAM	• Dedicated section **Online data analysis tool** • Diagram updated “Offline and online data analysis tool”
2.14	30/07/2018	Aymen JEGHAM	• Vocabulary update • Off. Graph and date conversion location update
2.15	26/10/2018	Fahd ESSID	• Screenshots update • LEDs Description update • Tab signal processing changed to Online Data analysis and updated • Sensor channel profile update • Data acquisition log file update • Offline graph update • Offline data analysis update • Online data analysis update
2.16	03/12/2018	Fahd ESSID	• Graphical Display updated
2.3	21/02/2020	Seddik ATTIG	• More info about Gmail and Hotmail emails configuration

UPDATES			
2.17	11/01/2019	Fahd ESSID	• Right click functionalities added • Alarm Management updated • Alarm Management Note added • DIN 4150-3 Configuration added
2.18	20/03/2019	Fahd ESSID	• DIN Display updated • Tab Sensor Config Added
2.19	25/06/2019	Mohamed Bechir Besbes	• Firewall exception for BeanScape
3.0	02/07/2019	Fahd ESSID	• Vocabulary update • Online/Offline Data Analysis update
3.1	02/07/2019	YAHYA Bassem	• IP version update
3.3	29/06/2020	Seddik ATTIG	• PPV Restrictions
3.4	18/12/2020	Seddik ATTIG	• New skin updated • Appendices updated • Add Tools tab options
3.5	30/12/2020	Seddik ATTIG	• Update sensors specifications and screenshots
3.6	08/03/2021	Seddik ATTIG	• FTP Configuration
3.7	26/03/2021	Seddik ATTIG	• Update the Battery saver mode section
3.8	04/06/2021	Seddik ATTIG	• Update sensors specification
3.9	16/07/2021	Seddik ATTIG	• Standard/Expert view updated
3.9.1	15/11/2021	Seddik ATTIG	• Links updated
4.0	17/06/2022	Seddik ATTIG	• Add Hi-Inc-SR features
4.1	30/08/2022	Seddik ATTIG	• Add AX-3D-SR features

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Such changes will, nevertheless be incorporated into new editions of this document.

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1. TECHNICAL SUPPORT

For general contact, technical support, to report documentation errors and to order manuals, contact ***Beanair Technical Support Center*** (BTSC) at:

tech-support@Beanair.com

For detailed information about where you can buy the Beanair equipment/software or for recommendations on accessories and components visit:

www.Beanair.com

To register for product news and announcements or for product questions contact Beanair's Technical Support Center (BTSC).

Our aim is to make this user manual as helpful as possible. Keep us informed of your comments and suggestions for improvements.
Beanair appreciates feedback from the users of our information.

2. VISUAL SYMBOLS DEFINITION

Symbols	*Definition*
	***Caution or Warning** – Alerts the user with important information about Beanair wireless sensor networks (WSN), if this information is not followed, the equipment /software may fail or malfunction.*
	***Danger** – This information MUST be followed if not you may damage the equipment permanently or bodily injury may occur.*
	***Tip or Information** – Provides advice and suggestions that may be useful when installing Beanair Wireless Sensor Networks.*

3. ACRONYMS AND ABREVIATIONS

AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
CCA	Clear Channel Assessment
CSMA/CA	Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Avoidance
GTS	Guaranteed Time-Slot
kSps	Kilo samples per second
LLC	Logical Link Control
LQI	Link quality indicator
LDCDA	Low duty cycle data acquisition
MAC	Media Access Control
PAN	Personal Area Network
PER	Packet error rate
RF	Radio Frequency
SD	Secure Digital
WSN	Wireless sensor Network

4. RELATED DOCUMENTS & VIDEOS

4.1 WHITE PAPER WEBPAGE

Application notes, technical notes and user guides are available on our White Paper webpage:

Click here

Home | Products | Applications | Success Stories | Support | News & Events | Videos | About | Contact

Reference Number	Document Name	Related product	Description
AN_RF_002	Structural Health Monitoring on bridges	All BeanAir products	The aim of this document is to overview BeanAir® products suited for bridge monitoring, their deployment, as well as their capacity and limits by overviewing various data acquisition modes available on each BeanDevice®
AN_RF_003	IEEE 802.15.4 2.4 GHz Vs 868 MHz	All BeanAir products	Comparison between 868 MHz frequency band and a 2.4 GHz frequency band
AN_RF_005	BeanGateway & Data Terminal Equipment Interface	BeanGateway®	DTE interface Architecture on the BeanGateway®
AN_RF_006	How to extend your wireless range	All BeanAir products	A guideline very useful for extending your wireless range
AN_RF_007	BeanAir WSN Deployment	All BeanAir products	Wireless sensor networks deployment guidelines

Technical Notes

Reference Number	Document Name	Related product	Description
TN-RF-001	Wireless range benchmarking	BeanDevice® 2.4GHz Sensor series	Wireless range tests results of BeanDevice® 2.4GHz inside (N.L.O.S.) and outside a Building (L.O.S.)
TN-RF-002	Current consumption in active & sleeping mode	BeanDevice® 2.4GHz Sensor series	Current consumption estimation in active and sleeping mode.
TN-RF-003	Aggregation capacity of Wireless Network	BeanDevice® 2.4GHz Sensor series	Overview of aggregation capacity of wireless sensor networks in streaming mode
TN-RF-004	MQTT Communication Protocol	BeanDevice® Wilow® sensor series	MQTT Communication Protocol for a seamless integration into a third-party IOT software

Figure 1 : White Paper webpage

4.2 FEATURED VIDEOS

All the videos are available on our YouTube channel

Beanair video link (YouTube)	*Related products*
First step into Beanair Wireless Sensor Networks	*All*
Wireless Sensor Networks	*All*
Wireless Sensor Networks dedicated to Structural Health Monitoring	*All*
BeanGateway® - Ethernet Outdoor version introduction	*BeanGateway® - Ethernet Outdoor version introduction*
BeanGateway® – Ethernet Indoor version presentation	*BeanGateway® Ethernet Indoor version*
BeanDevice® AN-XX wireless range demonstration	*BeanDevice® AN-V/AN-420/AN-mV Standard and Extender*
BeanDevice® AN-XX presentation	
Self-powered data logger	*BeanDevice® AN-V/AN-420/AN-mV Xtender*
BeanDevice® AX-3D presentation	*BeanDevice® AX-3D*
BeanDevice® HI-INC presentation	*BeanDevice® HI-INC*
Wireless inclinometer with integrated datalogger	
BeanDevice® AX-3DS presentation	*BeanDevice® AX-3DS*
Wireless Accelerometer dedicated to shock detection	
High performance wireless accelerometer	*BeanDevice® AX-3D Xrange*
Wireless temperature and humidity sensor with integrated data logger	*BeanDevice® ONE-TH*
High performance wireless inclinometer	*BeanDevice® HI-INC Xrange*
High Grade and affordable wireless sensor networks for environmental monitoring	*Ecosensor products*

4.3 TECHNICAL VIDEOS

All the videos are available on our YouTube channel

Beanair video link (Youtube)	*Related products*
How to launch the BeanScape® software	*BeanScape®*
BeanGateway® Ethernet/LAN Configuration, directly connected to the Laptop/PC	*BeanGateway®*
How to remove a BeanDevice® from your Network	*BeanDevice®*
Energy Scan	*BeanGateway®*
Synchronous Multicasting process	*BeanGateway®*
Manual channel selection	*BeanGateway®*
Automatic Channel selection	*BeanGateway®*
Authorized Channels	*BeanGateway®*
Fast Fourier Transform waveform analysis module	*BeanScape®*

5. ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

BeanDevice® product overview	•Details the BeanDevice® product presentation
Data acquisition mode description	•Details the data acquisition mode available on the BeanDevice® • ***Related Technical Note:*** TN_RF_008 - "Data acquisition mode available on the BeanDevice®"
BeanDevice® installation guidelines	•Details the installation guidelines of the BeanDevice® •***Related Technical Note:*** TN_RF_010 - "Beandevice® Power Management " •***Related Technical Note:*** TN_RF_007- "Beandevice® DataLogger user Guide" •***Related Technical Note:*** TN_RF_006- "Beandevice® wireless network association"
BeanDevice® supervision from the Beanscape®	•Details the BeanDevice® supervision from the BeanScape®
BeanDevice® maintenance & supervision (for experienced user)	•Details the BeanDevice® maintenance (for experienced user)
Troubleshooting	•Frequently asked questions
Installation procedures	•Details the installation procedures

6. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

- ✓ ***It is highly recommended to read all the user manual related to Beanair software & equipment (BeanScape® 2.4GHz, BeanGateway® 2.4GHz, BeanDevice® 2.4GHz) before getting start your BeanDevice® 2.4GHz.***
- ✓ ***Use only accessories supplied by Beanair (batteries, power supply unit, and antenna). Use of other materials may damage the BeanDevice® 2.4GHz;***
- ✓ ***Only Beanair is qualified to make changes on the BeanDevice® 2.4GHz;***
- ✓ ***Don't try to remove the adhesive label on the product; it contains important information such as the MAC address or sensor measurement range***

6.1 ABOUT SMARTSENSOR PRODUCT LINE

Smart Sensor product line was initially designed for Structural Health monitoring (SHM), Condition Maintenance Monitoring (CMS) and Testbed applications.

It comes with different types of sensors for dynamic measurements:

- Wireless accelerometer for vibration measurement
- Wireless inclinometer for tilt/slope measurement
- Wireless shock sensor for shock monitoring

6.2 BEANDEVICE® 2.4GHZ AX-3D

6.2.1 Featured video

Click here

6.2.2 Main features

Main Features
• Wireless Tri-axis accelerometer based on MEMS Technology • Measurement range: ±2g, ±10g • Very Low noise Density: • 45 µg/√Hz (±2g version), 100 µg/√Hz (±10g version), • Excellent radio link thanks to the radio antenna diversity developed by Beanair® • Maximum sampling rate: 3 KSPS • **TimeSync function:** Time Synchronization through wireless sensor network • Maximum Radio Range: 500 m (L.O.S) • Ultra-Power Radio Technology IEEE 802.15.4 • Current consumption in idle mode: **< 30 uA** • Embedded logger: up to ***1 million*** data points (with events dating) • Entirely autonomous system with an integrated Lithium-Ion battery charger • Anti-aliasing Butterworth filter (***5th order***) with a cut-off frequency of ***1 Hz to 2 KHz*** (remotely programmable from the BeanScape®) • Watertight Aluminum AL6061 & Waterpoof casing IP67 (dimensions Lxlxh : 100x55x36 mm - weight 155g rechargeable battery included) - suitable for Harsh Industrial Environment

6.2.3 Applications

This **BeanDevice® AX-3D** is suitable for the following applications:

- Ground vibration Monitoring on construction site
- Dynamic measurement on rolling stock
- Condition monitoring
- Structural Health Monitoring (SHM)
- Vibration analysis

6.3 BEANDEVICE® 2.4GHZ AX-3D-SR

6.3.1 Featured video

Wireless and low noise IOT vibration sensor

6.3.2 Main features

Main Features
• Wireless Tri-axis accelerometer based on MEMS Technology • Measurement range: ±1.2g/±2.4g • Very Low noise Density: • 20 µg/√Hz (±1.2g measurement range), 32 µg/√Hz (±2.4g measurement range), • Excellent radio link thanks to the radio antenna diversity developed by Beanair® • Maximum sampling rate: 800 SPS for ±2.4g (static range) 400 SPS for ±1.2g (static and auto range), for ±2.4g (Auto range). • **TimeSync function:** Time Synchronization through wireless sensor network • Maximum Radio Range: 500 m (L.O.S) • Ultra-Power Radio Technology IEEE 802.15.4 • Current consumption in idle mode: **< 30 uA** • Embedded logger: up to ***1 million*** data points (with events dating) • Entirely autonomous system with an integrated Lithium-Ion battery charger • Anti-aliasing Butterworth filter (***5th order***) with a cut-off frequency of ***1 Hz to 2 KHz*** (remotely programmable from the BeanScape®) • Watertight Aluminum AL6061 & Waterpoof casing IP67 (dimensions Lxlxh : 100x55x36 mm - weight 155g rechargeable battery included) - suitable for Harsh Industrial Environment

6.3.3 Applications

This **BeanDevice® AX-3D** is suitable for the following applications:

- Ground vibration Monitoring on construction site
- Dynamic measurement on rolling stock

- Condition monitoring
- Structural Health Monitoring (SHM)
- Vibration analysi

6.4 BEANDEVICE® 2.4GHZ HI-INC - 2.4GHZ SERIES (WIRELESS INCLINOMETER)

6.4.1 Main features

BeanDevice® HI-INC:Wireless Inclinometer

Main Features

- Wireless Inclinometer based on MEMS Technology
- Measurement range:
  - bi-axis ±30°
- Excellent resolution:
  - 0,001°
- **TimeSync function:** Time Synchronization through wireless sensor network
- Excellent radio link thanks to the antenna diversity developed by Beanair®
- Streaming mode: 200 SPS on each channel
- Maximum Radio Range: 500 m (L.O.S)
- Ultra-Power Radio Technology IEEE 802.15.4
- Current consumption in idle mode: **< 30 uA**
- Embedded logger: up to 1 000 000 data acquisition records (with events dating)
- Entirely autonomous system with an integrated Lithium-Ion battery charger
- Anti-aliasing Butterworth filter (5th order) with a cut-off frequency of 1 Hz to 100 Hz (remotely programmable from the BeanScape®)
- Watertight Aluminum enclosure IP67
- Dimensions LxWxH : 100x55x36 mm—weight 155g (rechargeable battery included) -suitable for Harsh Industrial Environment

6.4.2 Applications

- ✓ Platform Leveling and stabilization
- ✓ Laser level rotation
- ✓ Slope measurement (Building, infrastructure & construction)

- ✓ Oïl drilling
- ✓ Axial rotor measurement

6.5 BEANDEVICE® 2.4GHZ AX-3DS - 2.4GHZ SERIES (WIRELESS SHOCK SENSOR)

6.5.1 Main features

Main Features	
• Wireless tri-axis accelerometer • Scalable measurement range (two versions) : ***±6g/±12g/±24g or ±2g/±4g/±8g*** • Excellent radio link thanks to the antenna diversity developed by Beanair® • Advanced and smart shock detection • Non-contact actuation for faster installation • Maximum sampling rate: 3 KSPS (maximum) • Maximum radio range: 500 m (L.O.S) • Ultra-Low Power Radio Technology IEEE 802.15.4 • Current consumption during deep sleeping mode: < 28 uA • ***Embedded Data Logger:*** up to ***1 million*** data points • Entirely autonomous system with an integrated Lithium-Ion battery charger • ***Watertight aluminum enclosure IP67*** (dimensions LxWxH: 100x55x36mm)—weight 155g (rechargeable battery included) -suitable for Harsh Industrial Environment	

6.5.2 Applications

- ✓ Health and usage monitoring systems (HUMS)
- ✓ Shock measurement on vehicles & trains
- ✓ Transportation Monitoring
- ✓ Drop testing
- ✓ Crash and impact testing
- ✓ Ride Quality Measurement

6.6 BEANDEVICE® 2.4GHZ AX-3D XRANGE – 2.4GHZ SERIES (HIGH PERFORMANCE WIRELESS ACCELEROMETER)

6.6.1 Main features

Main Features	
▪ Wireless Tri-axis accelerometer based on MEMS Technology ▪ Measurement range (2 versions): ±2g & ±10g ▪ Very Low noise Density: ○ 45 µg/√Hz (± 2g version) ○ 100 µg/√Hz (± 10g version) ▪ **TimeSync function:** Time Synchronization through wireless sensor network ▪ Watertight IP67 aluminum enclosure coming with a rugged base plate and three-point-mounting ▪ Excellent radio link relying on the radio antenna diversity developed by Beanair® ▪ Non-contact actuation for quick mounting ▪ Maximum sampling rate: 3 KSPS ▪ Maximum Radio Range: 500 m (L.O.S) ▪ Ultra-Power radio technology IEEE 802.15.4 ▪ Current consumption in sleeping mode: < 30 µA ▪ Embedded data logger: up to ***8 million*** data points ▪ OPC server allowing real time access from your IT system to the BeanScape® (available on BeanScape® Premium+) ▪ Entirely autonomous system with an integrated Lithium-Ion battery charger ▪ Anti-aliasing Butterworth filter (5th order) with a cut-off frequency of 1 Hz to 2 KHz (remotely programmable from the BeanScape®) ▪ Fully calibrated sensor	

6.6.2 Applications

This **BeanDevice® AX-3D Xrange** is suitable for the following applications:

- Ground vibration Monitoring on construction site
- Dynamic measurement on rolling stock
- Condition monitoring
- Structural Health Monitoring (SHM)
- Vibration analysis

6.7 BEANDEVICE® HI-INC XRANGE (HIGH PERFORMANCE WIRELESS INCLINOMETER)

6.7.1 Main features

Main Features	
▪ Wireless Inclinometer based on MEMS Technology ▪ Measurement range: ±30° (bi-axis) ▪ Excellent resolution (0.001°) & accuracy (±0.05°) ▪ Temperature compensated sensor ▪ Excellent radio link thanks to the antenna diversity developed by Beanair® ▪ Non-contact actuation for quick mounting ▪ Maximum sampling rate: 200 SPS ▪ Maximum radio range: 500 m (L.O.S) ▪ Ultra-Power Radio Technology IEEE 802.15.4 ▪ Current consumption in sleeping mode: < 30 µA ▪ Embedded data Logger: up to ***8 million*** data points ▪ OPC server allowing real time access from your IT system to the BeanScape® (available on **BeanScape® Premium+**) ▪ Entirely autonomous system with an integrated Lithium-Ion battery charger ▪ Watertight IP67 aluminum enclosure coming with a rugged base plate and three-point-mounting ▪ Anti-aliasing Butterworth filter (5th order) with a cut-off frequency of 1 Hz to 100Hz (remotely programmable from the BeanScape®) ▪ Fully calibrated sensor	

6.8 BEANDEVICE® 2.4GHZ HI-INC-SR - 2.4GHZ SERIES (TRI-AXIS WIRELESS INCLINOMETER)

6.8.1 Main features

BeanDevice® HI-INC-SR: Tri-axis Wireless Inclinometer

Main Features

- Wireless Tri Axis Inclinometer based on MEMS Technology
- Measurement range:
  - 10T: Tri-axis ±10° / ±90°
- Excellent resolution:
  - 0,0055°
- **TimeSync function:** Time Synchronization through wireless sensor network
- Excellent radio link thanks to the antenna diversity developed by Beanair®
- Streaming mode:
  - 20 SPS on each channel, for ±10° measurement range
  - 80 SPS on each channel, for ±90° measurement range
- Maximum Radio Range: 500 m (L.O.S)
- Ultra-Power Radio Technology IEEE 802.15.4
- Current consumption in idle mode: **< 30 uA**
- Embedded logger: up to 8 million data acquisition records (with events dating)
- Entirely autonomous system with an integrated Lithium-Ion battery charger
- Anti-aliasing Butterworth filter (5th order) with a cut-off frequency of 1 Hz to 100 Hz (remotely programmable from the BeanScape®)
- Aluminum AL6061 enclosure IP67| Nema 6
- Dimensions LxWxH : 80x55x36 mm—weight 155g (rechargeable battery included) -suitable for Harsh Industrial Environment

6.8.2 Applications

- ✓ Land Survey
- ✓ Structural Health Monitoring (SHM)
- ✓ Test & Measurement
- ✓ Railway sleepers monitoring

6.9 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

6.9.1 BeanDevice® 2.4GHz AX-3D

Product reference
BND-2.4GHZ-AX3D-MRG-RB
MR – Measurement Range (1g = 9806.65 mm/s^2) **2:** ±2g measurement range ***10***: ±10gmeasurement range
Example: ***BND-2.4GHZ-AX3D-10G-RB, Wireless Accelerometer with 10g measurement range***

	Accelerometer Specifications
Accelerometer technology	Accurate and low power MEMS technology
Sensitivity	±2g Version: 61 µg/digit ±10g version: 305 µg/digit
Typical non-linearity (Full scale, @ 25°C)	±0.1%
Analog to Digital converter	16-bit, SAR architecture (Successive Approximation Register) with temperature compensation
Sensor frequency response (-3 dB)	DC to 800 Hz
Noise spectral density	±2g Version: 45 µg/√Hz ±10g version: 100 µg/√Hz
Zero-g Offset Variation from RT over Temp	±2g Version: ±0.2 mg/°C ±10g version: ±0.1 mg/°C
Sensitivity Variation from RT over Temp	±2g Version: ±0.01 %/°C (XY), ±0.02 %/°C (Z) ±10g version: ±0.01 %/°C
Offset Ratiometric Error	±2g Version: 4mg ±10g version: ±0.2% (XY), ±0.1% (Z)
Sensitivity Ratiometric Error	±2g Version : ±1.25 % (X-Y), ±0.2 % (Z) ±10g Version : ±1.6% (X-Y) , ±0.2 % (Z)
Cross Axis Sensitivity	2%
Anti-aliasing Hardware filter	Butterworth 5th order filter – cut-off frequency: 1 Hz to 2000 Hz remotely programmable (BeanScape®)

	Configurable settings from the BeanScape® 2.4GHz software
Data Acquisition mode (**SPS** = sample per second)	Static Data Acquisition: Low Duty Cycle Data Acquisition (LDCDA) Mode Measurement heartbeat 1s to 24 hour Dynamic data acquisition: Streaming and S.E.T. (Streaming with Event Trigger)
Sampling Rate (in streaming and S.E.T. mode)	Minimum: 10 SPS Maximum: 3 kSPS per axis (one axis enabled) 1.5 kSPS per axis (2-axis enabled) 1 kSPS per axis (3-axis enabled)
Programmable Cut-off frequency (Anti-aliasing filter)	1– 2000 Hz
Power Mode	Battery saver mode & Active power mode

	RF Specifications
Wireless Technology	Ultra-Low-Power and license-free 2.4Ghz radio technology (IEEE 802.15.4E)
WSN Topology	Point-to-Point / Star
Data rate	250 Kbits/s
RF Characteristics	ISM 2.4GHz – 16 Channels. Antenna diversity designed by Beanair®
TX Power	+18 dBm
Receiver Sensitivity	-104dBm
Maximum Radio Range	500 m in Line-Of-Sight 30-100 m in Non-Line-of-Sight
Antenna	Omnidirectional radome antenna with antenna diversity Gain : 3 dBi Waterproof IP67

	Embedded Data logger
Storage capacity	up to 1 million data points
Wireless data downloading	3 minutes to download the full memory (average time)

TimeSync function : Clock synchronization over the Wireless IOT Sensor	
Clock synchronization accuracy	±2.5 ms (at 25°C)
Crystal specifications	Tolerance ±10ppm, stability ±10ppm

	Environmental and Mechanical
Casing	Aluminum AL6061 & Waterpoof casing Dimensions in mm (LxWxH): 100x55x36 mm Weight : 155g

IP|NEMA Rating	IP67 | Nema 6
Shock resistance	100g during 50 ms
Operating Temperature	-40 °C to +60 °C
Norms & Radio certifications	· CE Labelling Directive R&TTE (Radio) ETSI EN 300 328 · FCC (North America) · ARIB STD-T66 Ver 3.6 ROHS - Directive 2002/95/EC

	Power supply
Integrated battery charger	Integrated Lithium-ion battery charger with high precision battery monitoring : · Overvoltage/Overcurrent/Short-Circuit/Undervoltage protection · Battery Temperature monitoring
Current consumption @ 3,3V	· During data acquisition : 20 to 30 mA · During Radio transmission : 70 mA @ 18 dBm · During Battery Saver Mode : < 30 µA
External power supply	8-28VDC with reverse polarity protection
Rechargeable Lithium-Polymer battery	Capacity 1.25 Ah

	Included accessories
	1x Magnet to Power ON/Power OFF the device 1x M8 Cap for Power Supply

	Optional Accessories and Services
External Power Supply	Wall plug-in, Switchmode power Supply 12V @ 1,25A with sealed M8 Plug (IP67/Nema 6) Ref: M8-PWR-12V
M8 extension cable for external power supply	Molded cable with M8-3pins male plug Material: PVC with shield protection IP Rating : IP67 | Nema 6 Cable length: 2 meters , Ref: CBL-M8-2M Cable length : 5 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-5M Cable length: 10 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-10M
Calibration certificate	Calibration certificate provided by Beanair GmbH A static calibration method is used on a granite surface plate DIN876 Ref: CERT-CAL-SMART

6.9.2 BeanDevice® AX-3D-SR

Product reference
BND-2.4GHZ-AX-3D-SR-*MR-PS-MO*
MR– Measurement Range: **1.2T: tri**-axis Low noise vibration sensor ±1.2g/±2.4g
PS - Power supply: **RB:** Internal rechargeable battery
MO - Mounting Option SCM - Screw Mounting Lid MM - Magnetic Mounting Lid
Example 1:* BND-2.4GHZ-AX-3D-SR-1.2T-RB-SCM*, Low Noise wireless Vibration sensor with ±1.2G/±2.4G measurement range, internal rechargeable battery, Screw mounting ***Example 2:* BND-2.4GHZ-AX-3D-SR-1.2T-RB-MM*,*** Low Noise wireless Vibration sensor with ±1.2G/±2.4G measurement range, internal rechargeable battery, Magnetic Mounting

	Accelerometer sensor
Inclinometer Technology	Accurate and low power MEMS technology
Scalable Measuring Range	user-seletctable range ±1.2g or ±2.4g, with automatic range adjustment depending on the application
Sensor resolution	0.17mg
Noise density	20 µg/√Hz for ±1.2G measurement range 32 µg/√Hz for ±2.4G measurement range
Sensor precision (full scale, @ 25°C @1HZ sampling rate)	±1mg for ±1.2G measurement range ±2mg for ±2.4G measurement range
Sensitivity temperature dependency (temperature range –25°C to +85°C)	±0.3 %
Offset LifeTime Drift (@25°C)	±4mg
Sensor frequency Response (-3 dB)	DC to 40 Hz for ±1.2g measurement range DC to 70 Hz for ±1.2g measurement range

Calibrations	Factory calibrated for both ranges ±1.2g and ±2.4g with calibration settings backed up on the sensor Flash memory. Calibration method used: Back-to-back calibrated with a reference sensor. Sensors can be re-calibrated by the user.

	Integrated Temperature sensor
Temperature Range	-40°C to +75°C
Measurement resolution	±0.06°C
Sensor Precision	±1°C

	Configurable settings from the BeanScape® 2.4GHz software
Data Acquisition mode (SPS = sample per second)	Static Data Acquisition: Low Duty Cycle Data Acquisition (LDCDA) and Alarm Mode (based on alarm thresholds). Measurement heartbeat 1s to 24 hour
	Dynamic data acquisition (not available on devices with ref. extension XT): Streaming and S.E.T. (Streaming with Event Trigger) Mode
Sampling Rate (in streaming and S.E.T. mode)	Minimum: 10 SPS Maximum: 20 SPS on each axis, for ±1.2g measurement range (Static and Auto Range), for ±2.4g measurement range (Auto Range) , Maximum: 800 SPS on each axis , for ±2.4g measurement range (Static Range)
Alarm Threshold	Three-level alarms: Alert < Action < Alarm
Scalable Mesurement Range	±1.2g, ±2.4g and automatic ±1.2g/±2.4g
Power Mode	Battery saver mode & Active power mode (Active Power Mode is not available on -XT version)

	RF Specifications
Wireless Protocol Stack	Ultra-Low-Power and license-free 2.4Ghz radio technology (IEEE 802.15.4E)
WSN Topology	Point-to-Point / Star
Data rate	250 Kbits/s
RF Characteristics	ISM 2.4GHz – 16 Channels. Antenna diversity designed by Beanair®
TX Power	+18 dBm

Receiver Sensitivity	-104dBm
Maximum Radio Range	500 m in Line-Of-Sight 30-100 m in Non-Line-of-Sight
Antenna	Omnidirectional random antenna with antenna diversity Gain: 3 dBi Waterproof IP67

	Embedded data logger
Storage capacity	up to 8 million data points
Wireless data downloading	20 minutes to download the full memory (average time)

TimeSync function : Clock synchronization over the Wireless IOT Sensor	
Clock synchronization accuracy	±2.5 ms (at 25°C)
Crystal specifications	Tolerance ±10ppm, stability ±10ppm

	Environmental and Mechanical
Casing	Aluminum AL6061 & Waterpoof casing · Dimensions in mm (LxWxH): 100 x 71 x 38 (without Radome antennas, with mounting eyelet) · Weight (with internal battery) : 225g (screw mounting) 252g (magnetic mounting)
IP|NEMA Rating	IP67 | Nema 6
Base plate	· Aluminum black anodized AL 7075 with rugged three-point-mounting · Screw Mounting Option: the device should be mounted on a flat and smooth surface with 3 screws, dimension M5. Mounting torque 5 ±1Nm · Magnetic Mounting Option: the device should be mounted on a steel surface.
Shock resistance	150g during 50 ms

Operating Temperature	**RB : Internal rechargeable battery** -40°C to +60°C **XT : External Power Supply** -40°C to +75°C during battery discharge
Norms & Radio certifications	· CE Labelling Directive R&TTE (Radio) ETSI EN 300 328 · FCC (North America) · ARIB STD-T66 Ver 3.6
	ROHS - Directive 2002/95/EC

	Power supply
Integrated battery charger	Integrated Lithium-ion battery charger with high precision battery monitoring: · Overvoltage/Overcurrent/Short-Circuit/Undervoltage protection · Battery Temperature monitoring
Current consumption @3,3V	· During data acquisition: 30 to 40 mA · During Radio transmission: 55 mA @ 18 dBm · During Battery Saver Mode: < 30 µA
External power supply	8-28VDC with reverse polarity protection IEC-61000-4-2: ESD 30kV (Air), 30kV (Contact) Surge protection > 28VDC (600W during 10us max)
Rechargeable battery	2 Ah, Lithium-Polymer battery

	Included accessories
	1x Magnet to Power ON/Power OFF the device 1x M8 Cap for Power Supply

	Optional Accessories and Services
External Power Supply	Wall plug-in, Switchmode power Supply 12V @ 1,25A with sealed M8 Plug (IP67/Nema 6) Ref: M8-PWR-12V

Standalone Solar System	High efficiency solar panel with ***with Solar charging controller and Lead-acid battery*** Ref.: X-SOL-7AH-20W-4V-5M for XT version Ref.: X-SOL-7AH-20W-12V-5M for RB version Ref: X-SOL-14AH-20W-4CH-4V-5M for XT version Ref: X-SOL-14AH-20W-4CH-12V-5M for RB version Ref: X-SOL-14AH-80W-4CH-4V-5M for XT version Ref: X-SOL-14AH-80W-4CH-12V-5M for RB version More options and references are available on X-SOLAR datasheet
Bracket Mounting	90° Bracket for BeanDevice (Xrange smartsensor) with 4 x M5 screws + Locknut Ref: SMART-BRACK-MNT
M8 extension cable for external power supply	Molded cable with M8-3pins male plug Material: PVC with shield protection IP Rating : IP67 | Nema 6 Cable length: 2 meters , Ref: CBL-M8-2M Cable length : 5 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-5M Cable length: 10 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-10M
Calibration certificate	Calibration certificate provided by Beanair GmbH A static calibration method is used on a granite surface plate DIN876 Ref: CERT-CAL-SMART

6.9.3 BeanDevice® AX-3DS

Product reference
BND-2.4GHZ-AX3DS -MR-RB-MO
MR – Measurement Range (1g = 9806.65 mm/s^2) **24G:** ±6/12/24g measurement range **8G**: ±2/4/8g measurement range
PS - Power supply : **RB :** Rechargeable battery
MO - Mounting Option SCM - Screw Mounting Lid MM - Magnet Mounting Lid Leave it empty if there is no mounting option
Example 1: **BND-2.4GHZ-AX3DS-24G-RB**—Wireless Accelerometer with ±6/12/24g measurement range, rechargeable battery ***Example 2:*** **BND-2.4GHZ-AX3DS-8G-RB-SCM**—Wireless Accelerometer with ±2/4/8g measurement range, rechargeable battery, screw mounting option

	Sensor specifications
Accelerometer Technology	Low power MEMS technology
Scalable measurement range	***24G Version***:±6g / ±12g/ ±24g ***8G Version:***±2g / ±4g/ ±8g
Measurement resolution	***24G Version:***3 mg/digit @±6g , 6 mg/digit @±12g , 12 mg/digit @±24g ***8G Version:*** 1mg/digit @±2g , 2 mg/digit @±4g , 3.9 mg/digit @±8g
Typical non-linearity (Full scale, @ 25°C)	±0,15% for the version BND-2.4GHZ-AX3DS-8G-RB ±0,19% for the version BND-2.4GHZ-AX3DS-24G-RB
Sensitivity change Vs temperature	±0,01% /°C
Zero-g level change vs temperature (max delta from 25°C)	***24G Version***:±0,4 mg/°C ***8G Version:***±0,1 mg/°C
Typical zero-g level offset accuracy	***24G Version:*** ±70 mg ***8G Version:*** ±20 mg
Analog to Digital converter	12-bit with temperature compensation
Noise spectral density @ BW 10Hz	***24G Version:*** 650 µg/√Hz ***8G Version:*** 218 µg/ √Hz
Anti-aliasing filter	Butterworth 2th order filter

	Configurable settings from the BeanScape® 2.4GHz software
Data Acquisition mode (**SPS** = sample per second)	Dynamic data acquisition: Streaming and SSD (Smart Shock Detection)
Shock detection function	· Shock threshold in mg · Data acquisition sample rate in sleeping mode · Data acquisition sample rate after the shock detection · Shock detection hysteresis
Sampling Rate (in streaming mode)	Minimum: 1 SPS Maximum: 3 kSPS per axis (one axis enabled) 1.5 kSPS per axis (2-axis enabled) 1 kSPS per axis (3-axis enabled)
Power Mode	Battery saver mode & Active power mode

	RF Specifications
Wireless Technology	Ultra-Low-Power and license-free 2.4Ghz radio technology (IEEE 802.15.4E)
WSN Topology	Point-to-Point / Star
Data rate	250 Kbits/s
RF Characteristics	ISM 2.4GHz – 16 Channels. Antenna diversity designed by Beanair®
TX Power	+18 dBm
Receiver Sensitivity	-104dBm
Maximum Radio Range	500 m in Line-Of-Sight 30-100 m in Non-Line-of-Sight
Antenna	Omnidirectional radome antenna with antenna diversity Gain : 3 dBi Waterproof IP67

	Embedded Data logger
Storage capacity	up to 1 million data points
Wireless data downloading	3 minutes to download the full memory (average time)

	Environmental and Mechanical
Casing	Aluminum AL6061 & Waterpoof casing Dimensions in mm (LxWxH): 100x55x36 mm Weight : 155g
IP|NEMA Rating	IP67 | Nema 6
Shock resistance	100g during 50 ms

Operating Temperature	-40 °C to +60 °C
Norms	· CE Labelling Directive R&TTE (Radio) ETSI EN 300 328 · FCC (North America) · ARIB STD-T66 Ver 3.6 ROHS - Directive 2002/95/EC

	Power Supply
Integrated battery charger	Integrated Lithium-ion battery charger with high precision battery monitoring : · Overvoltage/Overcurrent/Short-Circuit/Undervoltage protection · Battery Temperature monitoring
Current consumption @3,3V	· During data acquisition : 20 to 30 mA · During Radio transmission : 60 mA @ 18 dBm · During sleeping mode: 68uA · During Battery Saver mode : 28 uA
External power supply	8-28VDC with reverse polarity protection
Rechargeable battery	Capacity 1.25 Ah

	Included accessories
	1x Magnet to Power ON/Power OFF the device 1x M8 Cap for Power Supply

	Optional Accessories and Services
External Power Supply	Wall plug-in, Switchmode power Supply 12V @ 1,25A with sealed M8 Plug (IP67/Nema 6) Ref: M8-PWR-12V
M8 extension cable for external power supply	Molded cable with M8-3pins male plug Material: PVC with shield protection IP Rating : IP67 | Nema 6 Cable length: 2 meters , Ref: CBL-M8-2M Cable length : 5 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-5M Cable length: 10 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-10M
Calibration certificate	Calibration certificate provided by Beanair GmbH A static calibration method is used on a granite surface plate DIN876 Ref: CERT-CAL-SMART

6.9.4 BeanDevice® INC

Product reference
BND-2.4GHZ-INC–*MR*–*PS*
MR– Measurement Range: **30B :** bi-axial ±30° **90B :** bi-axial ±90°
PS - ***Power supply*** : ***RB*** : Internal rechargeable battery ***XT*** : External Power Supply
Example 1: **BND-2.4GHZ-INC-30B-RB**-wireless bi-axial inclinometer with ±30° measurement range, internal rechargeable battery ***Example 2***: **BND-2.4GHZ-INC-90B-XT**-wireless bi-axial inclinometer with ±90° measurement range, external primary cell

	Sensor specifications
Inclinometer Technology	Accurate and low power MEMS technology
Measurement resolution (Bandwidth 10 Hz)	0.0025°
Noise density	0.0008 °/√Hz
Measurement Repeatability (full scale, @ 25°C, Static Measurement Mode every 2s)	±0.04° for bi-axis ±30° version ±0.08° for bi-axis ±90° version
Offset temperature dependency	±0.008 °/°C
Sensitivity temperature dependency	±0.008 %/°C
Long term stability (@23°C)	< 0.014 °
Analog to Digital converter	16-bits, SAR architecture (Successive Approximation Register) with temperature compensation
Sensor frequency Response (-3 dB)	DC to 28 Hz
Noise spectral density DC to 100 Hz	0.0008 °/ √Hz
Anti-aliasing Hardware filter	Butterworth 5th order filter – cut-off frequency : 1 Hz to 100 Hz remotely programmable (BeanScape®)

	Configurable settings from the BeanScape® 2.4GHz software
Data Acquisition mode (**SPS** = sample per second)	Static Data Acquisition: Low Duty Cycle Data Acquisition (LDCDA) and Alarm Mode (based on alarm thresholds). Measurement heartbeat 1s to 24 hours Dynamic data acquisition (not available on devices with ref. extension XT): Streaming and S.E.T. (Streaming with Event Trigger) Mode
Sampling Rate (in streaming and S.E.T. mode)	Minimum: 1 SPS Maximum: 100 SPS on each axis
Alarm Threshold	Three-level alarms: Alert < Action < Alarm
Programmable cut-off frequency (Anti-aliasing filter)	1– 100 Hz
Power Mode	Battery saver mode & Active power mode (not available on XT version, External power supply)

	RF Specifications
Wireless Protocol Stack	Ultra-Low-Power and license-free 2.4Ghz radio technology (IEEE 802.15.4E)
WSN Topology	Point-to-Point / Star
Data rate	250 Kbits/s
RF Characteristics	ISM 2.4GHz – 16 Channels. Antenna diversity designed by Beanair®
TX Power	+18 dBm
Receiver Sensitivity	-104dBm
Maximum Radio Range	500 m in Line-Of-Sight 30-100 m in Non-Line-of-Sight
Antenna	Omnidirectional random antenna with antenna diversity Gain : 3 dBi Waterproof IP67

	Embedded Data logger
Storage capacity	up to 1 million data points
Wireless data downloading	3 minutes to download the full memory (average time)

TimeSync function : Clock synchronization over the Wireless IOT Sensor	
Clock synchronization accuracy	±2.5 ms (at 25°C)
Crystal specifications	Tolerance ±10ppm, stability ±10ppm

	Environmental and Mechanical
Casing	Aluminum AL6061 & Waterpoof casing
	Dimensions in mm (LxWxH): 100x55x36 mm Weight : 155g
IP|NEMA Rating	IP67 | Nema 6
Shock resistance	100g during 50 ms
Operating Temperature	**RB : Internal rechargeable battery** -40 °C to +60 °C **XT : External Power Supply** -40 °C to +75 °C during battery discharge
Norms & Radio certifications	· CE Labelling Directive R&TTE (Radio) ETSI EN 300 328 · FCC (North America) · ARIB STD-T66 Ver 3.6 ROHS - Directive 2002/95/EC

	Power supply
Integrated battery charger	Integrated Lithium-ion battery charger with high precision battery monitoring : · Overvoltage/Overcurrent/Short-Circuit/Undervoltage protection · Battery Temperature monitoring
Current consumption @3,3V	· During data acquisition : 30 to 40 mA · During Radio transmission : 80 mA @ 18 dBm · During Battery Saver Mode : < 38 µA
External power supply	8-28VDC with reverse polarity protection
Rechargeable battery	High density Lithium-Ion rechargeable battery with a capacity of 950 mAh

	Included accessories
	1x Magnet to Power ON/Power OFF the device 1x M8 Cap for Power Supply

	Optional Accessories and Services
External Power Supply	Wall plug-in, Switchmode power Supply 12V @ 1,25A with sealed M8 Plug (IP67/Nema 6) Ref: M8-PWR-12V

Solar Panel Kit (compatible with External Power Supply version only)	High efficiency solar panel with with Solar charging controller and Lead-acid battery Ref: X-SOL-5W-M8-2M
External Primary Cell in a Waterproof IP67 Casing	Waterproof IP67 battery box for long-term monitoring applications IP67 Battery Holder Battery Pack with 3 x C size primary cell, Li-SOCL2 Lithium Primary cell 3.6VDC Type Ref: PRIM-XTENDER
M8 extension cable for external power supply	Molded cable with M8-3pins male plug Material: PVC with shield protection IP Rating : IP67 | Nema 6 Cable length: 2 meters , Ref: CBL-M8-2M Cable length : 5 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-5M Cable length: 10 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-10M
Calibration certificate	Calibration certificate provided by Beanair GmbH A static calibration method is used on a granite surface plate DIN876 Ref: CERT-CAL-SMART

6.9.5 BeanDevice® HI-INC

Product reference	
BND-2.4GHZ-HI-INC-*MR-PS*	
MR*– *Measurement Range: 30B : bi-axis ±30°	***PS*** - ***Power supply*** : ***RB*** : Internal rechargeable battery ***XT*** : External power supply
Example 1: **BND-2.4GHZ-HI-INC-30B-RB**-wireless bi-axial inclinometer with ±30° measurement range, internal rechargeable battery ***Example 2***: **BND-2.4GHZ-HI-INC-30B-XT**-wireless bi-axial inclinometer with ±30° measurement range, external primary cell	

	Sensor specifications
Inclinometer Technology	Accurate and low power MEMS technology
Measurement resolution (Bandwidth 10 Hz)	0.001°
Noise density	0.0004 °/√Hz
Measurement Repeatability (full scale, @ 25°C, Static Measurement Mode every 2s)	±0.006°
Offset temperature dependency	±0.002 °/°C
Sensitivity temperature dependency	±0.005 %/°C
Long term stability (@23°C)	< 0.004 °
Analog to Digital converter	16-bits, SAR architecture (Successive Approximation Register) with temperature compensation
Sensor frequency Response (-3 dB)	DC to 28 Hz
Noise spectral density DC to 100 Hz	0.0004 °/ √Hz
Anti-aliasing Hardware filter	Butterworth 5th order filter – cut-off frequency : 1 Hz to 100 Hz remotely programmable (BeanScape®)

	Configurable settings from the BeanScape® 2.4GHz software
Data Acquisition mode (**SPS** = sample per second)	Static Data Acquisition: Low Duty Cycle Data Acquisition (LDCDA) and Alarm Mode (based on alarm thresholds) . Measurement heartbeat 1s to 24 hour Dynamic data acquisition(not available on devices with ref. extension XT): Streaming and S.E.T. (Streaming with Event Trigger) Mode
Sampling Rate (in streaming and S.E.T. mode)	Minimum: 1 SPS Maximum: 100 SPS on each axis
Alarm Threshold	Three-level alarms : Alert < Action < Alarm
Programmable cut-off frequency (Anti-aliasing filter)	1– 100 Hz
Power Mode	Battery saver mode & Active power mode (not available on XT version, External power supply)

	RF Specifications
Wireless Protocol Stack	Ultra-Low-Power and license-free 2.4Ghz radio technology (IEEE 802.15.4E)
WSN Topology	Point-to-Point / Star
Data rate	250 Kbits/s
RF Characteristics	ISM 2.4GHz – 16 Channels. Antenna diversity designed by Beanair®
TX Power	+18 dBm
Receiver Sensitivity	-104dBm
Maximum Radio Range	500 m in Line-Of-Sight 30-100 m in Non-Line-of-Sight
Antenna	Omnidirectional radome antenna with antenna diversity Gain : 3 dBi Waterproof IP67

	Embedded Data logger
Storage capacity	up to 1 million data points
Wireless data downloading	3 minutes to download the full memory (average time)

TimeSync function : Clock synchronization over the Wireless IOT Sensor	
Clock synchronization accuracy	±2.5 ms (at 25°C)
Crystal specifications	Tolerance ±10ppm, stability ±10ppm

	Environmental and Mechanical
Casing	Aluminum AL6061 & Waterpoof casing Dimensions in mm (LxWxH): 100x55x36 mm Weight : 155g
IP|NEMA Rating	IP67 | Nema 6
Shock resistance	100g during 50 ms
Operating Temperature	**RB : Internal rechargeable battery** -40 °C to +60 °C **XT : External Power Supply** -40 °C to +75 °C during battery discharge
Norms & Radio certifications	· CE Labelling Directive R&TTE (Radio) ETSI EN 300 328 · FCC (North America) · ARIB STD-T66 Ver 3.6 ROHS - Directive 2002/95/EC

	Power supply
Integrated battery charger	Integrated Lithium-ion battery charger with high precision battery monitoring : · Overvoltage/Overcurrent/Short-Circuit/Undervoltage protection · Battery Temperature monitoring
Current consumption @3,3V	· During data acquisition : 30 to 40 mA · During Radio transmission : 80 mA @ 18 dBm · During Battery Saver Mode : < 38 µA
External power supply	8-28VDC with reverse polarity protection
Rechargeable battery	High density Lithium-Ion rechargeable battery with a capacity of 950 mAh

	Included accessories
	1x Magnet to Power ON/Power OFF the device 1x M8 Cap for Power Supply

	Optional Accessories and Services
External Power Supply	Wall plug-in, Switchmode power Supply 12V @ 1,25A with sealed M8 Plug (IP67/Nema 6) Ref: M8-PWR-12V

Solar Panel Kit (compatible with External Power Supply version only)	High efficiency solar panel with with Solar charging controller and Lead-acid battery Ref: X-SOL-5W-M8-2M
External Primary Cell in a Waterproof IP67 Casing	Waterproof IP67 battery box for long-term monitoring applications IP67 Battery Holder Battery Pack with 3 x C size primary cell, Li-SOCL2 Lithium Primary cell 3.6VDC Type Ref: PRIM-XTENDER
M8 extension cable for external power supply	Molded cable with M8-3pins male plug Material: PVC with shield protection IP Rating : IP67 | Nema 6 Cable length: 2 meters , Ref: CBL-M8-2M Cable length : 5 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-5M Cable length: 10 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-10M
Calibration certificate	Calibration certificate provided by Beanair GmbH A static calibration method is used on a granite surface plate DIN876 Ref: CERT-CAL-SMART

6.9.6 BeanDevice® HI-INC-SR

Product reference
BND-2.4GHZ-HI-INC-SR-***MR-PS-MO***
MR– Measurement Range: **10T :tri**-axis ±10°/±90°
PS - Power supply : **RB :** Internal rechargeable battery **XT :** External power supply **4VDC (Compatible with X-SOLAR-4VDC and External Primary Cell)**
MO - Mounting Option SCM - Screw Mounting Lid MM - Magnetic Mounting Lid
Example 1: BND-2.4GHZ-HI-INC-SR-10T-SCM, High performance wireless Tri-axis inclinometer with ±10°/±90° measurement range, internal rechargeable battery, Screw mounting ***Example 2: BND-2.4GHZ-HI-INC-SR-10T-XT-MM,*** High performance wireless Tri-axis inclinometer with ±10°/±90° measurement range, external power supply, Magnetic Mounting

	Inclinometer sensor
Inclinometer Technology	Accurate and low power MEMS technology
Scalable Measuring Range	±10° or ±90°, with automatic range adjustment depending on the application
Sensor resolution	0.0055°
Noise density	for ±10° range: 0.0009 °/√Hz on Y Axis, 0.0012 °/√Hz on X, Z Axis for ±90° range: 0.0018 °/√Hz on all axis
Sensor precision (full scale, @ 25°C, Static Measurement Mode every 2s)	±0.01° for ±10° measurement range ±0.02° for ±90° measurement range
Offset temperature dependency (temperature range –25°C to +85°C)	±0.002 °/°C
Sensitivity temperature dependency (temperature range –25°C to +85°C)	±0.3 %
Offset LifeTime Drift (@25°C)	±0.23 °
Sensor frequency Response (-3 dB)	DC to 10 Hz for ±10° measurement range DC to 40 Hz for ±90° measurement range (Automatic Range) DC to 70 Hz for ±90° measurement range

	Integrated Temperature sensor
Temperature Range	-40°C to +75°C
Measurement resolution	±0.06°C
Sensor Precision	±1°C

	Configurable settings from the BeanScape® 2.4GHz software
Data Acquisition mode (SPS = sample per second)	Static Data Acquisition: Low Duty Cycle Data Acquisition (LDCDA) and Alarm Mode (based on alarm thresholds) . Measurement heartbeat 1s to 24 hour
	Dynamic data acquisition(not available on devices with ref. extension XT): Streaming and S.E.T. (Streaming with Event Trigger) Mode
Sampling Rate (in streaming and S.E.T. mode)	Minimum: 1 SPS Maximum: 20 SPS on each axis , for ±10° measurement range Maximum: 80 SPS on each axis , for ±90° measurement range
Alarm Threshold	Three-level alarms : Alert < Action < Alarm
Scalable Mesurement Range	±10° , ±90° and automatic ±10°/±90°
Power Mode	Battery saver mode & Active power mode (Active Power Mode is not available on -XT version)

	RF Specifications
Wireless Protocol Stack	Ultra-Low-Power and license-free 2.4Ghz radio technology (IEEE 802.15.4E)
WSN Topology	Point-to-Point / Star
Data rate	250 Kbits/s
RF Characteristics	ISM 2.4GHz – 16 Channels. Antenna diversity designed by Beanair®
TX Power	+18 dBm
Receiver Sensitivity	-104dBm
Maximum Radio Range	500 m in Line-Of-Sight 30-100 m in Non-Line-of-Sight
Antenna	Omnidirectional radome antenna with antenna diversity Gain : 3 dBi Waterproof IP67

	Embedded data logger
Storage capacity	up to 8 millions data points
Wireless data downloading	20 minutes to download the full memory (average time)

TimeSync function : Clock synchronization over the Wireless IOT Sensor	
Clock synchronization accuracy	±2.5 ms (at 25°C)
Crystal specifications	Tolerance ±10ppm, stability ±10ppm

	Environmental and Mechanical
Casing	Aluminum AL6061 & Waterpoof casing · Dimensions in mm (LxWxH): 100 x 71 x 38 (without Radome antennas, with mounting eyelet) · Weight (with internal battery) : 225g (screw mounting) 252g (magnetic mounting)
IP|NEMA Rating	IP67 | Nema 6
Base plate	· Aluminum black anodized AL 7075 with rugged three-point-mounting · Screw Mounting Option: the device should be mounted on a flat and smooth surface with 3 screws, dimension M5. Mounting torque 5 ±1Nm · Magnetic Mounting Option: the device should be mounted on a steel surface.
Shock resistance	150g during 50 ms
Operating Temperature	**RB : Internal rechargeable battery** -40°C to +60°C **XT : External Power Supply** -40°C to +75°C during battery discharge
Norms & Radio certifications	· CE Labelling Directive R&TTE (Radio) ETSI EN 300 328 · FCC (North America) · ARIB STD-T66 Ver 3.6
	ROHS - Directive 2002/95/EC

	Power supply
Integrated battery charger	Integrated Lithium-ion battery charger with high precision battery monitoring: · Overvoltage/Overcurrent/Short-Circuit/Undervoltage protection · Battery Temperature monitoring
Current consumption @3,3V	· During data acquisition : 30 to 40 mA · During Radio transmission : 55 mA @ 18 dBm · During Battery Saver Mode : < 30 µA
External power supply	8-28VDC with reverse polarity protection IEC-61000-4-2: ESD 30kV(Air), 30kV (Contact) Surge protection > 28VDC (600W during 10us max)
Rechargeable battery	2.2 Ah, Lithium-Polymer battery

	Included accessories
	1x Magnet to Power ON/Power OFF the device 1x M8 Cap for Power Supply

	Optional Accessories and Services
External Power Supply	Wall plug-in, Switchmode power Supply 12V @ 1,25A with sealed M8 Plug (IP67/Nema 6) Ref: M8-PWR-12V
Solar Panel Kit	High efficiency solar panel with ***Solar charging controller and Lead-acid battery*** Ref.: X-SOL-7AH-20W-1CH-4V-5M for XT version Ref.: X-SOL-7AH-20W-1CH-12V-5M for RB version Ref: X-SOL-14AH-20W-4CH-4V-5M for XT version Ref: X-SOL-14AH-20W-4CH-12V-5M for RB version Ref: X-SOL-14AH-80W-4CH-4V-5M for XT version Ref: X-SOL-14AH-80W-4CH-12V-5M for RB version
Bracket Mounting	90° Bracket for BeanDevice (Xrange smartsensor) with 4 x M5 screws + Locknut Ref: SMART-BRACK-MNT

External Primary Cell in a Waterproof IP67 Casing	Waterproof IP67 battery box for long-term monitoring applications IP67 Battery Holder + Battery Pack with 3 x 6500mAh Li-SOCL2 Lithium Primary cell (Capacity 3x 6.5Ah) **Ref: PRIM-XTENDER** Compatible with : BND-2.4GHZ-HI-INC-SR-10T-**XT**-MM & BND-2.4GHZ-HI-INC-SR-10T-**XT**-SCM
M8 extension cable for external power supply	Molded cable with M8-3pins male plug Material: PVC with shield protection IP Rating: IP67 | Nema 6 Cable length: 2 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-2M Cable length: 5 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-5M Cable length: 10 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-10M
Calibration certificate	Calibration certificate provided by Beanair GmbH A static calibration method is used on a granite surface plate DIN876 Ref: CERT-CAL-SMART

6.9.7 BeanDevice® AX-3D XRange

Product reference
BND-2.4GHZ-AX-3D-MR-XR-PS-MO
MR – Measurement Range (1g = 9806.65 mm/s^2) ***2***:±2g measurement range ***10*** :±10gmeasurement range
PS - Power Supply **RB :** Built-in rechargeable Lithium-Polymer battery 2Ah
MO - Mounting Option **SCM** - Screw Mounting Lid **MM** - Magnetic Mounting Lid
Example n°1: ***BND-2.4GHZ-AX-3D-10G-XR-RB-SCM***, High performance wireless accelerometer with 10g measurement range, built-in rechargeable battery, screw mounting **Example n°2:** ***BND-2.4GHZ-AX-3D-2G-XR-RB-MM*****,** High performance wireless accelerometer with 2g measurement range, built-in rechargeable battery, Magnet Mounting

	Accelerometer Specifications
Accelerometer technology	Accurate and low power MEMS technology
Sensitivity	±2g Version : 61 µg/digit ±10g version: 305 µg/digit
Typical non-linearity (Full scale, @ 25°C)	±0.1%
Analog to Digital converter	16-bit, SAR architecture (Successive Approximation Register) with temperature compensation
Sensor frequency response (-3 dB)	DC to 800 Hz
Noise spectral density	±2g Version : 45 µg/√Hz ±10g version: 100 µg/√Hz
Zero-g Offset Variation from RT over Temp	±2g Version : ±0.2 mg/°C ±10g version: ±0.1 mg/°C
Sensitivity Variation from RT over Temp	±2g Version : ±0.01 %/°C (XY) , ±0.02 %/°C (Z) ±10g version: ±0.01 %/°C
Offset Ratiometric Error	±2g Version : 4mg ±10g version: ±0.2% (XY) , ±0.1% (Z)
Sensitivity Ratiometric Error	±2g Version : ±1.25 % (X-Y) , ±0.2 % (Z) ±10g Version : ±1.6% (X-Y) , ±0.2 % (Z)

Cross Axis Sensitivity	0.02
Anti-aliasing Hardware filter	Butterworth 5th order filter – cut-off frequency : 1 Hz to 2000 Hz remotely programmable (BeanScape®)

	Configurable settings from the BeanScape® software
Data Acquisition mode (**SPS** = sample per second)	Static Data Acquisition: Low Duty Cycle Data Acquisition (LDCDA) Mode Measurement heartbeat 1s to 24 hour
	Dynamic data acquisition: Streaming and S.E.T. (Streaming with Event Trigger)
Sampling Rate (in streaming and S.E.T. mode)	Minimum: 10 SPS Maximum: 3 kSPS per axis (one axis enabled) 1,5 kSPS per axis (2-axis enabled) 1 kSPS per axis (3-axis enabled)
Sampling Rate (in streaming mode with data logger only)	Minimum: 1 SPS Maximum: 4 kSPS maximum per axis (one or two axis enabled) 3,5 kSPS per axis (3-axis enabled)
Programmable Cut-off frequency (Anti-aliasing filter)	1– 2000 Hz
Power Mode	Battery saver mode & Active power mode

	RF Specifications
Wireless Protocol Stack	Ultra-Low-Power and license-free 2.4Ghz radio technology (IEEE 802.15.4E)
WSN Topology	Point-to-Point / Star
Data rate	250 Kbits/s
RF Characteristics	ISM 2.4GHz – 16 Channels. Antenna diversity designed by Beanair®
TX Power	+18 dBm
Receiver Sensitivity	-104dBm
Maximum Radio Range	500 m in Line-Of-Sight 30-100 m in Non-Line-of-Sight
Antenna	Omnidirectional radome antenna with antenna diversity Gain : 3 dBi Waterproof IP67

	Embedded data logger
Storage capacity	up to 8 millions data points
Wireless data downloading	20 minutes to download the full memory (average time)

TimeSync function : Clock synchronization over the Wireless IOT Sensor	
Clock synchronization accuracy	±2.5 ms (at 25°C)
Crystal specifications	Tolerance ±10ppm, stability ±10ppm

	Environmental and Mechanical
Casing	Aluminum AL6061 & Waterpoof casing · Dimensions in mm (LxWxH): 100 x 71 x 38 (without Radome antennas, with mounting eyelet) · Weight (with internal battery) : 225g (screw mounting) 252g (magnetic mounting)
IP|NEMA Rating	IP67 | Nema 6
Base plate	· Aluminum black anodized AL 7075 with rugged three-point-mounting · Screw Mounting Option: the device should be mounted on a flat and smooth surface with 3 screws, dimension M5. Mounting torque 5 ±1Nm · Magnetic Mounting Option: the device should be mounted on a steel surface.
Shock resistance	150g during 50 ms
Operating Temperature	-40 °C to +60 °C
Norms & Radio certifications	· CE Labelling Directive R&TTE (Radio) ETSI EN 300 328 · FCC (North America) · ARIB STD-T66 Ver 3.6
	ROHS - Directive 2002/95/EC

	Power supply
Integrated battery charger	Integrated Lithium-ion battery charger with high precision battery monitoring : · Overvoltage Protection, Overcurrent/Short-Circuit Protection, Undervoltage Protection · Battery Temperature monitoring
Current consumption @ 3,3V	· During data acquisition : 20 to 30 mA · During Radio transmission : 40 mA @ 0dBm , 80 mA @ 18 dBm · During Battery Saver Mode : < 30 µA
External power supply	8-28VDC with reverse polarity protection
Rechargeable battery	High density Lithium-Ion rechargeable battery with a capacity of 2.2Ah with polyswitch protection

	Included accessories
	1x Magnet to Power ON/Power OFF the device 1x M8 Cap for Power Supply

	Optional Accessories and Services
External Power Supply	Wall plug-in, Switchmode power Supply 12V @ 1,25A with sealed M8 Plug (IP67/Nema 6) Ref: M8-PWR-12V
Bracket Mounting	90° Bracket for BeanDevice (Xrange smartsensor) with 4 x M5 screws + Locknut Ref: SMART-BRACK-MNT
M8 extension cable for external power supply	Molded cable with M8-3pins male plug Material: PVC with shield protection IP Rating : IP67 | Nema 6 Cable length: 2 meters , Ref: CBL-M8-2M Cable length : 5 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-5M Cable length: 10 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-10M
Calibration certificate	Calibration certificate provided by Beanair GmbH A static calibration method is used on a granite surface plate DIN876 Ref: CERT-CAL-SMART

6.9.8 BeanDevice® HI-INC Xrange

Product reference
BND-2.4GHZ-HI-INC-***MR***-XR-***PS-MO***
MR– Measurement Range: **15B :** bi-axis ±15° **30B :** bi-axis ±30°
PS - Power supply : **RB :** Internal rechargeable battery **XT :** External power supply
MO - Mounting Option SCM - Screw Mounting Lid MM - Magnetic Mounting Lid
Example 1: ***BND-2.4GHZ-HI-INC-15B-XR-RB-SCM,*** High performance wireless Bi-axis inclinometer with ±15° measurement range, internal rechargeable battery, Screw mounting ***Example 2:*** ***BND-2.4GHZ-HI-INC-30B-XR-XT-MM,*** High performance wireless Bi-axis inclinometer with ±30° measurement range, external power supply, Magnet Mounting

	Sensor specifications
Inclinometer Technology	Accurate and low power MEMS technology
Measurement resolution (Bandwidth 10 Hz)	0.001°
Noise density	0.0004 °/√Hz
Measurement Repeatability (full scale, @ 25°C, Static Measurement Mode every 2s)	±0.005° for bi-axis ±15° version ±0.006° for bi-axis ±15° version
Offset temperature dependency (temperature range –25°C to +85°C)	±0.002 °/°C
Sensitivity temperature dependency (temperature range –25°C to +85°C)	±0.005 %/°C with temperature compensation
Long term stability (@23°C)	< 0.004 °
Analog to Digital converter	16-bits, SAR architecture (Successive Approximation Register) with temperature compensation
Sensor frequency Response (-3 dB)	DC to 28 Hz
Noise spectral density DC to 100 Hz	0.0004 °/ √Hz

Anti-aliasing Hardware filter	Butterworth 5th order filter – cut-off frequency : 1 Hz to 100 Hz remotely programmable (BeanScape®)

	Configurable settings from the BeanScape® 2.4GHz software
Data Acquisition mode (SPS = sample per second)	Static Data Acquisition: Low Duty Cycle Data Acquisition (LDCDA) and Alarm Mode (based on alarm thresholds) . Measurement heartbeat 1s to 24 hour
	Dynamic data acquisition(not available on devices with ref. extension XT): Streaming and S.E.T. (Streaming with Event Trigger) Mode
Sampling Rate (in streaming and S.E.T. mode)	Minimum: 1 SPS Maximum: 100 SPS on each axis
Alarm Threshold	Three-level alarms : Alert < Action < Alarm
Programmable cut-off frequency (Anti-aliasing filter)	1– 100 Hz
Power Mode	Battery saver mode & Active power mode (Active Power Mode is not available on -XT version)

	RF Specifications
Wireless Protocol Stack	Ultra-Low-Power and license-free 2.4Ghz radio technology (IEEE 802.15.4E)
WSN Topology	Point-to-Point / Star
Data rate	250 Kbits/s
RF Characteristics	ISM 2.4GHz – 16 Channels. Antenna diversity designed by Beanair®
TX Power	+18 dBm
Receiver Sensitivity	-104dBm
Maximum Radio Range	500 m in Line-Of-Sight 30-100 m in Non-Line-of-Sight
Antenna	Omnidirectional radome antenna with antenna diversity Gain : 3 dBi Waterproof IP67

	Embedded data logger
Storage capacity	up to 8 millions data points
Wireless data downloading	20 minutes to download the full memory (average time)

TimeSync function : Clock synchronization over the Wireless IOT Sensor	
Clock synchronization accuracy	±2.5 ms (at 25°C)
Crystal specifications	Tolerance ±10ppm, stability ±10ppm

	Environmental and Mechanical
Casing	Aluminum AL6061 & Waterpoof casing · Dimensions in mm (LxWxH): 100 x 71 x 38 (without Radome antennas, with mounting eyelet) · Weight (with internal battery) : 225g (screw mounting) 252g (magnetic mounting)
IP|NEMA Rating	IP67 | Nema 6
Base plate	· Aluminum black anodized AL 7075 with rugged three-point-mounting · Screw Mounting Option: the device should be mounted on a flat and smooth surface with 3 screws, dimension M5. Mounting torque 5 ±1Nm · Magnetic Mounting Option: the device should be mounted on a steel surface.
Shock resistance	150g during 50 ms
Operating Temperature	**RB : Internal rechargeable battery** -40°C to +60°C **XT : External Power Supply** -40°C to +75°C during battery discharge
Norms & Radio certifications	· CE Labelling Directive R&TTE (Radio) ETSI EN 300 328 · FCC (North America) · ARIB STD-T66 Ver 3.6
	ROHS - Directive 2002/95/EC

	Power supply
Integrated battery charger	Integrated Lithium-ion battery charger with high precision battery monitoring : · Overvoltage/Overcurrent/Short-Circuit/Undervoltage protection · Battery Temperature monitoring
Current consumption @3,3V	· During data acquisition : 30 to 40 mA · During Radio transmission : 80 mA @ 18 dBm · During Battery Saver Mode : < 30 µA
External power supply	8-28VDC with reverse polarity protection
Rechargeable battery	High density Lithium-Ion rechargeable battery with a capacity of 2.2Ah with polyswitch protection

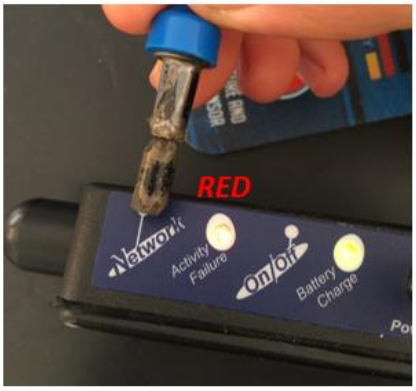
	Included accessories
	1x Magnet to Power ON/Power OFF the device 1x M8 Cap for Power Supply

	Optional Accessories and Services
External Power Supply	Wall plug-in, Switchmode power Supply 12V @ 1,25A with sealed M8 Plug (IP67/Nema 6) Ref: M8-PWR-12V
Solar Panel Kit (compatible with External Power Supply version only)	High efficiency solar panel with with Solar charging controller and Lead-acid battery **Ref: X-SOL-5W-M8-2M**
Bracket Mounting	90° Bracket for BeanDevice (Xrange smartsensor) with 4 x M5 screws + Locknut Ref: SMART-BRACK-MNT
External Primary Cell in a Waterproof IP67 Casing	Waterproof IP67 battery box for long-term monitoring applications IP67 Battery Holder Battery Pack with 3 x C size primary cell, Li-SOCL2 Lithium Primary cell 3.6VDC Type **Ref: PRIM-XTENDER**
M8 extension cable for external power supply	Molded cable with M8-3pins male plug Material: PVC with shield protection IP Rating : IP67 | Nema 6 Cable length: 2 meters , Ref: CBL-M8-2M Cable length : 5 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-5M Cable length: 10 meters, Ref: CBL-M8-10M
Calibration certificate	Calibration certificate provided by Beanair GmbH A static calibration method is used on a granite surface plate DIN876 Ref: CERT-CAL-SMART

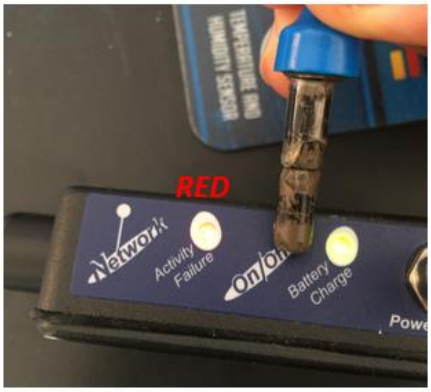
6.10 PRODUCT FOCUS

6.10.1 Casing description

Power On



Network Reset



Power Off

Figure 2: Casing description

Number	Function	Description
1	M8-3 Contacts Socket for power supply input	***DC 8-28 volts*** power supply. The socket sealing is assured with a screw cap.  ***If you don't use the external power supply, don't forget to protect the M8-3 pins socket with a M8 protection cap.***
2	Random antenna	Waterproof IP67 Radom antenna
3	MAC ID Label	Unique identifier assigned to the BeanDevice® (64-bytes)  ***Every wireless network product which is based on the IEEE 802.15.4 standard must have a 64-bit MAC address that allows unique identification of the device within a global network.***
4	BeanDevice® product version label	Three label version are available: ✓ ***BeanDevice® AX-3D****: measurement range and the three axis are indicated on the Label* ✓ ***BeanDevice® HI-INC****: measurement range and the three axis are indicated on the Label* ✓ ***BeanDevice® AX-3DS****: measurement range and the three axis are indicated on the Label*
5	Acceleration/inclination axis	Indicates acceleration/inclination on X/Y/Z axis
6	"***Network*** "non-contact button	"**Network context**" non-contact button restores the factory settings on the BeanDevice®. Point the pole of the Neodymium magnet that was provided with your BeanDevice® towards the "Network" label circle. Hold the magnet for approximately ***2s*** ***Please read the following section for more information*** "click here"
7	"Network LED"	This bi-color **GREEN** / **RED Led** represents the BeanDevice® : Cf. table below for led description
8	ON/OFF Non- contact button	Allows to power up/power off the BeanDevice®. Point the pole of the Neodymium magnet that was provided with your BeanDevice towards the "ON/OFF" label circle (refer fig. 3) (**V1R2 only**).Hold the magnet for approximately 2s

9	Battery charge indicator LED	This bi-color **GREEN** / **RED Led** indicates battery charge status: Cf. table below for led description

6.10.2 LEDs Description

Operating status	Network LED	Battery Charge LED
The BeanDevice® is power off	LED OFF	**<u>No external power supply</u> is connected:** LED OFF **<u>External power supply</u> is connected:** ***Green*** LED ON: Battery charged ***Red*** LED ON: Battery not charged
The BeanDevice® is power on with wireless TX/RX activity	***Green*** LED: Wireless Network Activity ***Red*** LED: Wireless transmission failure	
The BeanDevice® is power on	***Green*** led blinks twice	
The BeanDevice® is power off (was power on before)	***Red*** LED ON during 2s	
The BeanDevice® is power on & a network Reset is performed	***Red*** LED ON during 2s then ***Green*** LED ON during 2s then ***Green*** LED blinks Repeated until connecting to **BeanGatway®**	
The BeanDevice® is power on & waits for a network activity	***Green*** LED blinks	

6.10.3 Mechanical drawing for standard version

The BeanDevice® AX-3DS/AX-3D/HI-INC/INC products use the same sensor housing.

Enclosure Features

Material	Aluminum
Protection	IP67
Dimensions	(L/l/h: 80x55x36 mm)
Weight	155g battery included

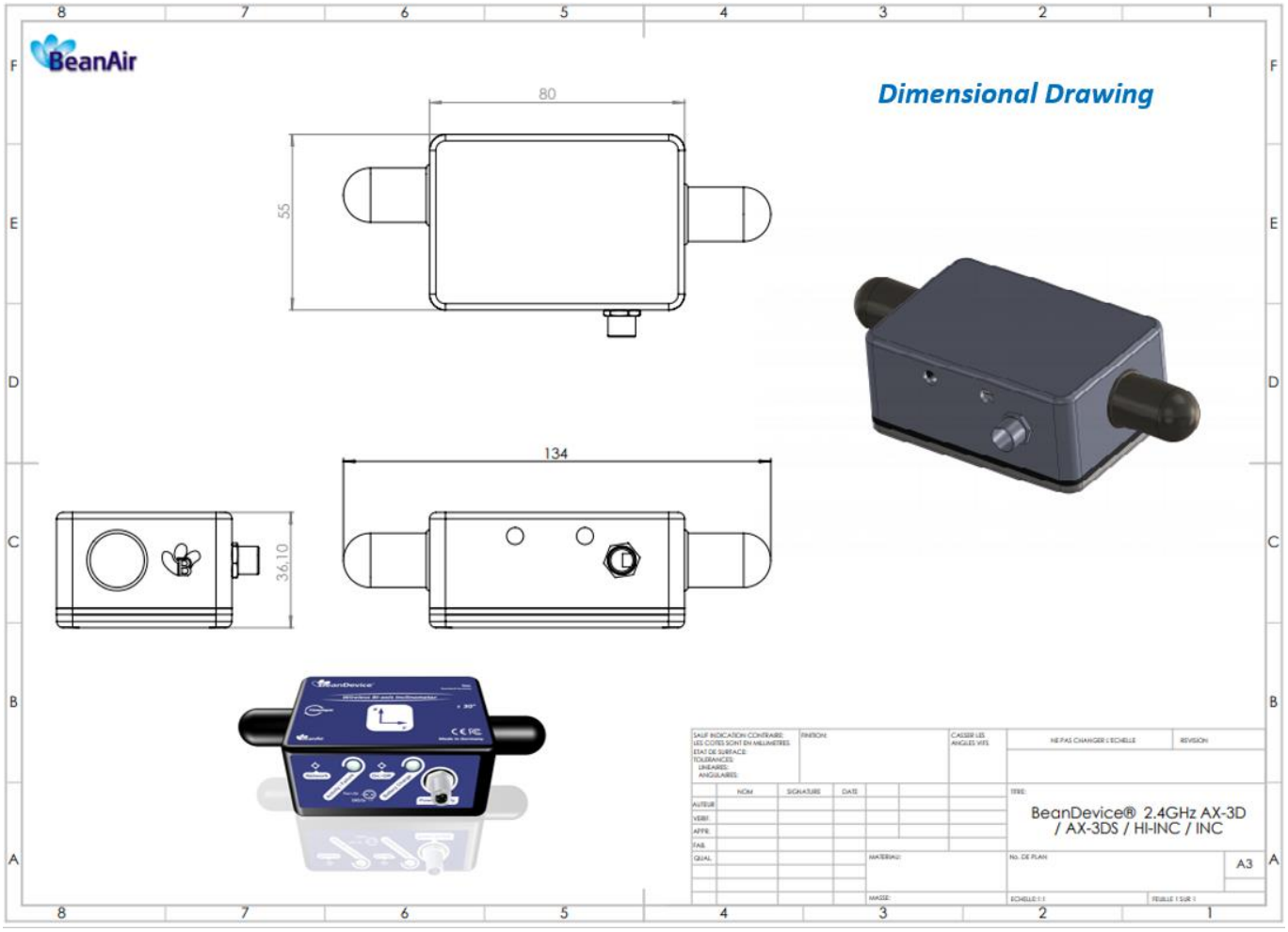


Figure 3: Mechanical drawing - BeanDevice® AX-3D/HI-INC/INC

6.10.4 Mechanical drawing for Xrange version

The BeanDevice® AX-3D/HI-INC Xrange products use the same sensor housing.

Enclosure Features

Material	Aluminum
Protection	IP67
Dimensions	(L/l/h: 100x71x38 mm)
Weight	225g battery included

Table 1 : BeanDevice AX-3D/HI-INC/INC enclosure feature

6.10.5 Antenna diversity

Antenna diversity is a technique that maximizes the performance of an antenna system. It allows the radio to switch between two antennas that have very low correlation between their received signals. Typically, this is achieved by spacing two antennas around 0.25 wavelengths apart or by using two orthogonal polarizations. So, if

a packet is transmitted and no acknowledgement is received, the radio system can switch to the other antenna for the retry, with a different probability of success.

The diagram below provides information on the radome antenna performance:

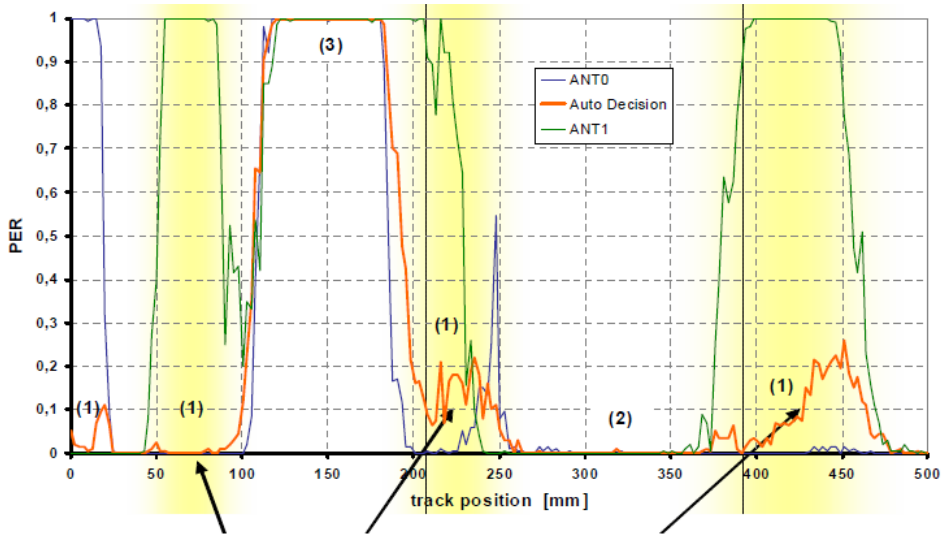
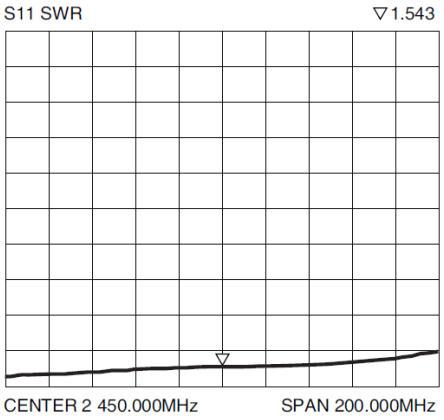


Figure 4 : Radome antenna performances

The radome antenna radio used on BeanDevice® product is a tamper resistant and unobtrusive.

6.10.6 Radome antenna

Electrical specifications	
Picture	
Center Frequency	***2,45 GHz***
Gain	***3 dBi***
Wavelength	***¼ -wave***
VSWR	***<1.9 typ. at center***
Impedance	***50 Ω***
Size	***Diameter: 27mm*** ***Height: 11 mm***



Typical VSWR

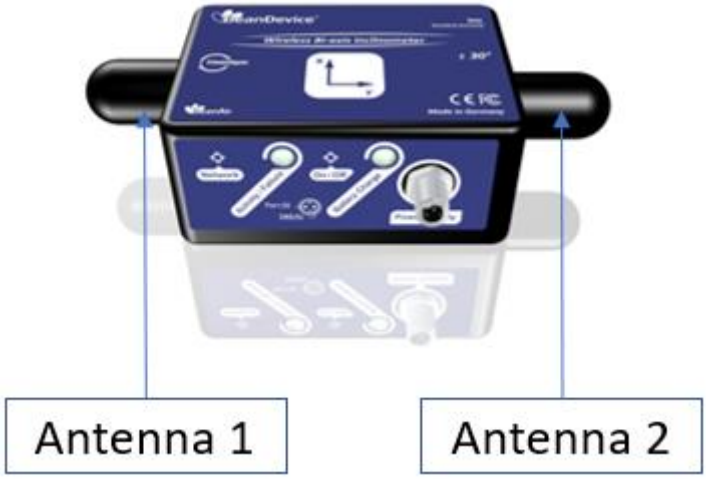


Figure 5: Antenna position on the BeanDevice AX-3D

Never try to change the antenna integrated on the BeanDevice®. This action may void the product warranty.

6.11 MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

6.11.1 Adhesive mounting instructions (BeanDevice® INC, HI-INC, AX-3D, AX-3DS)

Characteristics	SmartSensor
Mounting techniques	Adhesive mounting
Flatness	0,1 mm
Surface Roughness	0,1 mm
Surface treatment	Satin black textured polyester powder paint
Material	AL 6061

6.11.1.1 Components needed for a non-permanent mounting

Aluminum Foil Tape	Use an aluminum foil offering a good breaking load & water resistant for outdoor use. ***Example***: Advance Tapes – Ref: 196074 - Thickness 0,09mm - Breaking load: 35 N/cm - Adhesion: 4 N/cm - Water resistant	
High strength Epoxy Glue	High Strength Epoxy Adhesive – Resin ***Example***: Radio spares 159-3957	

6.11.1.2 Reference edge

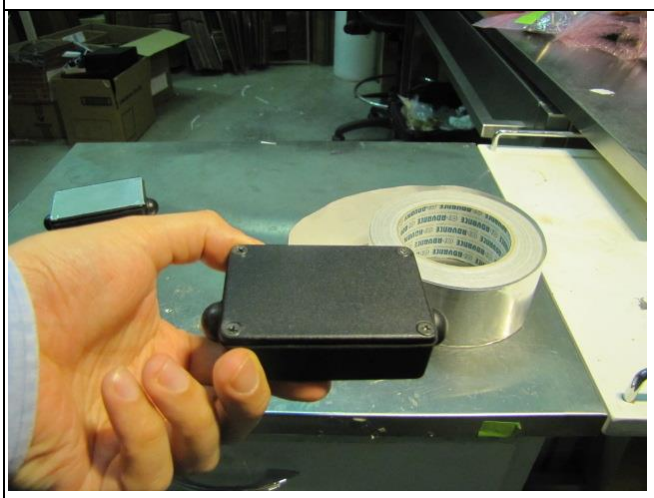
The BeanDevice® has a mounting reference angle (red line) for an optimal mounting of the product, which is parallel to the Y-axis. This reference edge must be placed exactly parallel to the object to be measured to prevent or minimize any mechanical offset/cross sensitivity.

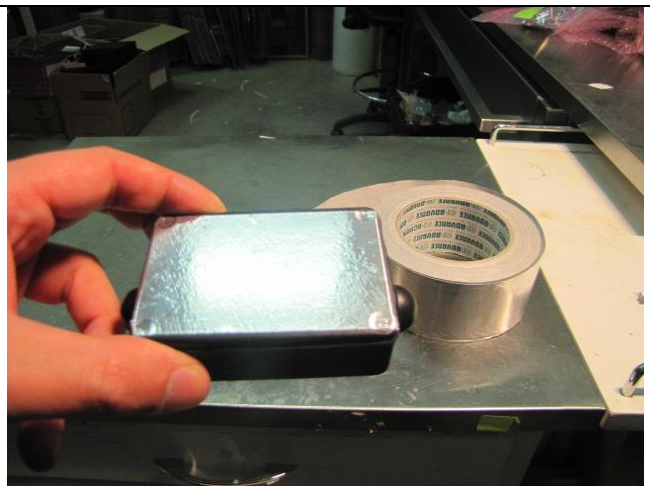
Figure 6: BeanDevice® mounting reference angle

6.11.1.3 Mounting instructions for non-permanent mounting

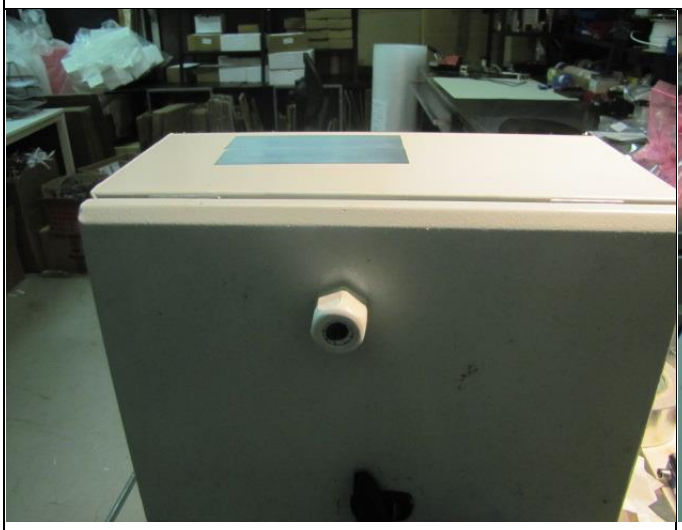
For a non-permanent mounting we recommend to use the following process:

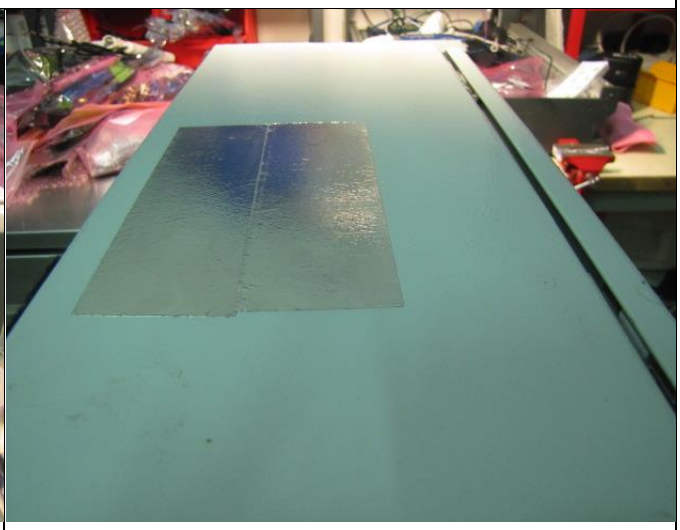
Step 1: Fix the aluminum foil tape on the back side of your BeanDevice® casing. Surface should be clean, dry and free from Grease.



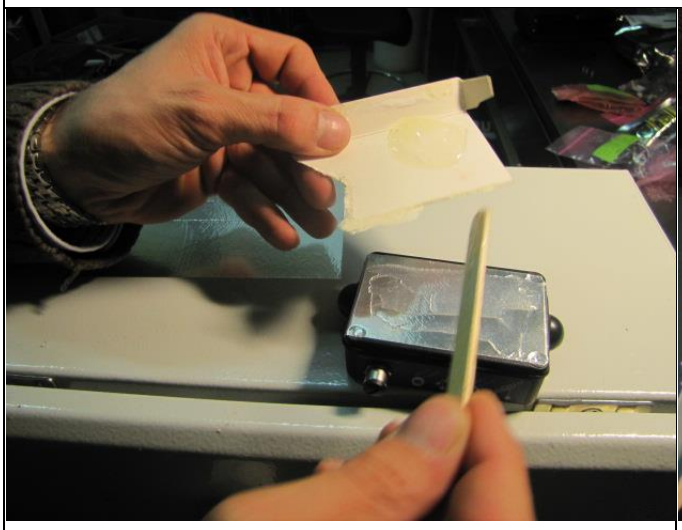


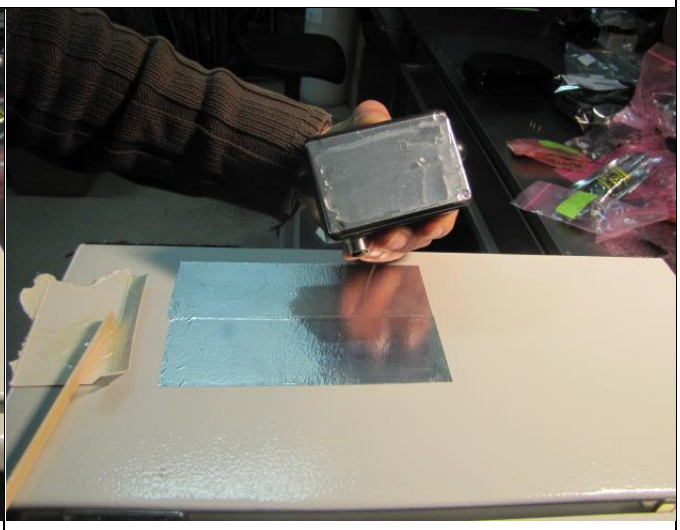
Step 2: Mount the aluminum foil tape on the equipment where you wanted to mount the BeanDevice®. Surface should be clean, dry and free from Grease.



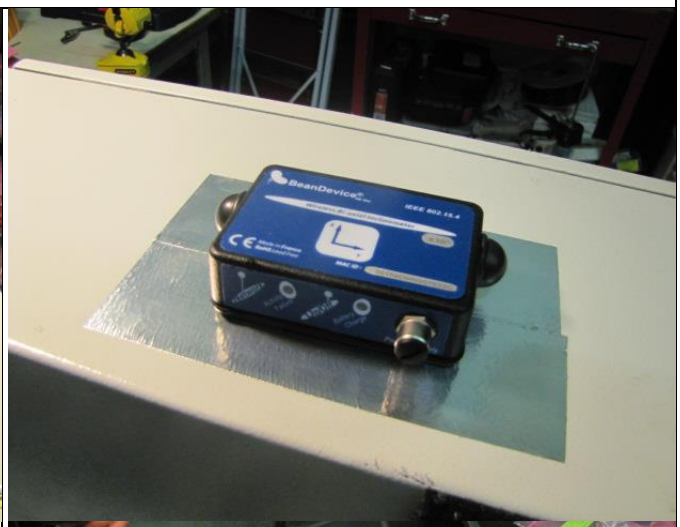


Step 3: Mix equal amount s of resin and hardener for 1 minute. Mixture should be used within 15-20 minutes. Apply the mixture on your BeanDevice®

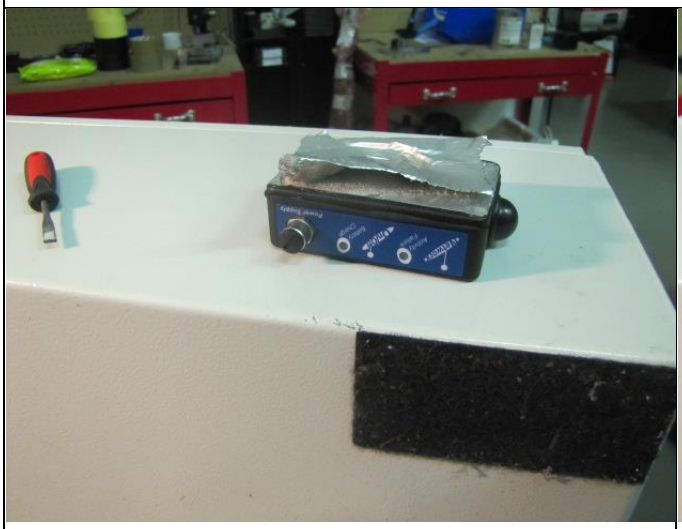




Step 4: Clamp the two surface together until adhesive has cured (depending of the type of epoxy glue that you use, it can take 1 hour to 1 day). Your BeanDevice® is ready to be used for indoor and outdoor application.



Step 5: You can unmount the BeanDevice® very easily. Use a knife or a sharp object to unmount the BeanDevice®. Your BeanDevice® is clean and ready to be used on another application.



6.11.2 Screw Mounting (BeanDevice® AX-3D Xrange & BeanDevice® HI-INC Xrange)

Characteristics	SmartSensor Xrange
Mounting techniques	**Screw mounting Three M5 drilled flanges**
Flatness	**38,1 µm**
Surface Roughness	**RA 1.6 (µm)**
Surface treatment	**Black anodized (Corrosion-proof)**
Material	**AL 7075 (twice harder than AL6061)**

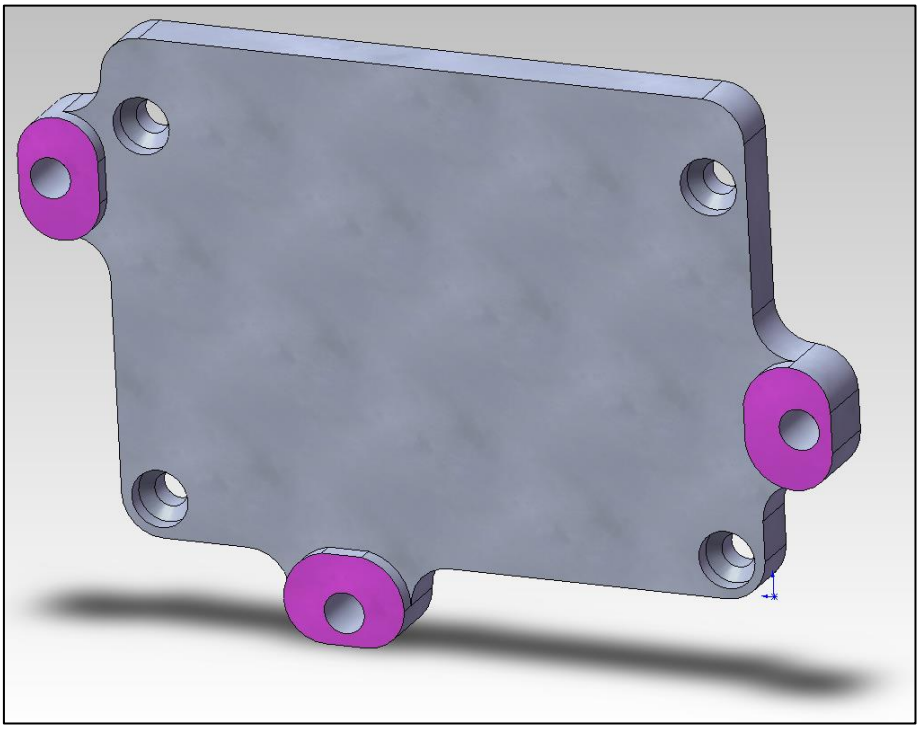


Figure 7: Xrange base plate overview

- ✓ For vibration measurement, the mass of the wireless accelerometer must be <1/10 of the mass of the object under study.
- ✓ Mounting surfaces need to be clean, free of any residue from epoxies, waxes, paint or other foreign materials.
- ✓ Mounting surface should be flat.

- ✓ The mounting hole must be checked to ensure it is longer than the mounting screw so as to prevent "bottoming out".
- ✓ Use a torque wrench for tightening screws to the manufacturer's specifications. Do not use electric tools as their frequencies may damage the accelerometer.
- ✓ Spread mating surface with a light coating of silicone grease, heavy machine oil or bees wax to ensure contact is secure thereby maximizing the usable frequency range.
- ✓ Secure the cable using clamps, O-rings, tape or other materials most suited to the application. Ensure that you have sufficient slack to allow for free movement of the sensor.
- ✓ Inspect mounting holes and remove any debris, burrs or other foreign materials.

6.11.3 Wireless inclinometer special instructions (BeanDevice® HI-INC, INC & HI-INC Xrange)

The BeanDevice® HI-INC is designed for a horizontal mounting, i.e. the base plate of the inclinometer needs to be placed on the horizontal plane of the object to be measured.

Avoid shock and vibration during measurement, as these could corrupt the measurement results. Inclination sensors that base on a fluidic measurement principle are optimal for static measurements and suitable to only a limited extent of dynamic measurement.

6.12 BEANDEVICE® 2.4GHZ POWER SUPPLY

6.12.1 Integrated Lithium-ion Rechargeable battery (Xtend version excluded)

The BeanDevice® 2.4GHz from SmartSensor product lines integrates a Lithium-Ion rechargeable battery (except XTend version):

BeanDevice® version	*Battery Capacity @25°C*	*Nominal Voltage @25°C*	*Charge/Discharge cycle @25°C*
BeanDevice® 2.4GHz AX-3D	2200 mAh	4,2V	370
BeanDevice® 2.4GHz AX-3DS			
BeanDevice® 2.4GHz HI-INC	2200 mAh		
BeanDevice® 2.4GHz HI-INC-SR			

The rechargeable battery can be used as an UPS (uninterruptible power supply) battery on your BeanDevice®. It provides an emergency power when the external power source, typically the utility mains, fails.

Do not try to change the integrated battery. This action may void the product warranty.

6.12.2 External Primary cell (Xtend version only)

The battery life can be increased by using an external primary cell with a capacity of 6500 mAh. The primary cell is integrated in a watertight (IP65) enclosure.

Figure 8: External Primary cell

there is no battery charger on this production version

6.12.2.1 Primary cell specifications

The Primary lithium-thionyl chloride cell (***Li-SoCl2***) provides the following features:

Primary Cell Capacity	*Size*	*Nominal Voltage*	*Operating temperature range*	*Maximum recommended continuous current*	*Pulse Capability*
6500 mAh	*C-size spiral cell*	*3,6 V*	*- 55°C/+ 80°C*	*1.5A*	*2.5 A during 0.1s*

A Primary Cell is not a rechargeable battery; do not try to recharge it. You will damage your primary cell and your BeanDevice®

We recommend you the following primary cell provider:

Provider	Model
SAFT	LSH14
Europa Batteries	ER26500M
EVE	
Able Battery	

6.12.2.2 Main advantages of primary cell

These are the main advantages of using a primary cell:

- ✓ The operating temperature of your BeanDevice® is extended: -55°C to +80°C instead of -20°C to +75°C;
- ✓ The self-discharge of a primary cell is **2%/year** instead of 12%/year for a rechargeable battery;
- ✓ The capacity of a primary cell is 6000 mAh instead of 1250 mAh,

Please read the following section for more information about the primary cell replacement and calibration: "click here"

6.12.3 How to change the Primary cell on the BeanDevice® (Xtend version only)

This section concerns the BeanDevice® provided with an external primary cell power supply.

All the BeanDevice® HI-INC/AX-3D/AX-3DS provided with an internal rechargeable battery are not concerned by this section.

Step 1 : Open the screw cap

- Open the screw cap on the battery holder
- The primary cell (C Size) is inside the battery holder

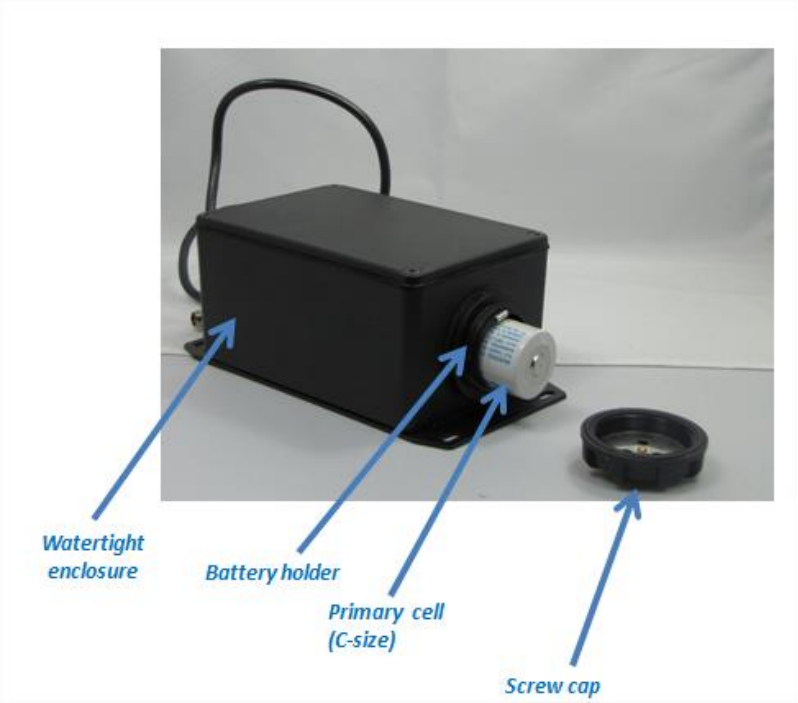


Figure 9: Changing the External Primary cell

Step 2 : Change the primary Cell

- Change the primary cell
- Check the battery polarity: pole + is on the screw cap side;

Figure 10: Changing the External Primary cell

Step 3 : Close the screw cap

- Close properly the screw cap
- Don't forget the Gasket, it's very important to maintain a watertight seal on your device

Do not invert the battery polarity, your BeanDevice® will not work.

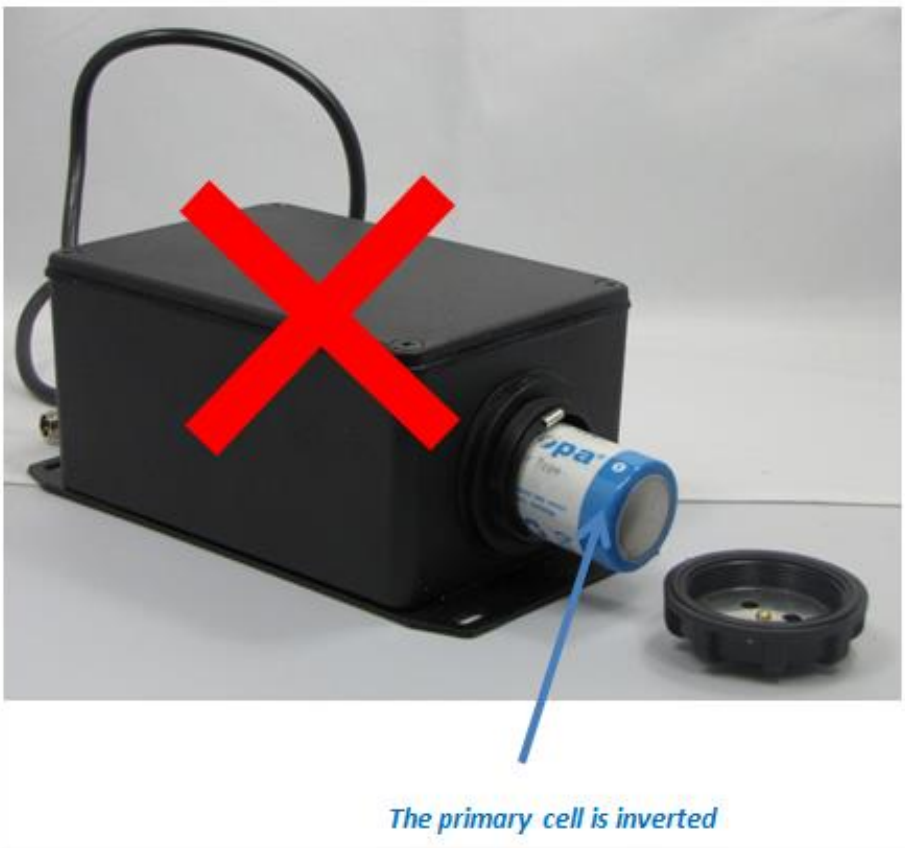


Figure 11: Changing the External Primary cell (wrong practice)

Step 4: Connect your primary cell enclosure to your BeanDevice®

- Screw the M8 Plug on the M8 socket of your BeanDevice®
- Make sure that your M8 plug is correctly connected to your M8 socket, otherwise the sealing between the enclosures is not maintained;

Figure 12: Changing the External Primary cell (connecting the BeanDevice®)

Check the Power mode of you BeanDevice®

***Example:** If your BeanDevice® is operating in "Sleeping" power mode. You should Power off then power on your BeanDevice®, the new configuration parameter is loaded during the cold start of your BeanDevice®.*

For further information about Power mode management, please read the technical note TN_RF_010 – « BeanDevice® Power Management »

Step 5: Check your battery charge level

- Check the battery charge level which is dsplayed in the "***Power Supply Diagnostic frame***" , battery charge level should be Good

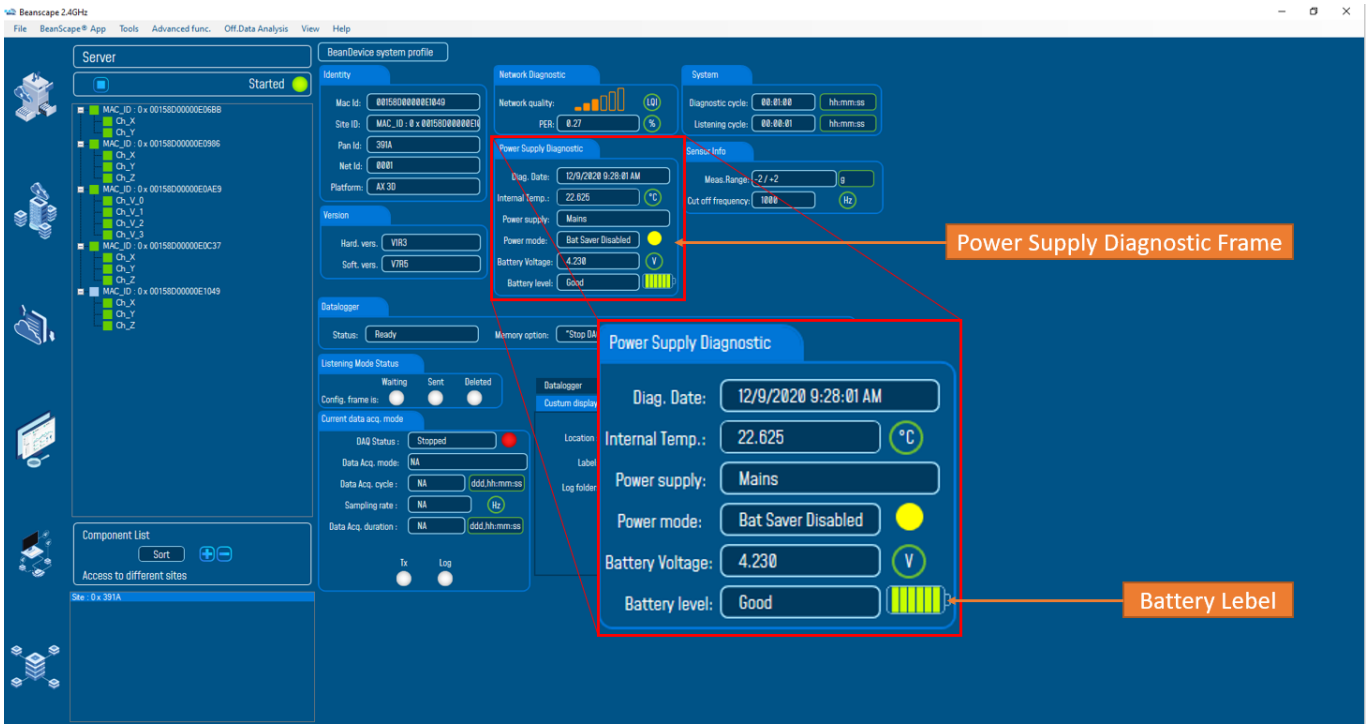


Figure 13: Power supply diagnostic frame on BeanScape®)

The nominal voltage of a primary cell is 3,6 Volts instead of 4,2 volts for a rechargeable battery. This value is correct.

Make sure that the power mode configured on your BeanDevice® is in "sleep power mode". If the power mode is configured in active, the battery autonomy of your BeanDevice® will be dramatically reduced.

6.12.4 AC-To-DC power adapter (option)

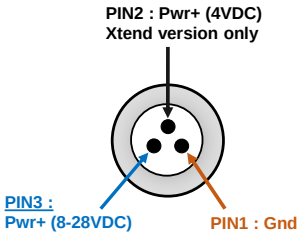
The BeanDevice® can also be powered by an AC-to-DC adapter ***8-28Volts***. The power adapter can be used for recharging Lithium-Ion battery or to power supply continuously the BeanDevice®.
A M8-3Pins standard plug is used for connecting the power adapter to the BeanDevice®.
If battery charge is very low, connect the power adapter in order to recharge your internal battery.

Figure 14: M8-3P Wall Plug-in power supply

Only the M8 plug is fully sealed, the power adapter is not sealed.

6.12.5 Power supply wiring code

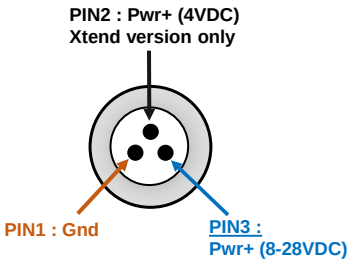
M8 Socket (A-Coding) - Pin Assignation

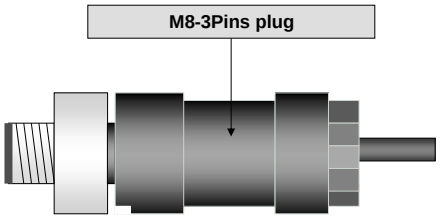


Interface Name	M8 Pin assignation	Wire Color (A-coding)
Power Supply 8-28VDC	*PIN3*	*Blue*
Power Supply 4VDC (available on Xtend version only)	***PIN2***	***Black***
Ground	*PIN1*	*Brown*

Figure 15: M8 socket Power supply Wiring code

M8 Plug (A –Coding) - Pin Assignation





Interface Name	M8 Pin assignation	Wire Color (A-coding)
Power Supply 8-28VDC	*PIN3*	*Blue*
Power Supply 4VDC (available on Xtend version only)	***PIN2***	***Black***
Ground	*PIN1*	*Brown*

Figure 16: M8 Plug Power supply Wiring code

If a M8 plug with a molded cable is used, the wiring code comes as follow:

Pin Number	*Description*	*Color code*
PIN3	**Pwr+ : Power supply 8-28VDC**	**Blue**
PIN1	**Ground**	Brown

Table 2 : M8-3P Plug Wiring code

If a M8 plug with a molded cable is used, the wiring code comes as follow:

Pin Number	*Description*	*Color code*
PIN3	**Pwr+ : Power supply 8-28VDC**	**Blue**
PIN2	**PM_Primary cell power supply (4V Maximum)**	**Black**
PIN1	**Ground**	**Brown**

Table 3 : M8-3P Plug Wiring code (Xtend version)

6.13 RESTORING FACTORY SETTINGS

If desired, the user can perform a Network context deletion. It allows restoring default parameters on the BeanDevice®:

Parameter	*BeanDevice® version*		
	AX-3D – standard and Xrange version	**AX-3DS**	**HI-INC – Standard, Xrange & SR versions**
Power Mode	*Active*		
Data Acquisition duty cycle	*10s*		
Acquisition duration time	*OK*		
Sampling rate	*OK*		
Data Acquisition mode	*LowDutyCycle*		
Anti-aliasing Filter cut-off frequency	*100 Hz*	*/*	*100 Hz*

To restore these defaults parameters, you must perform a *Network context deletion*. The “Network” non-contact button is outside the product. Hold the magnet on the button network ("Network") for more than 2 seconds.

Figure 17: Network Reed non-contact button

7. BEANDEVICE® SUPERVISION FROM THE BEANSCAPE®

For more information about the BeanScape®, please read the BeanScape® User Manual.

It is recommended to install MatLab MCR to ensure running the Online/Offline Data analysis

MaltLab MCR 64 bits download link
http://ssd.mathworks.com/supportfiles/downloads/R2015a/deployment_files/R2015a/installers/win64/MCR_R2015a_win64_installer.exe

MaltLab MCR 32 bits download link
http://ssd.mathworks.com/supportfiles/downloads/R2015a/deployment_files/R2015a/installers/win32/MCR_R2015a_win32_installer.exe

7.1 STARTING THE BEANSCAPE®

The BeanScape® is a supervision software monitor fully dedicated to Beanair WSN (Wireless Sensor Networks):

1. *Start the BeanScape® by double-clicking on the BeanScape® icon* 
2. *Click on the button « start »* 
3. *All the BeanDevice® connected to the WSN will appear on your left window*
4. *Select the BeanDevice® you want to configure. You can configure your BeanDevice® and its attached sensors.*

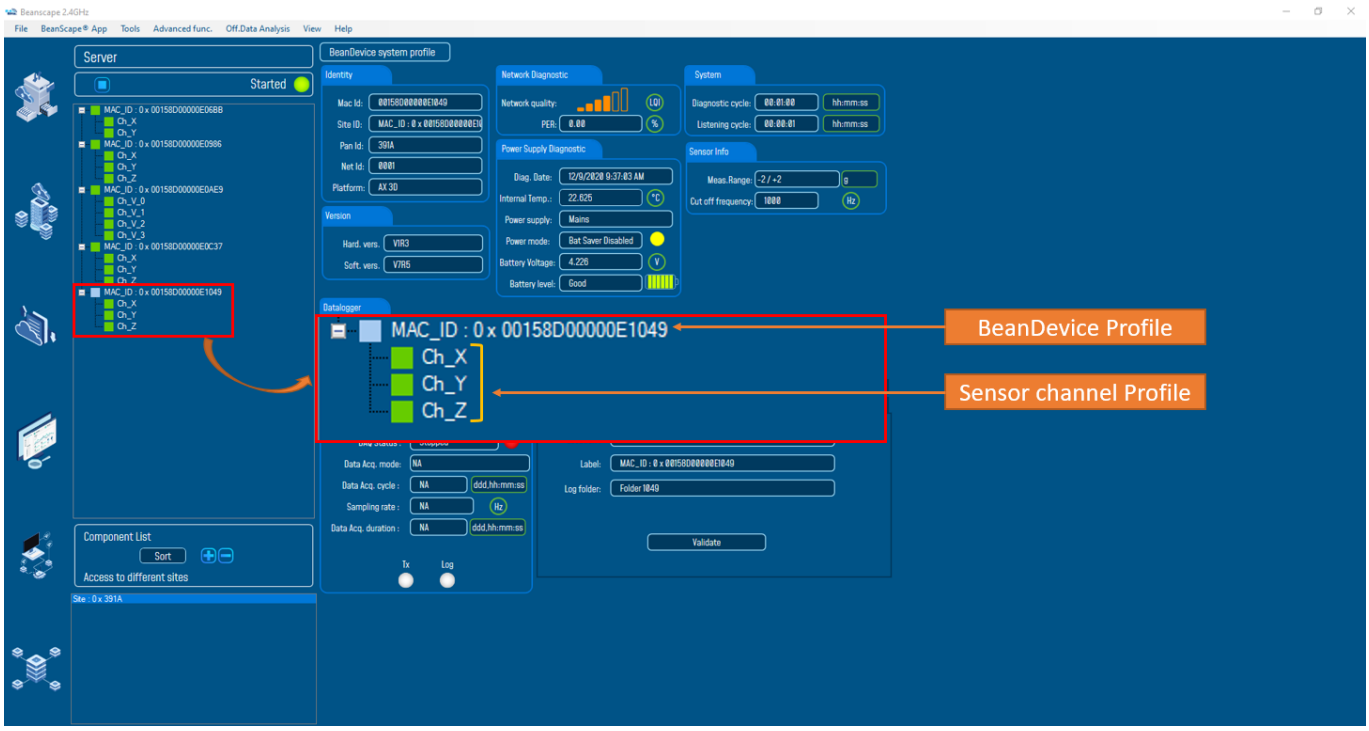
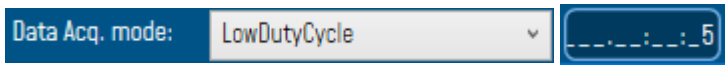


Figure 18: BeanDevice® display on BeanScape®

The user interface is organized as follow:

- White on blue background is displaying information

- Black on white background and white on blue background are customizable field;



You can configure your BeanDevice® from the page "***BeanDevice® System Profile***". This page is composed of two parts:

- ✓ BeanDevice® information display
- ✓ BeanDevice® configuration

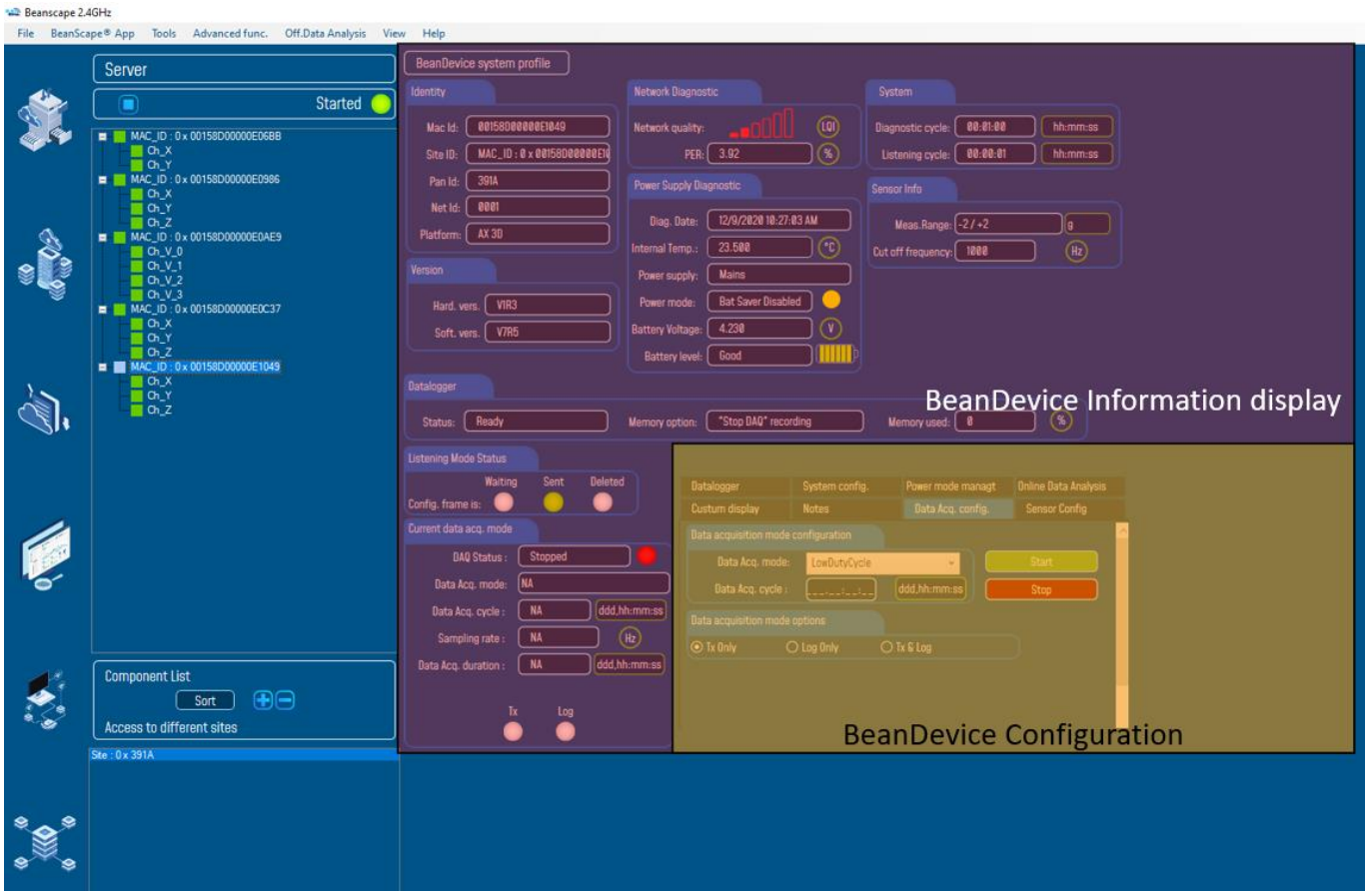


Figure 19: Overview: BeanDevice® System Profile on BeanScape®

7.2 DISPLAYING THE BEANDEVICE® INFORMATION

You will find below a description of the data information fields making up for each frame.

7.2.1 Frame: Identity

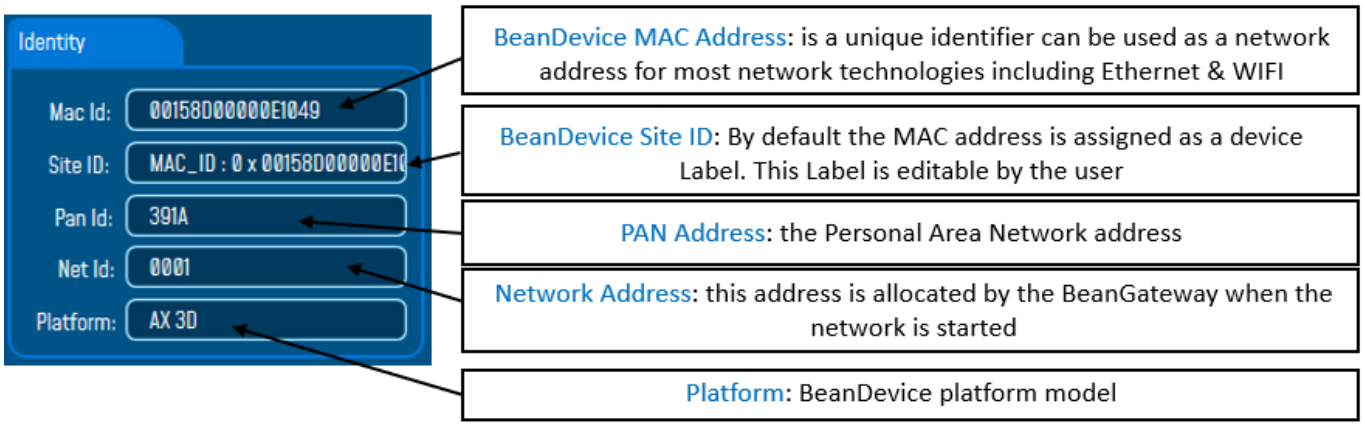


Figure 20: BeanDevice® Identity

How the PAN ID is assigned ?

The BeanGateway® starts the WSN, assigning a PAN ID (Personal Area Network identifier) to the network. The PAN ID is pre-determined and cannot be modified. If you use several WSN, before deploying your BeanDevice® check to which WSN is assigned your BeanDevice®.

7.2.2 Frame : Wireless Network Diagnostic

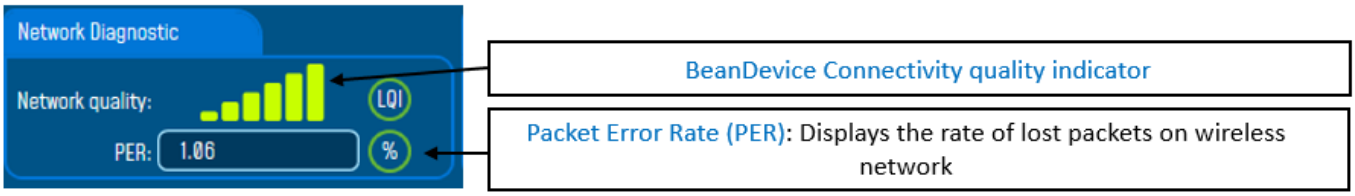


Figure 21: BeanDevice® network-link status

PER = Number of lost packet/Total of packet transmitted

Number of bars	*Color*	*Link quality indicator*
5 to 6 bars	*Green*	*Very good*
4 bars	*Green*	*Good*
3 bars	***Red***	*medium*
to 2 bars	***Red***	*bad*

7.2.3 Frame: Power supply diagnostic

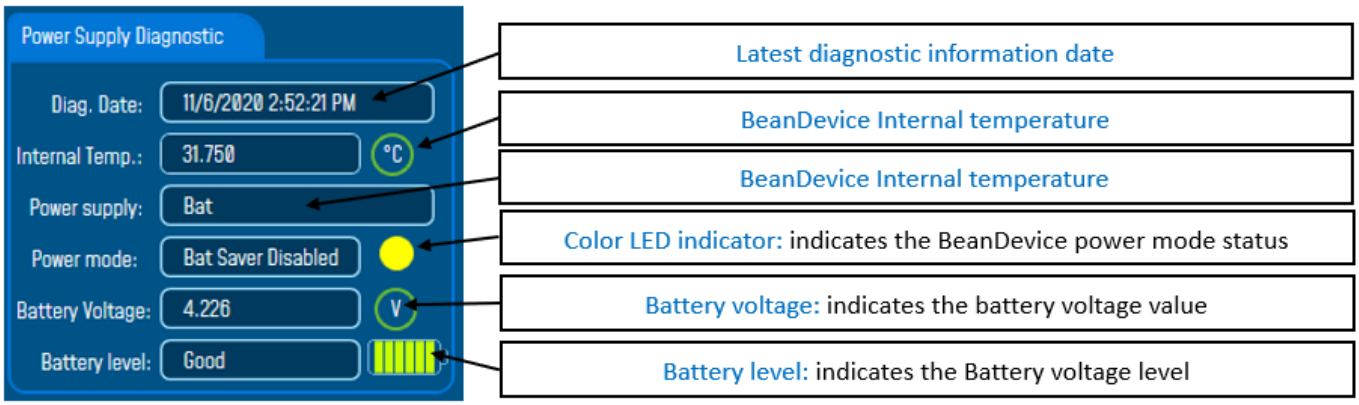


Figure 22: BeanDevice® Power Supply information

The BeanDevice® incorporates an internal temperature sensor:

- ✓ ***Battery temperature monitoring during charging ;***
- ✓ ***Temperature compensation of the analog conditioning chain ;***
- ✓ ***An alarm notification is send to the BeanGaeway® if the internal temperature is anormally high ;***

When you plug the BeanDevice® on an external power supply, the power supply status is automatically detected.

If your primary cell charge level is low, it is highly recommended to recharge your battery. Your BeanDevice® from SmartSensor product lines integrates a battery charger.

For further information about Power mode management, please read the technical note TN_RF_010 – « BeanDevice® Power Management »

When using the Streaming mode or the S.E.T mode, BeanScape® stops to display the full Battery health status information on the Power Supply Diagnostic frame until stopping the acquisition.

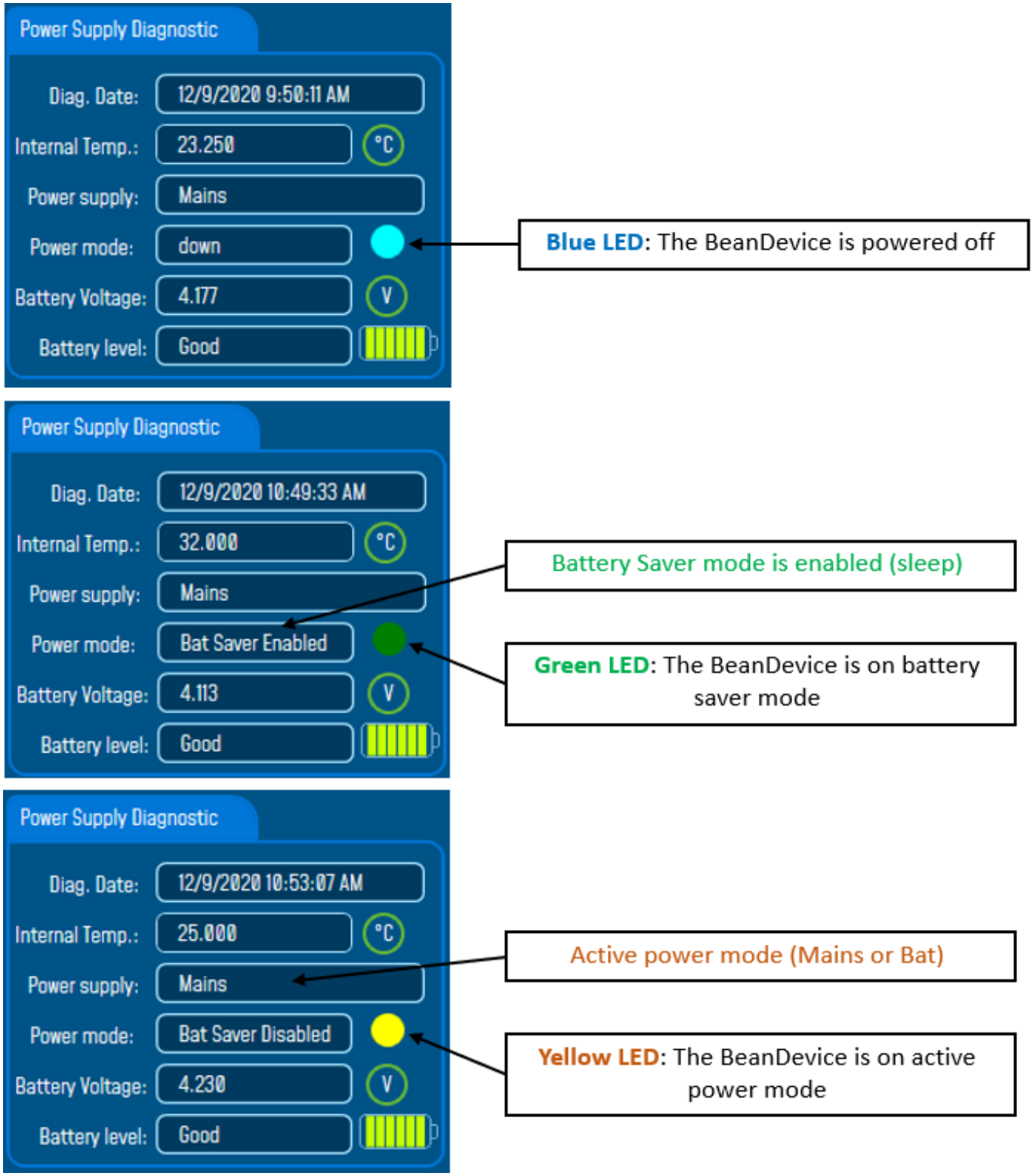


Figure 23:BeanDevice® Power modes

7.2.4 Frame : System

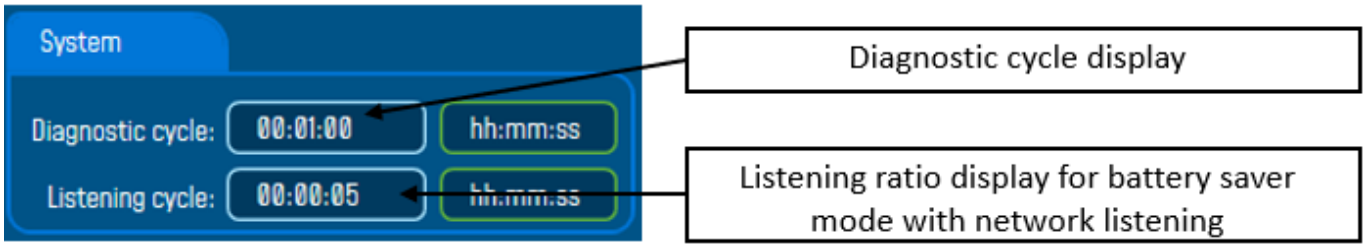


Figure 24: BeanDevice® Diagnostic cycle information

* The diagnostic cycle is a regular period during which the system collects information about the BeanDevice® (battery charge status, internal temperature, LQI, PER ..).

How to convert dBm to mW

Zero dBm equals one milliwatt. A 3dB increase represents roughly doubling the power, which means that 3 dBm equals roughly 2 mW. For a 3 dB decrease, the power is reduced by about one half, making –3 dBm equal to about 0.5 milliwatt. To express an arbitrary power P as x dBm, or go in the other direction, the following equations may be used:

$$x = 10\log_{10}(1000P)_{Or,}\ x = 10\log_{10}P + 30$$

And

$$P = 10^{(x/10)}/1000_{Or,}\ P = 10^{(x-30)/10}$$

Where P is the power in W and x is the power ratio in dBm.

7.2.5 Frame : BeanDevice®

According to the BeanDevice® version, the information displayed in the frame will not be the same. For example, for the BeanDevice® AX-3D Xrange:

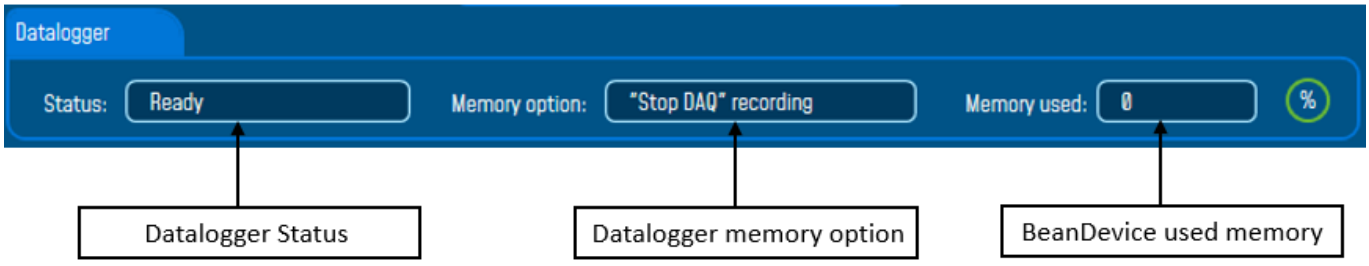


Figure 25: Frame BeanDevice® on BeanScape®

7.2.6 Frame: Product Version

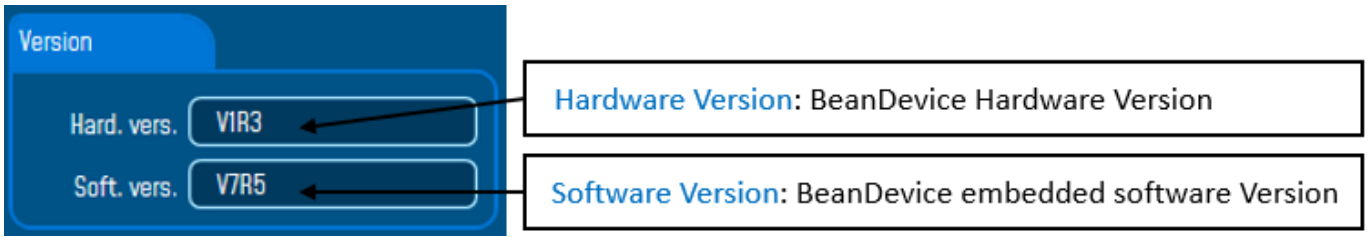


Figure 26: BeanDevice® Product version frame

V (version) related to a major modification of the embedded software.

R (Release) related to a minor modification of the embedded software

These ID versions should be transmitted to our technical support center when you encountered a material or software dysfunction.

7.2.7 Frame: Current Data Acquisition mode

This frame displays all the information returned by the BeanDevice® on its actual data acquisition mode:

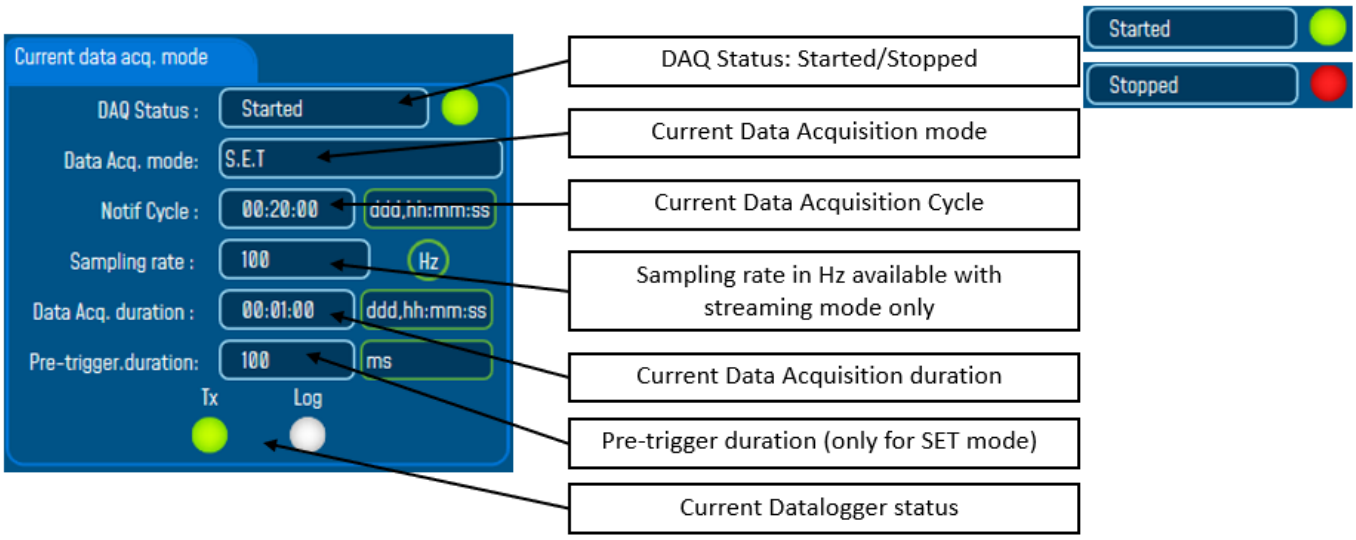
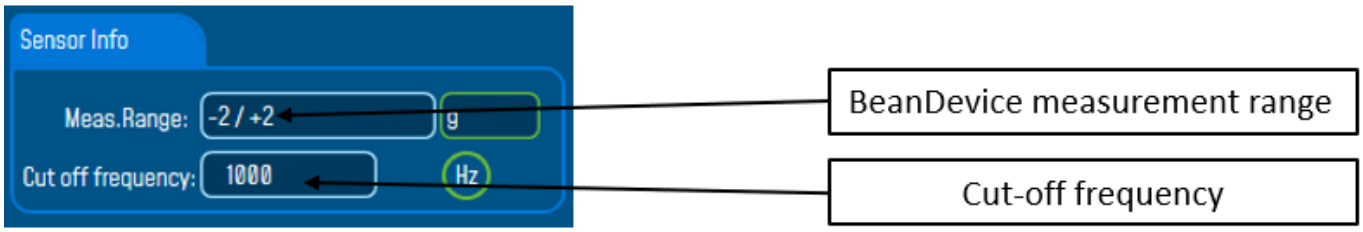


Figure 27: Current data acquisition mode

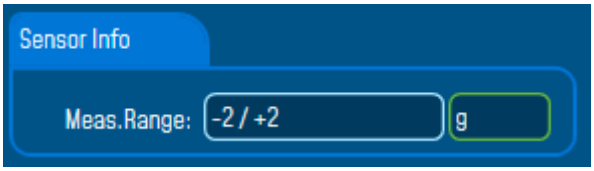
7.2.8 Frame: Sensor Info

All the information related to the sensor itself will be displayed in this frame.

- For the AX3D and AX3D Xrange



- For the AX3DS



- For the AX-3D-SR

There are 3 tabs information available inside the sensor info frame of the BeanDevice Hi-Inc-SR

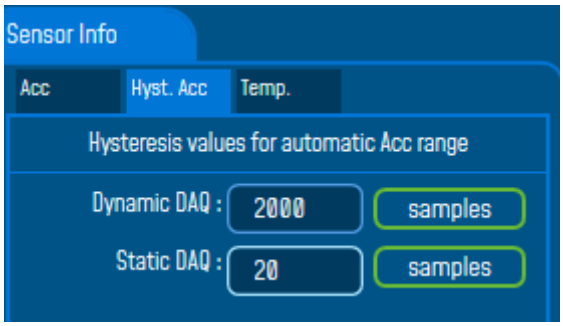
- Acceleration Tab:

✓ Measurement range: 4 different measurement range available on the AX-3D-SR, ±1.2g / ±2.4g / Auto ±1.2g / Auto ±2.4g

✓ Max SR: Maximum sampling rate depending on the BeanDevice Measurement range (if it's Auto ±1.2g the maximum sampling rate in dynamic DAQ modes is 400 Hz, if it's Auto ±2.4g the maximum sampling rate is 800 Hz).

- Hyst. Tilt

Displays the threshold levels to auto scale the BeanDevice measurement range.

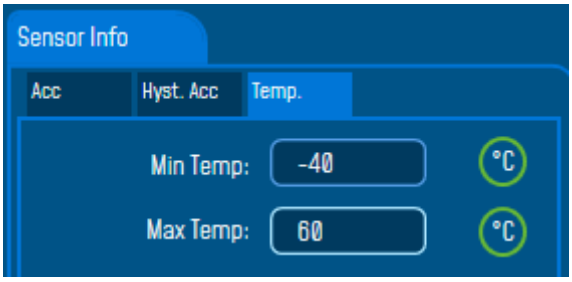


✓ Dynamic DAQ: threshold level related to dynamic measurement DAQ modes (streaming + SET), if 2000 successive values are lower/higher than the BeanDevice measurement range, the device change automatically its measurement range.

✓ Static DAQ: threshold level related to static measurement DAQ modes (Low Duty Cycle + Alarm).

- Temp.

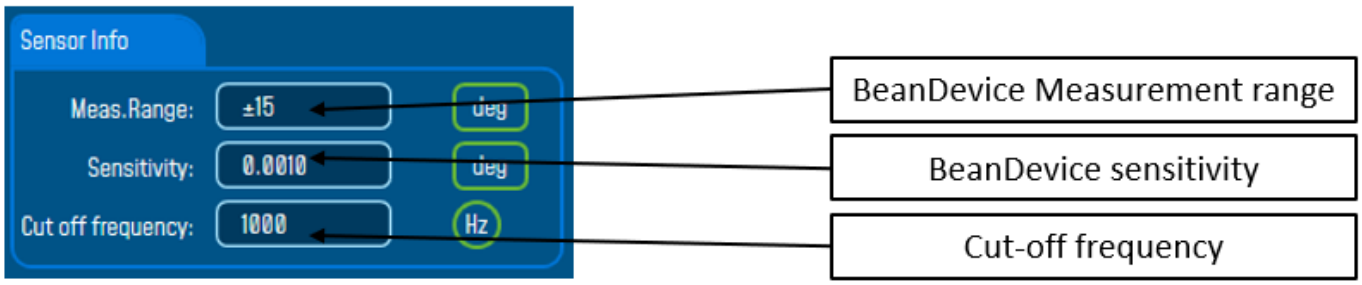
This information is related to the temperature sensor



✓ Min Temp: Minimum temperature that can be measured by the temperature sensor

✓ Max Temp: Maximum temperature that can be measured by the temperature sensor

➢ <u>For the Hi-Inc & Hi-Inc Xrange</u>



➢ For the Hi-Inc-SR

There are 3 tabs information available inside the sensor info frame of the BeanDevice Hi-Inc-SR

- Tilt Tab:

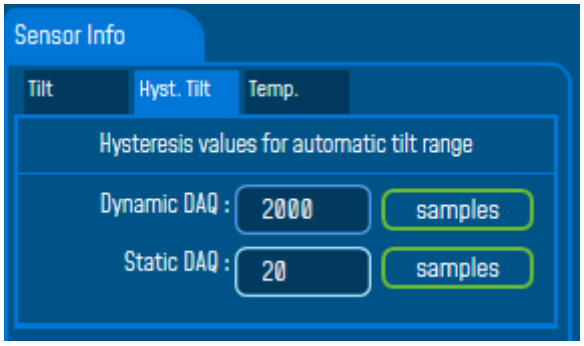
✓ Measurement range: 4 different measurement range available on the Hi-Inc-SR, ±10° / ±90° / Auto ±10° / Auto ±90°

✓ Sensitivity: BeanDevice sensitivity

✓ Max SR: Maximum sampling rate depending on the BeanDevice Measurement range (if it's Auto ±10° the maximum sampling rate in dynamic DAQ modes is 20 Hz, if it's Auto ±90° the maximum sampling rate is 80 Hz).

- Hyst. Tilt

Displays the threshold levels to auto scale the BeanDevice measurement range.

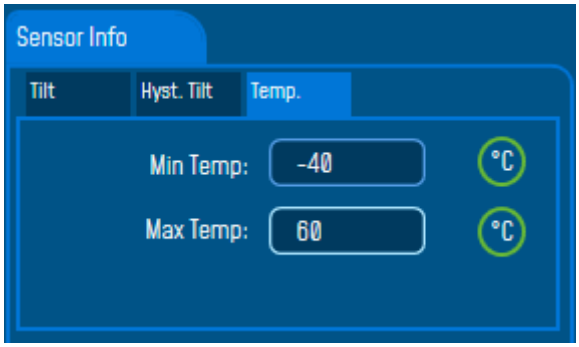


✓ Dynamic DAQ: threshold level related to dynamic measurement DAQ modes (streaming + SET), if 2000 successive values are lower/higher than the BeanDevice measurement range, the device change automatically its measurement range.

✓ Static DAQ: threshold level related to static measurement DAQ modes (Low Duty Cycle + Alarm).

- Temp.

This information is related to the temperature sensor



- ✓ Min Temp: Minimum temperature that can be measured by the temperature sensor
- ✓ Max Temp: Maximum temperature that can be measured by the temperature sensor

7.3 BEANDEVICE® CONFIGURATION

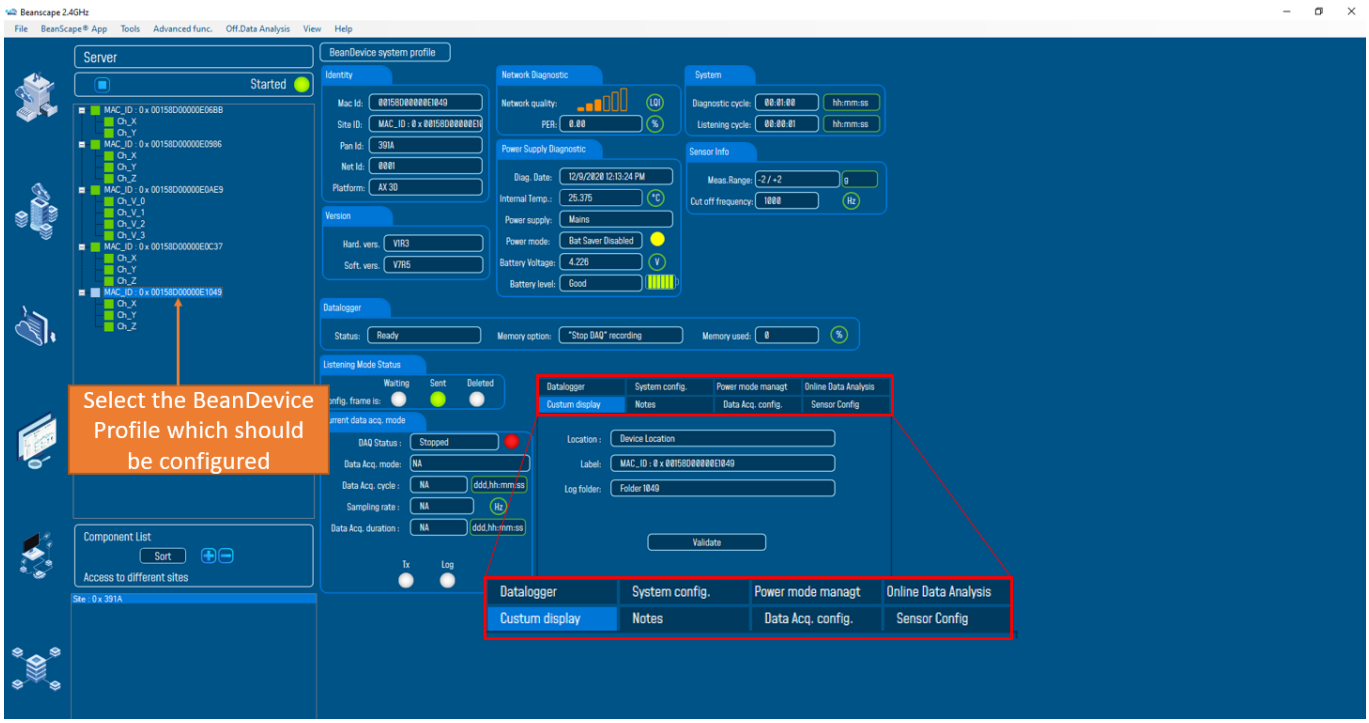


Figure 28: BeanDevice® configuration frame

This frame is composed of several Tabs and includes BeanDevice® OTAC (Over the Air Configuration) Parameters:

Tab	*Description*
Custom Display	Customize the BeanDevice® label
Notes	This area contains the notes related to the BeanDevice®.
Data Acquisition configuration	Configure the Data acquisition mode on your BeanDevice®, set the acquisition cycle or the sampling rate, enable/disable the datalogger function.
Datalogger	Manage the Datalogger function on the BeanDevice®
System configuration	Configure the diagnostic cycle and the TX Power
Power Mode Management	Configure the Power mode on your BeanDevice® (Active mode, Sleep power mode)
Sensor Config	Enable the available filters
Online Data Analysis	Enable FFT/PPV and available filter depending on the BeanDevice platform

7.3.1 Tab: Custom Display

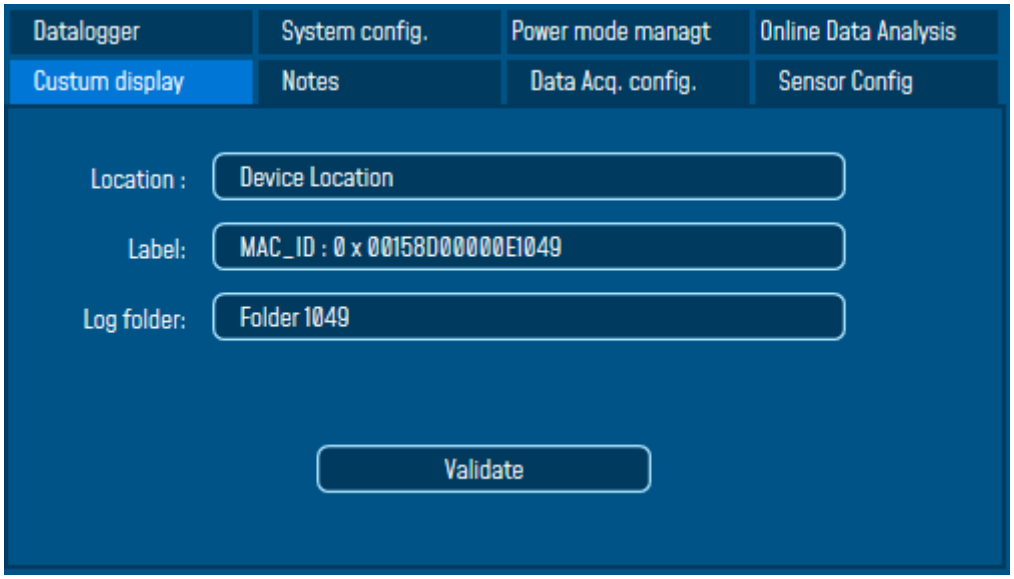


Figure 29: BeanDevice® custom display tab

Parameter	Description
Location	You can enter here your BeanDevice® location
Label	You can assign any sort of Label to your BeanDevice®. Therefore, the user can easily associate the BeanDevice® with its equipment (example: Room_N521_Second_Floor)
Log Folder	You can customize a name for your log folder where the measurement data will be saved in

Click on "***Validate***" if you want to validate your configuration.

7.3.2 Tab: Notes

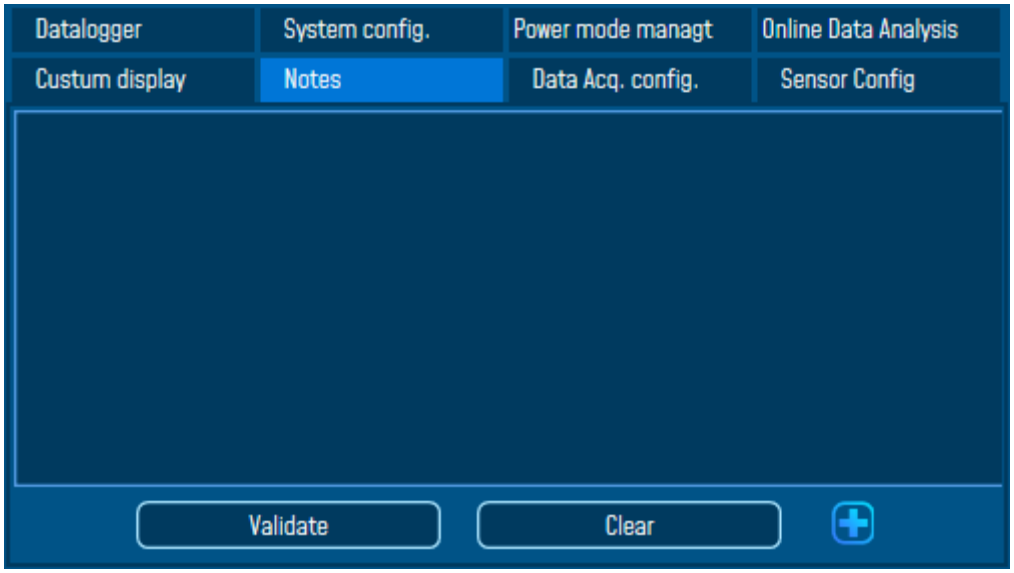


Figure 30: Tab: Notes

This field contains your notes concerning the BeanDevice®. To change this field, enter your text and click on « ***Validate*** » button. To back up your text, press the icon 

Example: Machine failure n°XX, requested intervention.

7.3.3 Tab : Data Acquisition configuration

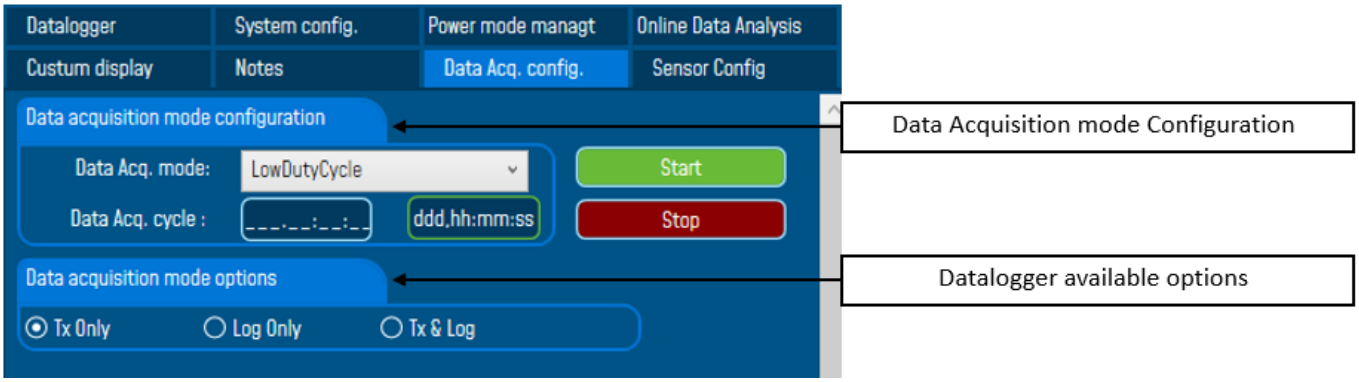


Figure 31: Tab: Data acquisition configuration

Parameter		Description
Data Acquisition mode	***Low duty cycle Data Acquisition (LDCDA)***	Low duty cycle data acquisition is adapted for static measurement (tilt, pressure, temperature) requiring a low power consumption on your BeanDevice®. The duty cycle can be configured between 1 data acquisition & transmission per second to 1 data acquisition & transmission per day.
	Alarm	Survey mode is a mix between the LDCDA mode and Alarm mode. A data acquisition is transmitted ▪ Whenever an alarm threshold (fixed by the user) is reached (4 alarm threshold levels High/Low). ▪ A transmission cycle is reached, the transmission cycle is configurable through the BeanScape® 1s to 24h
	Streaming	Streaming is more suitable for users requiring a high data sampling rate (maximum 1 KHz).
	Shock Detection	When the Shock detection ode is activated (only available for the BeanDevice AX-3DS) the BeanDevice will wake up if a shock is detected. During the sleeping mode of the BeanDevice®, the sensor will continue to track a shock event.
	S.E.T	The streaming with event trigger mode allows user to receive notification via email when the measurement reaches the preconfigured thresholds, the measurement is in streaming mode with high sampling rates (up to 1Ksps)

Data acquisition Cycle	Select the Data acquisition cycle between 1s and 24hours. The format is: Day: Hour: Minute: Second
Sampling rate	Select the sampling rate of your BeanDevice® between 1 sample per second and 3000 Samples per second maximum. The resolution is 1 sample per second. If Datalogger is selected, the maximum sampling rate is 3000 samples per second. This field is available in streaming: Choose carefully the Sampling rate value: ✓ The PER (Packet Error Rate) can increase if the Sampling rate is high on your BeanDevice®. For further information read the technical note ***TN_RF_003 - "Wireless Network capacity"*** ✓ Power consumption increases with the sampling rate of your BeanDevice®
Data acquisition duration	Data acquisition duration in streaming mode. The format is Day: Hour: Minute: Second The Data acquisition duration value can be higher than Data acquisition cycle.
Options	***TX only***: The BeanDevice® transmits the data acquisition without Datalogging ***Log only***: The BeanDevice® logs the data acquisition without wireless transmission ***Tx & Log***: The BeanDevice® transmits and logs the data acquisition; For further information about the Datalogger feature, read the technical note TN_RF_007 – "BeanDevice® Datalogger User Guide"

For further information about the Datalogger, please read the technical note TN_RF_007 – "BeanDevice® Datalogger User Guide"

All the modifications are displayed on "***Current data acquisition mode***" frame:

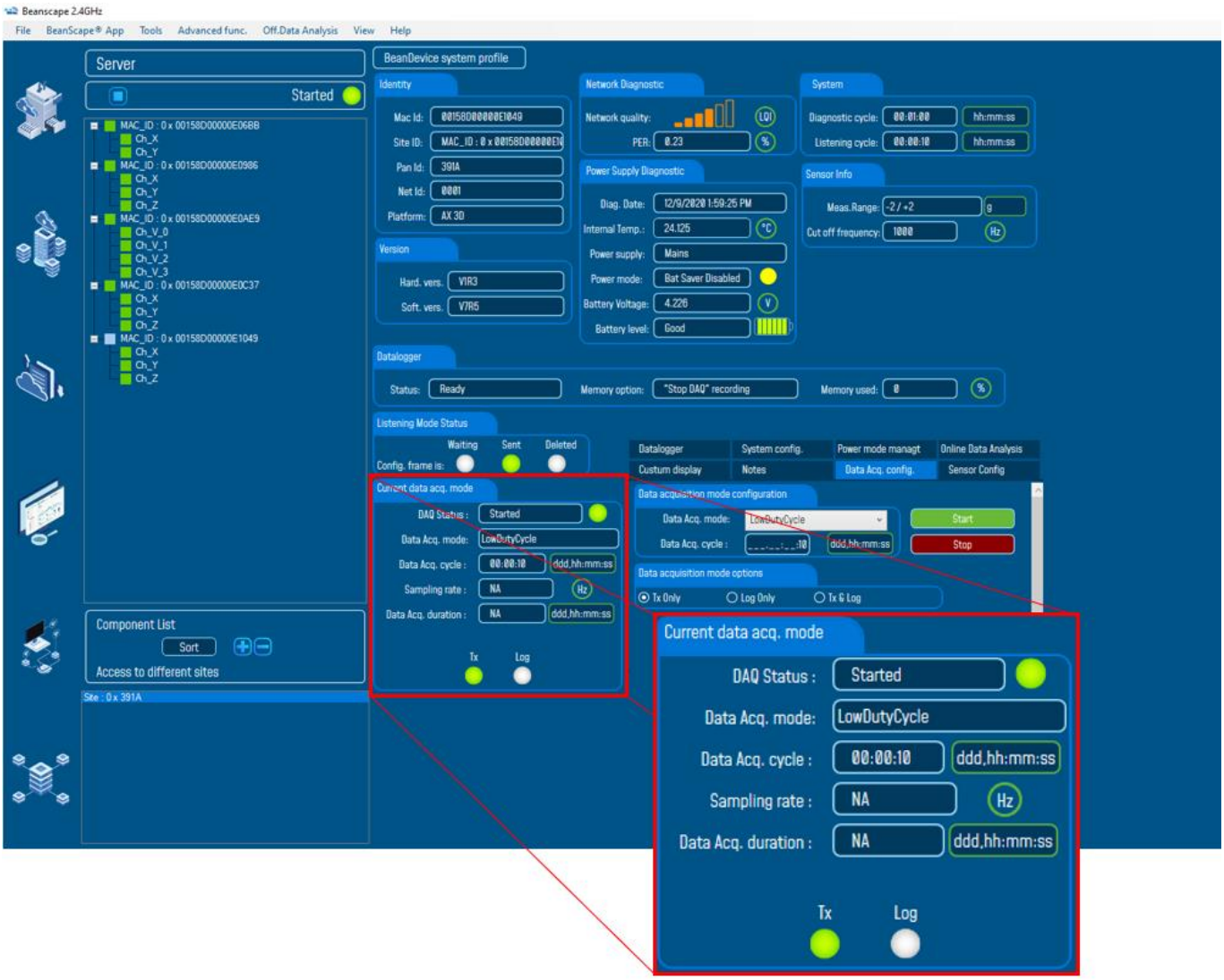


Figure 32: Current data acquisition mode display

For further information, please read the technical note TN_RF_008 – "Data acquisition modes available on the BeanDevice®"

7.3.4 Tab: Sensor Config

Sensor Config tab offers different functionalities according the nature of the BeanDevice®.

7.3.4.1 BeanDevice® AX-3D and AX-3D X-range Sensor config Tab

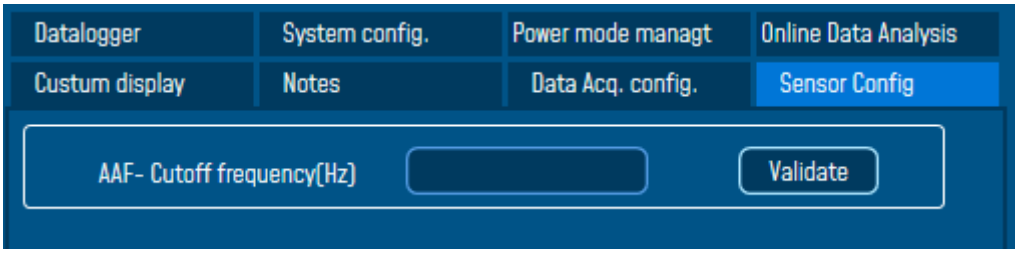


Figure 33:BeanDevice® AX 3D and AX 3D X-range Sensor Config tab

When using the BeanDevice® Ax-3D or AX-3D Xrange, the Sensor Config Tab will be used to set the Sensor AAF-Cut frequency.

7.3.4.2 BeanDevice® AX-3D-SR Sensor Config Tab

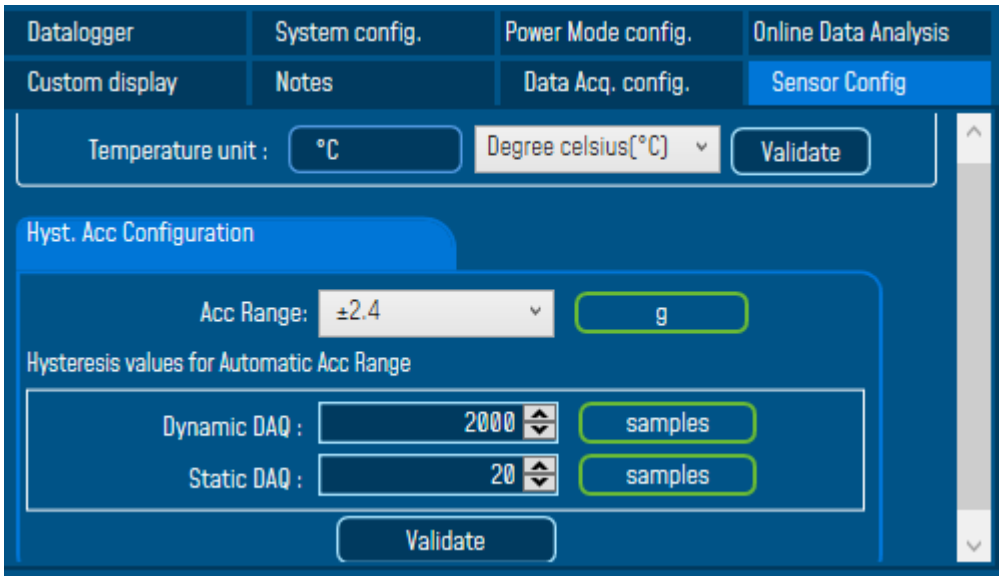
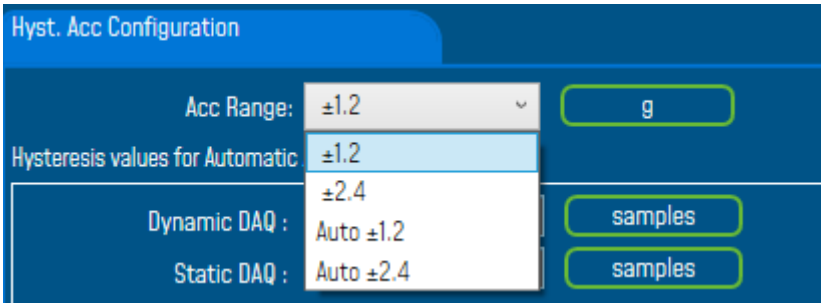


Figure 34: BeanDevice® AX-3D-SR Sensor Config Tab

- ***Temperature Unit:*** Change the temperature unit for the temperature sensor which is used to detect Object temperature and it's not designed to measure the ambient temperature, you can choose between (Degree Celsius (C°), Fahrenheit (F°), Kelvin (K°)).
- ***Tilt range:*** gives you the possibility to change the BeanDevice measurement range, you can choose a static measurement range ±1.2g or ±2.4g or a dynamic measurement range Auto ±1.2g, Auto ±2.4g.



- ***Hysteresis acceleration configuration:*** from this spot you can specify the threshold level from which the BeanDevice will automatically change its measurement range scale.

  ✓ Dynamic DAQ: threshold level related to dynamic measurement DAQ modes (streaming + SET), if 2000 successive values are lower/higher than the BeanDevice measurement range, the device change automatically its measurement range.

  ✓ Static DAQ: threshold level related to static measurement DAQ modes (Low Duty Cycle + Alarm).

7.3.4.3 BeanDevice® Hi-Inc Sensor and Hi-Inc X-range Config Tab

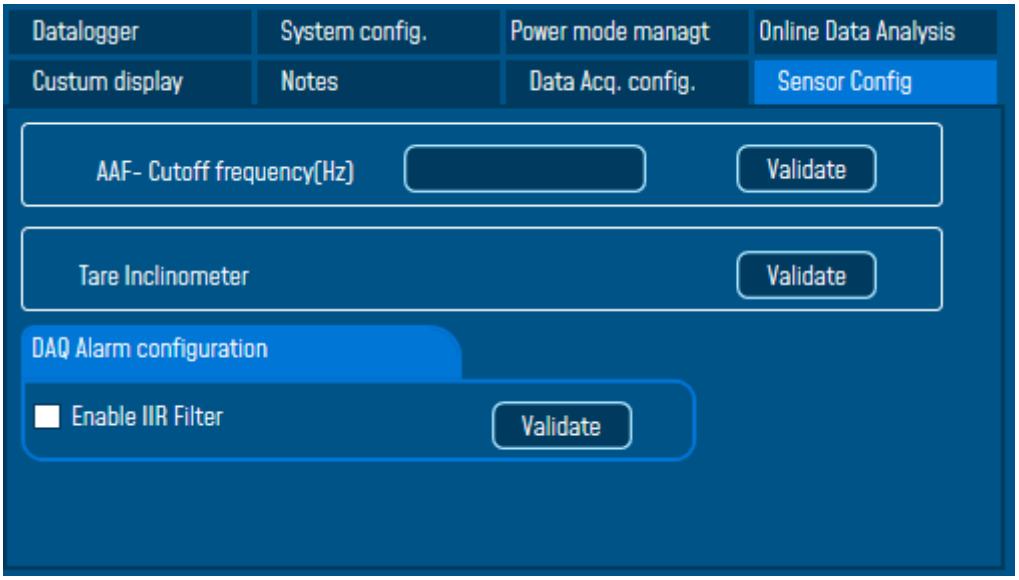


Figure 35: BeanDevice® Hi-Inc and Hi-Inc X-range & Hi-Inc-SR Sensor Config tab

When using the BeanDevice® Hi-Inc or Hi-Inc X-range, user can have access to these functionalities:

- ***AAF-Cutoff Frequency:*** Used to set the Cutoff frequency
- ***Tare Inclinometer:*** Used to calibrate the Zero Degree during the calibration process.

7.3.4.4 BeanDevice® Hi-Inc-SR Sensor Config Tab

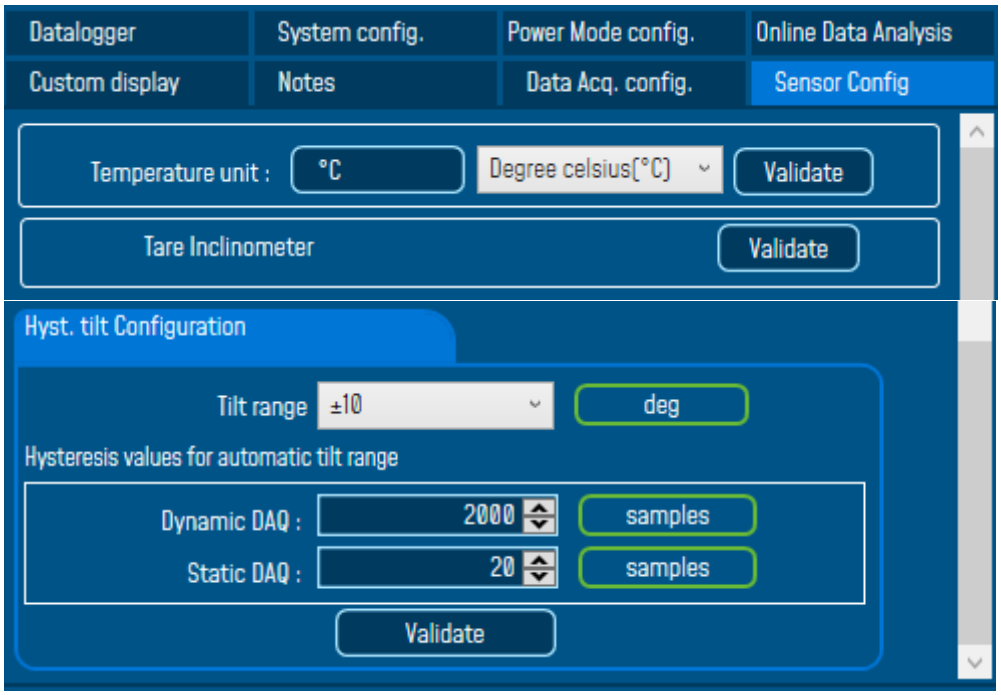


Figure 36: BeanDevice® Hi-Inc-SR Sensor Config Tab

- ***Temperature Unit:*** Change the temperature unit for the temperature sensor, you can choose between (Degree Celsius (C°), Fahrenheit (F°), Kelvin (K°)).
- ***Tare Inclinometer:*** Used to calibrate the Zero Degree during the calibration process.
- ***Tilt range:*** gives you the possibility to change the BeanDevice measurement range, you can choose a fixed measurement range ±10° or ±90° or a dynamic measurement range Auto ±10° or Auto ±90°.
- ***Hysteresis tilt configuration:*** from this spot you can specify the threshold level from which the BeanDevice will automatically change its measurement range scale.
  - ✓ Dynamic DAQ: threshold level related to dynamic measurement DAQ modes (streaming + SET), if 2000 successive values are lower/higher than the BeanDevice measurement range, the device change automatically its measurement range.
  - ✓ Static DAQ: threshold level related to static measurement DAQ modes (Low Duty Cycle + Alarm).

7.3.4.5 BeanDevice® AX-3DS Sensor Config Tab

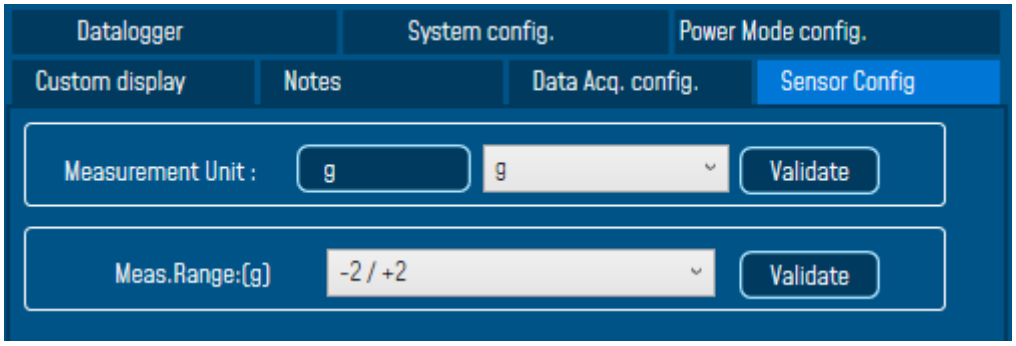


Figure 37: BeanDevice® AX-3DS Sensor Config tab

When using the BeanDevice® AX-3DS, user can have access to these functionalities:

- ***IIR Filter:*** Enable/Disable IIR Filter
- ***Meas. Range:*** Used to set Measurement Range according to the Sensor measurement unit.
- ***Sensor measurement Unit:*** Used can select between g or mm/s^2

7.3.5 Tab: Online Data Analysis

Online data analysis is only available on the following hardware platforms:

- ***BeanDevice® AX-3D***
- ***BeanDevice® AX-3D Xrange.***

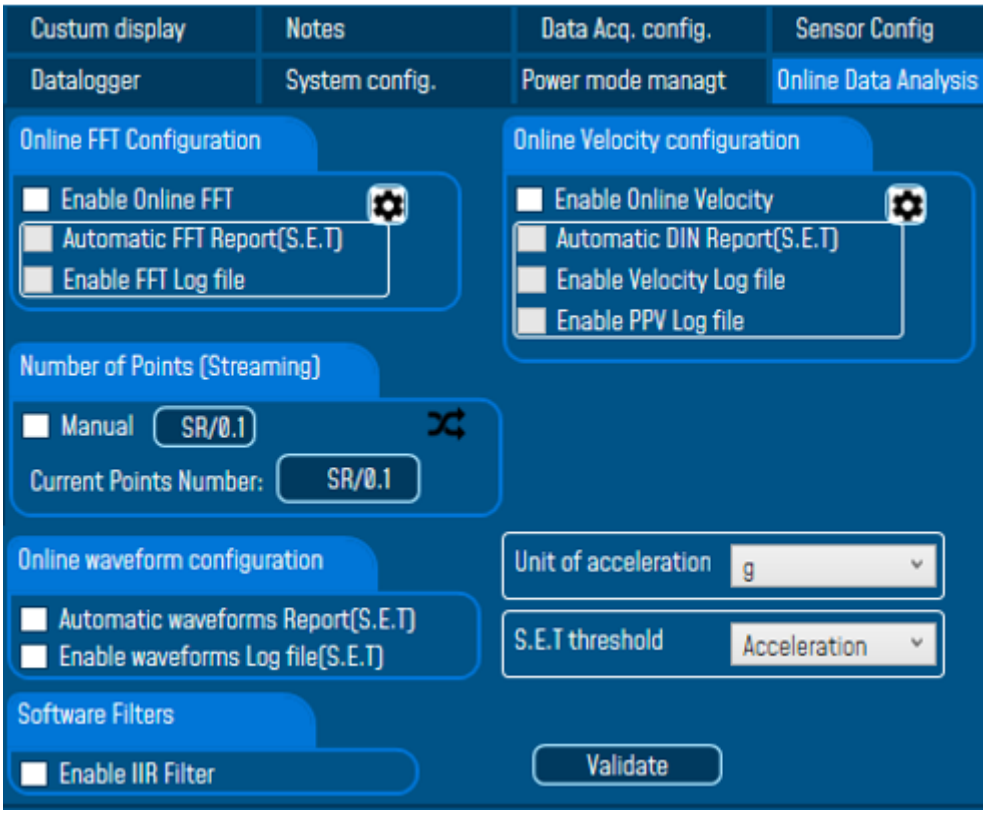
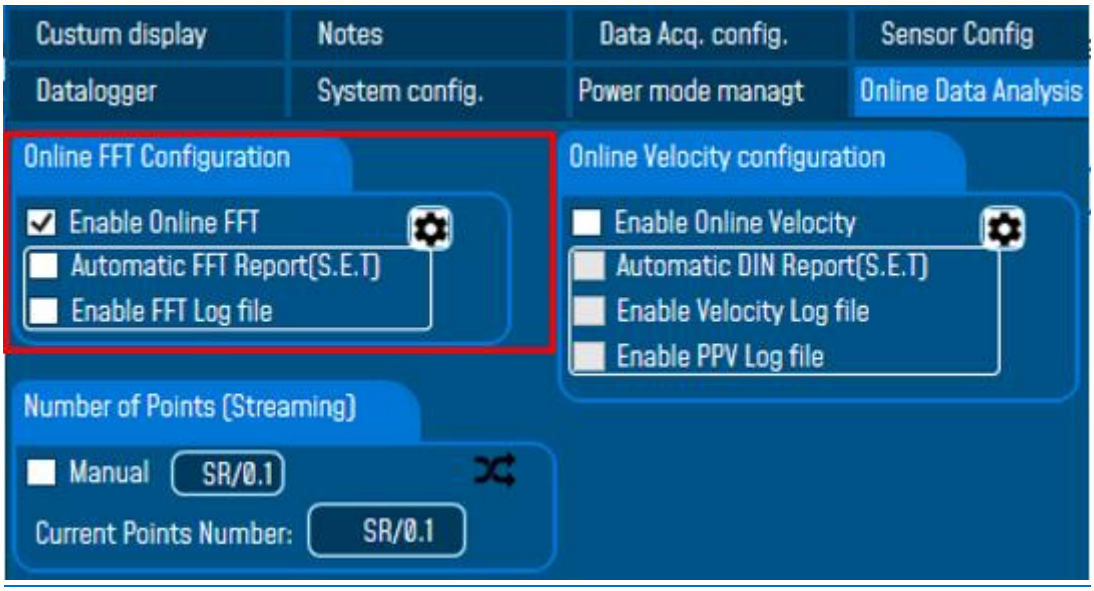


Figure 38: Signal processing tab

Signal processing tab is composed of six different fields:

- ***Online FFT Configuration***
- ***Online Velocity configuration***
- ***Online waveform config***
- ***Software filters***
- ***Unit of acceleration***
- ***S.E.T threshold***

7.3.5.1 Online FFT Configuration



1: Check Enable Online FFT to view the display of FFT graph in the sensor profile

Figure 39: FFT Spectrum

2: Check Enable FFT Log file to generate log files in the log_beanscape directory.

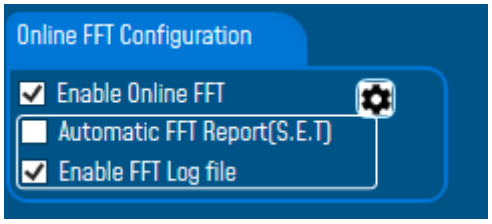


Figure 40: Online FFT Configuration frame

The log files will be generated in a folder called “FFT” under the BeanDevice® repertory.

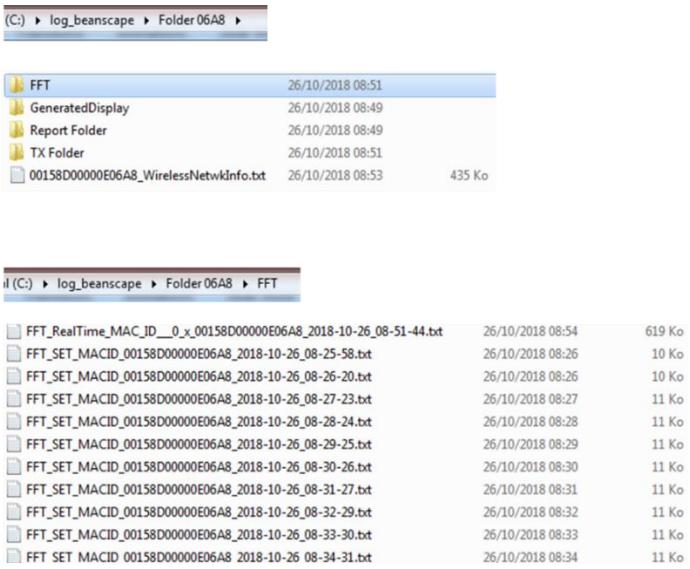


Figure 41: FFT log files folder

3: Enabling Automatic Report: This functionality is available only in S.E.T mode. To activate automatic reports generation, check the option on Online FFT configuration frame

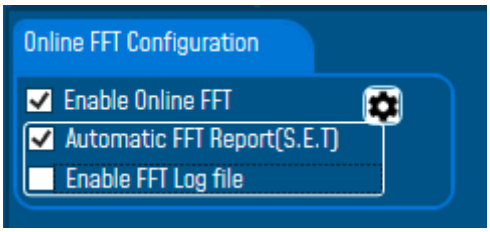


Figure 42:Enabling Automatic FFT Report

The Reports will be generated in your log_beanscape directory, under “Report Folder” repertory.

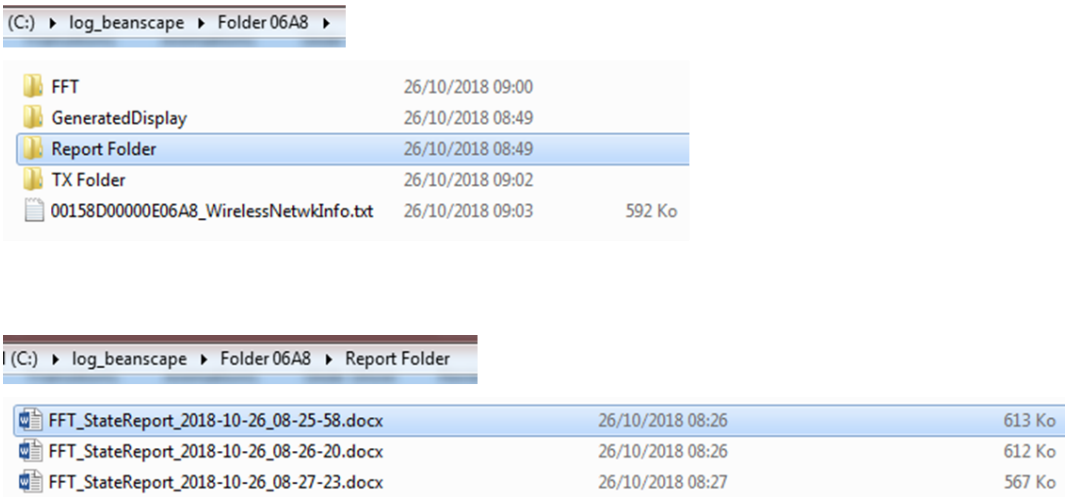
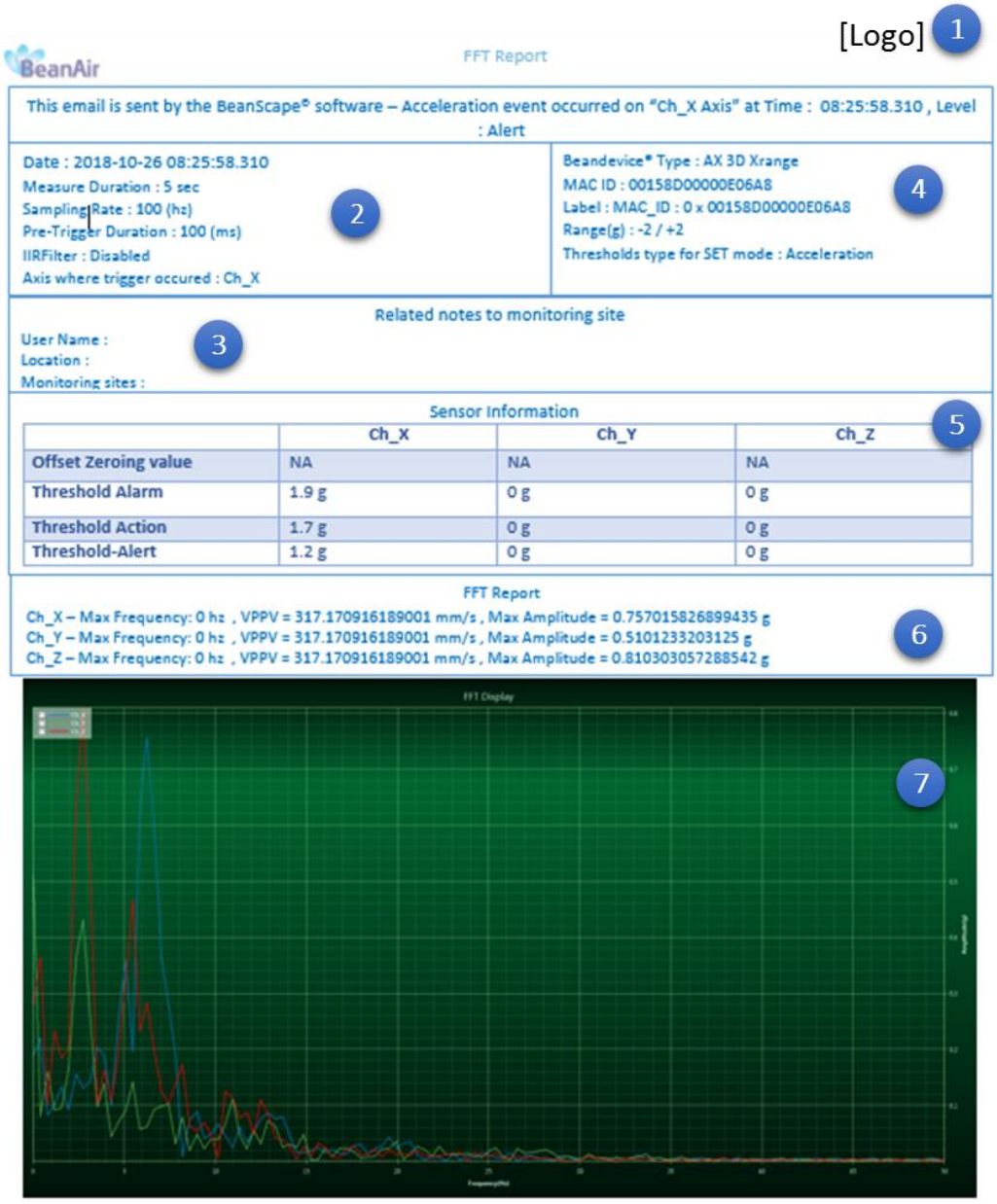


Figure 43: Report Folder

For further information about the configuration of Online FFT please refer to section 7.3.4 of this user manual

After enabling Real time FFT and setting SMTP configuration (more information on section 8), this is an example of an FFT report emailed to concerned recipients.



	Ch_X	Ch_Y	Ch_Z
Offset Zeroing value	NA	NA	NA
Threshold Alarm	1.9 g	0 g	0 g
Threshold Action	1.7 g	0 g	0 g
Threshold-Alert	1.2 g	0 g	0 g

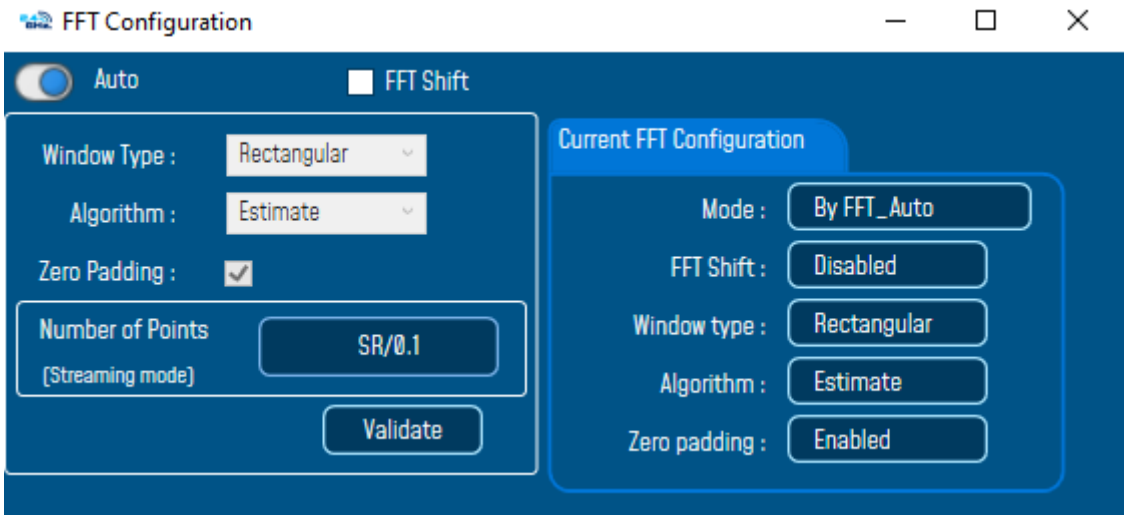
Figure 44: FFT Report (S.E.T mode)

1	Logo of your company, you can upload it from the alarm management configuration window. Tools→Alarm management
2	General information about the Measurement, Date, duration sampling rate ,pre-trigger duration, IIR filter status and triggered axis
3	Information related to monitoring site: user, location and monitoring sites (can be configured from the Alarm tool window. This field can be configured be from the alarm management configuration window Tools→Alarm management
4	BeanDevice® Information: Type, MAC ID and label, measurement range, and Alarm Type : Acceleration or Velocity
5	Alarm thresholds value on each Axis, the three levels of alarms are displayed Action-Alert-Alarm
6	FFT Report with Max Frequency for each Axis, VPPV (Vector Peak Particle Velocity) value and Max amplitude
7	Graph Area – 3 Axis are displayed on the same graph

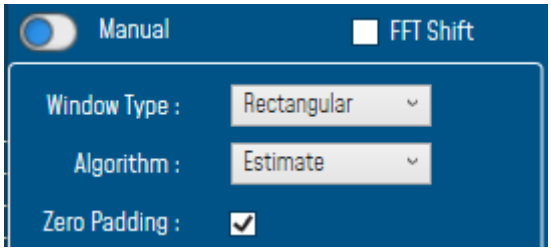
For further information about managing your notification and reports email please refer to section 8: Alarm management.

-  : FFT Advanced Configuration

  The FFT configuration allows the user to activate the FFT Shift and to go for manual settings related to FFT.



- Auto/Manual



- Window type:

Rectangular
Hamming
Hann
Blackman
Blackman Harris
Gaussian
Kaiser
Taylor
Triangular
Flattop
Bartlett
Bartlett-Hann

When the number of periods in the acquisition is not an integer, the endpoints are discontinuous. These artificial discontinuities show up in the FFT as high-frequency components as not present in the original signal. These frequencies can be much higher than the Nyquist frequency and are aliased between 0 and half of your sampling rate. This phenomenon is known as spectral leakage.

You can minimize these effects by using a technique called windowing.

Windowing reduces the amplitude of the discontinuities at the boundaries of each finite sequence acquired by the digitizer. Windowing consists of multiplying the time record by a finite-length window with an amplitude that varies smoothly and gradually toward zero at the edges. This makes the endpoints of the waveform meet and, therefore, results in a continuous waveform without sharp transitions. This technique is also referred to as applying a window.

There are several different types of window functions that you can apply depending on the signal. To understand how a given window affects the frequency spectrum, you need to understand more about the frequency characteristics of windows.

Selecting a window function is not a simple task. Each window function has its own characteristics and suitability for different applications. To choose a window function, you must estimate the frequency content of the signal.

- If the signal contains strong interfering frequency components distant from the frequency of interest, choose a smoothing window with a high side lobe roll-off rate.

- If the signal contains strong interfering signals near the frequency of interest, choose a window function with a low maximum side lobe level.

- If the frequency of interest contains two or more signals very near to each other, spectral resolution is important. In this case, it is best to choose a smoothing window with a very narrow main lobe.

- If the amplitude accuracy of a single frequency component is more important than the exact location of the component in a given frequency bin, choose a window with a wide main lobe.

- If the signal spectrum is rather flat or broadband in frequency content, use the uniform window, or no window.

In general, the Hanning (Hann) window is satisfactory in 95 percent of cases. It has good frequency resolution and reduced spectral leakage. If you do not know the nature of the signal but you want to apply a smoothing window, start with the Hann window.

- Algorithm

Estimate	Determine a best-guess transform algorithm based on the size of problem.
Measure	Find a better algorithm by computing multiple transforms and measuring the run times.
Patient	Run a wider range of testing compared to 'measure', resulting in a better transform algorithm, but at the expense of higher computational cost to determine the parameters.
Hybrid	Use a combination of 'measure' for transforms with dimension length (number of points) 8192 or smaller and 'estimate' for transforms with dimension length (number of points) larger than 8192.

- Zero Padding: The use of zero padding enables you to estimate the amplitudes of frequencies correctly.

- FFT Shift: Check to enable real time FFT Shift processing for BeanDevice AX-3D on streaming mode and the FFT spectrum will appear shifted below the Streaming graph in the sensor profile.

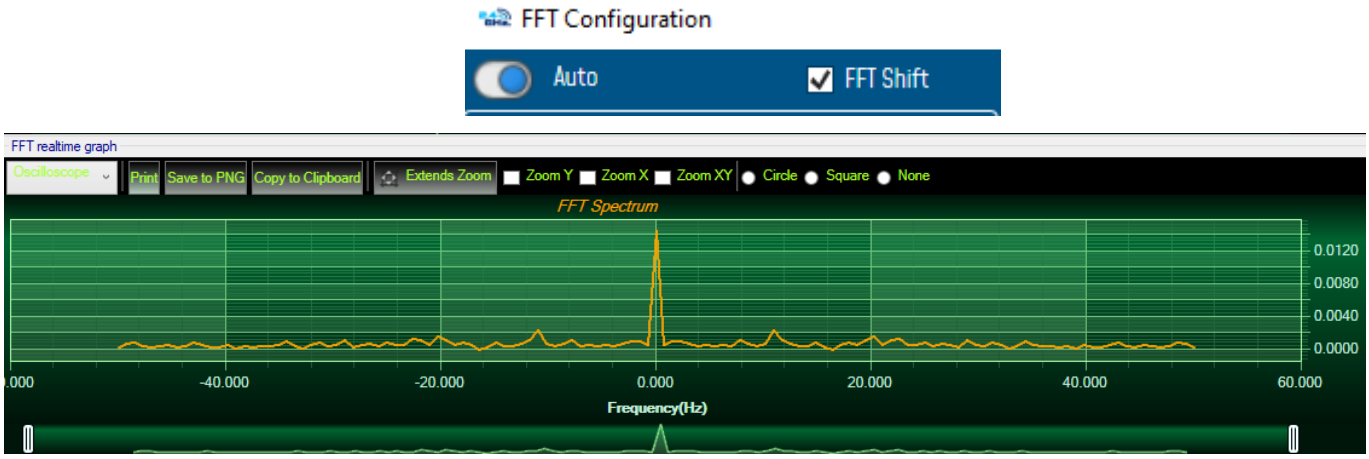


Figure 45: FFT Shift Spectrum

7.3.5.2 Online Velocity configuration

In order to use Real time PPV, you should use high sampling rate to provide good PPV values.

You need to sample at 200Hz at least to provide good PPV values.

By using SET mode, you need to choose the highest sampling rate which is 200Hz and don't forget to enter a DAQ duration higher than 10s.

For Streaming mode, choose at least 500Hz and above with a minimum DAQ duration of 10s, to provide good PPV measurement.

Real time observation of velocity available for BeanDevice AX-3D only with Streaming and S.E.T acquisition modes and is enabled from the signal processing tab in the Configuration panel.

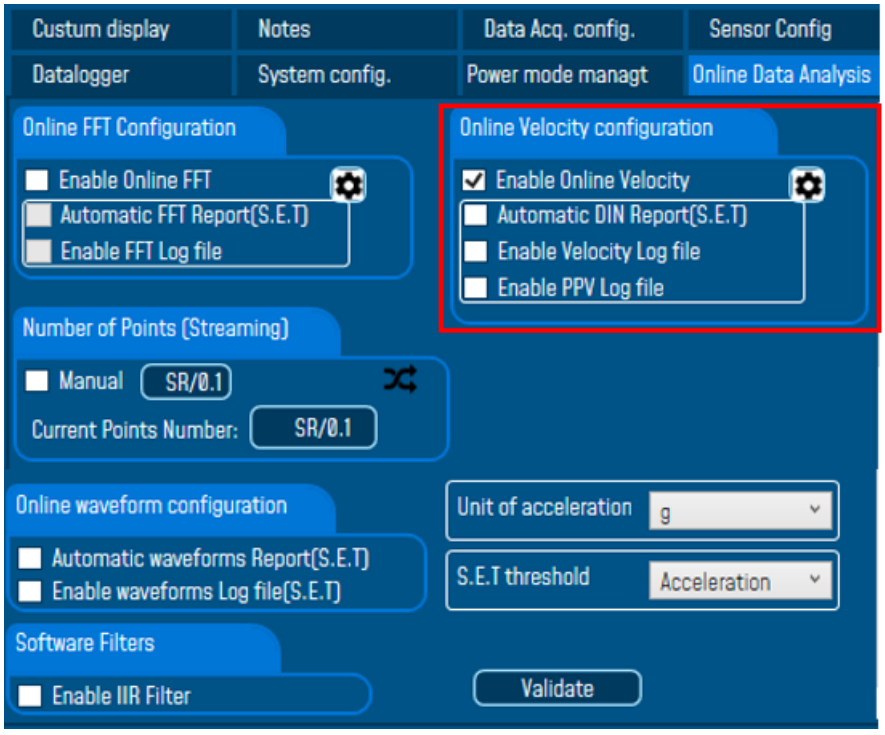


Figure 46: Online Velocity configuration tab

- ***Enable online Velocity***: check to enable real time Velocity processing, PPV and PVS, the velocity graph will be displayed.

On the Graph side a real time DIN 4150 graph will be displayed on the right side of the screen.

Under the DIN 4150 Graph, the PPV and the PVS values will be displayed in real time.

On the PPV frame, BeanScape will display PPV in mm/s, ZC Frequency in Hz, Peak Acceleration in g and Peak Displacement in mm.

It is important to notice that the PVS calculation required 3 active channels to be generated.

PPV: is a measurement of maximum ground particle movement speed, it is in millimeters per second (mm/sec), PPV is a "vector" quantity (i.e. it has both a value and an associated direction).

Peak Vector Sum (PVS): is simply the square root of the sum of the squares of the individual PPV values. PVS is a "scalar" quantity, i.e. one with only a value, which is always larger than the individual PPV vector values.

Scientific studies have shown that the PPV correlates best with damage potential of all the tested characterizations of ground movement (e.g. acceleration, displacement, or strain). Most, though not all, ground vibration standards are quoted in PPV values, although the "acceptable" values of PPV differ with the standard applied and with the frequency of the vibration components.

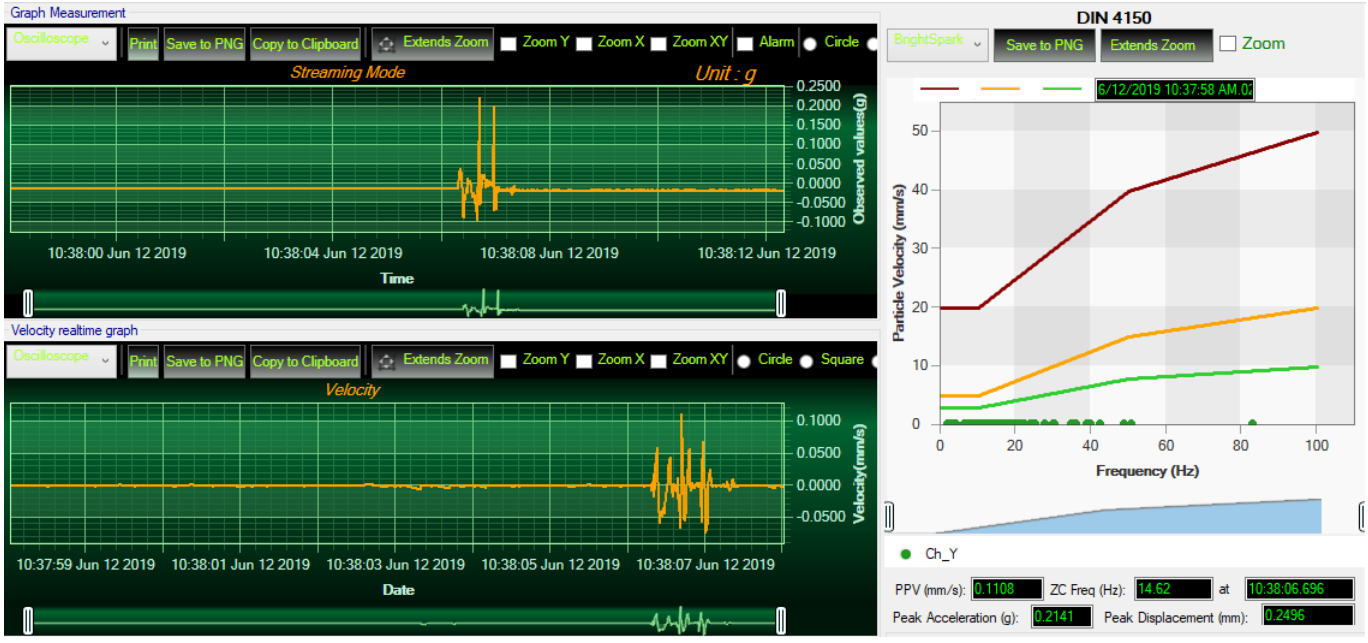


Figure 47: Velocity Graph

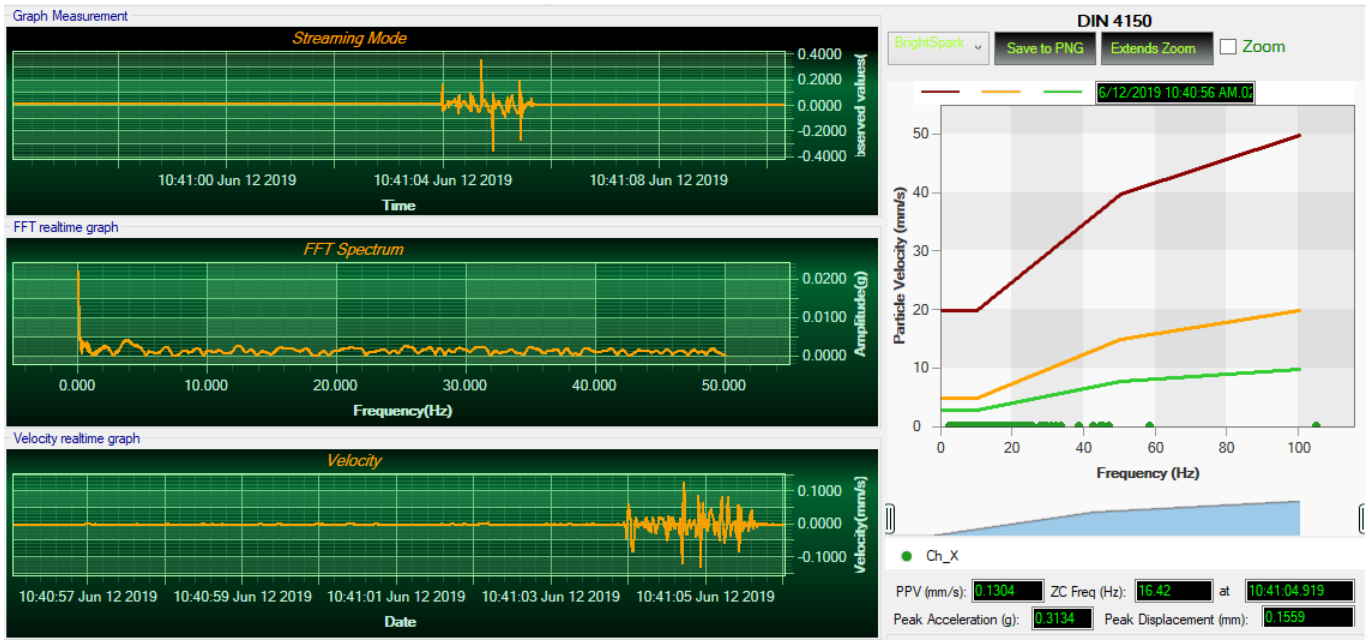


Figure 48: Velocity and FFT Graph, PPV and PVS

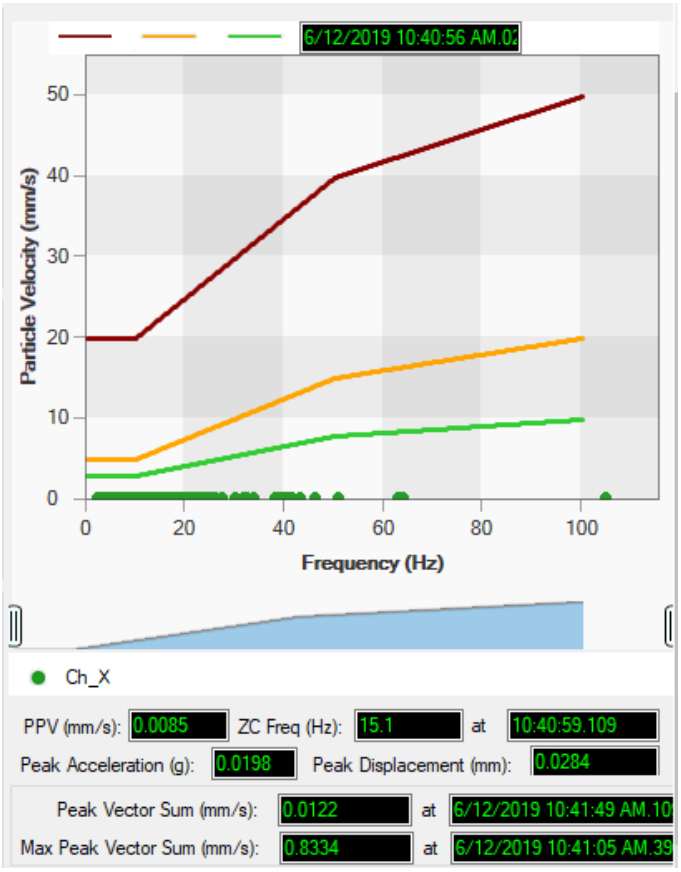
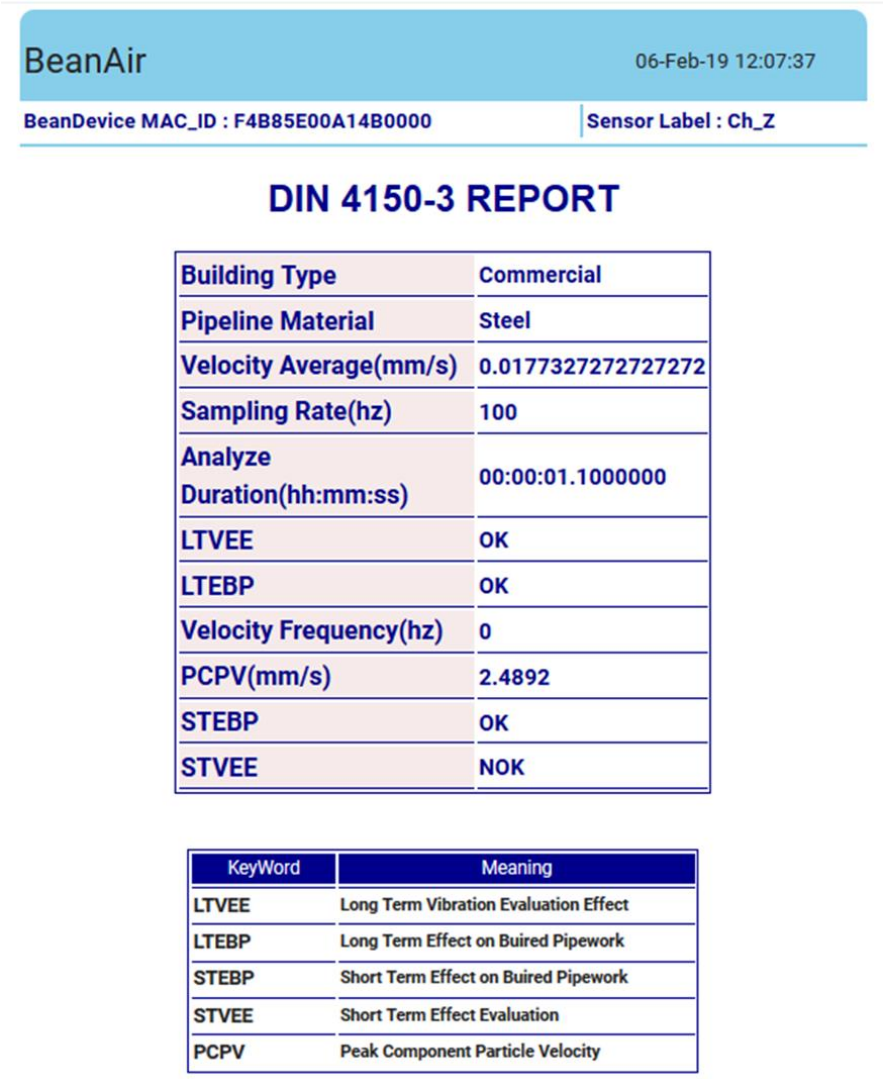


Figure 49: DIN 4150 Real Time Graph, PPV & PVS

- ***Automatic DIN Report (S.E.T)***: check to enable DIN4150-3 report automatic generation when threshold is reached, or an acquisition cycle is reached on the S.E.T acquisition mode.

  An automatic Report will be sent to the email addresses configured on Alarm Management Option.



BeanAir 06-Feb-19 12:07:37

BeanDevice MAC_ID : F4B85E00A14B0000 | Sensor Label : Ch_Z

DIN 4150-3 REPORT

Building Type	Commercial
Pipeline Material	Steel
Velocity Average(mm/s)	0.0177327272727272
Sampling Rate(hz)	100
Analyze Duration(hh:mm:ss)	00:00:01.1000000
LTVEE	OK
LTEBP	OK
Velocity Frequency(hz)	0
PCPV(mm/s)	2.4892
STEBP	OK
STVEE	NOK

KeyWord	Meaning
LTVEE	Long Term Vibration Evaluation Effect
LTEBP	Long Term Effect on Buired Pipework
STEBP	Short Term Effect on Buired Pipework
STVEE	Short Term Effect Evaluation
PCPV	Peak Component Particle Velocity

Figure 50: DIN 4150-3 Report email

INFORMATION	DETAILS
Building type	User configurable
Pipeline Material	User Configurable
Velocity Average	Get the average of the signal after transforming the acceleration signal into velocity signal
Sampling Rate	In Hz
Analyse duration	BeanScape property
Long term vibration evaluation effect	1-Find the maximum velocity values over the Time 2- Compare the maximum velocity to the guideline value described on the Norm DIN 4150. 3-Display if the result is OK or not (guideline respected or not)
Long term Effect on buried pipework	1-Find the maximum velocity values over the Time 2- Compare the maximum velocity to the guideline value described on the Norm DIN 4150. 3-Display if the result is OK or not (guideline respected or not)
Velocity Frequency	Get the signal frequency (FFT + windowing)
Maximum velocity (mm/s)	BeanScape Property
Short term Effect on buried pipework	1-Find the maximum velocity values over the Time 2- Compare the maximum velocity to the guideline value described on the Norm DIN 4150. 3-Display if the result is OK or not (guideline respected or not)
Short term vibration effect evaluation	1-find the maximum velocity value over the time. 2-Determine the significant frequency (use the FFT + windowing). 3-compare the maximum velocity to the guideline value described on the Norm DIN 4150 5-Display if the result is OK or not (guideline respected or not)

- ***Enable Velocity Log file***: check to enable Velocity data to be stored in the log folder.

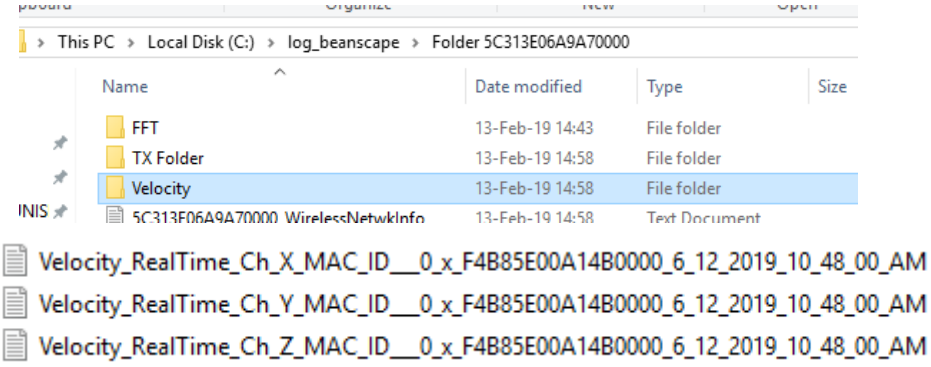


Figure 51: Velocity Log Folder/Files

- ***Enable PPV Log file***

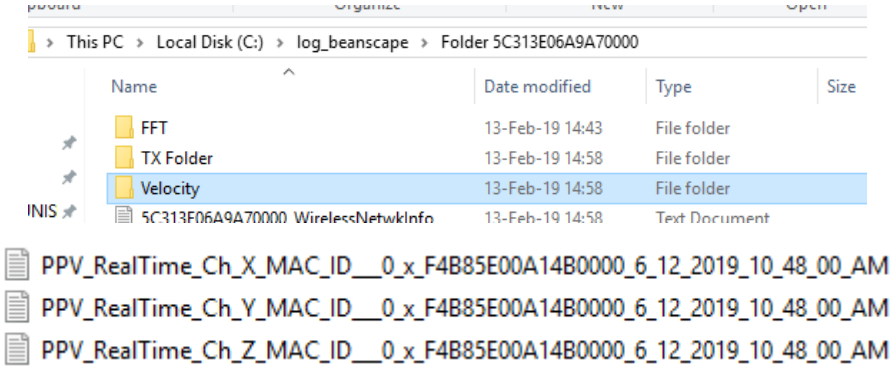


Figure 52: PPV Log Folder/Files

: Velocity Advanced Configuration

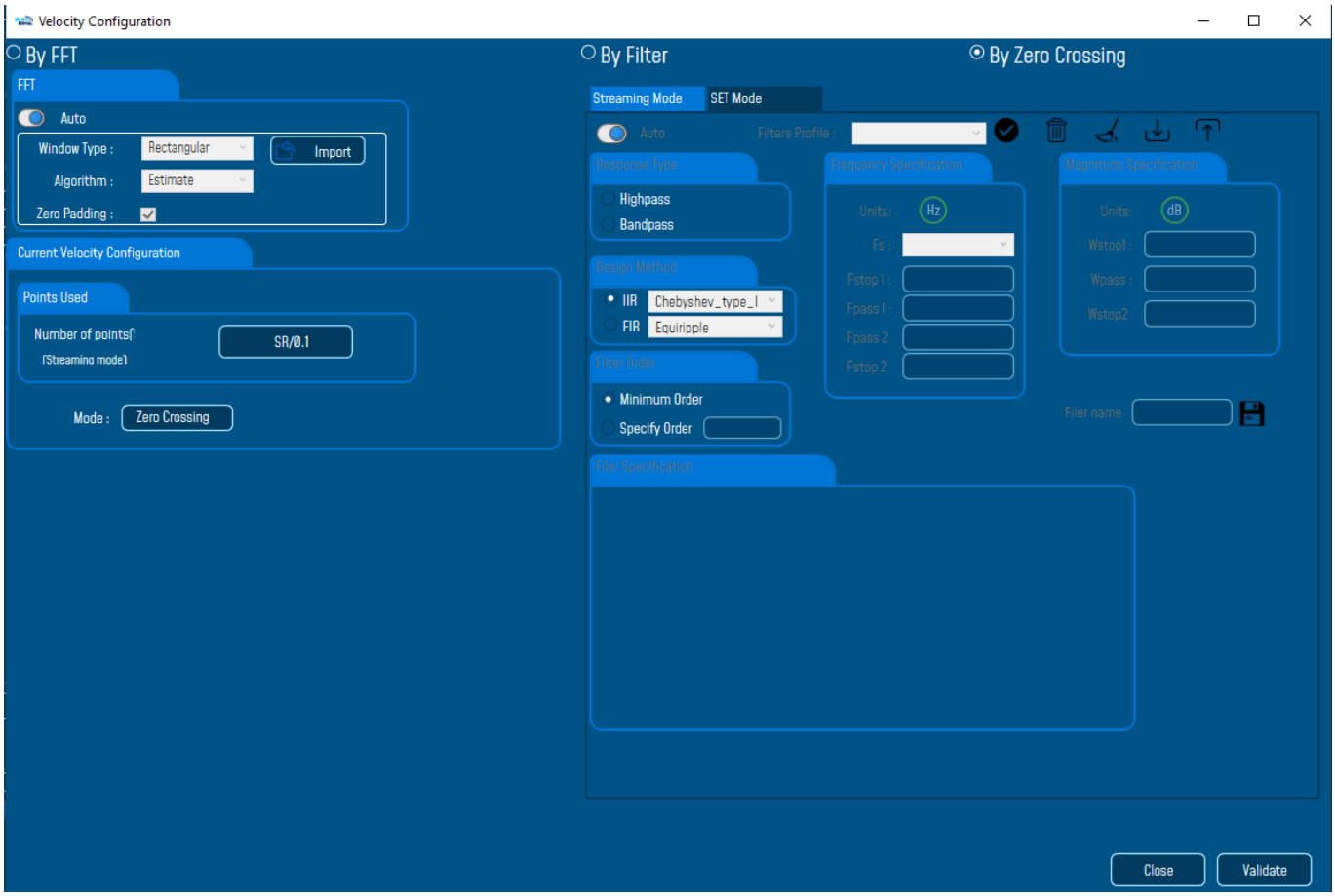
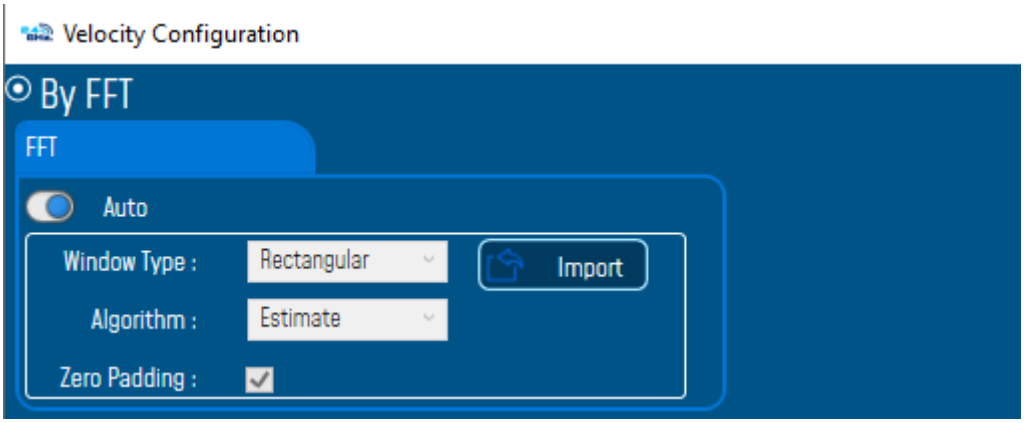


Figure 53: Velocity Advanced Configuration

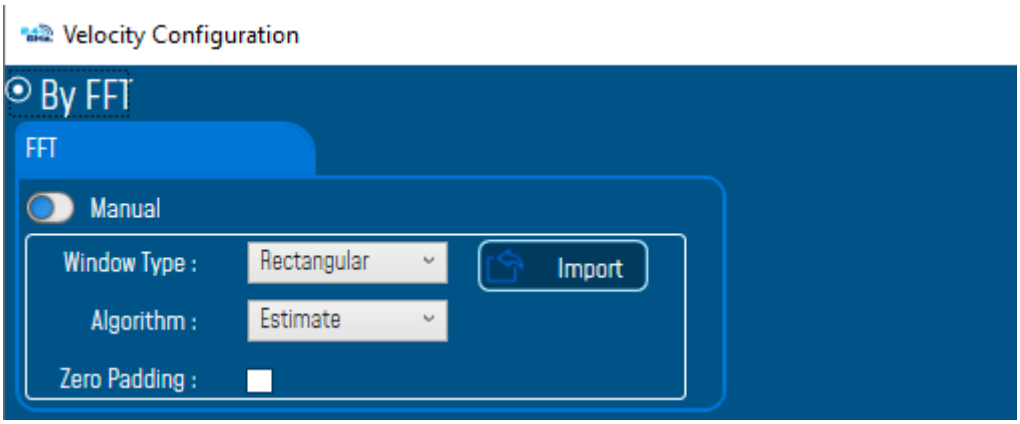
By default, the Velocity is configured “By Zero Crossing”, to edit the Velocity settings user must select “By FFT” or “By Filter”.

- **By FFT:** By selecting this option, the user will setup the Velocity basing on customized FFT settings.
    - Auto: If Auto is selected, The Velocity calculation will activate FFT Auto mode Settings

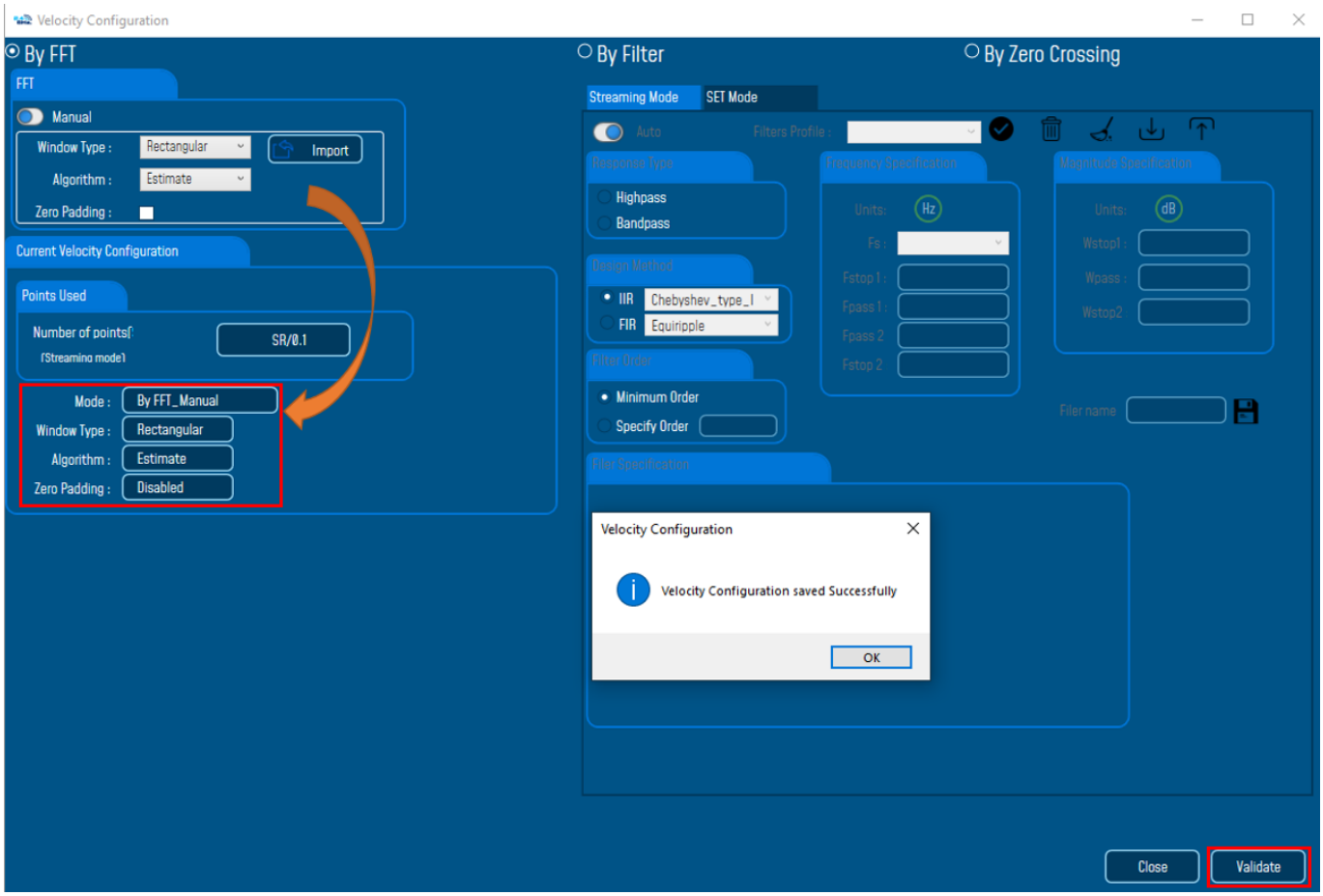


- Manual: Once switched to Manual, the user must configure the FFT settings manually (Window Type, Algorithm & Zero Padding).

  By clicking on Import the Configuration will import the FFT current settings, already configured on the FFT frame.

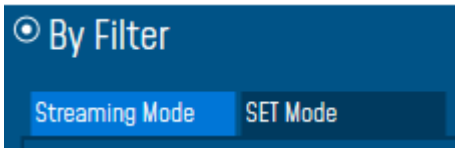


To save all settings Press Validate. The new settings should be displayed on the Left side of the Window.

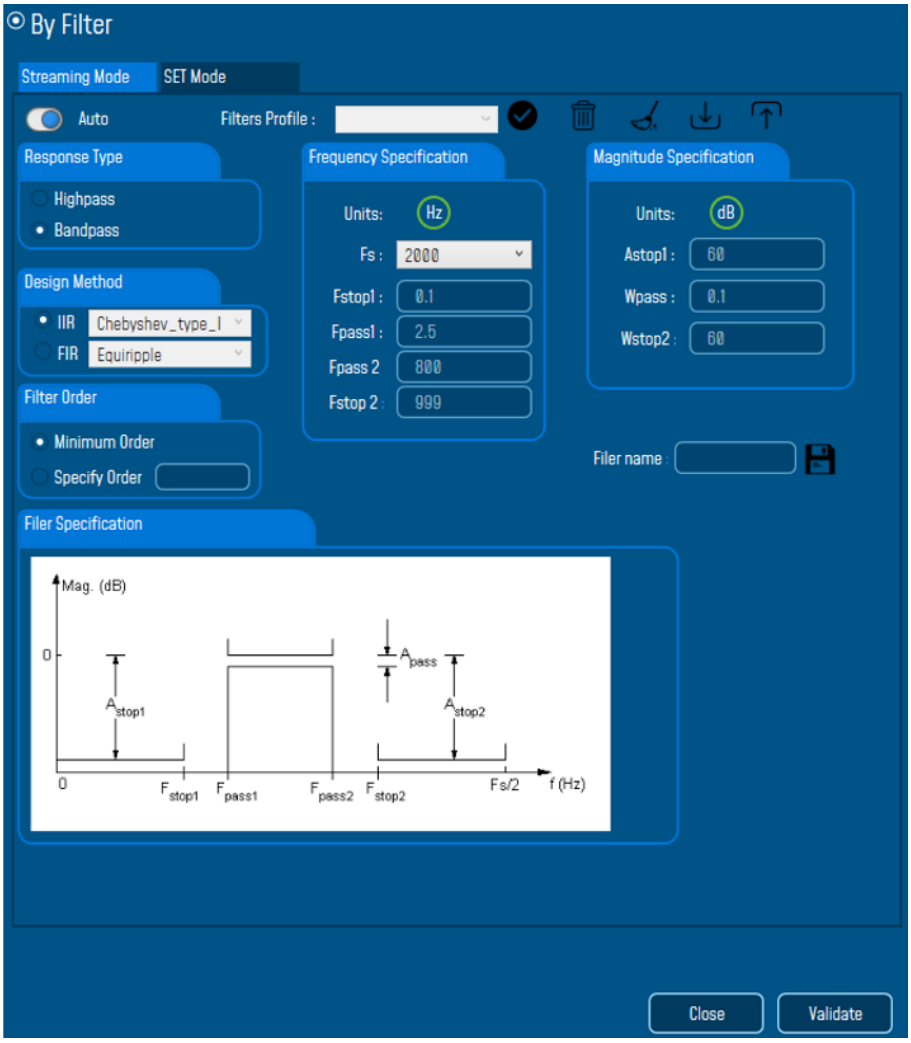


- **By Filter:** By selecting this option, the user will setup the Velocity basing on the Software Filter.

The Software filter is available for Streaming and S.E.T Mode.

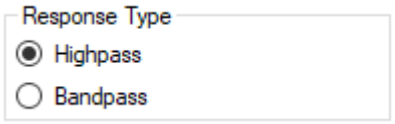


  - Auto: If Auto is selected, Velocity Automatic filter will be configured



- Manual: Once switched to Manual, the user must configure manually the Filter settings.

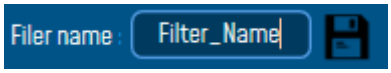
  - ❖ Response Type: User should specify if the Response is **Highpass** or **Bandpass**

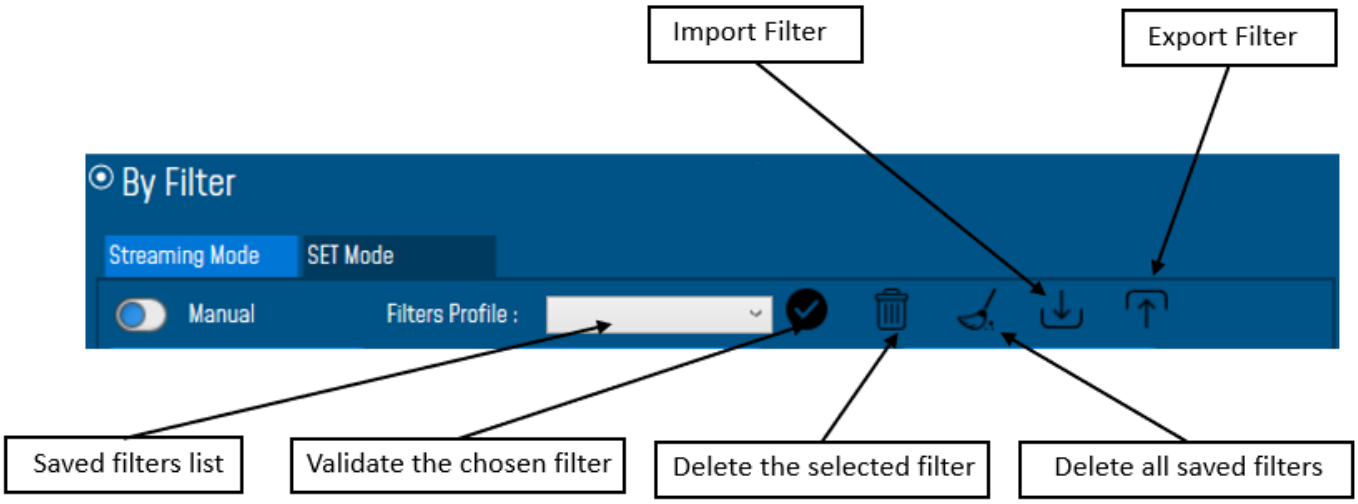


  - ❖ Design Method: User should Select the nature of the Filter between **IIR** or **FIR**
    From the List of every filter, user have to specify the method of the Filter:
    IIR: Chebyshev_type_I, Chebyshev_type_II or Butterworth
    FIR: Equiripple, Generalized_Equiripple or Kaiser_Window

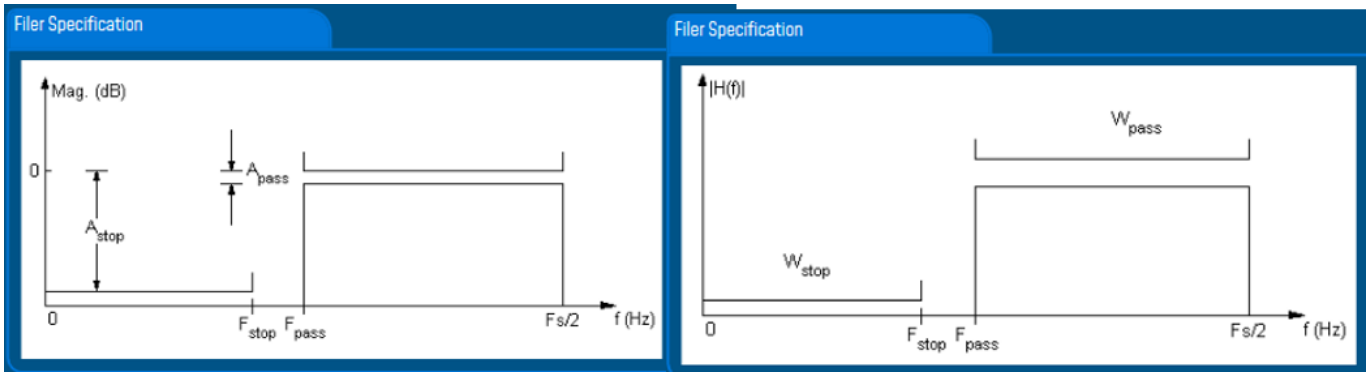
The Frequency Specification and The Magnitude Specification will be modified according the selected Design Method

- Filter Order: If the user is using IIR Design Method, Minimum Order will be selected automatically.
  If the FIR Design Method is selected, user must Specify Order.
- Frequency Specification: Is a customizable frame according to the Design Method.
- Magnitude Specification: Is a customizable frame according to the Design Method.
- Filter Profile: User can save a specific Configuration and re-use it later.

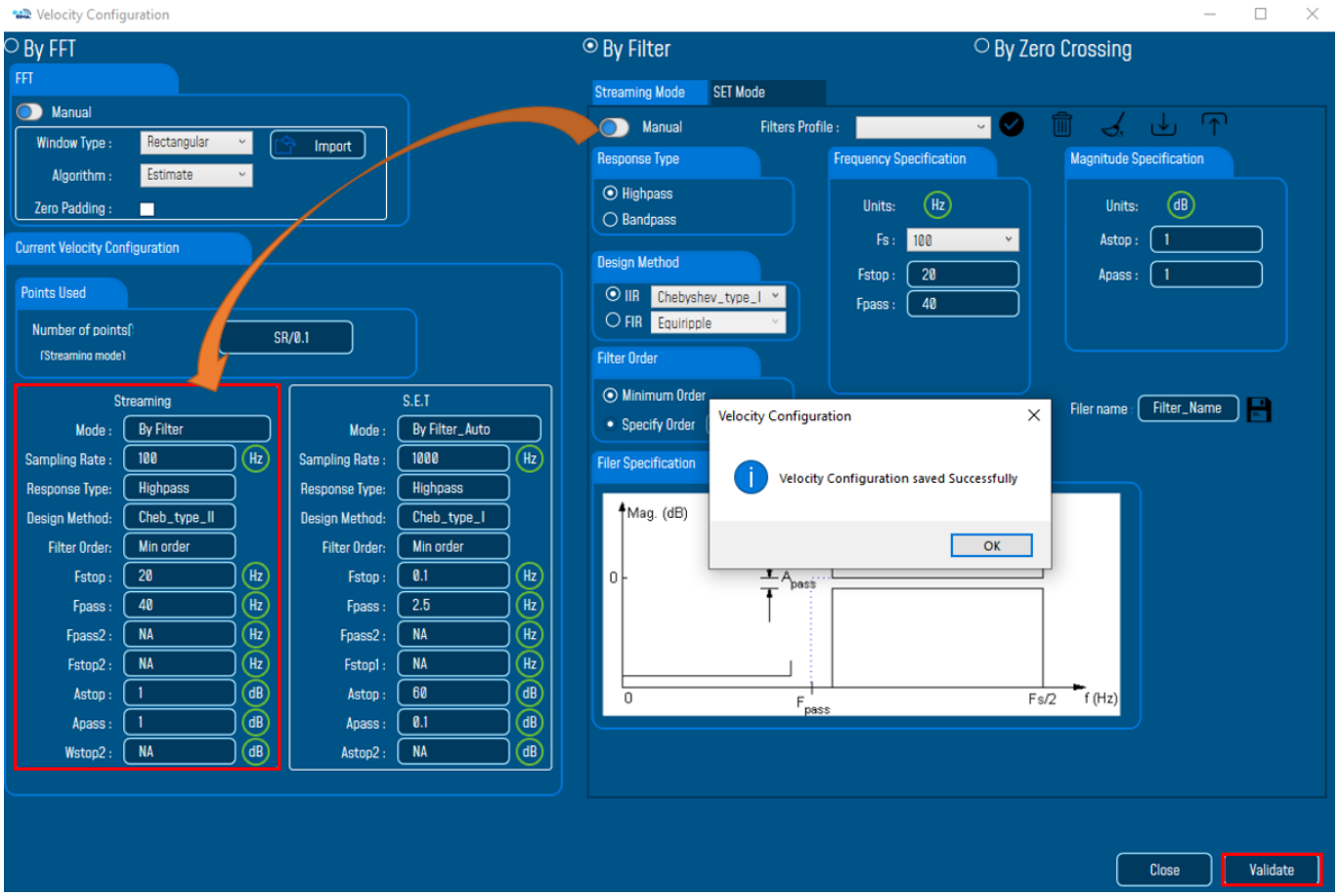




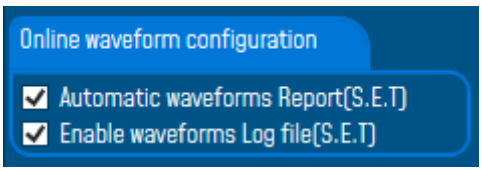
- Filter Specification: Is a Graphical Display of the Filter Specification depends on the user settings.



To save all settings Press Validate. The new settings should be displayed on the Left side of the Window.



7.3.5.3 Online waveform configuration



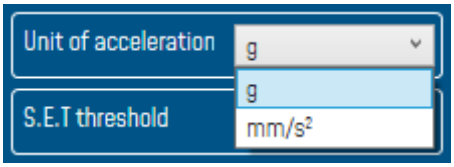
- ***Automatic Wave Report (S.E.T)***: Check to enable waveform reports, this is only available for S.E.T mode
- ***Enable Wave Log file:*** check to enable logging wave form for real-time data (only S.E.T mode)

7.3.5.4 Software filters

- ***Enable IIR Filter***: Check to enable IIR filter

7.3.5.5 Unit of acceleration

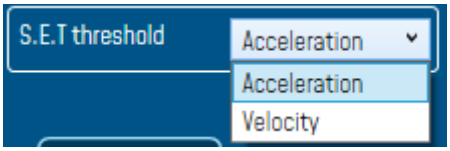
Select which unit to be used for acceleration measurement.



7.3.5.6 S.E.T threshold

In so many cases the threshold is needed to be set in mm/s and not in g or mm/s², you need to configure your S.E.T threshold parameters before starting.

To configure the threshold to be set in mm/s, you need to go to Online Data Analysis and change S.E.T threshold from acceleration to Velocity.



7.3.6 Tab: Datalogger

For further information about the Datalogger, please read the technical note TN_RF_007 – "BeanDevice® Datalogger User Guide "

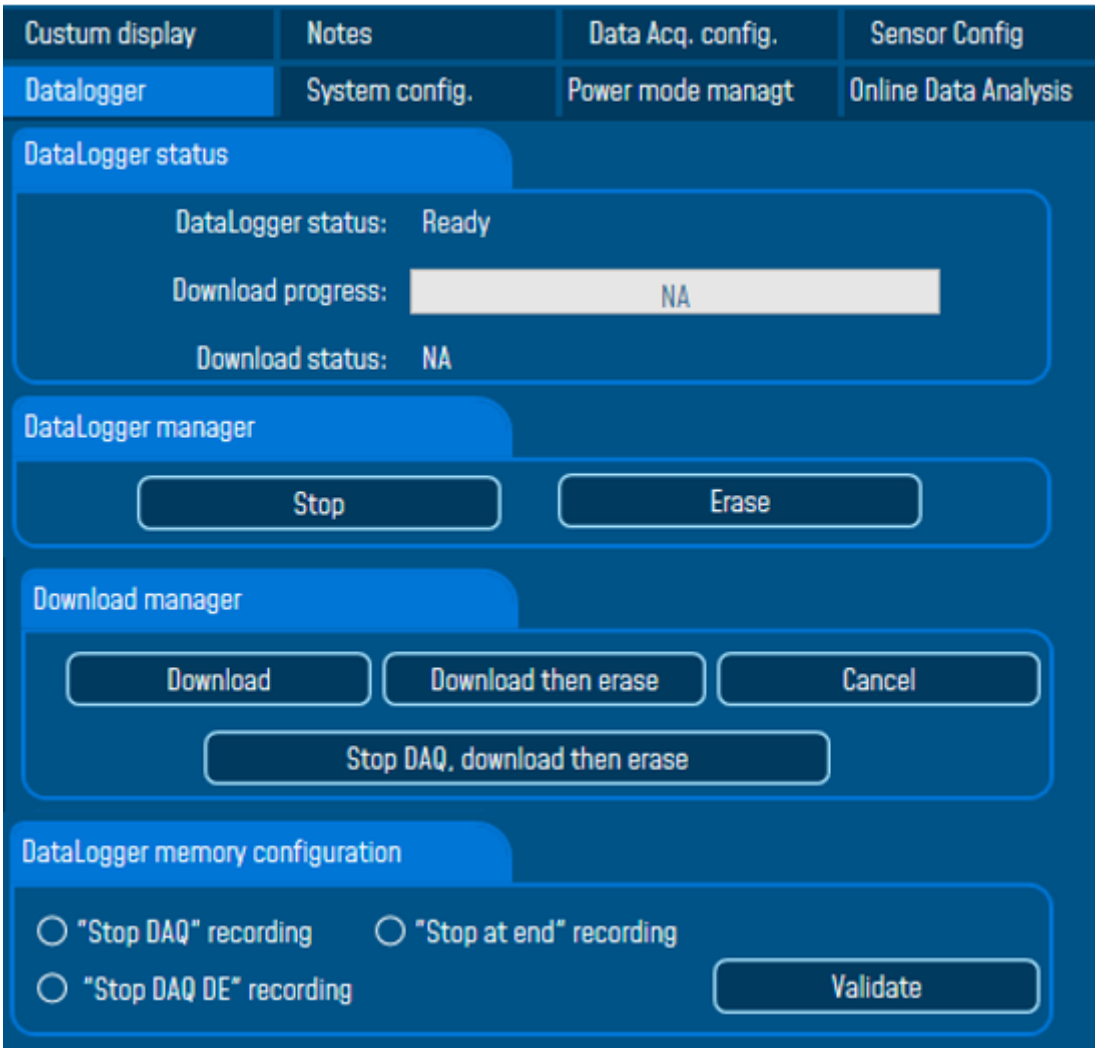
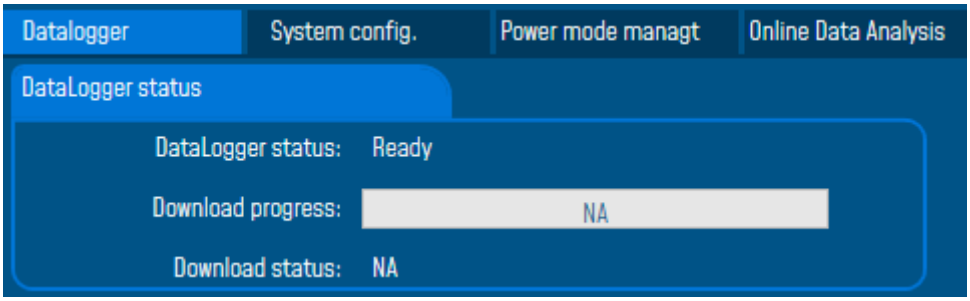


Figure 54: Datalogger Tab

Data logger tab is composed of five different fields:

- ***Datalogger Status***
- ***Datalogger manager***
- ***Download manager***
- ***Acquisition information***
- ***Datalogger memory configuration***

7.3.6.1 Datalogger status

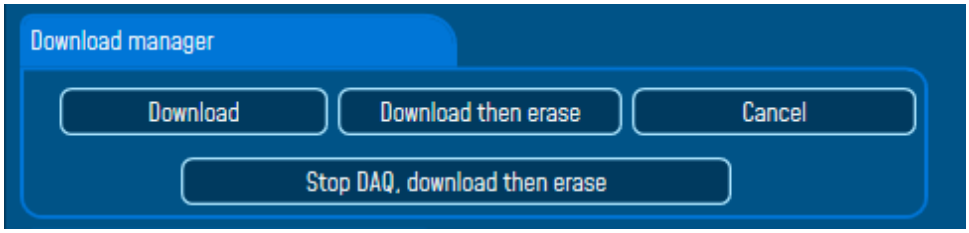


- ***Datalogger status***: Displays logger status, four status are available:
  - ***Ready***: the Datalogger is ready to register data
  - ***NotInit***: the Datalogger is not initialized;
  - ***Active logs only***: Data acquisition is logged only;
  - ***Active TX and Log***: Data acquisition is logged & transmitted by Radio;
  - ***Stopped***: Datalogger is stopped;
- ***Download process***: Displays the download process 0 to 100%. If 100%, all the data logs are successfully downloaded on your PC.
- ***Download status***: Displays the download status, two types of status are available:
  - ***Processing***: Data logs download is under process;
  - ***Completed:*** Data Logs are completely downloaded on your PC;

7.3.6.2 Datalogger manager

- ***Stop***: Stops Data Logging process
- ***Erase***: Stops & Erases all the logs on flash memory

7.3.6.3 Download manager



- ***Download***: Starts to download all the logs on the flash memory
- ***Download then erase***: downloads all the logs and the erase them.
- ***Cancel***: Stops the download process
- ***Stop DAQ, download then erase***.

7.3.7 Tab: System config.

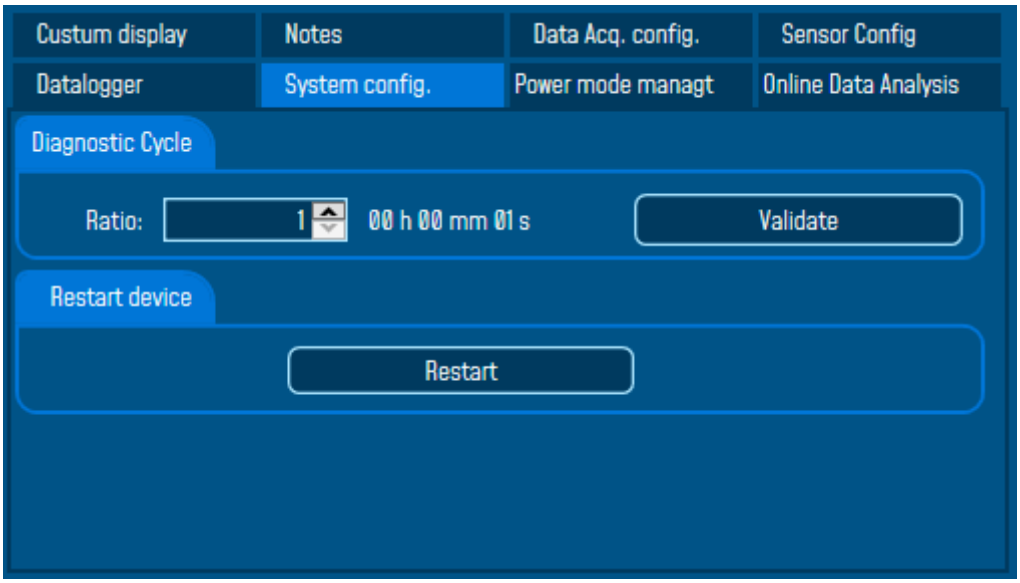


Figure 55: System Configuration Tab

Parameter	*Description*
Diagnostic cycle	You can set the BeanDevice® diagnostic cycle (Battery status, LQI, PER ...). The Diagnostic cycle is a ratio of the data acquisition cycle. ***Ex***: If you try to set the diagnostic cycle ratio at 2 while the data acquisition cycle is set at 5s, the diagnostic cycle will be settled to 10s ;
Restart Device	You can restart your BeanDevice® from BeanScape®.

7.3.8 Tab : Power mode management

For further information about Power mode management, please read the technical note TN_RF_010 – « BeanDevice® Power Management »

This Tab is composed of three options:

- ✓ ***Battery Saver Power mode configuration:*** Configure the Power mode on your BeanDevice® (active / Battery saver mode)
- ✓ ***BeanDevice Listening Ratio:*** Configuration settings for Battery Saver power mode with network listening
- ✓ ***Delete Pending OTAC frame:*** Delete the last performed OTAC

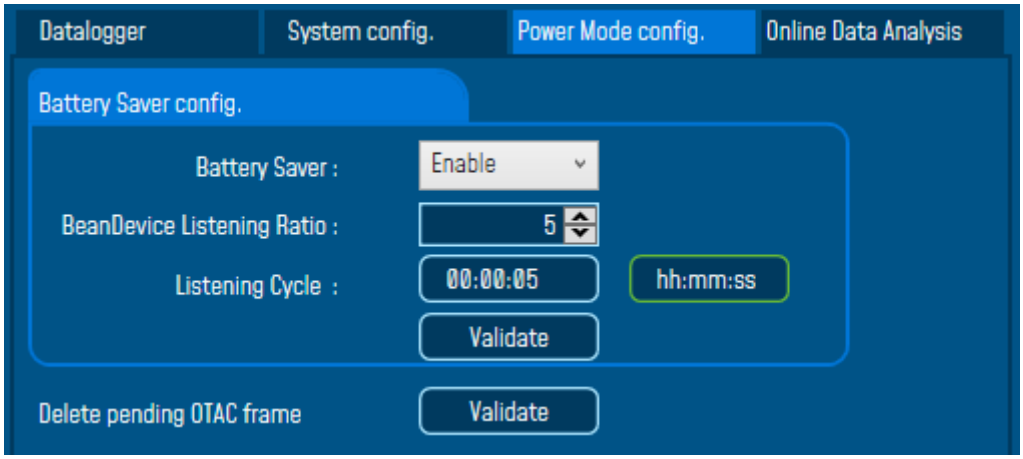


Figure 56: Power Mode Management Tab

Parameter	Description
Battery Saver configuration	***Enable:*** Battery Saver power mode is enabled. The BeanDevice® operates on Saver battery power mode to decrease the power consumption. ***Disable:*** Battery Saver power mode is disabled, the BeanDevice® works in active power mode. ***Ratio***: Fix the Ratio of the listening cycle. This ratio depends on the data acquisition low duty cycle. ***Example*:** If the data acquisition is 30 seconds and the ratio is set to 5, the Listening cycle will be 150 seconds (5*30).
Delete pending OTAC frame	By clicking on "validate", the pending OTAC frame is deleted

How to enable battery saver power mode

7.3.9 Right Click functionalities

BeanScape® offers access to quick functionalities in relation with BeanDevices®. By using the mouse, Right Click on the BeanDevice® profile then you can quickly

- ***Change the Device Label***
- ***Restart the Device***
- ***Remove the Device***

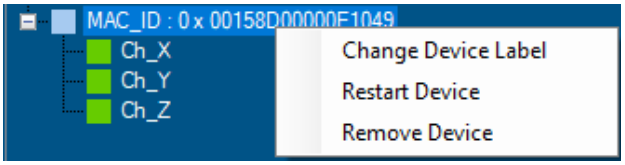


Figure 57: Right Click on BeanDevice® Profile

7.4 SENSOR CHANNEL PROFILE

The screen « ***Sensor channel profile*** » consists of three parts:

1. ***General information on the measurement channel;***
2. ***Measurement channel configuration;***
3. ***A graph which displays in real-time sensor signals during data acquisition;***

Figure 58: Overview: Sensor channel profile

7.4.1 Sensor channel status

7.4.1.1 Frame: General information

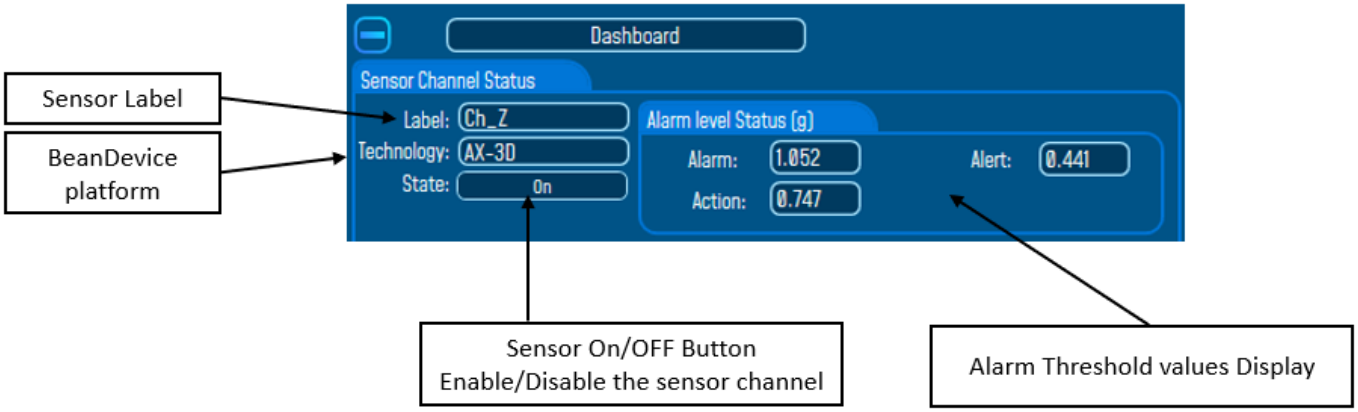


Figure 59: Sensor Channel General information frame

7.4.1.2 Frame: Measurement data

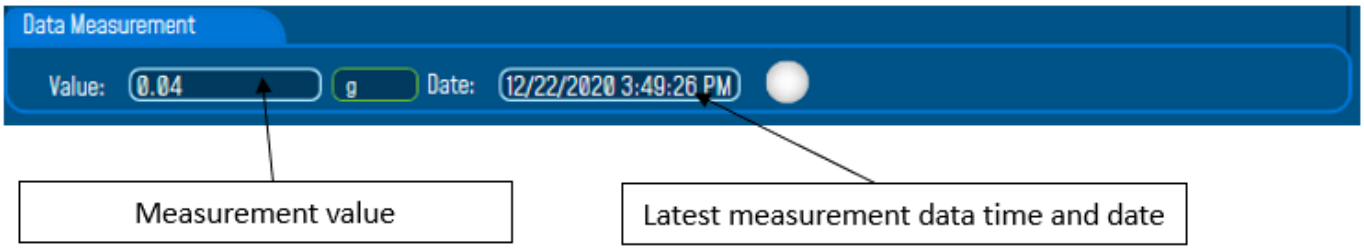


Figure 60: Measurement data frame

By default, sensor unit format is

- G or mm/s² for the BeanDevice AX-3D & AX-3DS
- deg for the BeanDevice HI-INC

7.4.2 Sensor channel configuration

This frame contains a set of 5 tabs:

Custom Display	• Allows the end user to customzie the sensor
Notes	• Contains notes relating to the BeanDevice® sensor
Alarm Config	• Sensor configuration interface. The user can configure the alarm thresholds related to the sensor • Depending on the BeanDevice® version which is used, other configuration parameters are available
Sensor calibration	• Sensor channel calibration
Log config	• Logs configuration on the BeanScape®

7.4.2.1 Tab: Custom display on the BeanDevice® AX-3D/AX-3D-SR

These parameters allow the user to customize his sensor:

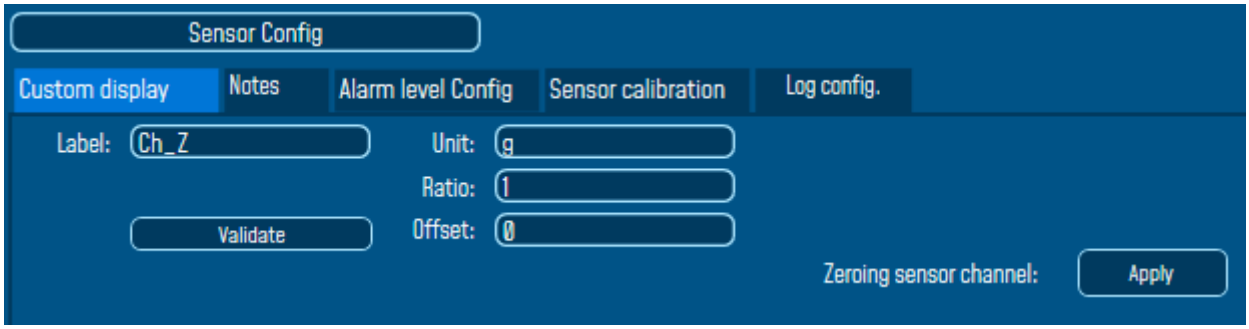
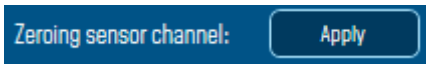


Figure 61: Sensor channel custom display tab

- ✓ ***Label***: Give a name to your sensor. (***ex***: Sensor on Stator Machine 1, sensor in Room 2 Floor 3)
- ✓ ***Zeroing sensor channel***: Center the signal graph in the 0 value (cancel the gravity value)

Zeroing

In order to secure accurate and precise Velocity and FFT measurements on axis that's mounted toward the earth gravity you should Apply zeroing to cancel earth gravity.



7.4.2.2 Tab: Custom display on the BeanDevice® Hi-Inc & Hi-Inc-SR

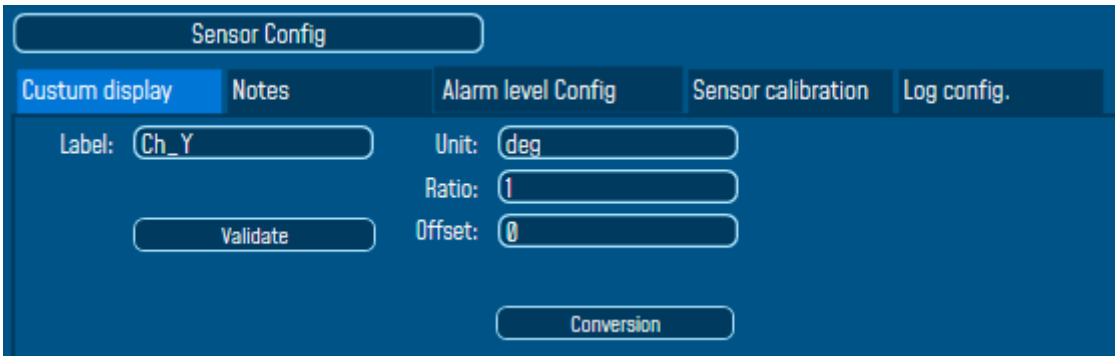


Figure 62: Hi-Inc sensor channel custom display tab

- ✓ ***Type***: Describe the sensor type (ex: load cell, pressure, Strain gage +/- 2 Mv/v, LVDT,)
- ✓ ***Unit***: customer sensor unit (bar, °C, l/h….)
- ✓ ***Ratio***: Sensor Ratio coefficient (***RAT)***;
- ✓ ***Offset***: Sensor Offset coefficient (***OFF***);

Measurement conversion formula:

Converted Measurement = Measurement x RAT + OFF

Example with a temperature sensor: By default, the temperature unit is in degree Celsius. The user wants to convert the unit in degree Fahrenheit.

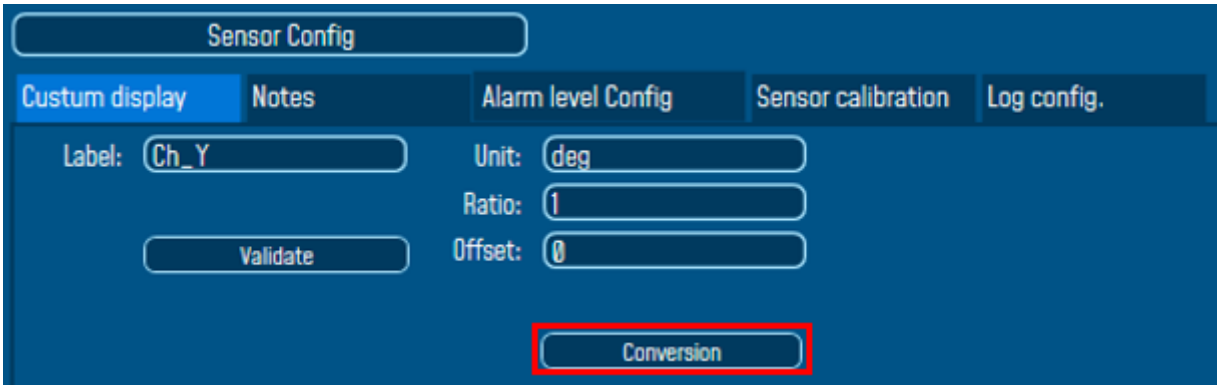
Converted Measurement [°F] = Measurement[°C] x RAT + OFF

With **RAT** = 1.8 and **OFF** = 32

Conversion assistant

To avoid conversion error, a conversion assistant is available to help you to setup quickly your measurement channel of your BeanDevice®.

Click on conversion assistant from the tab "***Custom display***", a window will open allowing you to do a linear conversion.



On the left column, the user can enter the non-converted measurement data. On the right column, the user can enter the converted measurement values with the desired unit.

The ratio and offset values are calculated automatically by the conversion assistant.

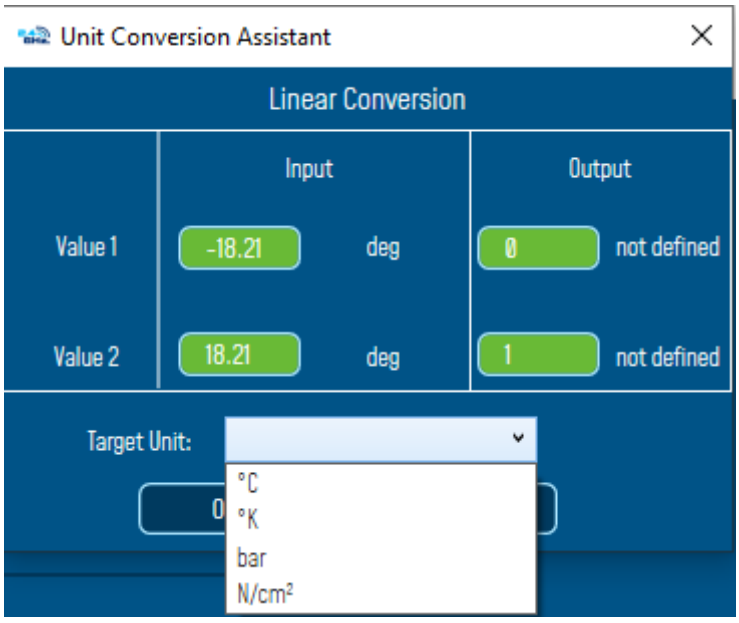


Figure 63: Unit Conversion Assistant

7.4.2.3 Tab : Notes

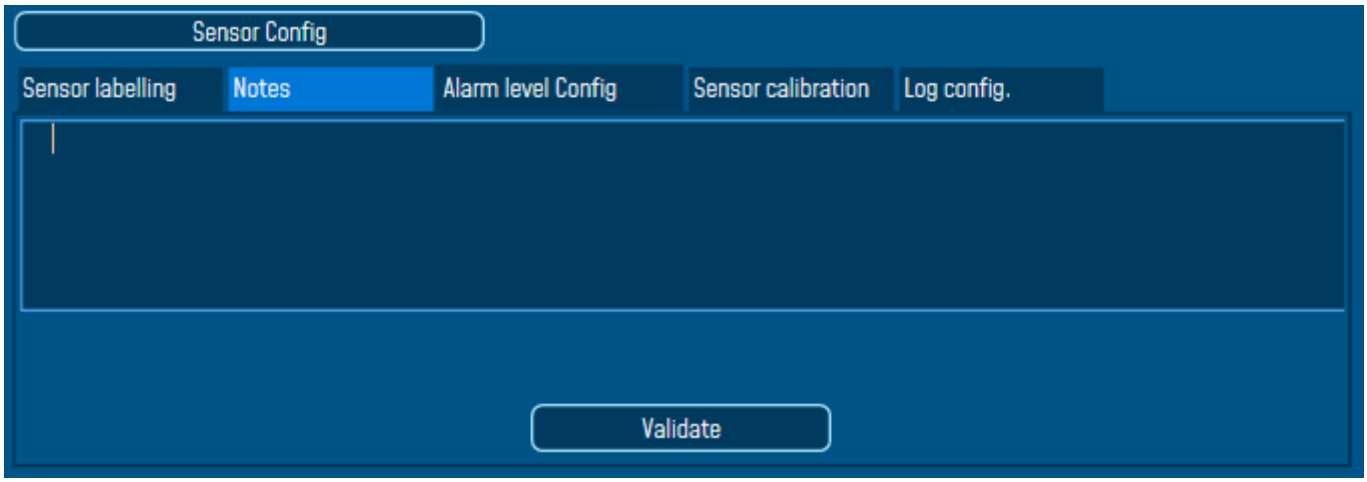
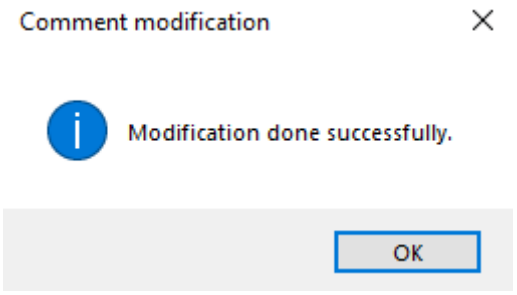


Figure 64: Sensor channel notes tab

This field contains notes relating to the BeanDevice® sensor. To change this field, enter a value or free text and click the "Validate" button.

A new window opens; accept your modifications by clicking on "OK".



To back up your text click on the icon "Backup your Database"

7.4.2.4 Tab: Alarms Config - BeanDevice® AX-3D/Hi-Inc/AN-XX

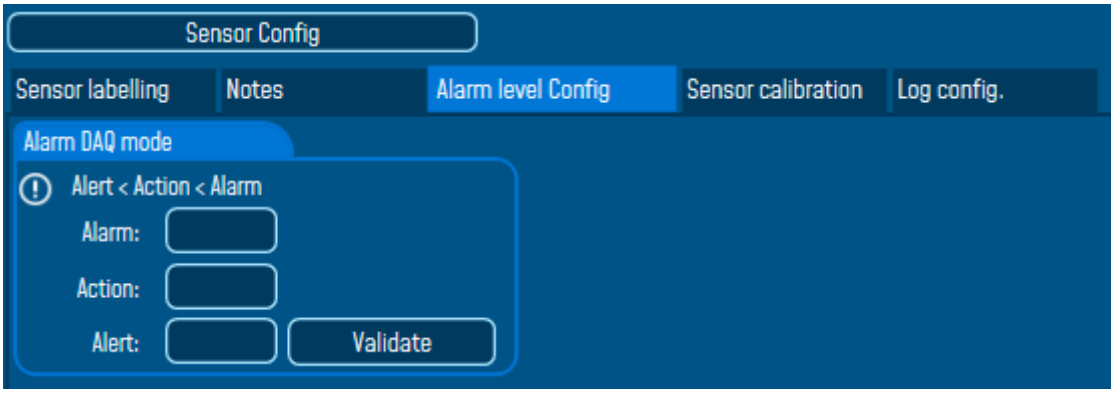


Figure 65: Alarm configuration tab (BeanDevice® AX-3D)

Parameter	*Description*
Alarm threshold configuration for S.E.T mode	The S.E.T mode (Streaming with event triggering) the threshold is based on AAA(Alert/Action/Alarm) with: Alert values < Action value < Alarm value. Measurement exceeding each threshold will results in notification sent with the appropriate reports and info via email and audio notification on the computer will take place.

For further information about the alarm thresholds configuration, please read the technical note ponse[TN_RF_008 – "Data acquisition modes available on the BeanDevice®"]

7.4.2.5 Tab: Alarms Config Configuration - BeanDevice® AX-3DS

For further information about the SSD (Smart Shock Detection) measurement mode, read the technical note [TN_RF_008 – "Data acquisition modes available on the BeanDevice®"]

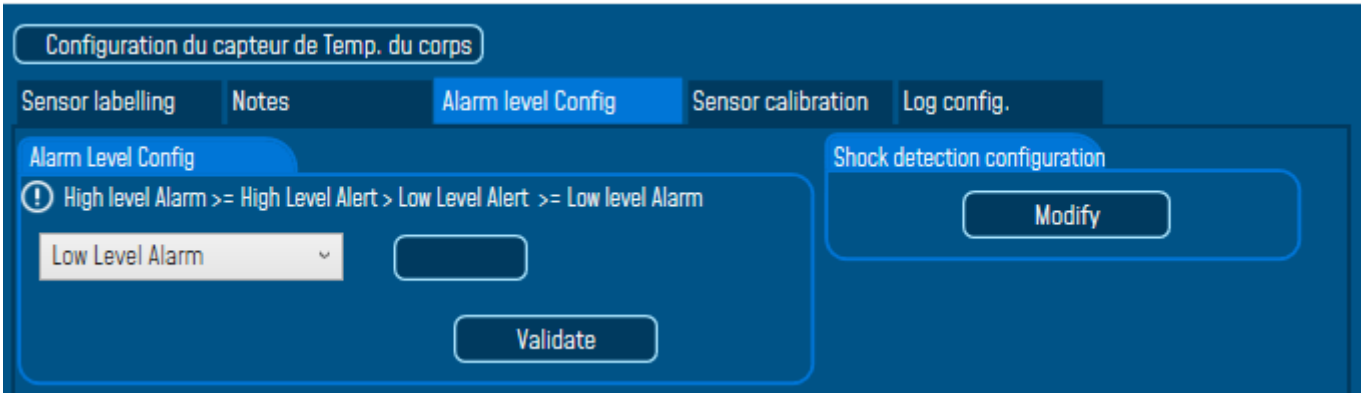


Figure 66: Alarm configuration tab (BeanDevice® AX-3DS)

Parameter	*Description*
Alarm threshold	You can configure threshold high values (High level alarm, High level alert) and low values (Low level alarm, Low level alert). In alarm mode, when a higher low threshold value is reached, an alarm notification is transmitted to the BeanGateway ; If the sensor value is higher than High level alarm/High level alert, notification is send to the BeanGateway/BeanScape; If the sensor value is lower than Low level alarm/Low level alert, notification is send to the BeanGateway/BeanScape. Threshold values must be organized in this manner: High level alarm >=High level alert > Low level alarm >= Low level alert ***Alarm thresholds are not available for SSD (Smart shock detection mode)***
Accelerometer range configuration	✓ The user can change the measurement range of the accelerometer: • ***BeanDevice® AX-3DS 24G***: ±6g or ±12g or ±24g • ***BeanDevice® AX-3DS 8G*** : ±2g or ±4g or ±8g
Shock detection configuration	Click on modify, a new window will open.

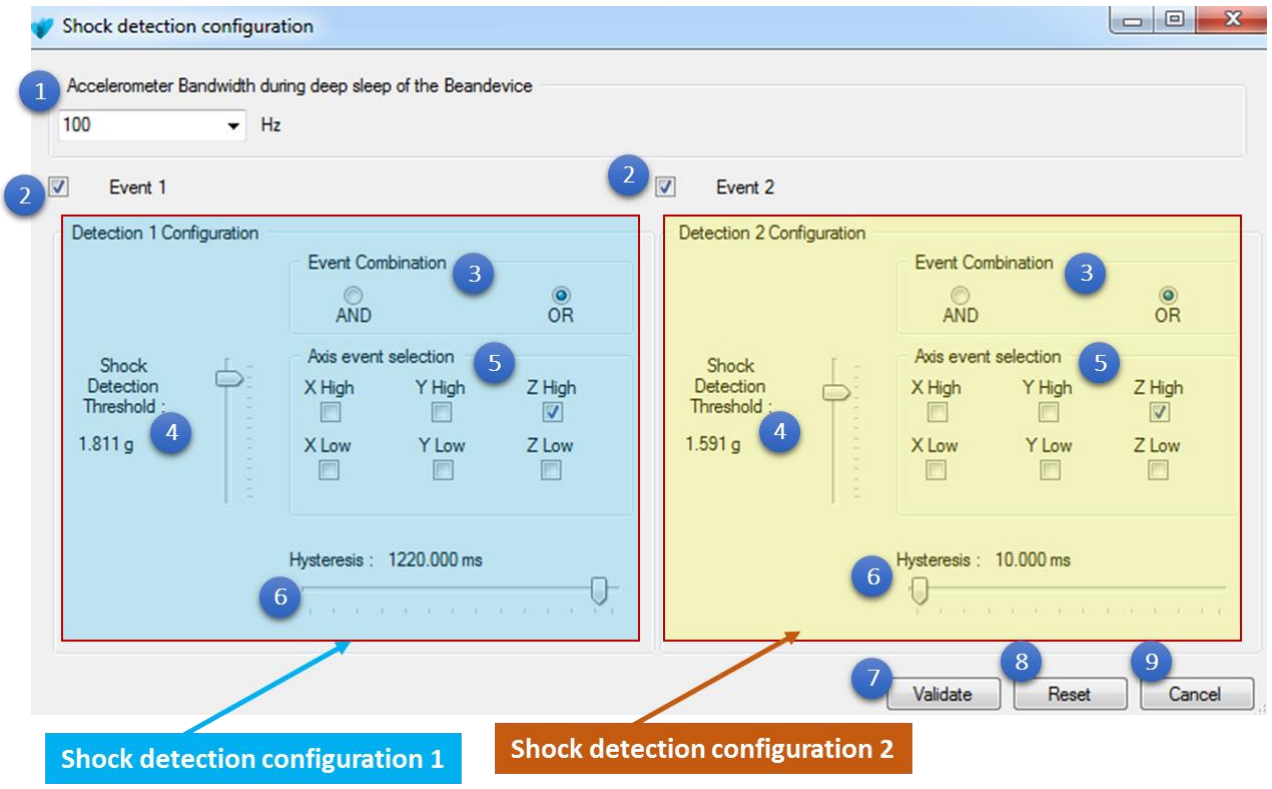
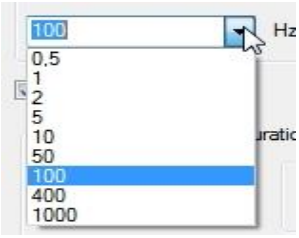


Figure 67: Shock detection configuration window

1

Changes the accelerometer bandwidth during the sleep period of the BeanDevice®:



Depending on the sampling rate of the accelerometer during the sleep period, the BeanDevice® current consumption can vary:

Accelerometer sampling rate during sleep period	*BeanDevice® Current consumption*
0,5 Hz	***21 µA***
1 Hz	***31 µA***
2 Hz	***50 µA***
5 Hz	***78 µA***
10 Hz	***130 µA***
50 Hz	***302 µA***
100 Hz	***308 µA***
400 Hz	***343µA***
1000 Hz	***413 µA***

2

The user can select two events profile ***Event 1*** and ***Event 2.***

3

Event combination

The user can use two logical combinations: ***AND*** and ***OR*** combination on the axis event selection.

4

Set the shock detection threshold

Unit value: g

The threshold resolution depends highly on the acceleration range.

On the axis event selection frame, if the high axis is selected, the threshold value will be positive.

If the Low axis is selected, the threshold value will be negative.

Example: For a threshold value settled at 2g, if X High Axis **OR** X Low Axis is selected.

For all the values upper than 2g on the X Axis, a shock event is detected

For all the values less than -2g on the X Axis, a shock event is detected.

5

Axis event selection

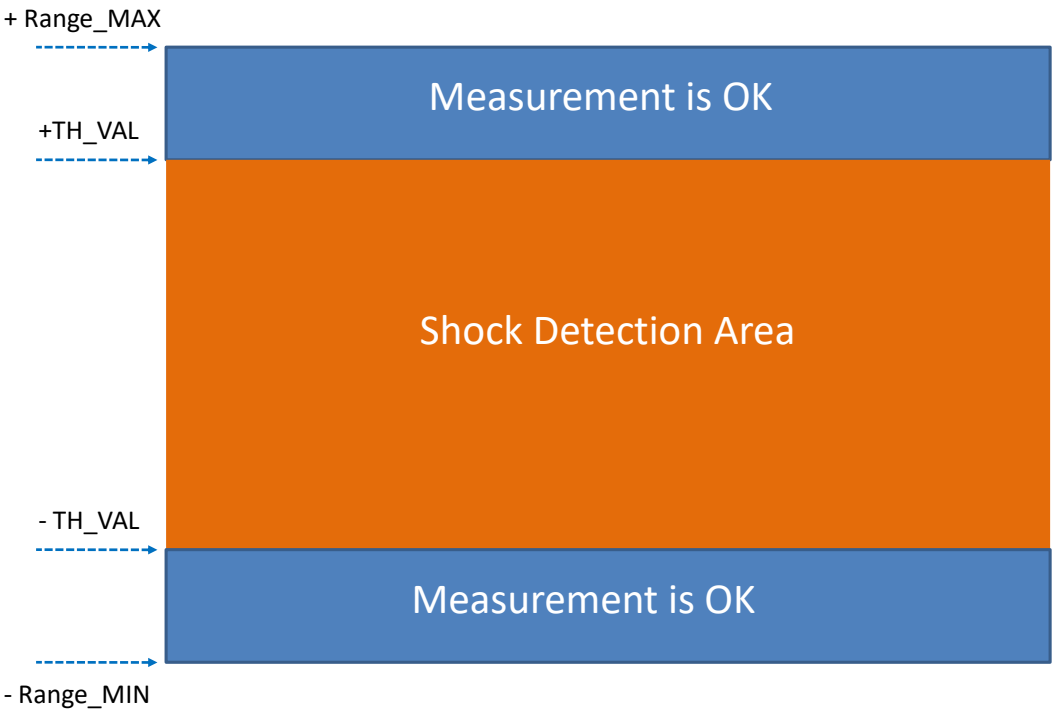
The user can associate a shock event with an axis: X Axis High, X Axis Low, Y Axis High, Y axis Low, Z Axis High, Z Axis Low.

The **AND/OR** combination is not available for two events on the same axis, i.e. the following combinations are not possible: X High **and/or** X Low, Y High **and/or** Y Low, Z High **and/or** Z Low.

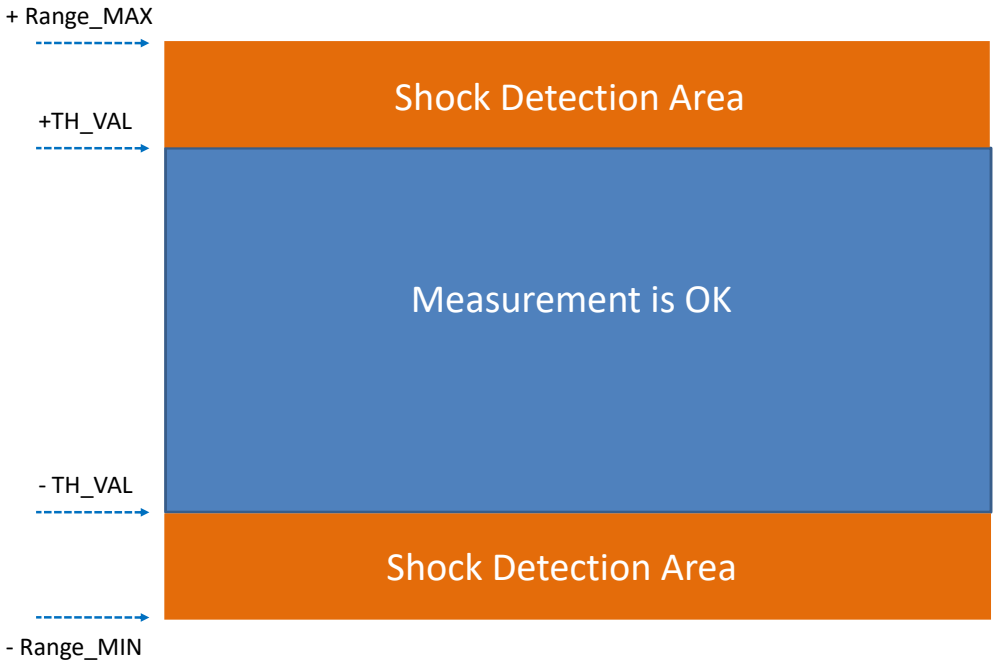
- ***TH_VALUE*** is the shock detection threshold settled by the user
- ***Range_MAX*** is the maximum measurement of the wireless accelerometer

Several configuration of shock detection are possible on the same axis:

- The user selects ***XX Axis Low,*** all the shocks events are detected on the following acceleration range [-TH_VALUE ;+TH_VALUE]



- The user selects XX Axis High, ***all the shocks are detected*** on the following acceleration range [Range_MIN ; -TH_VAL] and [+TH_VALUE; Range_MAX];



- The user selects a high event on the axis (+TH_VALUE), a shock is detected if the threshold value +TH_VALUE is reached:

6	***Hysteresis*** The user can fix an hysteresis on threshold value Choose closely the value of the hysteresis. The resolution depends on the accelerometer bandwidth during sleep or deep sleep.
7	***VALIDATE*** Click here to validate your new configuration
8	***RESET*** Click to restore a default configuration
9	***CANCEL*** Click here to cancel your configuration

Depending on your sensor resolution, the displayed threshold value can differ from the reference value.

7.4.2.6 Tab : Sensor calibration

WARNING: These calibration coefficients should be accessible to an advanced user. A wrong calibration will result in false measurements.

These coefficients are used to calibrate the ***internal accelerometer/inclinometer*** sensors:

- ***AX-3D sensor calibration tab description***

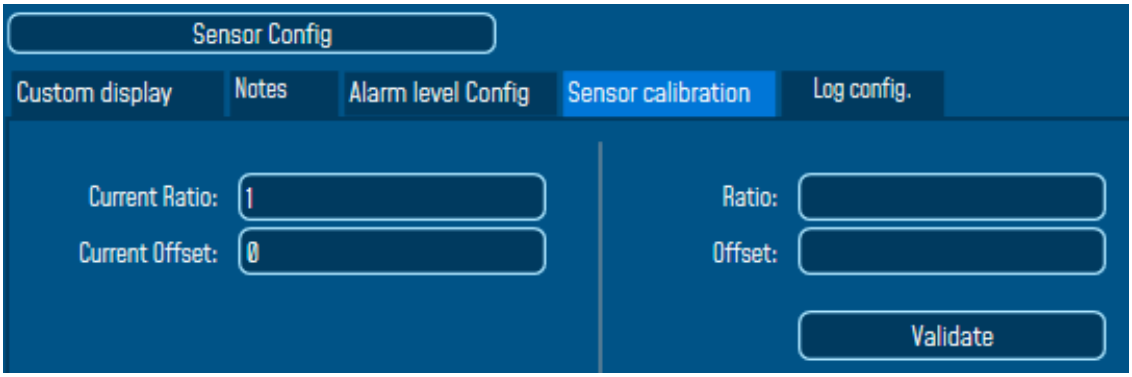


Figure 68: AX-3D Sensor calibration tab

- ***AX-3D-SR sensor calibration tab description***

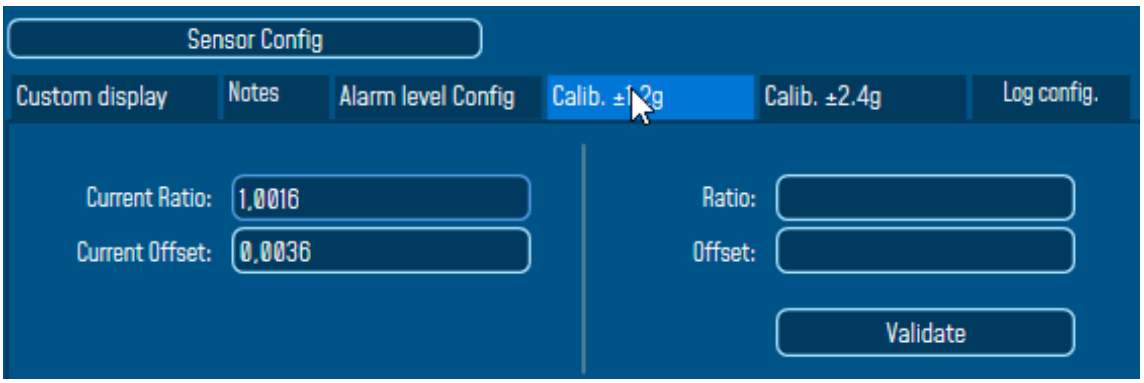


Figure 69: AX-3D-SR sensor calibration 1.2g measurement range

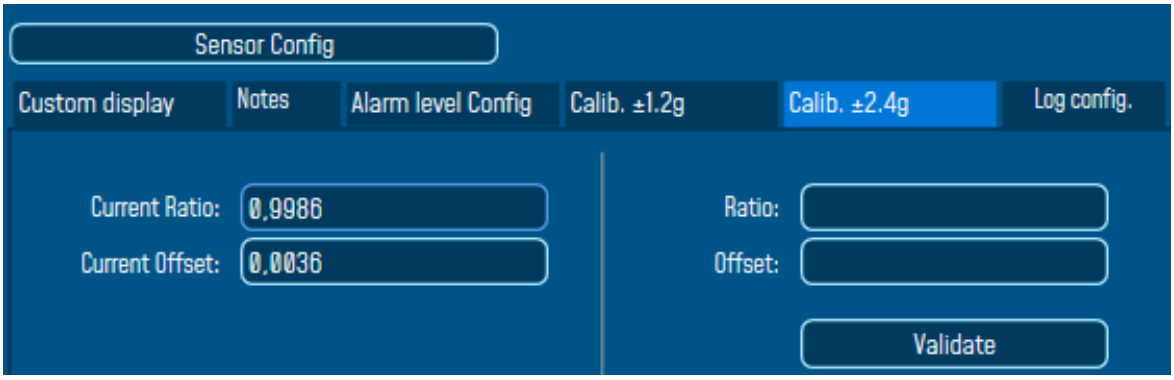


Figure 70: AX-3D-SR sensor calibration 2.4g measurement range

The BeanScape® provides a calibration interface for each measurement channel:

- ***Ratio***: multiplier coefficient
- ***Offset***: adder/subtracted coefficient. its unit is the sensor unit

Calibrated value = (Ratio x Non_Calibrated_Value) + Offset

Enter the calibration coefficients and then click on validate.

The calibrations coefficients are backed up on the BeanDevice® flash memory, and cannot be lost if the BeanDevice® is switched off

7.4.2.7 Tab: Log configuration

This tab should not be confused with the Datalogger feature available on the BeanDevice®:

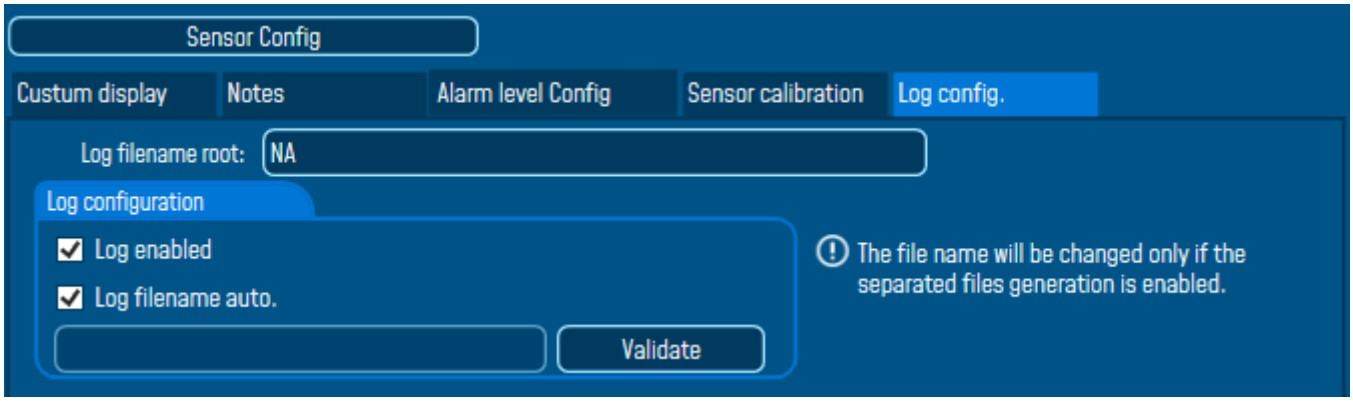


Figure 71: Log configuration tab

By default, Log file name is built with the measurement channel & BeanDevice® MAC Address:

< ***Sensor Channel Number*** > < ***MAC_ID*** >

- ✓ ***Log enabled***: If checked, Log is enabled on the BeanScape®
- ✓ ***Log filename auto***.: If checked, Log file name is named automatically

Click on ***validate*** in order to validate all your modifications.

For users who want to rename the log file, two solutions are provided:

Solution 1	***Add automatically the channel "Label" in your log file name:*** ***<Label><Sensor channel Number> <MAC_ID>***
Solution 2	***The log file name can be fully customized:*** ***Uncheck the case « Log filename auto" and add your own label***

The file name will be changed only if the separated files generation option was selected.

7.4.2.8 Right Click functionalities

Graphic BeanScape® offers access to quick functionalities in relation to Sensor channels. By using the mouse, Right Click on the channel under the BeanDevice® profile then you can quickly:

- ***Change State to: off***
- ***Change Sensor Label***
- ***Disable Log***

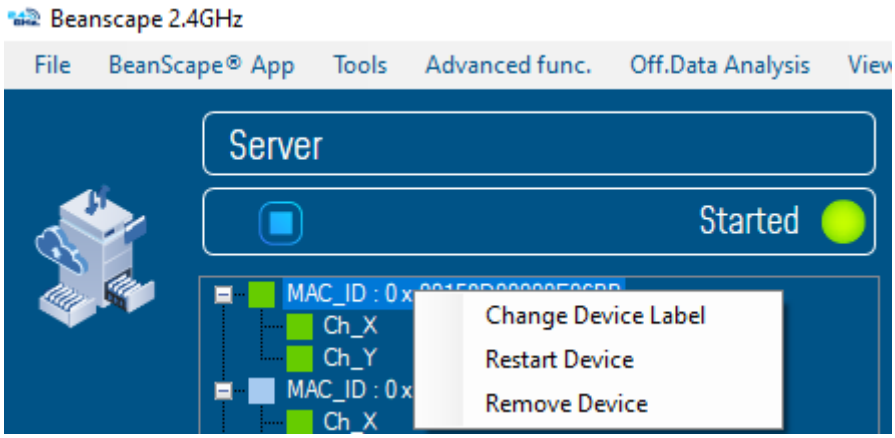


Figure 72: Right Click on the Sensor's Channel

7.4.3 Graphical display

By selecting the suitable sensor's channel, user will get this view on his BeanScape® software.

Figure 73: Overview: Channel acquisition graph visualization of the AX-3D

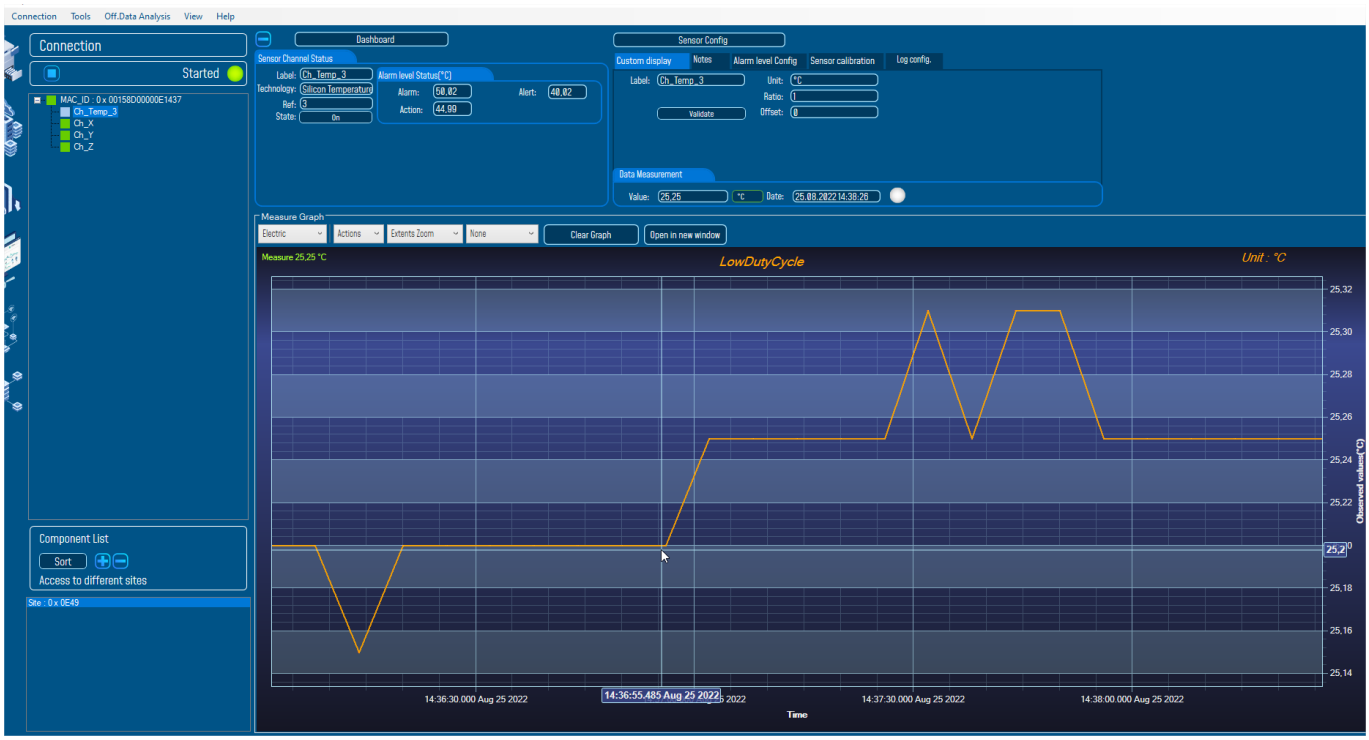


Figure 74: Real-time graph of the temperature channel on the AX-3D-SR

To have a wide display view of the graph, it is recommended to click on the Minus symbol icon on the top left of the sensor's channel configuration area to hide it.

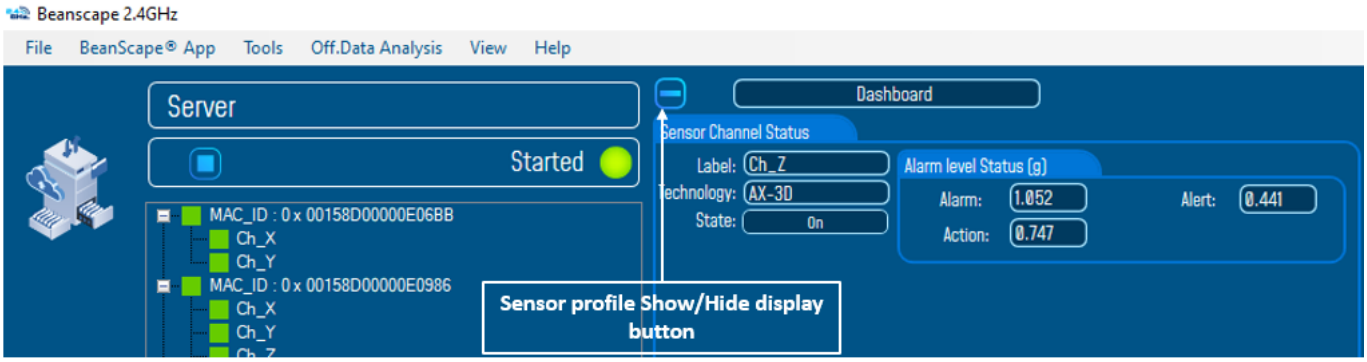


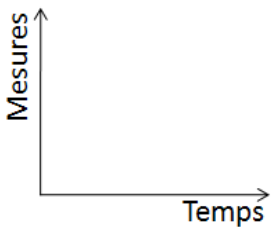
Figure 75: Sensor profile ON/OFF display button

Figure 76: Wide view of the graph

The chart is composed of two parts:

- ***Part 1***: This is a preview window, allowing you to observe sensors acquisitions.
- ***Part 2***: A strip on the side composed of different frames allows customizing the graph.

The graph has two axes:



Axe-X: Timeline

Axes-Y: received sensor acquisitions

The BeanDevice® data acquisition mode and the last data acquisition can be visualized directly from the graph.

Figure 77: Example: Graph visualization

7.4.3.1 Frame: Display

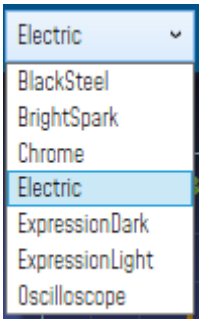
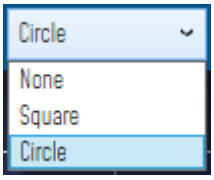


Figure 78: Graph measure mode: Frame Display

7.4.3.2 Frame: Marks

From this frame you can select the display mode of action of the chart. Three types of symbols are available:



Circle: Brings up a point on each bar graph

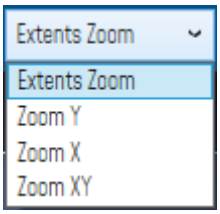
Square: brings up a square on each measure of the graph

None: No logs is displayed on the graph

Figure 79: Graph measure mode: Frame Marks

7.4.3.3 Frame : Scale

From this frame, the scaling of the graphics can be customized to suit your needs.



Checkbox "Zoom X and Y Zoom"

These boxes are useful for performing a graph zoom from the mouse wheel, there are four cases:

- ***Case 1***: Case "Zoom X" ticked. The graph zoom will only affect the X axis.
- ***Case 2***: Case "Zoom Y" ticked. The graph zoom will only affect the Y axis.
- ***Case 3***: Case "Zoom XY" ticked." Zoom will affect both X and Y axes
- ***Case 4***: Case "Zoom X ", "Zoom XY "and "Zoom Y " not ticked. The zoom function from the mouse wheel is disabled.

7.5 DATALOGGER CONFIGURATION

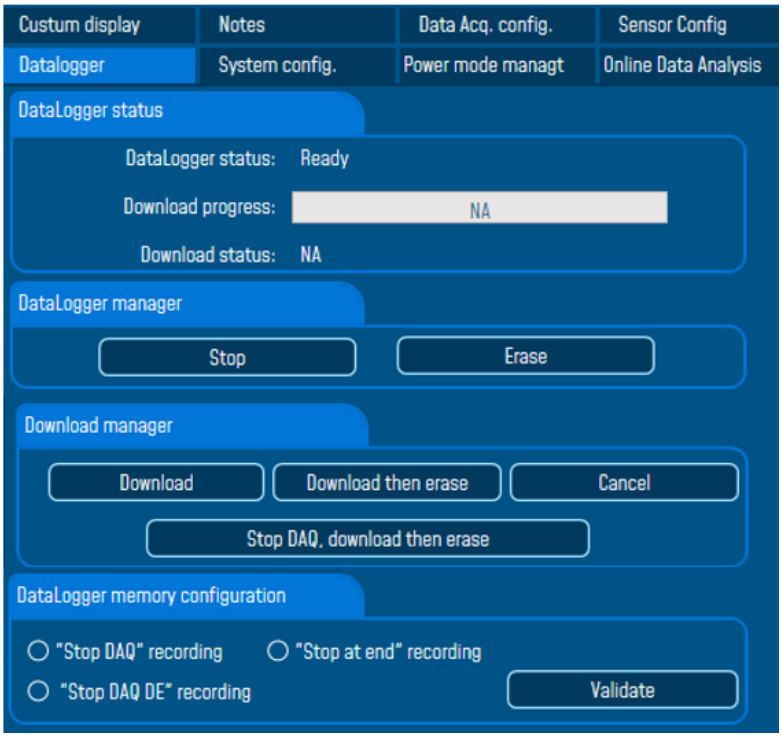
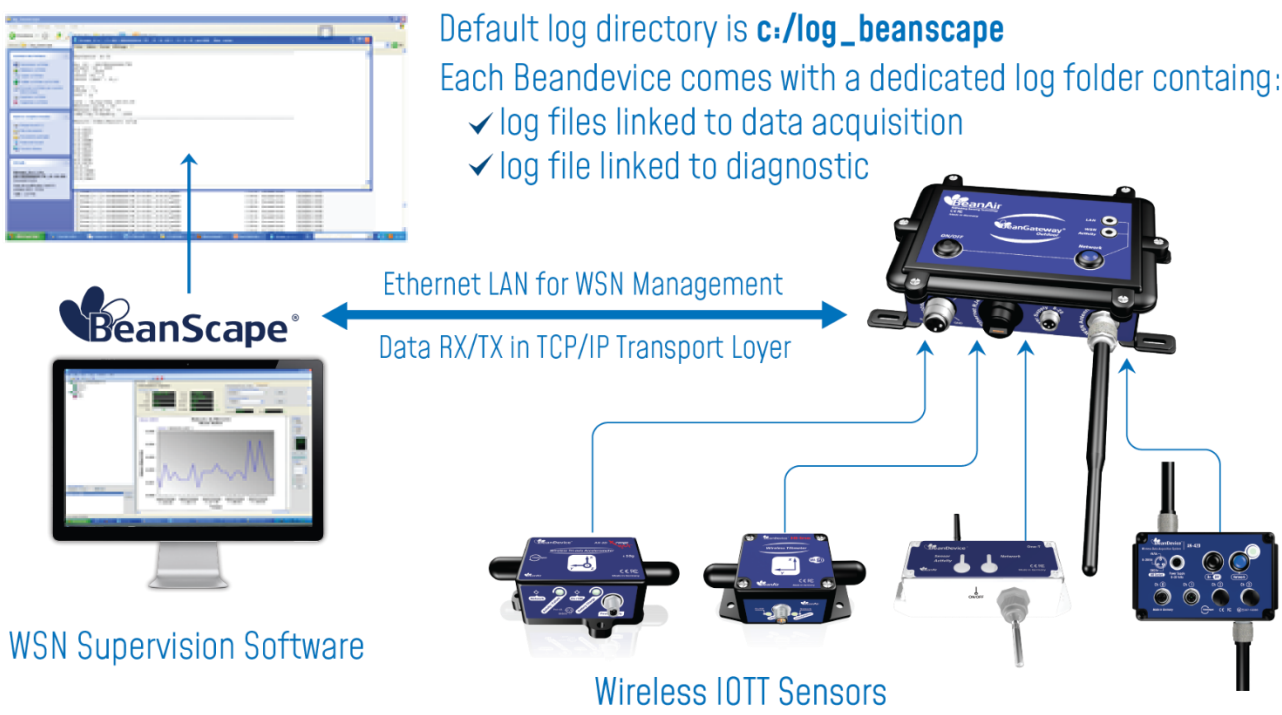


Figure 80: BeanDevice® Datalogger tab

Please read the technical note TN_RF_007 – "BeanDevice® datalogger User Guide "

7.6 OPTIONS FOR LOG FILE GENERATION & FOLDER ORGANIZATION

7.6.1 Log file system overview



7.6.2 Log file directory

By default, the Log file directory is: ***C:\log_beanscape***

Click on the tab Tools then Options to configure advanced settings in ***BeanScape®***:

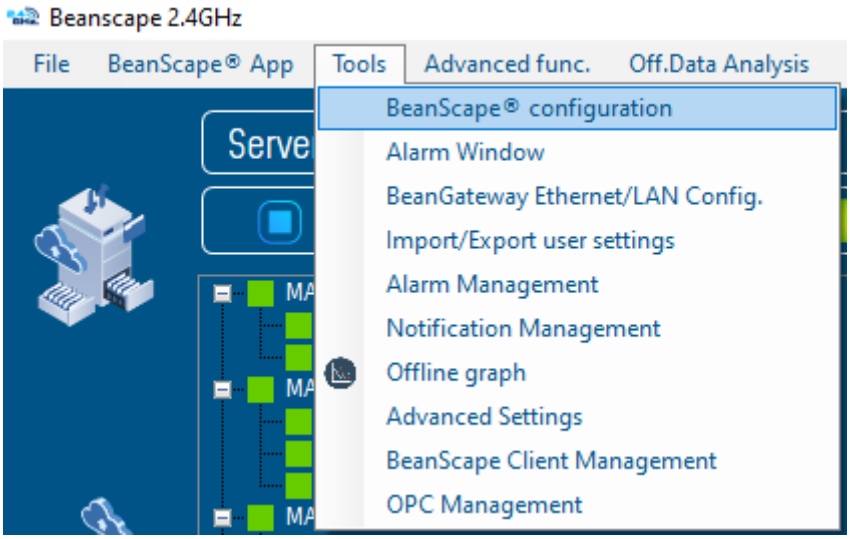


Figure 81: BeanScape® configuration menu

This window lets you configure the logs, and the data cache.

✓ A second window is displayed:

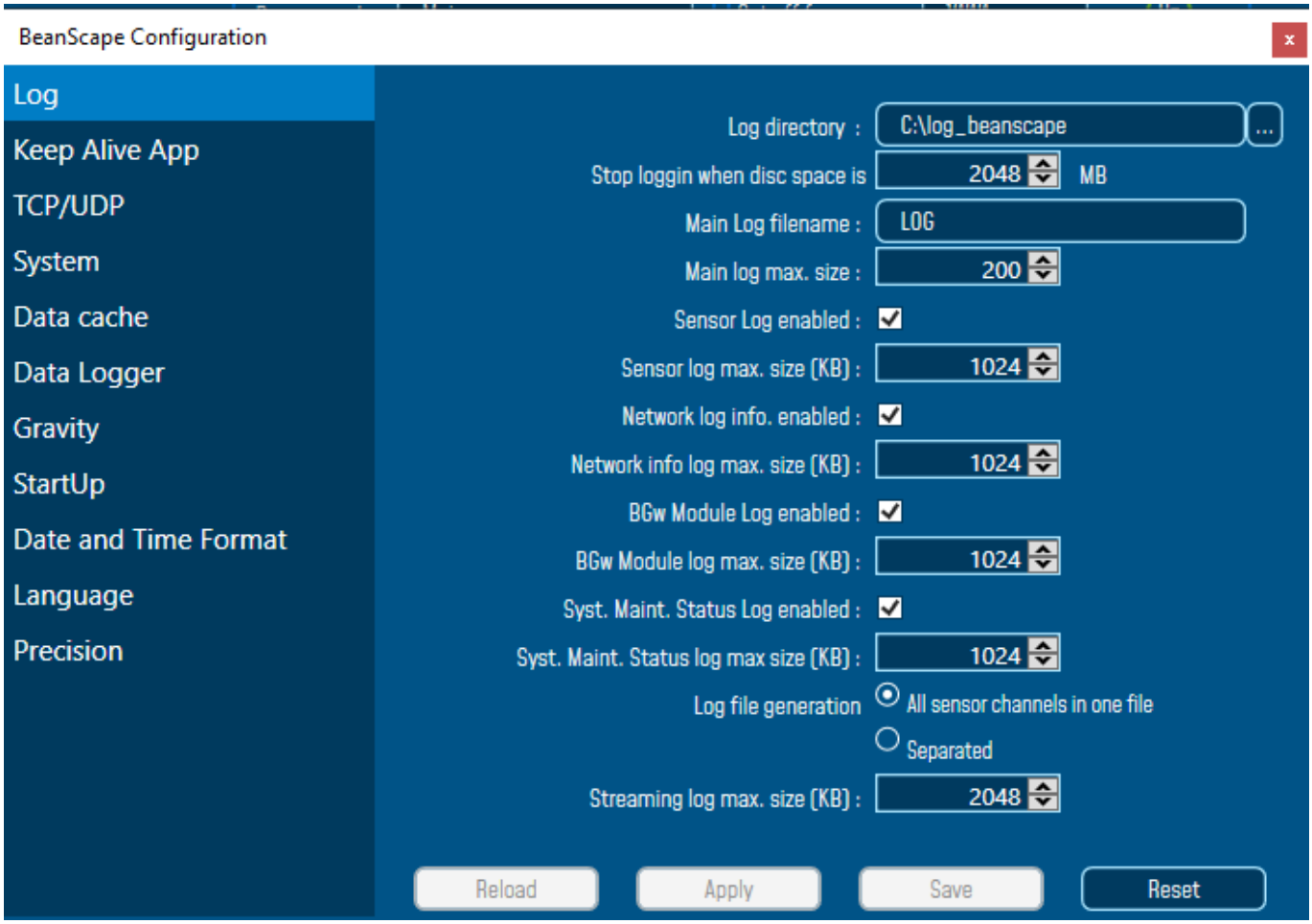


Figure 82: BeanScape® configuration window

✓ Clicking the button 

reverts back to its original configuration.

7.6.3 Log folder

By Default, log files linked to the ***BeanDevice®*** are stored in the log folder (located in C:/log_beanscape directory):

"***Folder MAC_ID***"

Only the last 4 Char of BeanDevice® MAC ID are displayed.

User can change log folder name by clicking on "Custom display" tab located on the **BeanDevice®** profile:

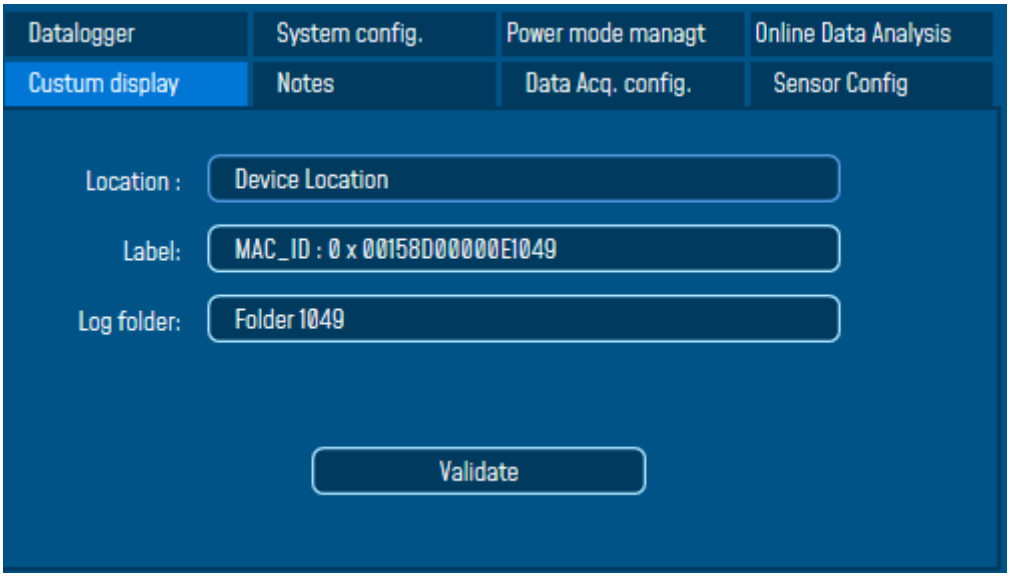


Figure 83: BeanDevice® Custom Display tab

Enter your own log folder name, then click on validate.

The following example shows the log folder changed to "Factory2":

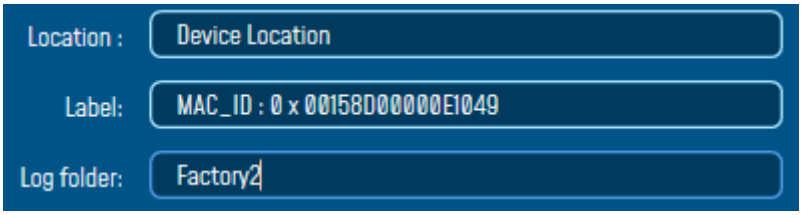


Figure 84: BeanDevice® custom display settings

7.6.4 Log file size configuration

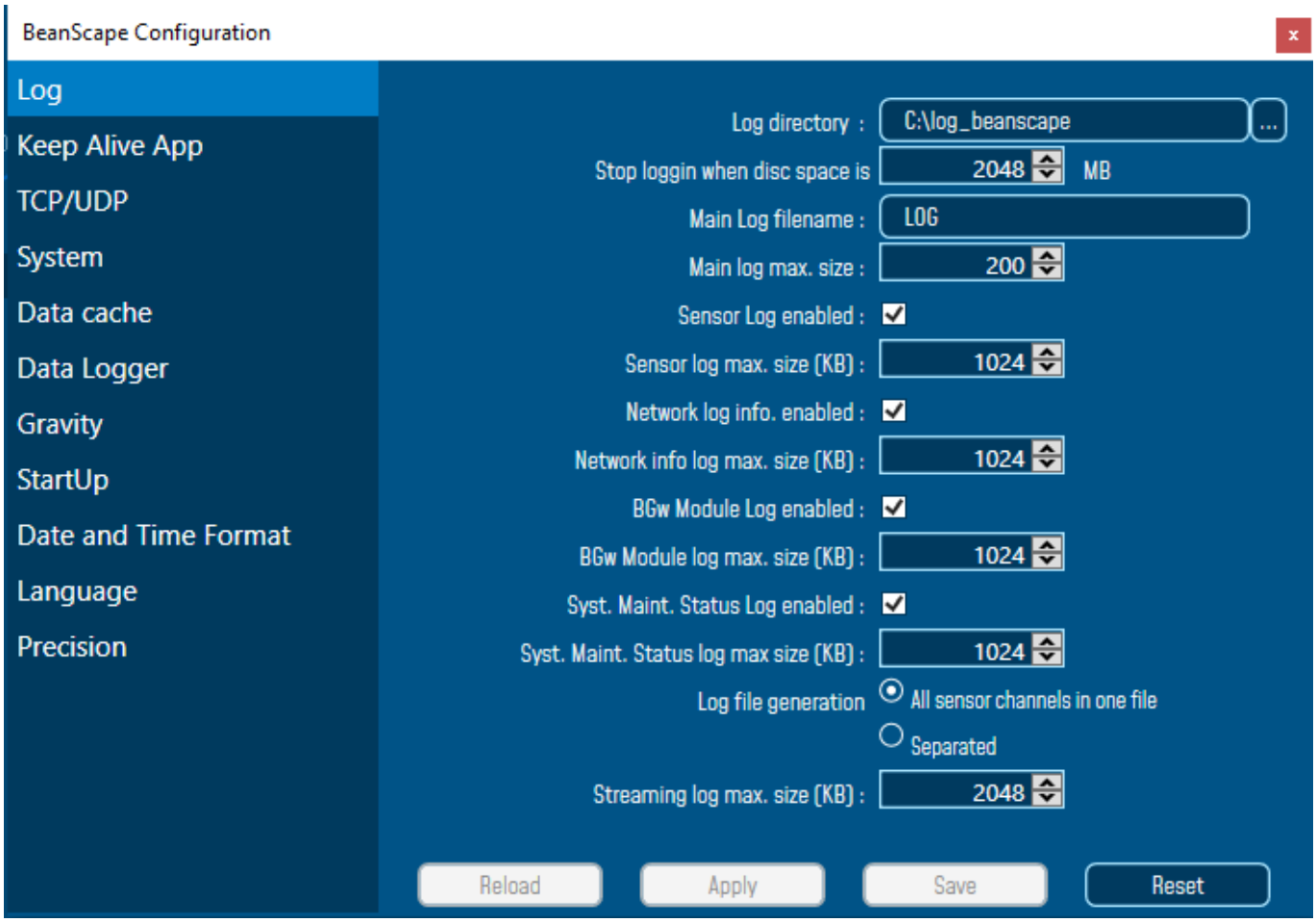


Figure 85: Logfile settings

- ✓ ***LOG directory***: Enter here the path/folder where you would want to save the LOG files.
- ✓ ***Main log filename***: Here you may enter the desired name in order to save the LOG file.
- ✓ ***Main log max. size (KB):*** Maximum file size in Kilobytes (KB) for your principal LOG file
- ✓ ***Sensor Log Enabled***: Check this box if you want to enable the sensor(s) data acquisition in your LOG file
- ✓ ***Sensor log max. size (KB)*** : Maximum size in Kilobytes (KB) of sensor log files (**except** for streaming & streaming data acquisition mode)
- ✓ ***Network log info. enabled*** : Check this box if you want to enable network information in your LOG file
- ✓ ***Network info log max. size (KB)*** : Maximum size in Kilobytes for your network information LOG file
- ✓ ***Streaming log max. size :*** Maximum size in Kilobytes (KB) of sensor log files (***only*** for streaming & streaming data acquisition mode)
- ✓ ***Precision:*** change the device precision for measurements and calibration process.

7.6.5 All sensor channels in one log file

By default, 1 log file is linked to 1 sensor channel. The user can select a log file linked to all the sensor channels present on the BeanDevice®.

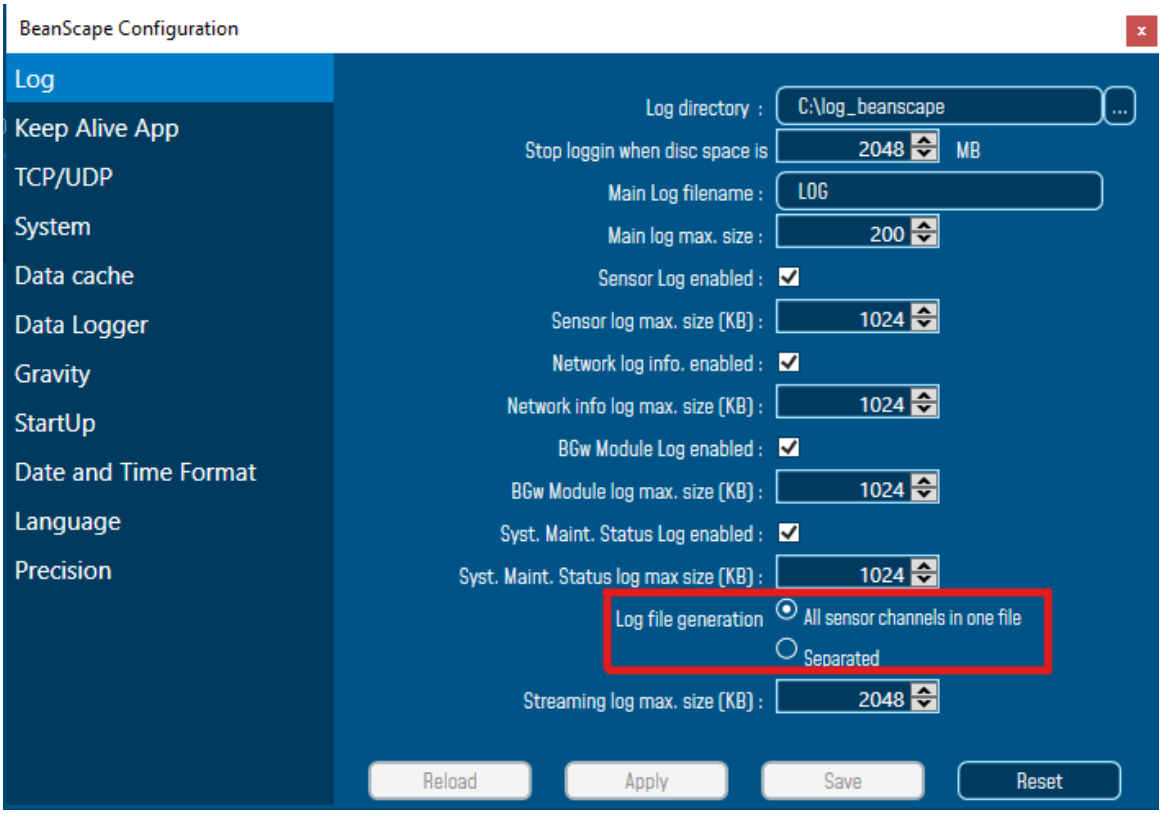


Figure 86: Log file generation options

- You should have all channels data recorded in one single file located in your C:\log_beanscape directory

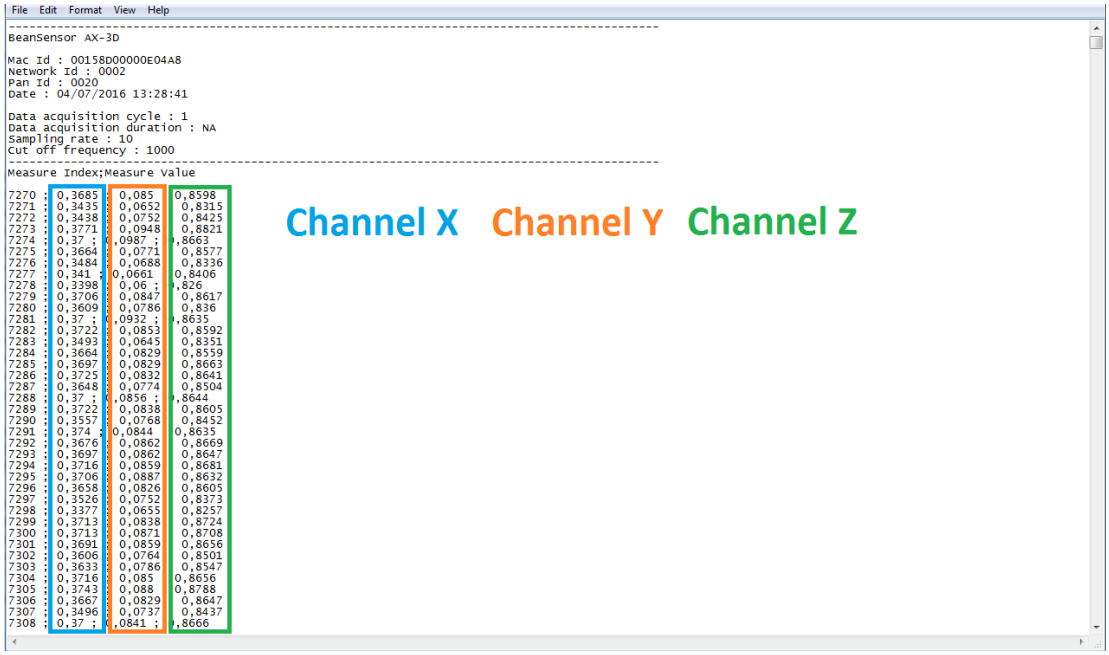


Figure 87: Example of Log file

7.6.6 Cache Data configuration (for Graph)

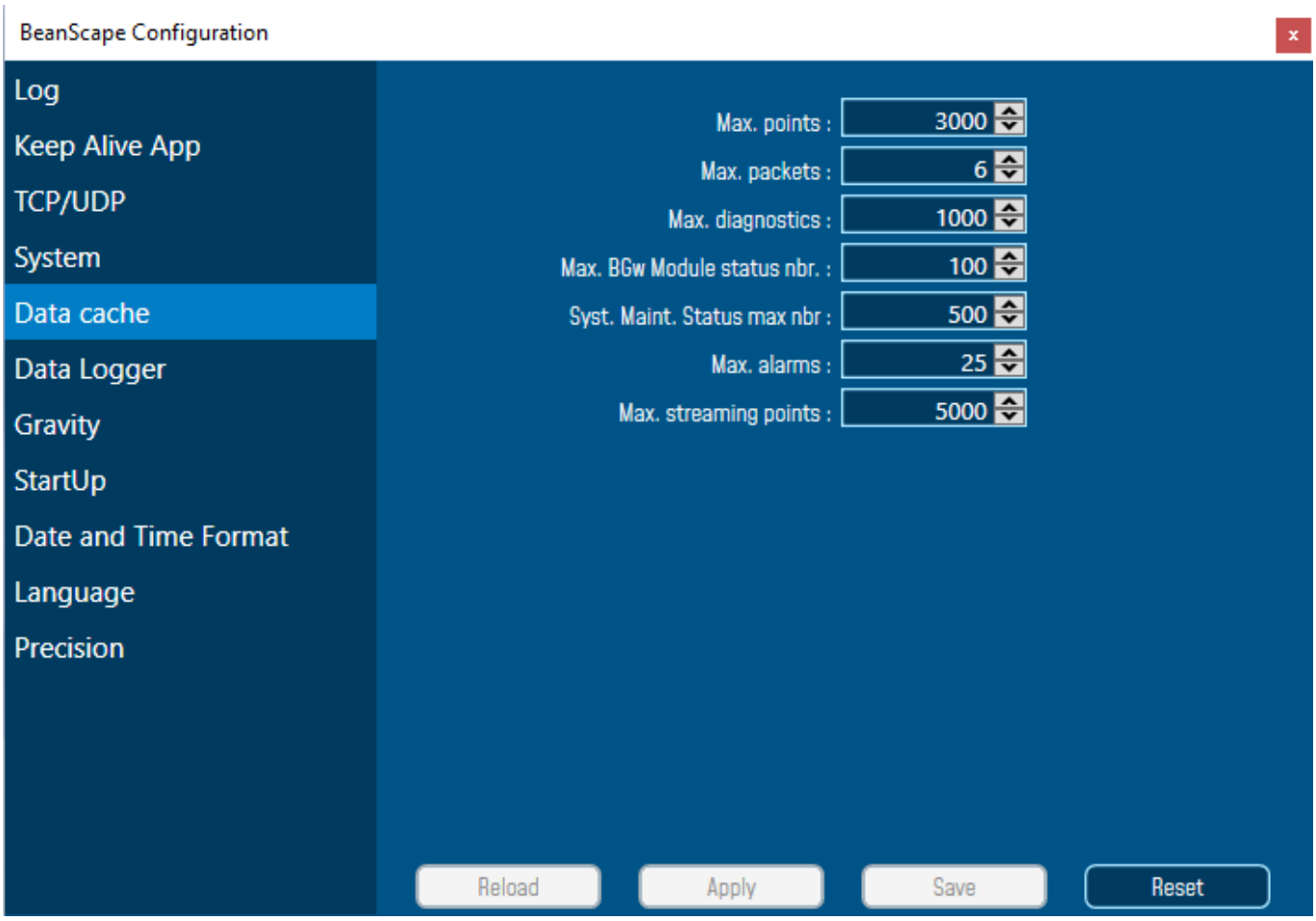


Figure 88: Data cache configuration options

- ✓ ***Maximum number of points***: Set here the maximum number of points displayed on the BeanScape® graph
- ✓ ***Maximum number of packets***: Set here the maximum number of packets displayed on the BeanScape® graph
- ✓ ***Max number of diagnostics***: Set here the maximum number of diagnostics displayed on the BeanScape® graph
- ✓ ***Max number of alarms***: Set here the maximum number of alarms displayed on the BeanScape® graph
- ✓ ***Maximum streaming points***: Set here the maximum number of points displayed in Streaming/Streaming on the BeanScape® graph

Please note that the values backed up by the BeanScape® may affect the memory capacity of your computer depending upon the size of every file.

7.6.7 Data acquisition Log file

7.6.7.1 Log filename root

For each sensor channel a log file is automatically created by the BeanScape®.

The user can easily change the log file root:

Figure 89: Overview: Log Config tab on BeanScape®

This tab should not be confused with the Datalogger feature available on the BeanDevice®.

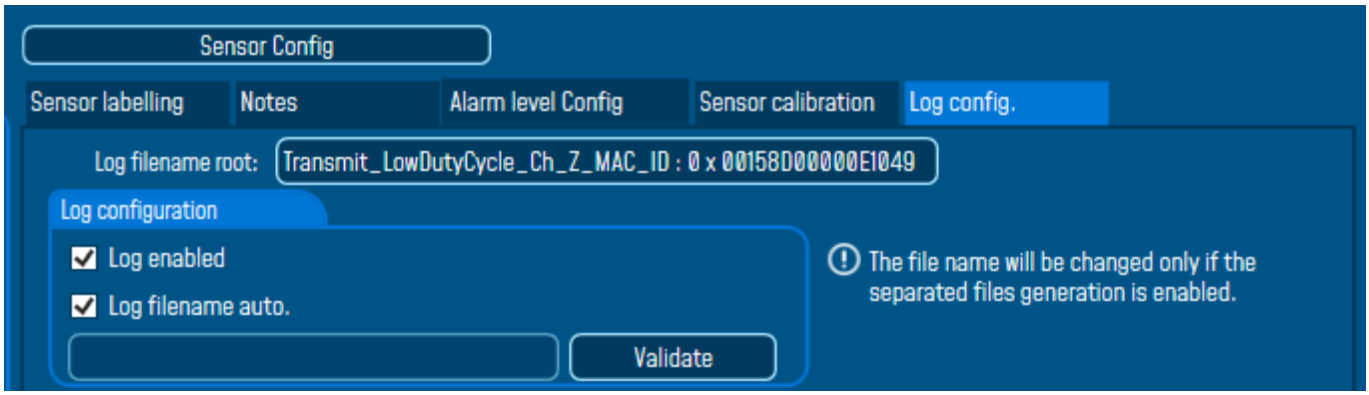


Figure 90: Log config tab

By default, Log file name is built with the measurement channel & ***BeanDevice®*** MAC Address:

< Sensor Channel Number > <MAC_ID>

- ✓ ***Log enabled***: If checked, Log is enabled on the BeanScape®
- ✓ ***Log filename auto***.: If checked, Log file name is named automatically

Click on ***validate*** in order to validate all your modifications.

For users who want to rename the log file, two solutions are provided:

Solution 1	***Add automatically the channel "Label" in your log file name:*** ***<Label><Sensor channel Number> <MAC_ID>***
Solution 2	***The log file name can be fully customized:*** ***Uncheck the case « Log filename auto" and add your own label*** ***This option is working only with separated files option***

7.6.7.2 Specific case: log filename creation in "Streaming" mode

In streaming mode, log filename is built as follow (separated channels):

Transmit_Streaming_Sensor_channel_MAC_ID_DATE

- ✓ ***Sensor channel = Sensor channel***
- ✓ ***MAC_ID: BeanDevice® MAC ID***
- ✓ ***DATE: date when the streaming mode starts***

Example:

Transmit_Streaming_Ch_X_MAC_ID__0_x_00158D00000E06A8_2018-10-24_11-42-31.txt	24/10/2018 11:45	1 Ko
Transmit_Streaming_Ch_Y_MAC_ID__0_x_00158D00000E06A8_2018-10-24_11-42-31.txt	24/10/2018 11:45	1 Ko
Transmit_Streaming_Ch_Z_MAC_ID__0_x_00158D00000E06A8_2018-10-24_11-42-31.txt	24/10/2018 11:45	1 Ko
Transmit_Streaming_Ch_X_MAC_ID__0_x_00158D00000E06A8_2018-10-24_11-45-14.txt	24/10/2018 11:47	192 Ko
Transmit_Streaming_Ch_Y_MAC_ID__0_x_00158D00000E06A8_2018-10-24_11-45-14.txt	24/10/2018 11:47	185 Ko
Transmit_Streaming_Ch_Z_MAC_ID__0_x_00158D00000E06A8_2018-10-24_11-45-14.txt	24/10/2018 11:47	181 Ko

In streaming mode, log filename is built as follow (all channels in one file):

Transmit_Streaming_Sensor_channel_MAC_ID_DATE_**PART**

- ✓ ***Sensor channel = Sensor channel***
- ✓ ***MAC_ID: BeanDevice® MAC ID***
- ✓ ***DATE: date when the streaming mode starts***
- ✓ ***partXXX : Log file sequence number, part000 corresponds to the first log file***

Example:

Transmit_Streaming_MacId_00158D00000E06A8_24_10_2018_11_42_31_part1.txt	24/10/2018 11:44	2,064 Ko
Transmit_Streaming_MacId_00158D00000E06A8_24_10_2018_11_42_31_part2.txt	24/10/2018 11:44	174 Ko

7.6.7.3 Log file analysis

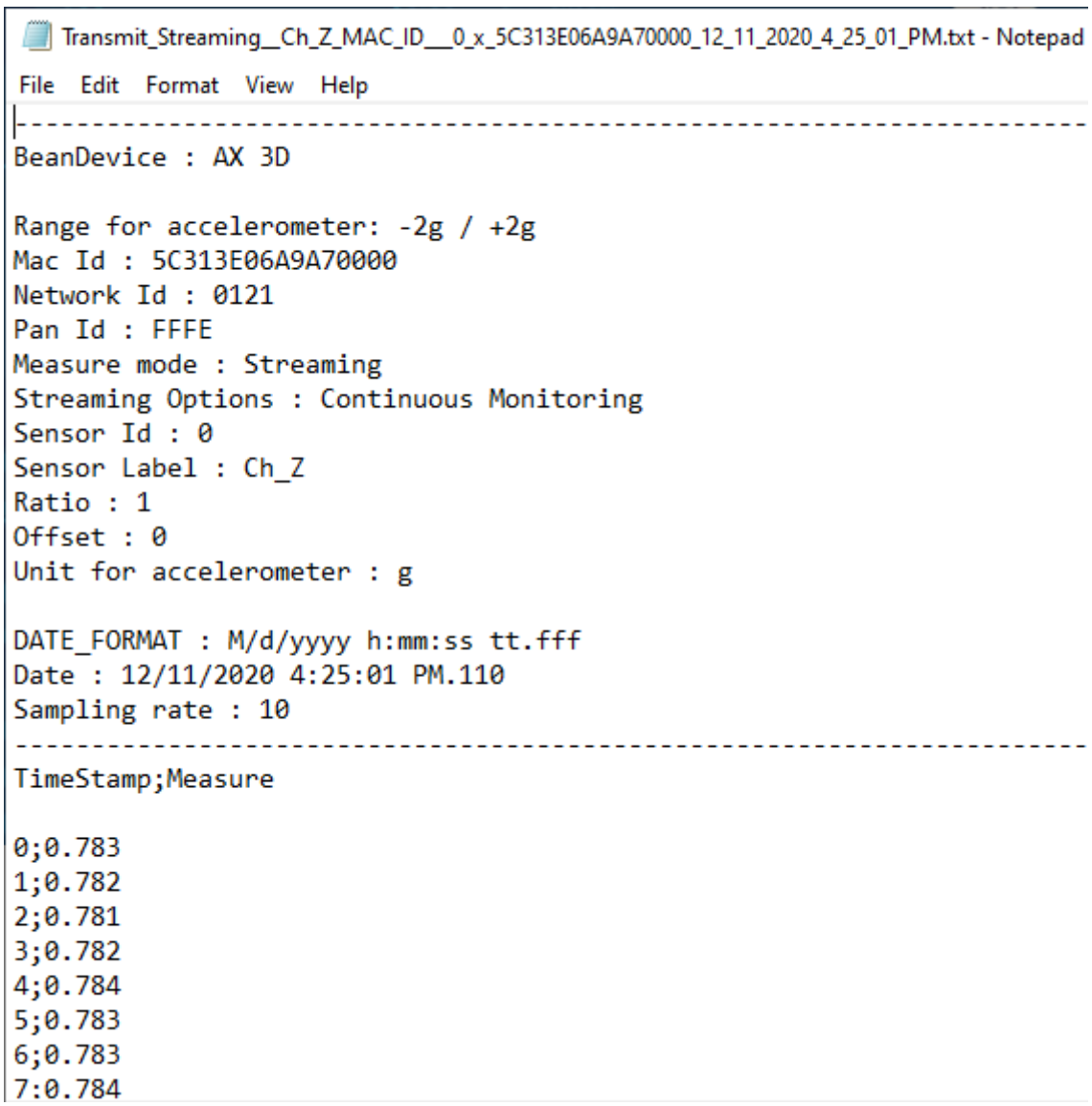


Figure 91: Log file example (Streaming mode)

The date which is displayed in the log file corresponds to the date when the streaming mode starts.

Measure index allows the user to use a timestamp, the time value between the Index N and N+1 corresponds to the period rate.

7.6.8 Log file related to Wireless Network diagnostic

7.6.8.1 Log filename organization

Wireless Diagnostic log filename is built as follow:

MAC_ID_WirelessNetwkInfo

- ✓ ***MAC_ID: BeanDevice® MAC ID***
- ✓ ***DATE: date when the streaming mode starts***

7.6.8.2 Log file analysis

Log file related to wireless network diagnostic provides the following information:

- ***Date*** : diagnostic date
- ***LQI TX***: Link quality indicator on the BeanDevice® side
- ***LQI RX***: Link quality indicator on the BeanGateway® side
- ***Local PER TX***: Local Packet Error Rate on the BeanDevice® side
- ***Local PER Rx***: Local Packet Error Rate on the BeanGateway® side
- ***Global PER***: N.A.
- ***Battery voltage***: internal battery voltage
- ***Battery level***: battery level of charge
- ***Internal temperature***: Local temperature of the BeanDevice®

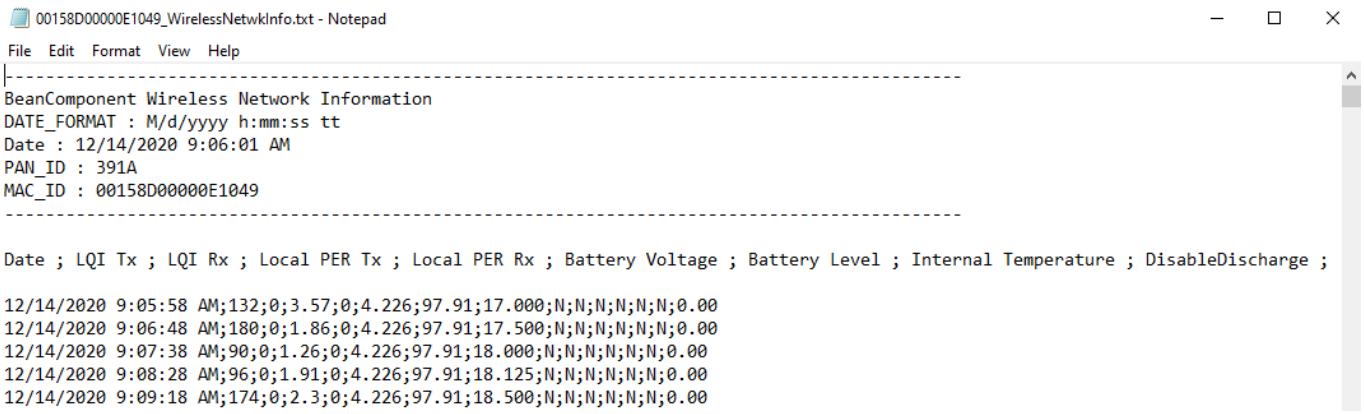
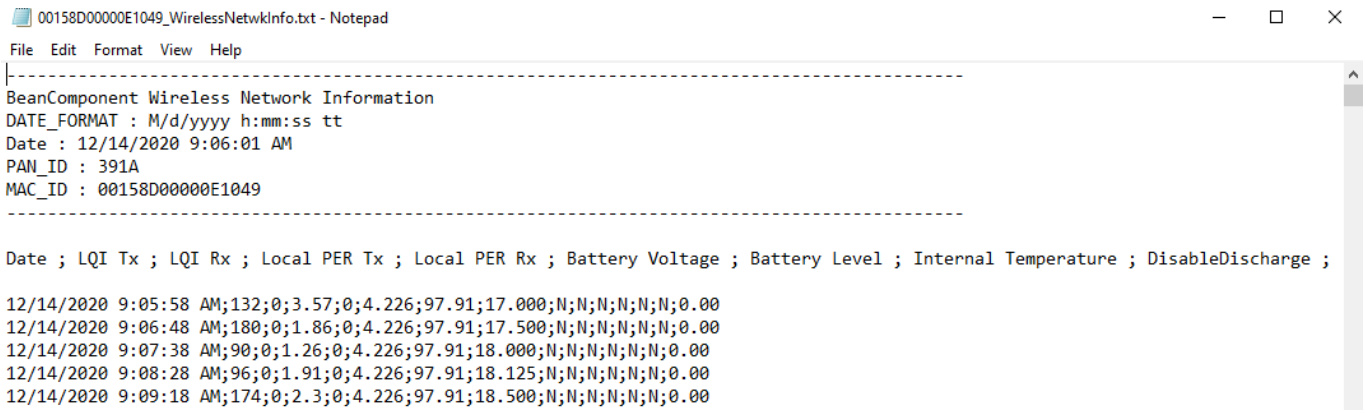


Figure 92: Wireless Network Info log file

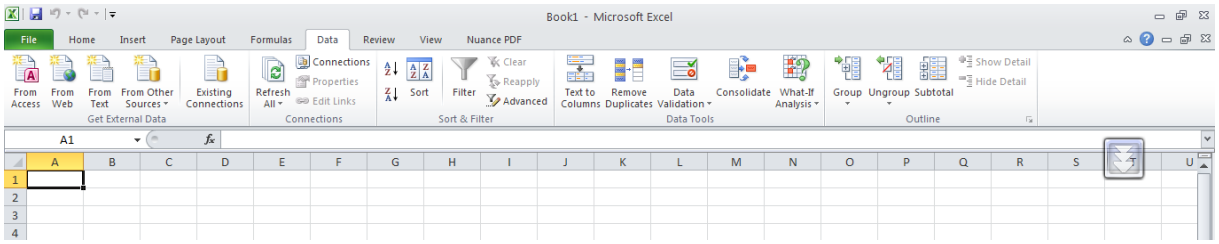
If the BeanDevice® is configured with the streaming data acquisition mode, the following diagnostic information are not refreshed:

- ***Battery voltage***
- ***Battery level***
- ***Internal temperature***

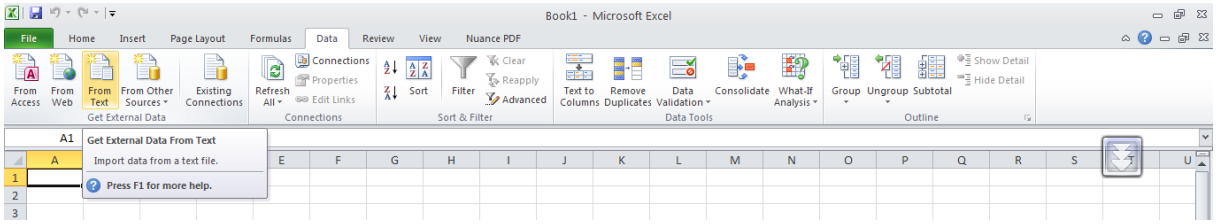


7.6.8.3 How to open a measurement file with excel

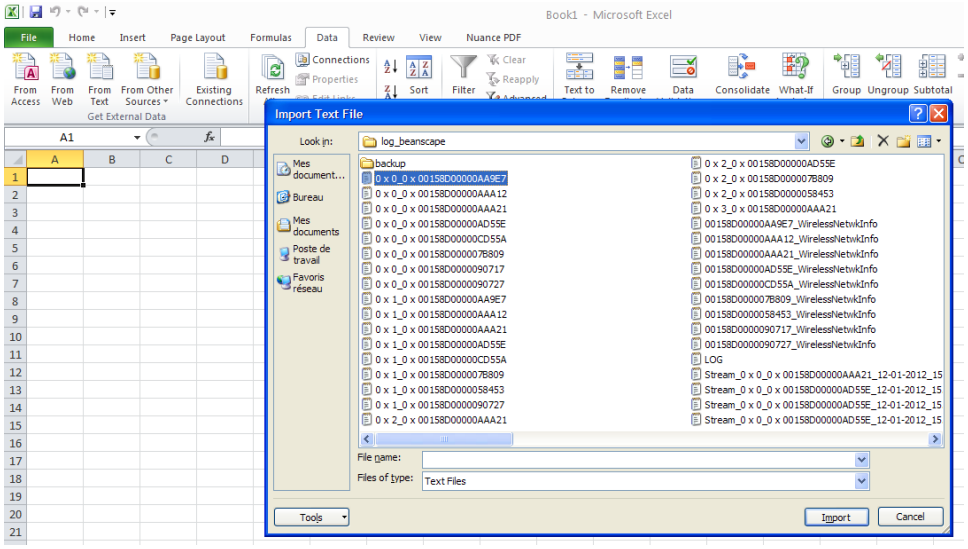
Step 1 : Open Excel



Step 2: Go on « Data » Tab, then select "From Text"

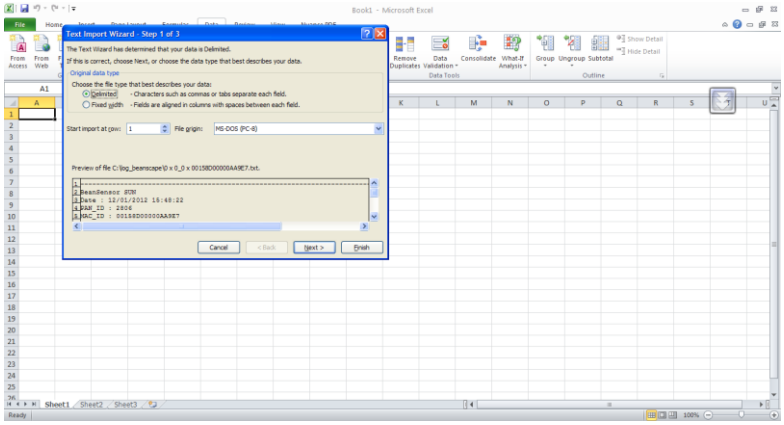


Step 3 : Choose your log file

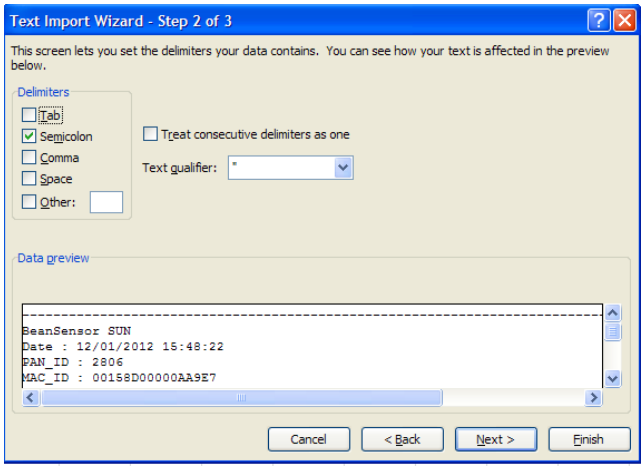


Step 4 : Text import wizard will open, select « Delimited » for Characters such as commas or tabs separate each field.

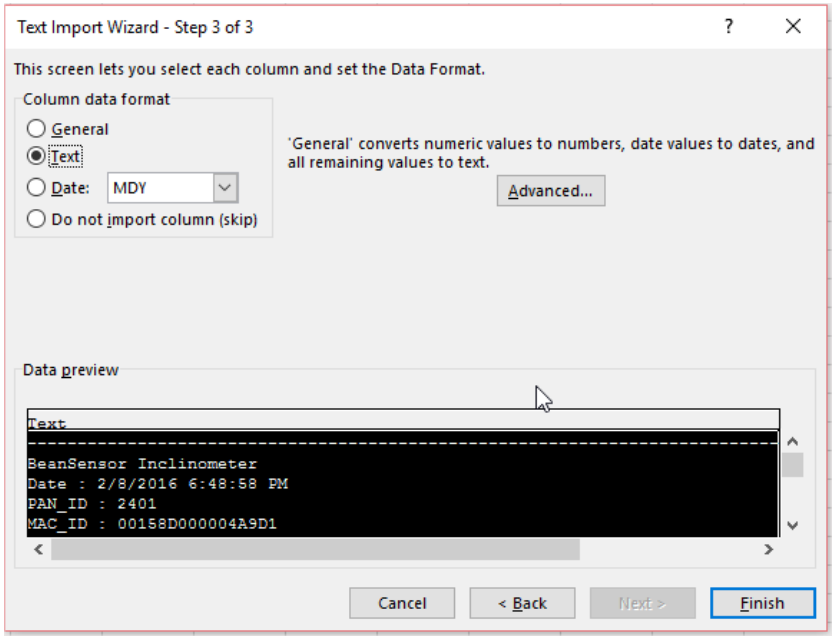
On "***Start import at row***" field: Select the number of lines that you want to suppress from the header:



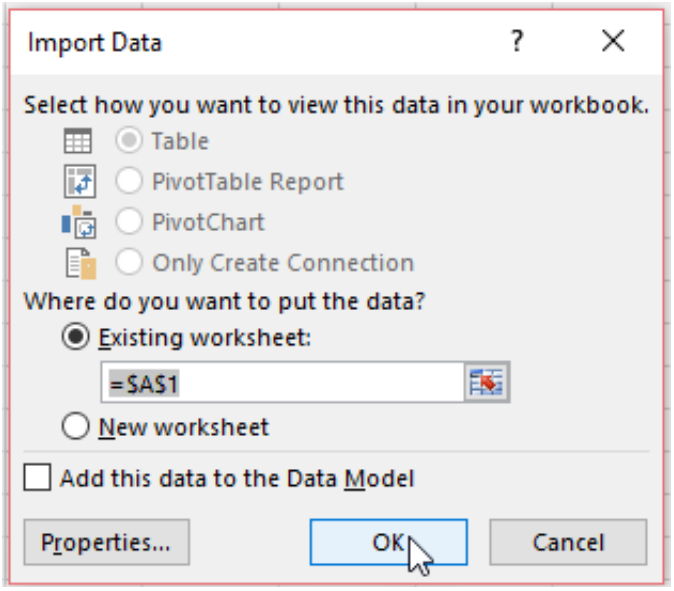
Select semicolon



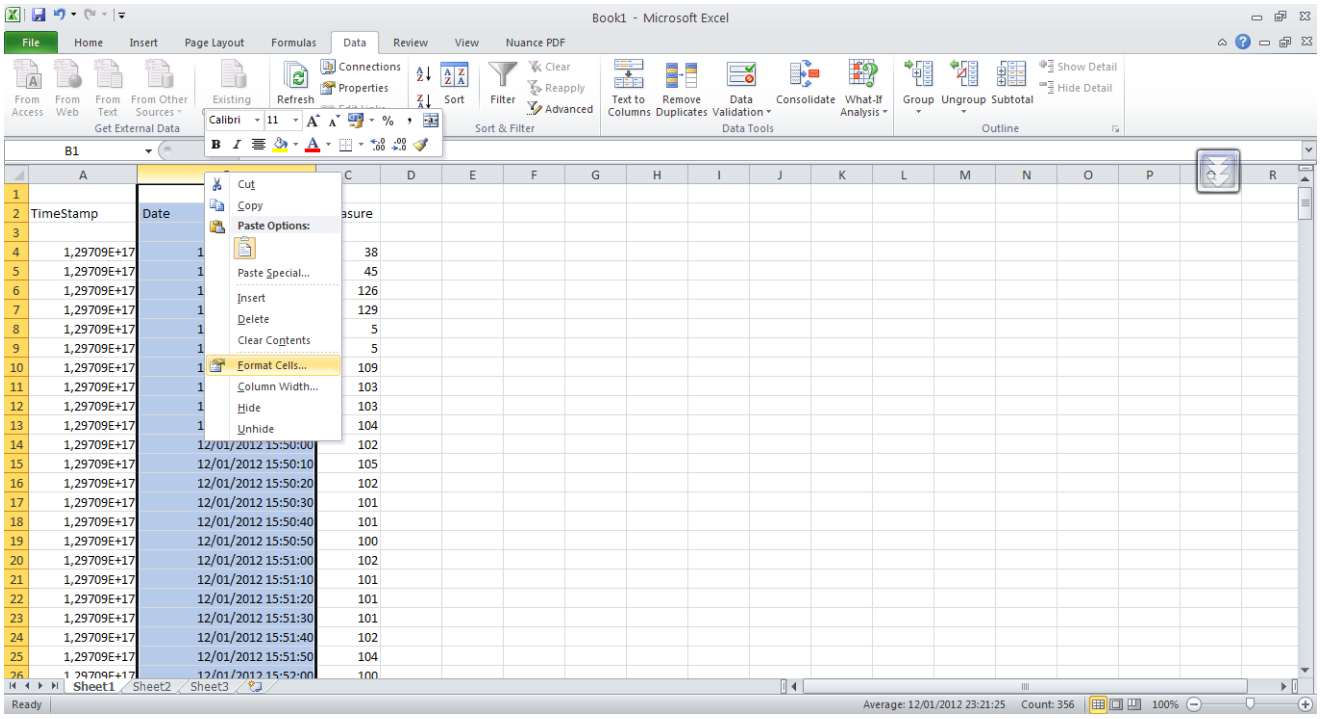
Select Text



Click on OK



Click on format cells:



[See “Exporting a log file to Excel” YouTube video]

7.6.8.4 Calibration Settings log file

Once you connect the BeanDevice® to the BeanGateway® for the first time, all the calibration values will be backed up in the Calibration settings log file inside the BeanDevice folder.

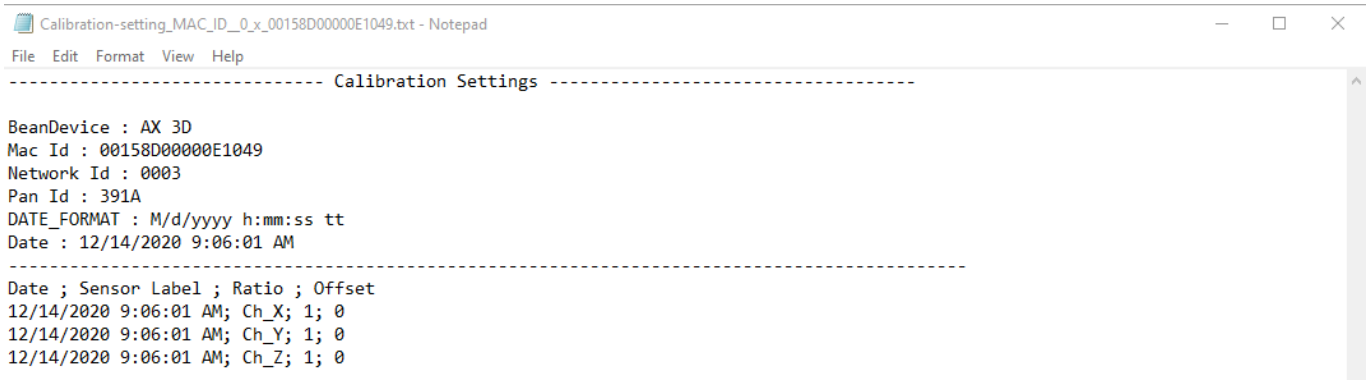


Figure 93: Calibration log file

If you change the your BeanDevice® calibration values, you can easily retrieve them from the calibration settings log file.

8. ALARM MANAGEMENT

8.1 EMAIL CONFIG

User can receive alarms notification by email. This function is only available with "**Survey**" data acquisition mode, "**Alarm**", "**S.E.T**" mode or "**SSD**".

From your BeanScape® software click on **"Tools"** tab then **"Alarm Management"**

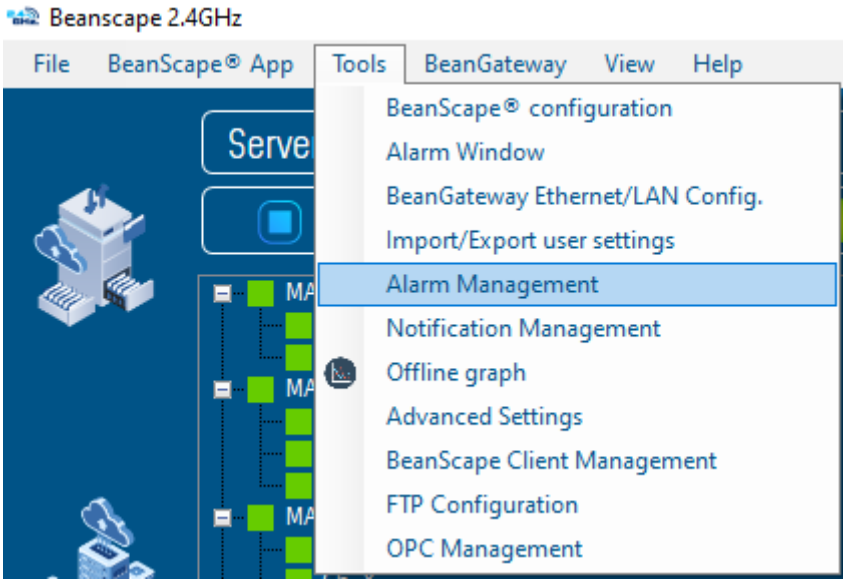


Figure 94: Alarm management menu

A new window will pop up with **SMTP configuration** and reports management, also other system related to alarm notification (Internal temperature, Battery level, Packet Error Rate, Link Quality Indicator) are configured from this window

Check on **Enable Notification by email**: 

and fill out the parameters described below:

Field	*Description*
From	*Enter the email address sending the alarm notification*
To	*Enter the receiver(s) address(es) for alarm notification (max. 3)*
SMTP server	*Enter your Outgoing SMTP server*
Port	*Enter your port Number for your outgoing SMTP server*
User name	*Enter your full email address*
Password	*Enter the password (case sensitive) of your email account*
Max Email per minute	*Maximum number of emails allowed to be sent in one minute*

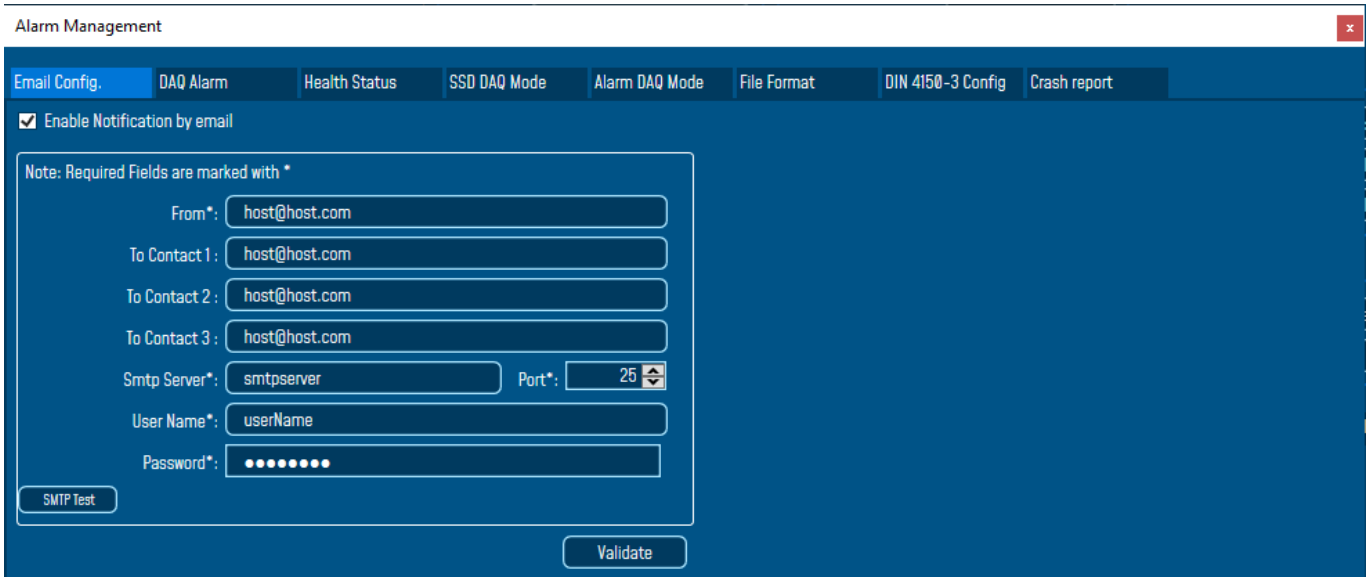


Figure 95: Alarm management window

Users who use the Gmail or Hotmail emails, it's recommended to use the port number 25 while setting the SMTP configuration. Otherwise, users will face issues concerning receiving the Alarm emails.

Do not use the port number 488 instead of 25 while configuring the SMTP server in order to cancel all the issues that might affect the process of receiving the Alarm Emails.

Concerning the number port of the Gmail and Hotmail SMTP, it's highly recommended to use the port number 25 for both servers. DO NOT use any other port number

8.2 DAQ ALARM

The **DAQ alarm** is related to the **S.E.T mode**, you can select Report format (word, PDF, png) and the specific Report/File related to the S.E.T mode to be sent via email.

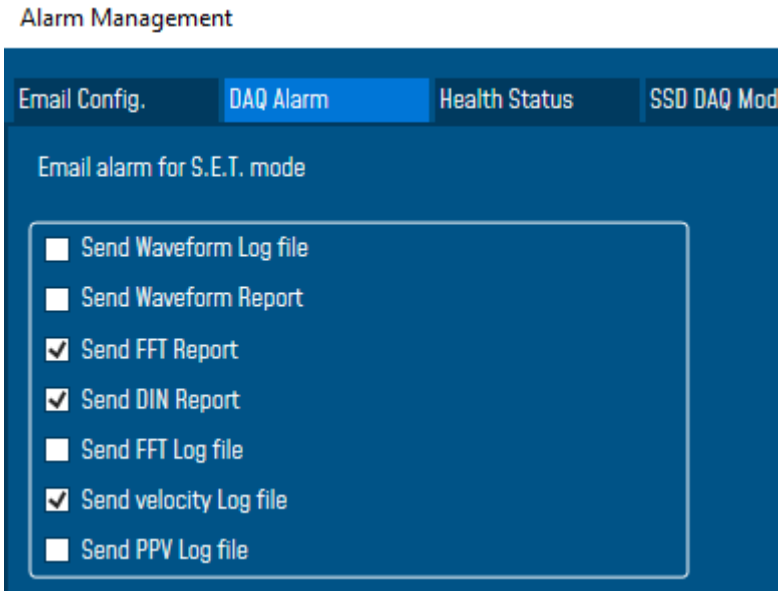


Figure 96: Frame: Email alarm for S.E.T mode

More details about FFT Report/ Log files can be found on the Data acquisition modes available on the BeanDevice Technical note

See « Alarm by email » Youtube video

See «S.E.T mode for 2.4GHz» Youtube video

If a threshold is reached, it is possible to have audio alarm on your PC, it is also possible to import your own MP3 sound.

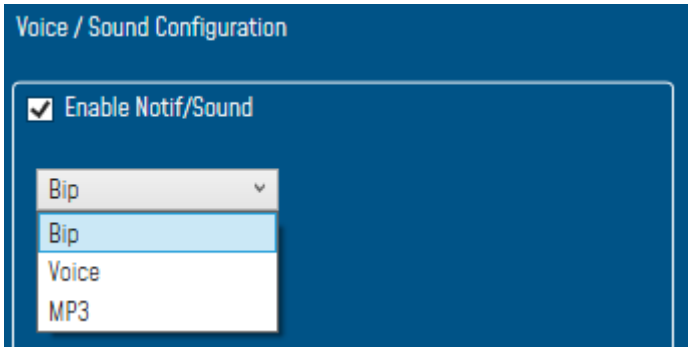


Figure 97: Frame: Sound config

8.3 SSD DAQ MODE

To enable email notification for Smart Shock Detection, navigate to SSD DAQ Mode tab check Enable email, for Audio notification on PC check Enable Notif/Sound

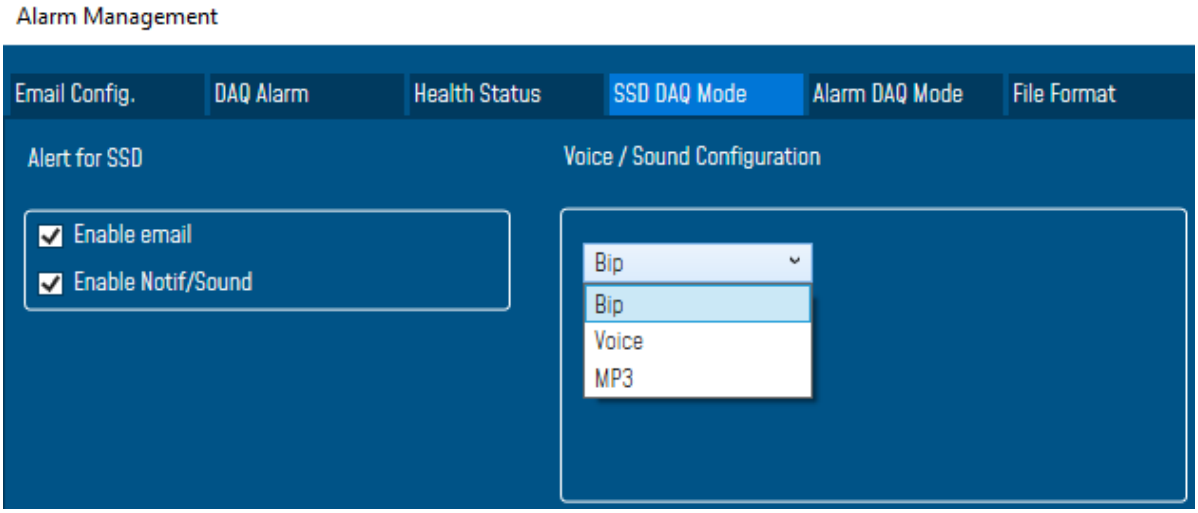


Figure 98: Email alarm for Shock detection

To Test your Configuration, you can send a test email by clicking on SMTP Test, if everything is ok, you will receive a validation email then Validate and close the window.

Figure 99: Alarm Mailing SMTP Test

8.4 ALARM DAQ MODE

To enable email notification for Alarm mode, navigate to Alarm DAQ Mode tab check Enable email, for Audio notification on PC check Enable Notif/Sound

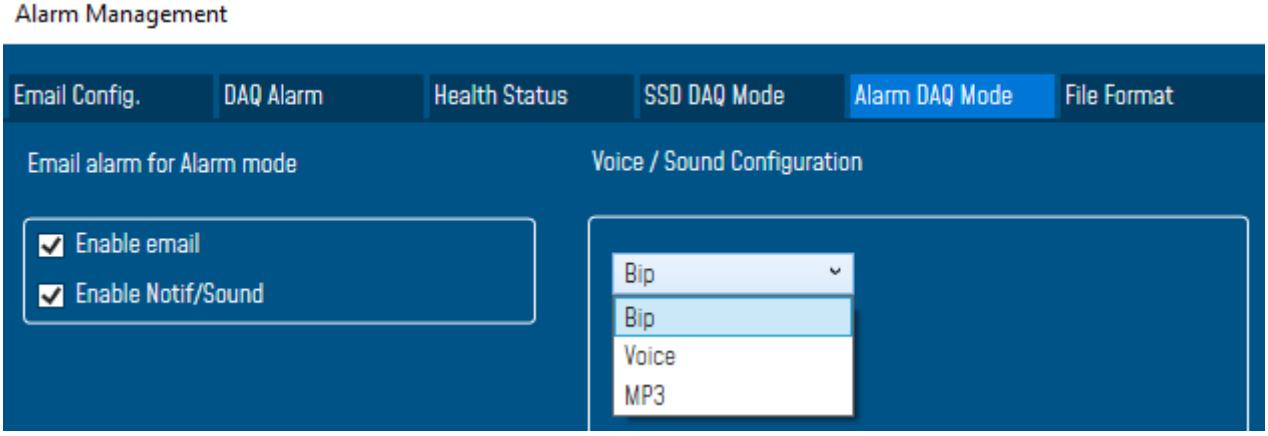


Figure 100: Email alarm for Alarm mode

To Test your Configuration, you can send a test email by clicking on SMTP Test, if everything is ok, you will receive a validation email then Validate and close the window.

Figure 101: Alarm Mailing SMTP Test

8.5 SYSTEM ALARM

Same as the DAQ Alarm tab, the **System Alarm tab** contains SMTP configuration in order to receive notification on system status:

Figure 102: BeanDevice® Health Status management

- **Internal temperature**: email notification if the internal temperature reached the pre-defined levels.
- **Battery level**: email notification if the battery level reached the pre-defined minimum and maximum voltages.
- **Packer error rate (PER)**: email notification if the PER reaches the pre-defined levels
- **Link quality indicator (LQI)**: email notification when the LQI reaches the pre-defined levels

Check Send System Log file to receive all the related information within a log file.

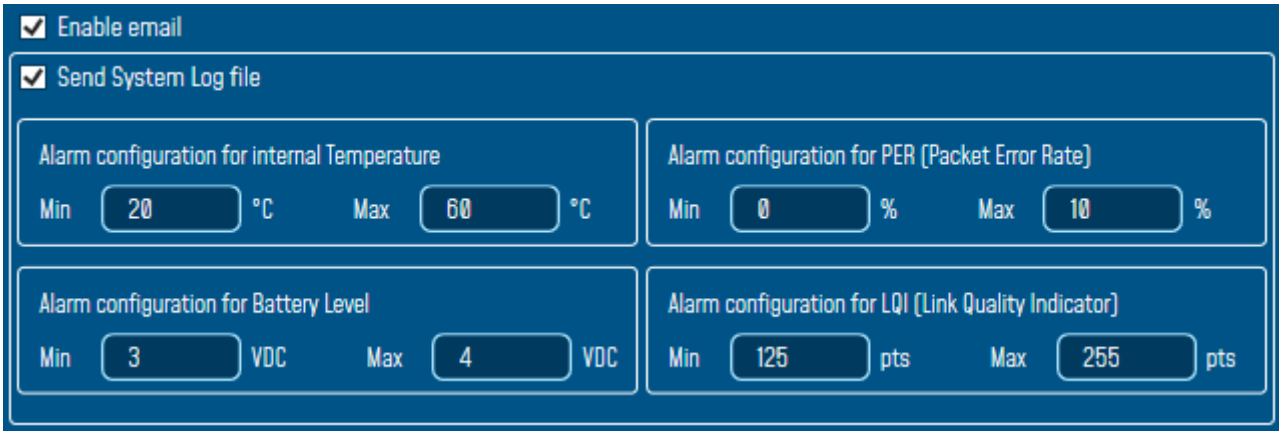


Figure 103: System Alarm Settings

From System Alarm, user can receive Alert for Datalogger by enabling Notification or Emails, also receiving Alert for Diagnostic.

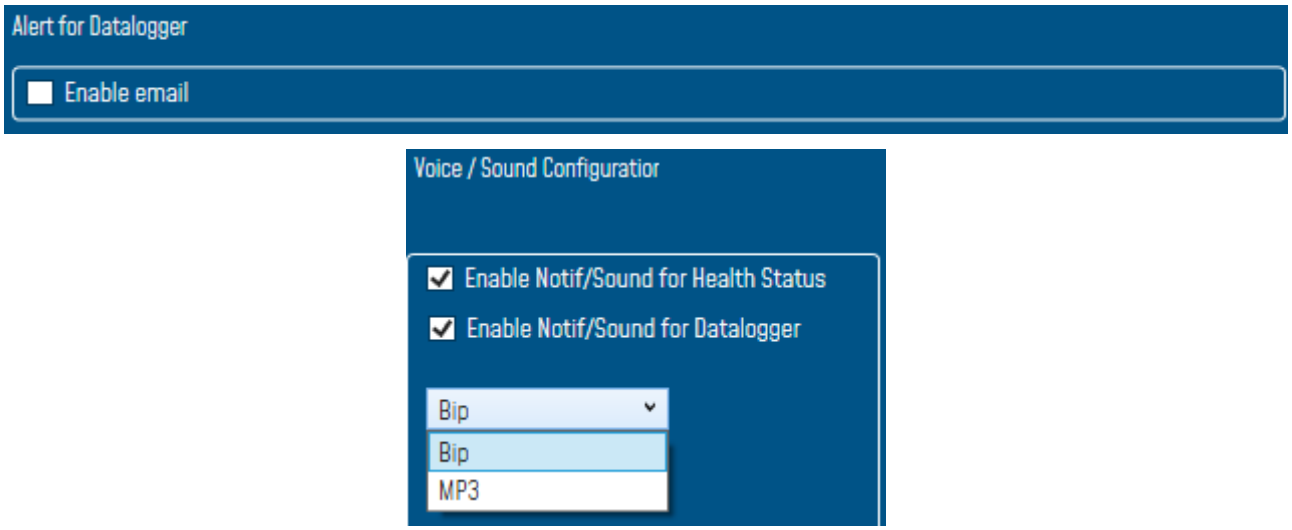


Figure 104: Enable/Disable Notif/mail for Diagnostic and Datalogger

8.6 FILE FORMAT

In this area, user can choose the report format and apply a custom document header setting as uploading a logo and other textual information related to monitoring site:

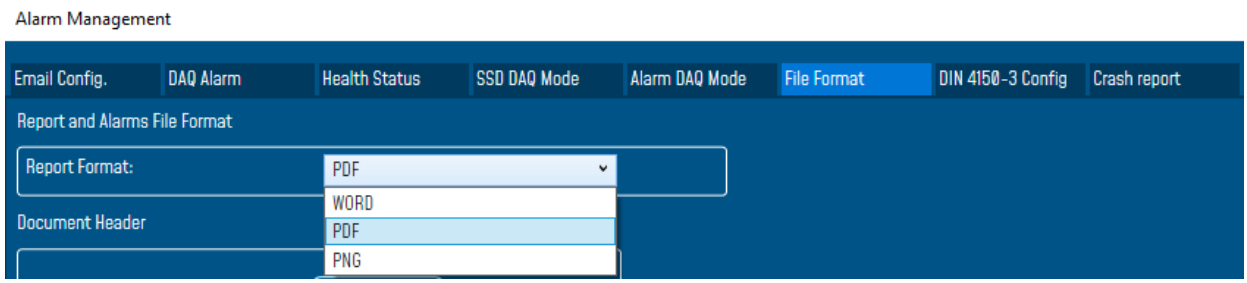


Figure 105: File Format settings

- **Logo:** Choose a picture to define it as a logo
- **User Name:** Use a specific User name
- **Monitoring Site:** Name you Monitoring Site
- **Location:** Your Monitoring Site location

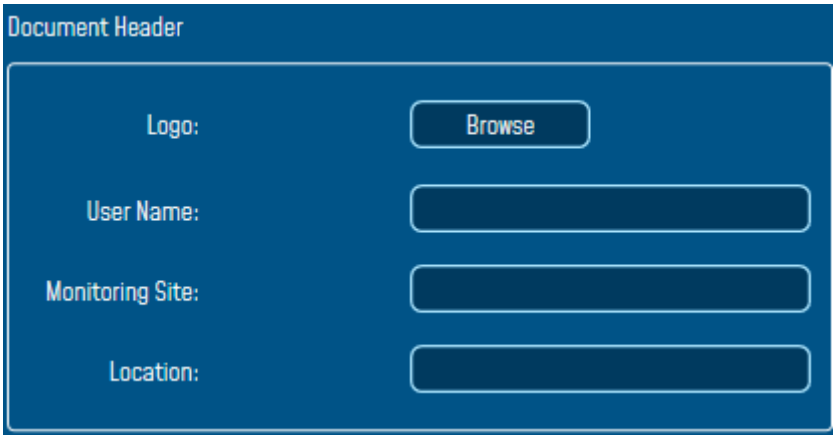


Figure 106: Alarm Note settings

8.7 DIN 4150-30 CONFIGURATION

Din Configuration tab is used to select the Building type and the pipe material that should be displayed on the DIN Report and the Velocity Log file.

You can select 3 Building types from the list: **Commercial**, **Dwellings** and **Non_Classified.**

For the Pipe material, the list contains: **Steel**, **Clay Concrete** and **Masonry Plastic.**

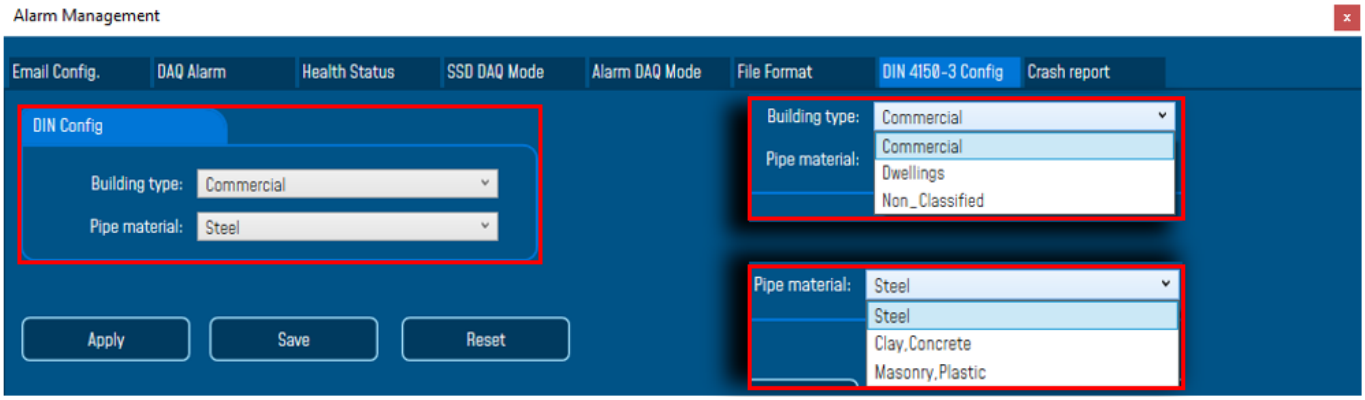


Figure 107: DIN 4150-3 Configuration

Ch_Z – Max Frequency: 0 hz , VPPV = 119.329442495219 mm/s , Max Amplitude = 0.688049814453125 g

	Ch_X	Ch_Y	Ch_Z
Building Type	*Commercial*	*Commercial*	*Commercial*
Pipeline Material	*Steel*	*Steel*	*Steel*
Velocity Average(mm/s)	*0.0031145223880597*	*0.00540280099502487*	*-0.00366334328358209*

Figure 108: Building type & Pipeline Material on the DIN Report

```
=====> No acceleration event occurred - Monit

-------------------------------------------
----------------------------- DIN Report ----
Building type = Dwellings
Pipeline Material = Masonry,Plastic
Velocity Average (mm/s) = -0.0007515524999999
```

Figure 109: Building type & Pipeline Material on the Velocity Log file

8.8 CRASH REPORT

If the software crashes down, the user can send us a detailed report within all the information related to this crash.

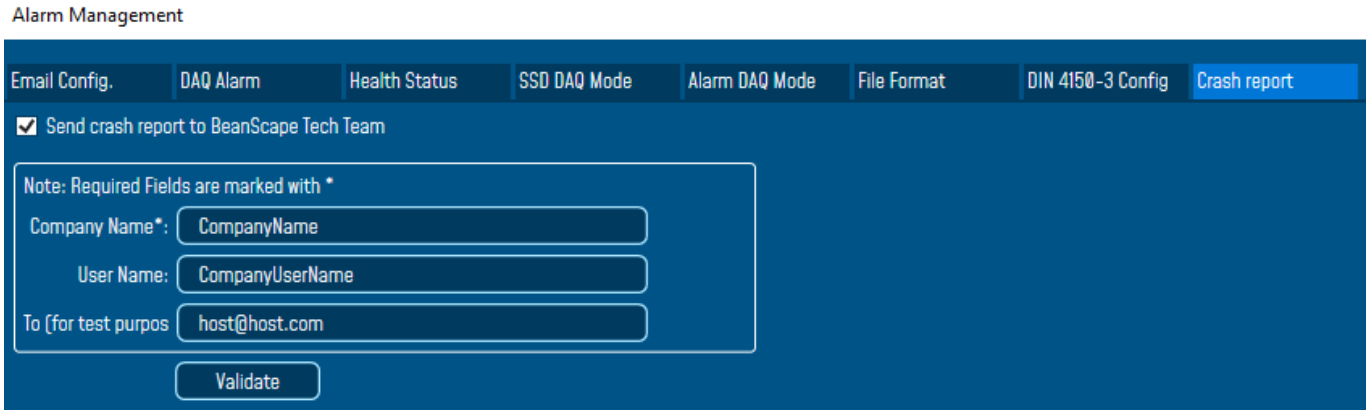


Figure 110: Crash Report settings

9. TOOLS TAB

Many features are available in the tools tab, so user has access to several options and configurations related to BeanScape® & BeanDevice® management.

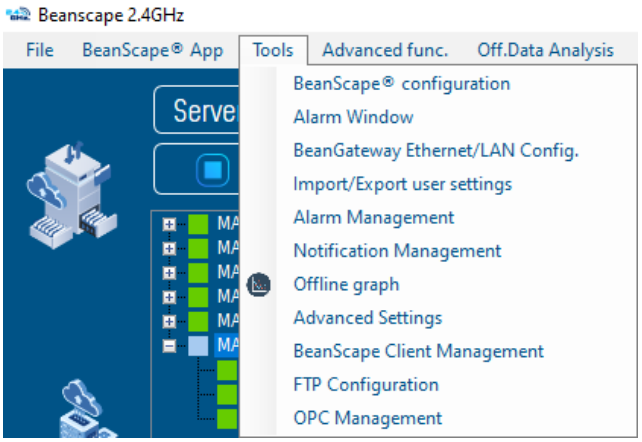


Figure 111: Tools tab main menu

9.1 BEANSCAPE® CONFIGURATION

BeanScape® menu window contains several configuration options related to the system configuration, Log file management and many other options.

9.1.1 Log file configuration

Here the user can manage the log file size, log file name, log file generation option and so on.

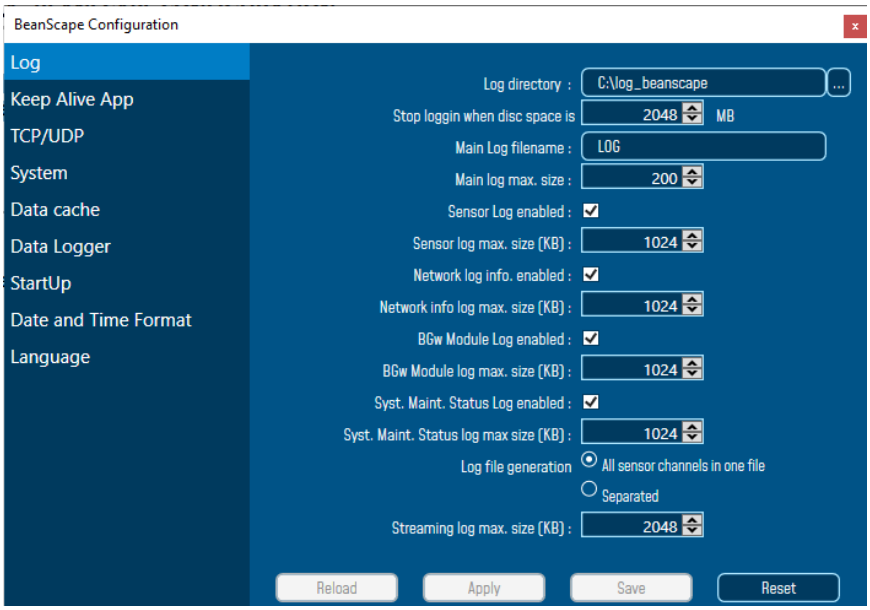


Figure 112: Log file configuration

9.1.2 Keep Alive App

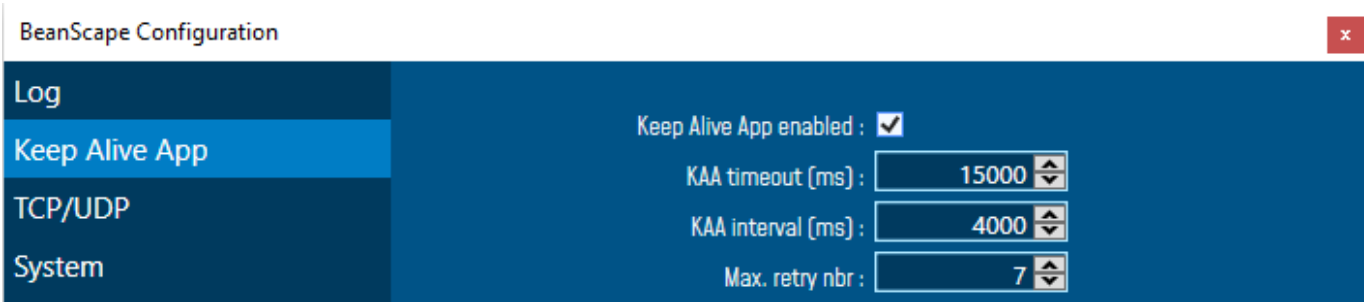


Figure 113: Keep Alive app

Three parameters related to keepalive are available:

- **Keep alive timeout** is the duration between two keep alive transmissions in idle condition. TCP keepalive period is required to be configurable and by default is set to no less than 2 hours.
- **Keep alive interval** is the duration between two successive keep alive retransmissions, if acknowledgement to the previous keep alive transmission is not received.
- **Max retry** is the number of retransmissions to be carried out before declaring that remote end is not available.

Keepalive packet contains null data. In a TCP/IP over Ethernet network, a keepalive frame is of 60 bytes, while acknowledge to this also null data frame and is of 54 bytes.

9.1.3 BeanGateway® Configuration via TCP/UDP

User can change the TCP/UDP ports and UDP server. By default, the TCP port is set to 5313, UDP port 53130 and the UDP server is 127.0.0.1

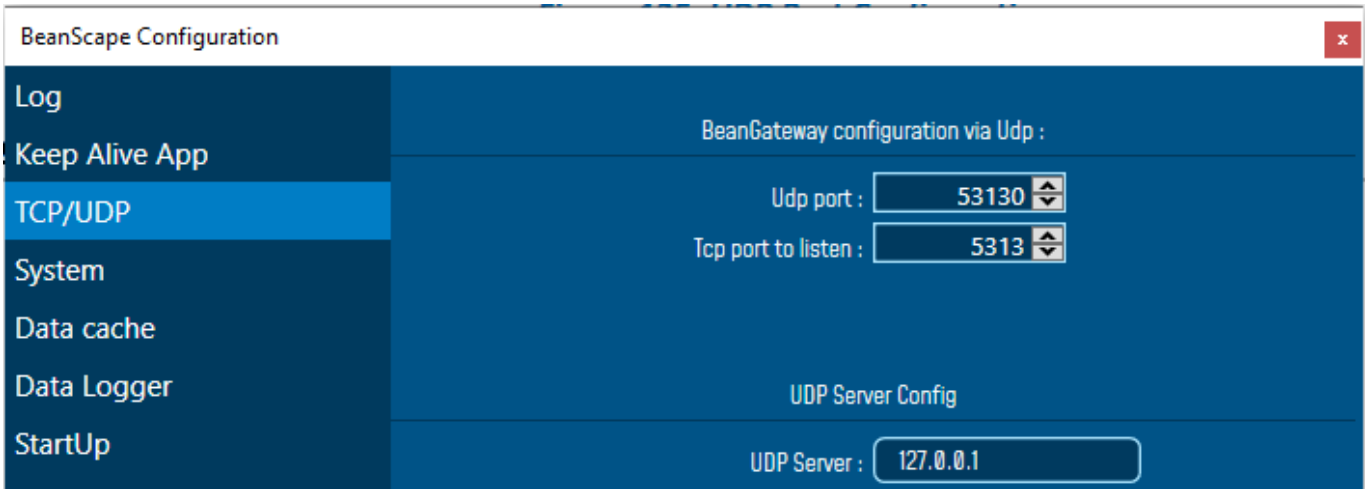


Figure 114: TCP/UDP configuration

9.1.4 System Configuration

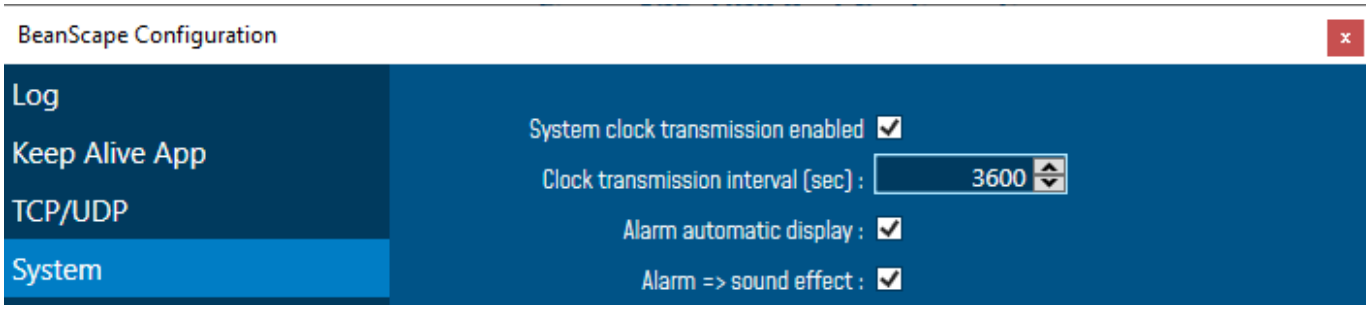


Figure 115: System Config

- ✓ ***System clock transmission enabled:*** Check this box to enable the system clock transmission.
- ✓ ***Clock transmission interval:*** Choose the clock transmission interval in seconds.
- ✓ ***Alarm automatic display:*** Check this box if you want to see an alarm window displayed automatically when a window alarm threshold is exceeded.
- ✓ ***Alarm ➔ Sound Effect:*** Check this box if you want to hear a sound effect when a threshold is exceeded.

9.1.5 Data cache configuration

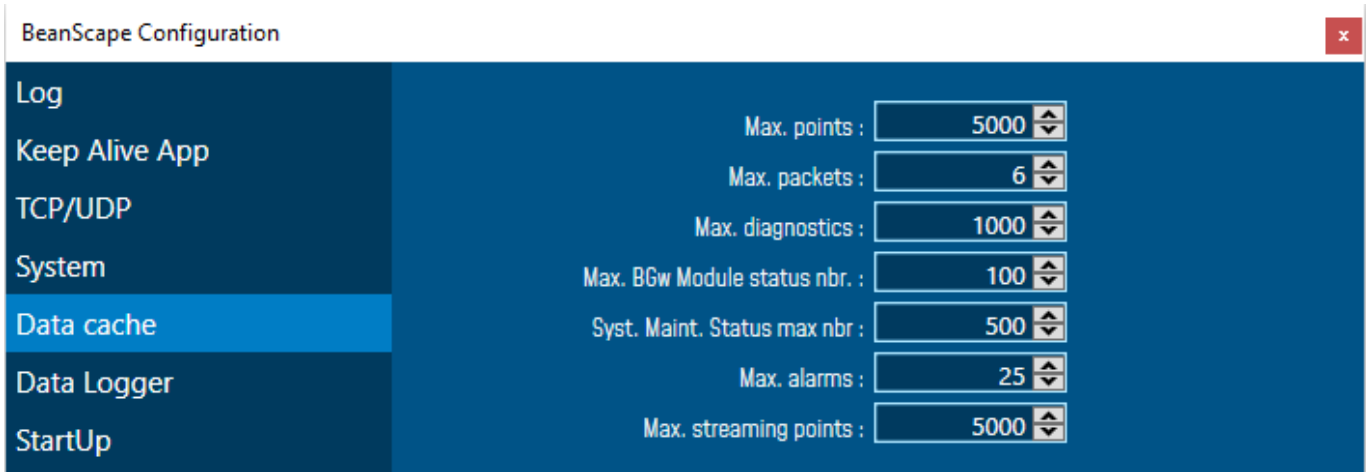


Figure 116: Data Cache configuration

- ***Maximum number of points:*** Set here the maximum number of points displayed on the BeanScape® graph
- ***Maximum number of packets:*** Set here the maximum number of packets displayed on the BeanScape® graph
- ***Max number of diagnostics:*** Set here the maximum number of diagnostics displayed on the BeanScape® graph
- ***Max BGw Module status number:*** Set here the maximum number of modules displayed on the BeanGateway® Status graph on BeanScape® graph

- ***System Maint Status max number:*** Set here the maximum number of points displayed on the BeanGateway® Status graph on BeanScape® graph
- ***Max. alarms:*** Set here the maximum alarms number
- ***Max. Streaming points:*** Set here the maximum streaming points number.

9.1.6 Data Logger configuration

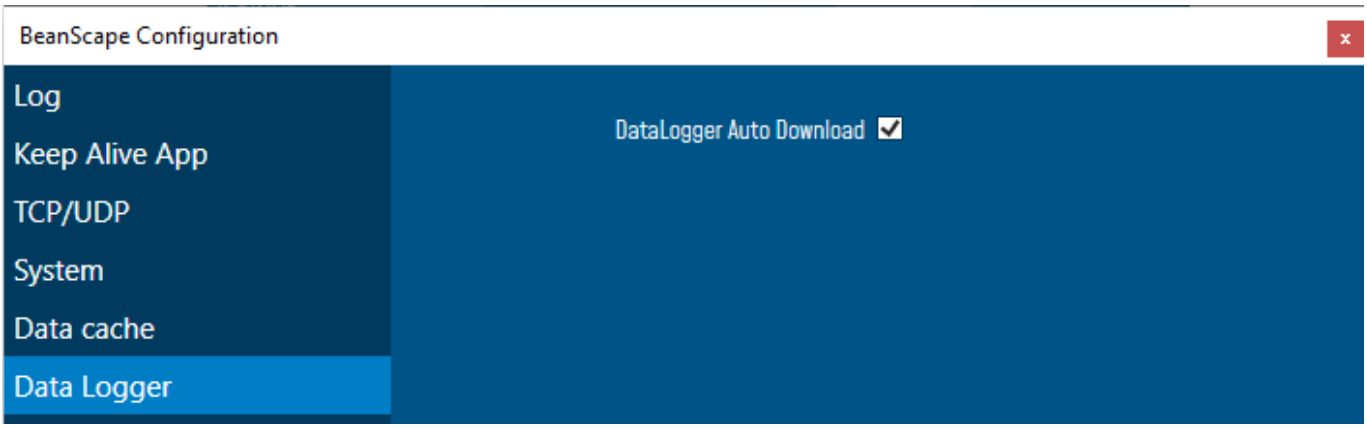


Figure 117: Data logger configuration

Check the data logger downloader check box to enable the automatic downloading process once, you start the connection.

9.1.7 Startup

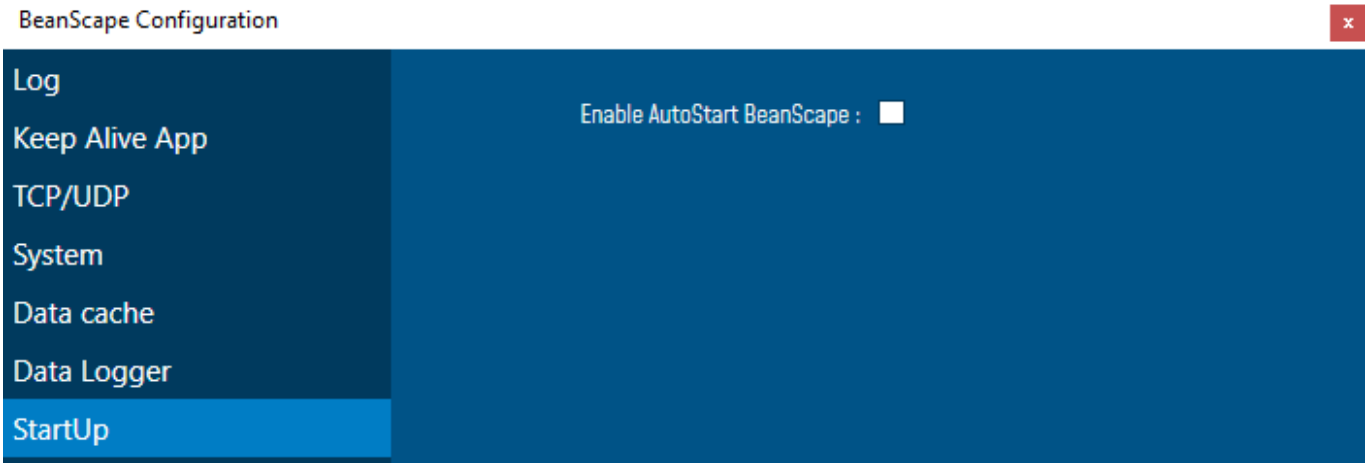


Figure 118: BeanScape® startup

Check the AutoStart check box to enable auto launch BeanScape® software once you start your PC.

9.1.8 Date & Time format

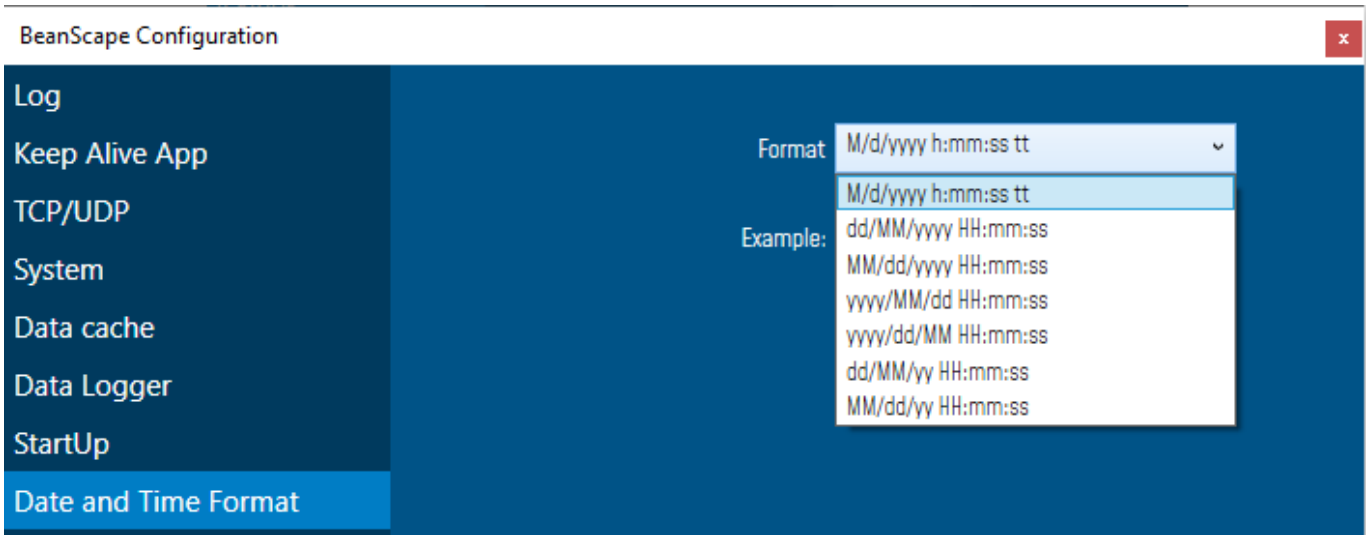


Figure 119: Date & time settings

Select the suitable date and time format from the scroll down menu then validate.

9.1.9 Language

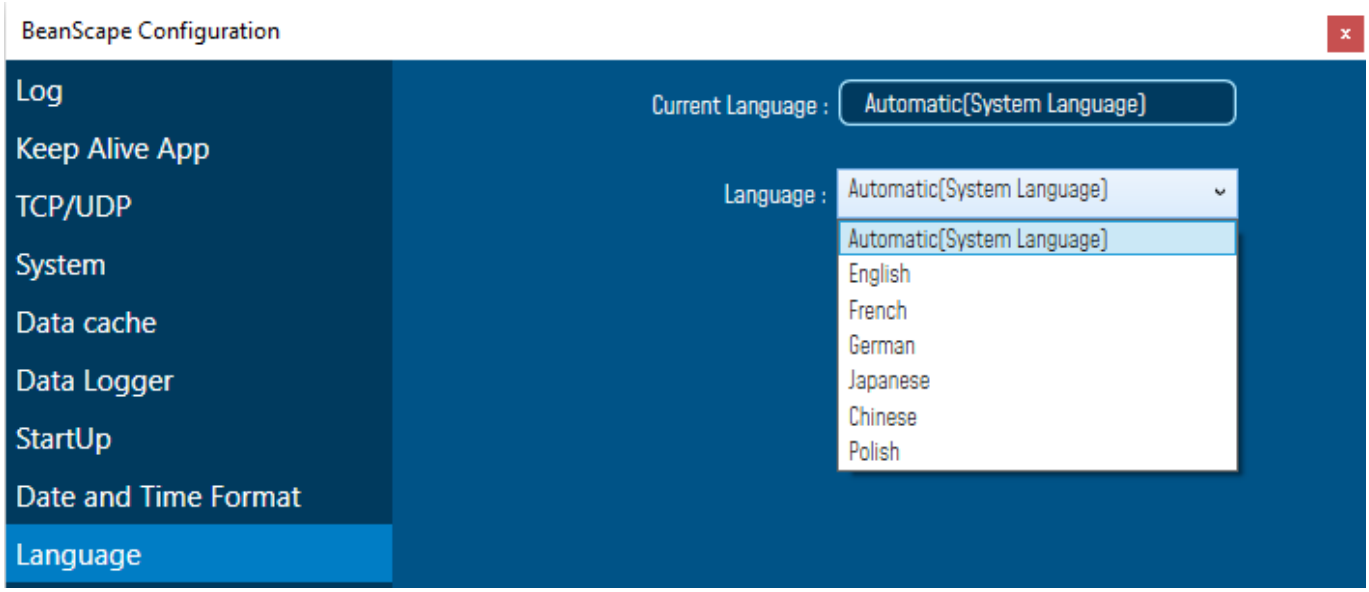
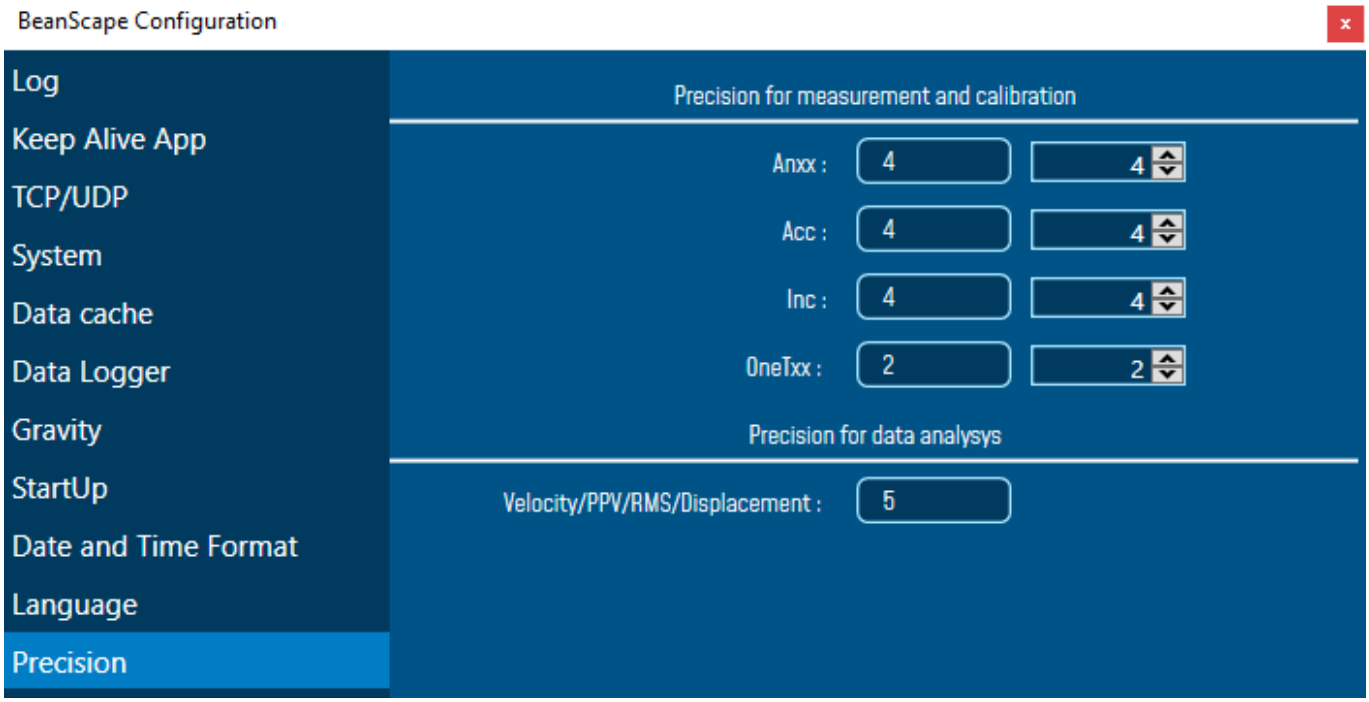


Figure 120: BeanScape® language

BeanScape® software support several languages, select your suitable one from the scroll down list.

9.1.10 Precision



You can change the precision based on your BeanDevice platform. The maximum number of digits is 6.

9.2 ALARM WINDOW

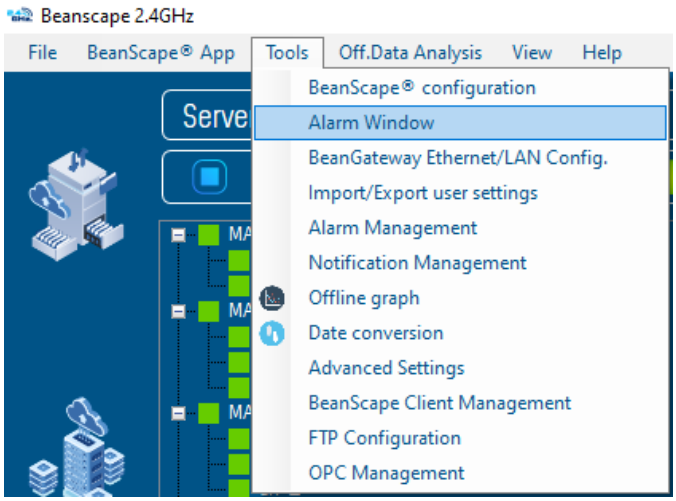


Figure 121: Alarm Window

All the Alarm events will be displayed on the alarm window with the corresponding date and time and on which sensor the alarm was occurred.

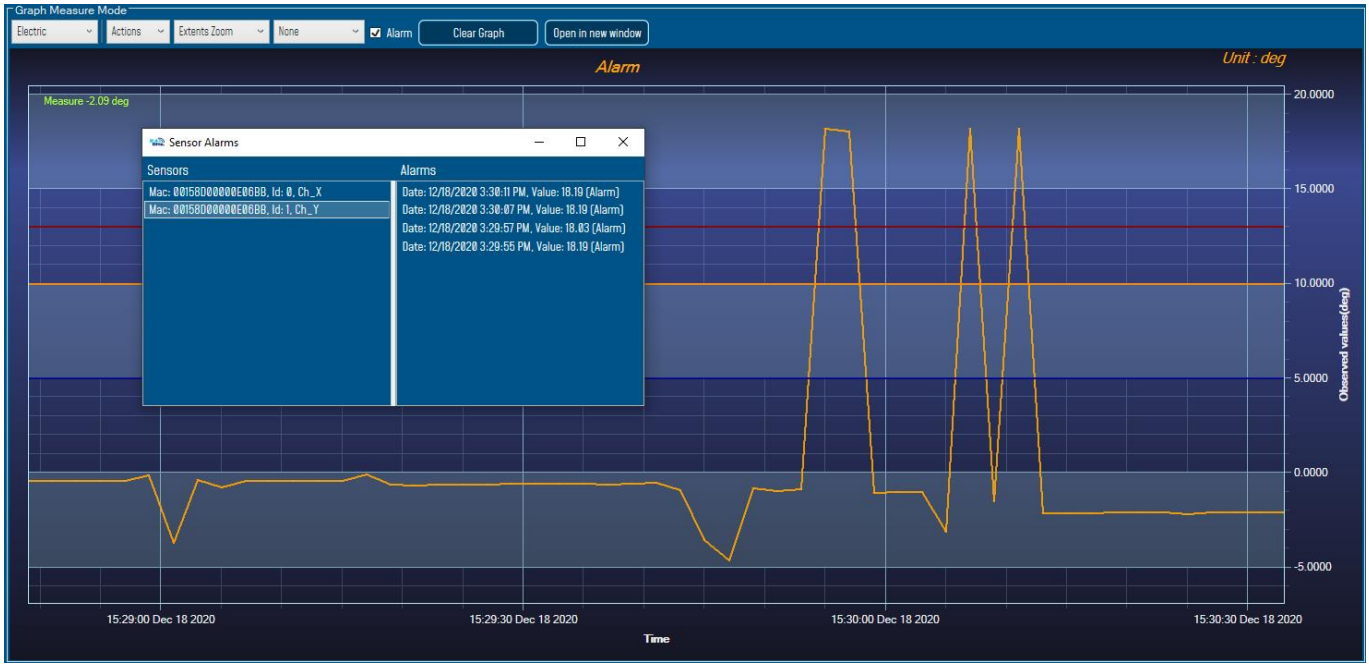


Figure 122: Alarm window display

9.3 IMPORT/EXPORT USER SETTINGS

9.3.1 Custom User Configuration

9.3.1.1 Export Function

Click on the tab ***Tools*** then "***Export/Import user settings***"

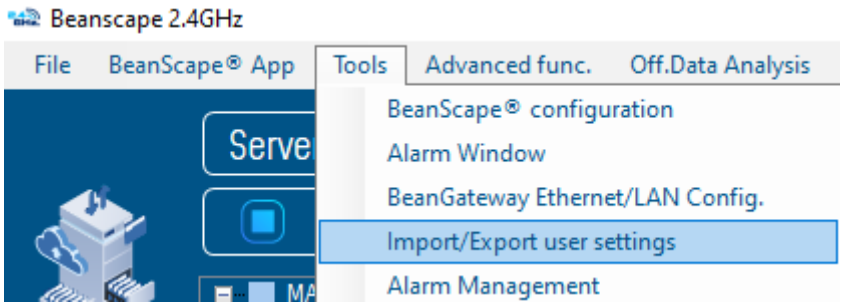


Figure 123: Import/Export feature

A new window will appear, which contains the **Custom User Configuration** and the **BeanScape Configuration**,

- **Custom User Configuration** represent the settings that have relationship with the BeanGateway and the BeanDevices®.
- **BeanScape Configuration** is related to BeanScape settings.

Under Custom User Configuration click on ***Export***:

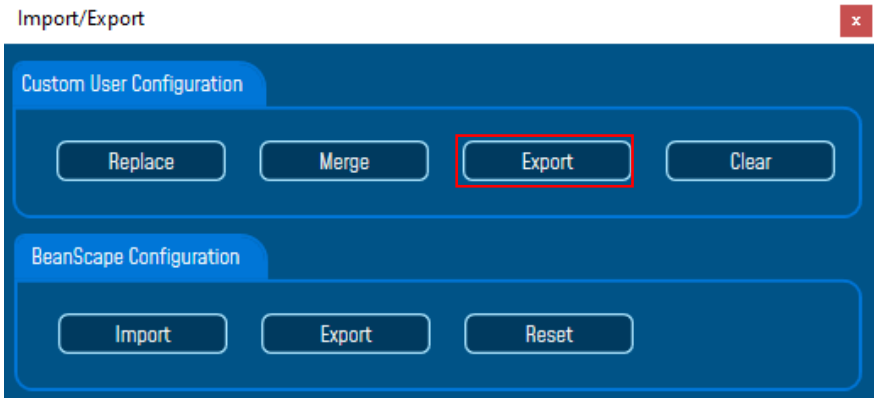


Figure 124: Custom user configuration section

User configuration is exported in XML format:

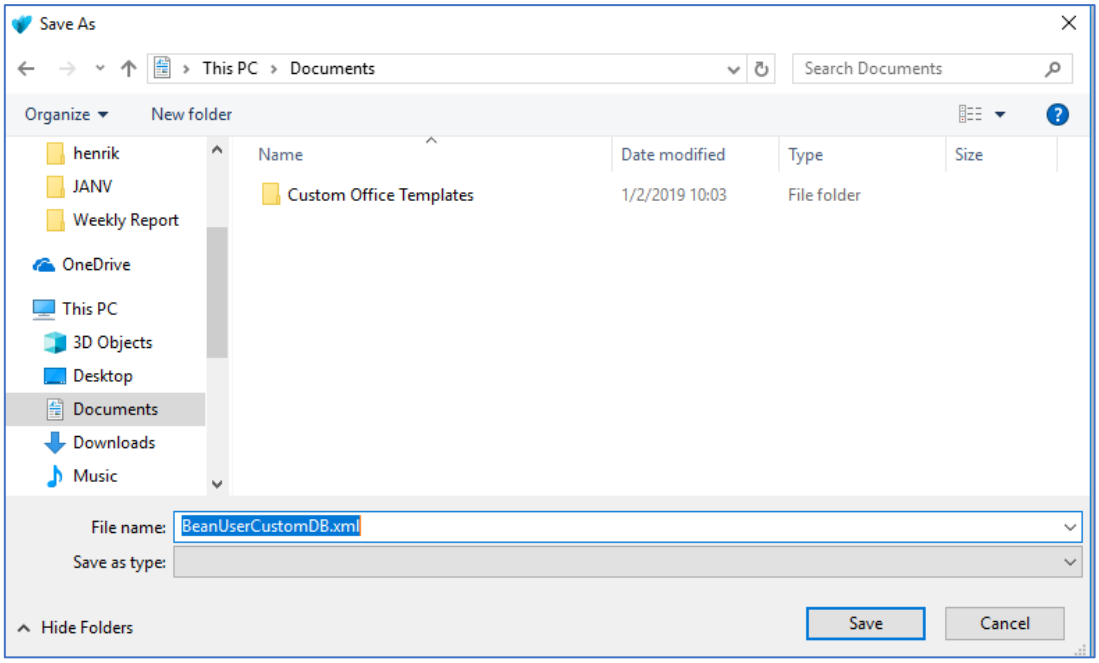


Figure 125: user export settings

C:\Users\GraphicDesigner\Desktop\BeanUserCustomDB..xml - Sublime Text (UNREGISTERED)

File Edit Selection Find View Goto Tools Project Preferences Help

BeanUserCustomDB..xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" standalone="yes"?>
<BeanScape_User_Settings xmlns="BeanUserCustomDB">
  <Site>
    <PAN_ID>070D</PAN_ID>
    <MAC_ID>00158D00000E070D</MAC_ID>
    <SITE_LBL>PAN_ID : 0 x 070D</SITE_LBL>
    <SITE_REF>SITE_REF</SITE_REF>
    <SITE_TYPE>SITE_TYPE</SITE_TYPE>
    <SITE_COMMENTS />
  </Site>
  <Platform>
    <PAN_ID>070D</PAN_ID>
    <MAC_ID>00158D00000E0CE6</MAC_ID>
    <PLATFORM_LBL>MAC_ID : 0 x 00158D00000E0CE6</PLATFORM_LBL>
    <PLATFORM_REF>PLATFORM_REF</PLATFORM_REF>
    <PLATFORM_TYPE>PLATFORM_TYPE</PLATFORM_TYPE>
    <PLATFORM_FOLDER_NAME>Folder 0CE6</PLATFORM_FOLDER_NAME>
    <FFT_REALTIME>false</FFT_REALTIME>
    <FFT_SHIFT>false</FFT_SHIFT>
    <FFT_AUTOREPORT>false</FFT_AUTOREPORT>
    <FFT_LOGFILE>false</FFT_LOGFILE>
    <FFT_VECTOR>128</FFT_VECTOR>
    <FFT_VECTOR_MANUAL>false</FFT_VECTOR_MANUAL>
    <FFT_WINDOW_TYPE>0</FFT_WINDOW_TYPE>
    <FFT_ALGORITHM>0</FFT_ALGORITHM>
    <ZERO_PADDING>true</ZERO_PADDING>
    <MANUAL_FFT>false</MANUAL_FFT>
    <Waveform_Report>false</Waveform_Report>
    <_Waveform_LogByEmail_>false</_Waveform_LogByEmail_>
    <_Set_ThresholdType_>0</_Set_ThresholdType_>
    <IIRFILTER>false</IIRFILTER>
    <VELOCITY_REALTIME>false</VELOCITY_REALTIME>
    <VELOCITY_DIN_REPORT>false</VELOCITY_DIN_REPORT>
    <VELOCITY_LOGFILE>false</VELOCITY_LOGFILE>
    <PPV_LOGFILE>false</PPV_LOGFILE>
```

Figure 126: Custom_DB example

9.3.1.2 Import Function

Click on ***Replace*** to import user configuration, by choosing replace function the old Custom_DB will be replaced with the new one.

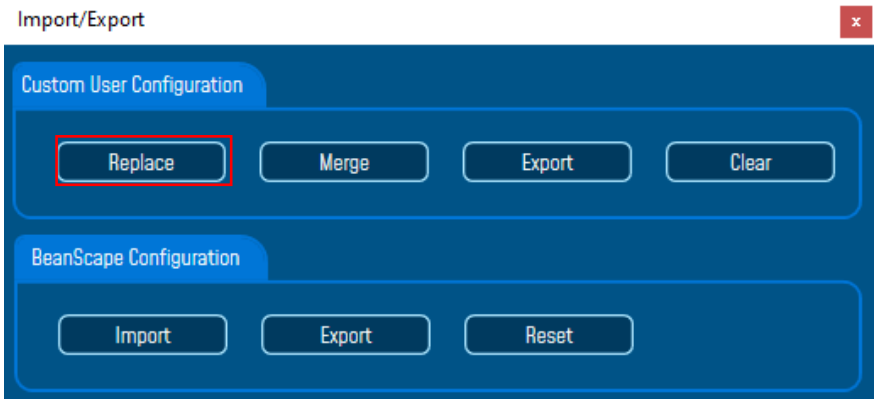


Figure 127: Custom user configuration window

By choosing ***Merge*** function the old Custom_DB will be merged with the new one.

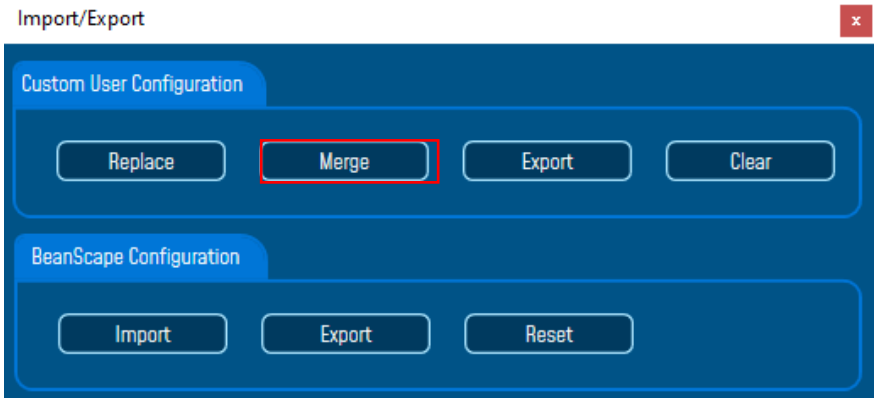


Figure 128: Custom user configuration (merge)

Click on **Clear** to clear the Custom_DB.

Don't try to change manually the XML file, there is a high risk to corrupt it.

9.3.2 BeanScape® Configuration

9.3.2.1 Export Function

Click on ***Export*** to export BeanScape configuration

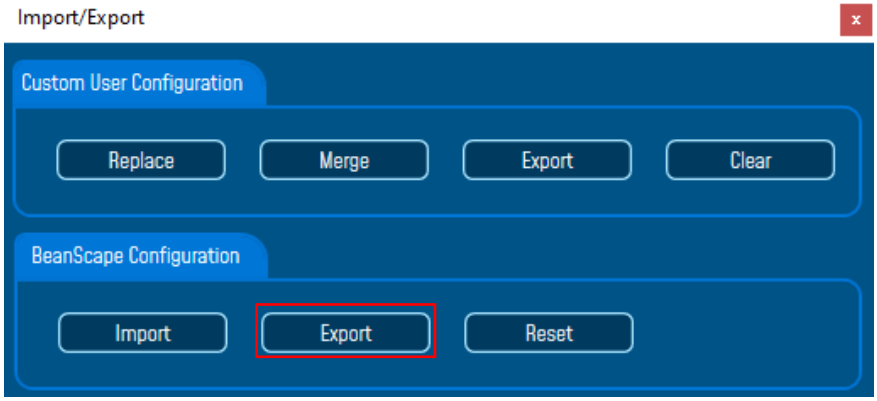


Figure 129: Export window for BeanScape Config

BeanScape configuration is exported in XML format:

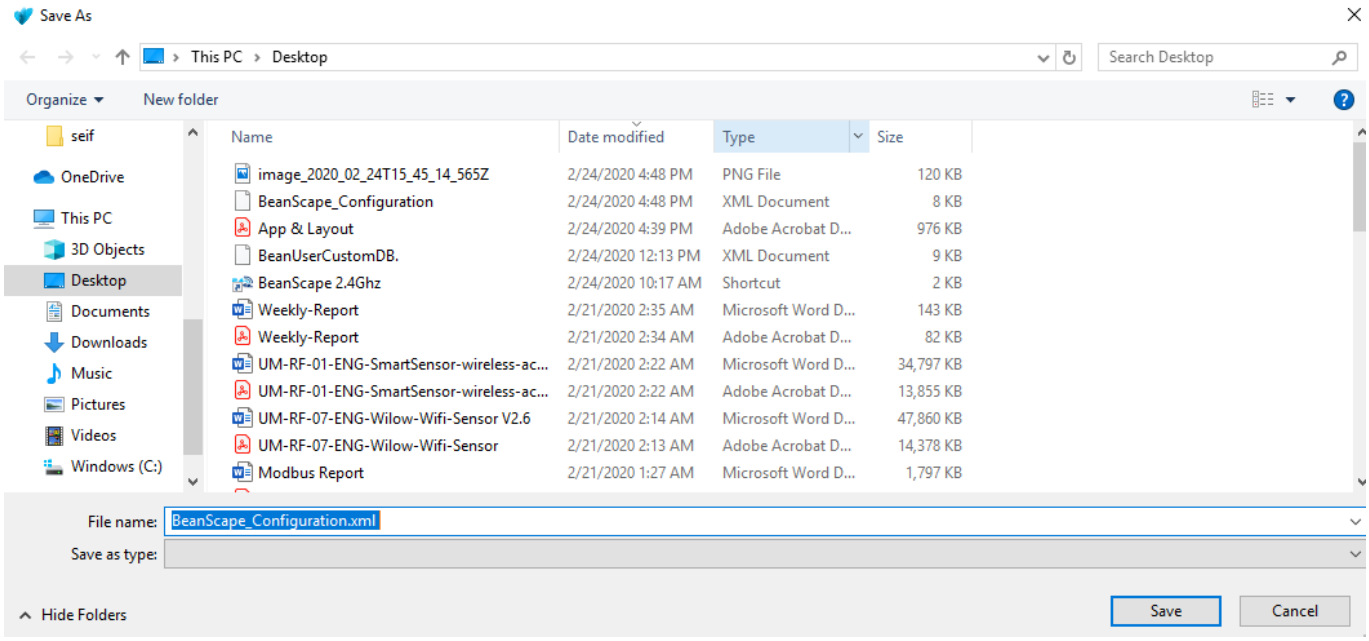


Figure 130: BeanScape Config exportation

9.3.2.2 Import Function

Click on ***Import*** to import BeanScape configuration

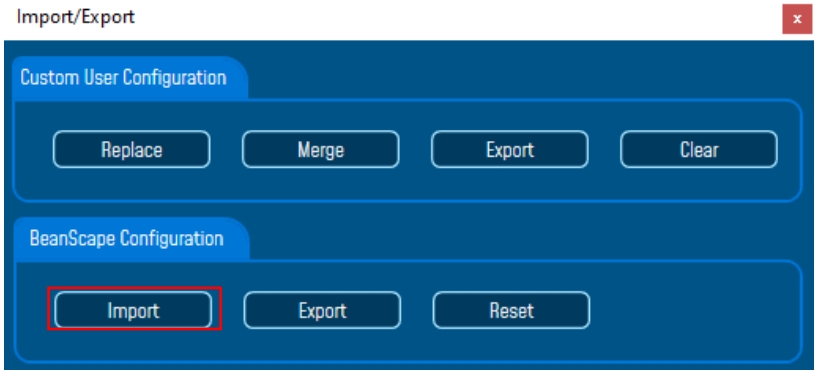


Figure 131: Import function for BeanScape Config

Click on **Reset** to reset the BeanScape configuration.

9.4 NOTIFICATION MANAGEMENT

Several notification options are available, linked to the BeanDevice® status information and BeanScape® software.

Click on Tools Tab and navigate to Notification Management option, new window will pop up.

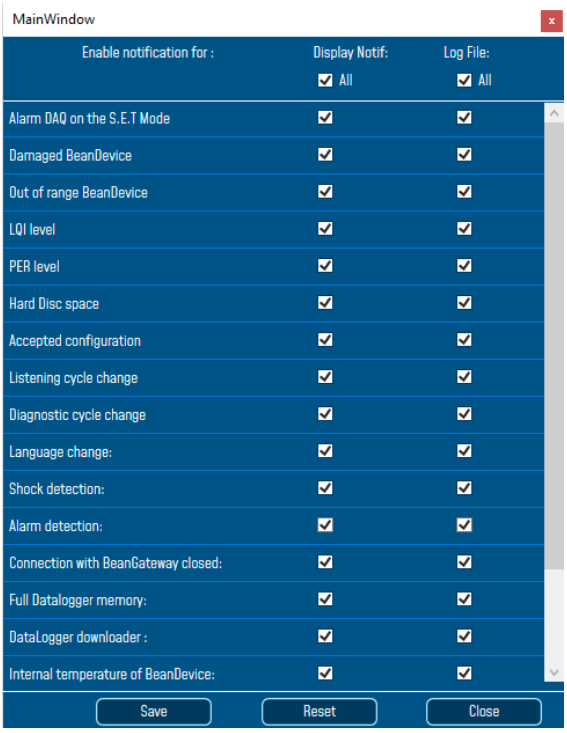


Figure 132: Notification Management Window

By enabling the notification option, user have the possibility to choose a displayed notification message on the screen of his PC and a received Log file containing the notification details.

9.5 OFFLINE GRAPH

Offline Graph gives the ability to read previous measurements files, proceeding by browsing the files and then clicking on view.

Under the Tool menu on the BeanScape® software, select Offline Graph option, a new window will pop up, and will be ready to be used to display graphs from the saved measurements.

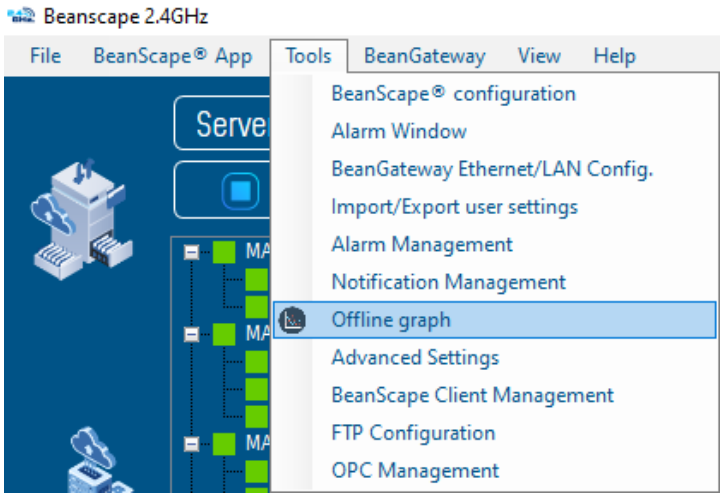


Figure 133: Offline graph menu on BeanScape®

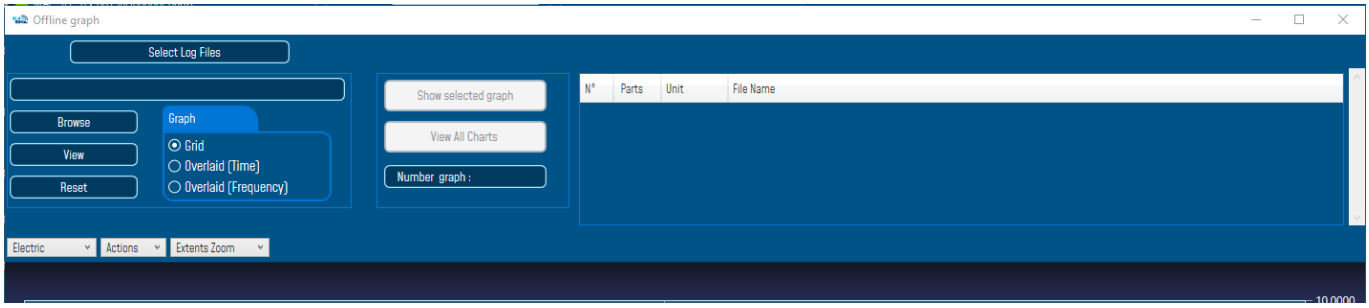


Figure 134: Offline graph window

- Chose Grid if you want to see the graphs displayed on a grid
- Chose overlaid if you want to see the graphs displayed overlaid (pick Time for temporal x axis or frequency for frequential x axis)

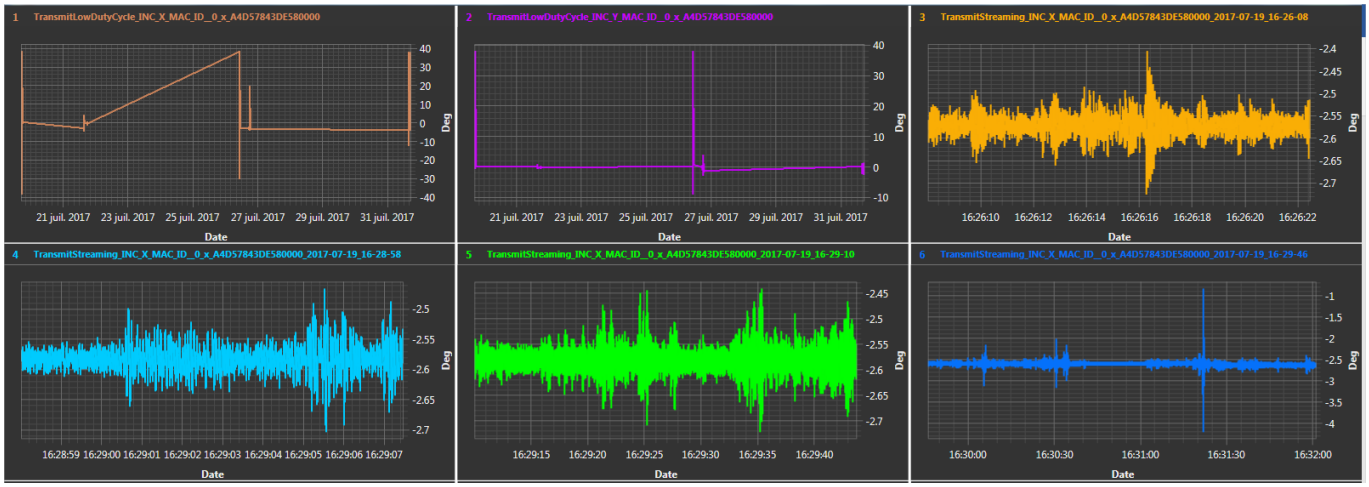


Figure 135: Grid display of graphs

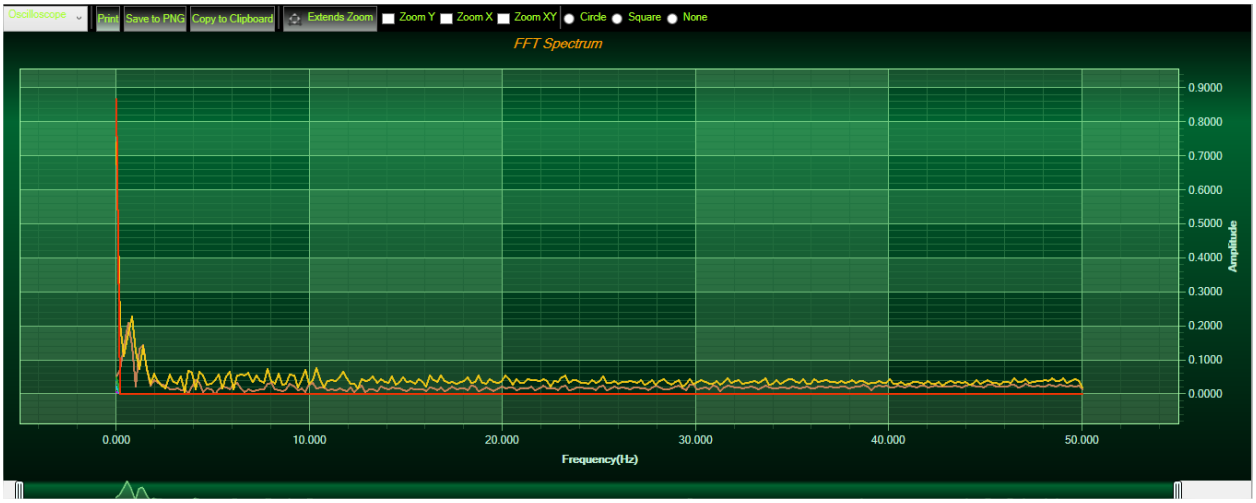


Figure 136: Overlaid (frequency)display of FFT graphs

9.6 DATE CONVERSION

Data downloaded from the data logger are organized in a system well optimized to minimize non-important data and leave maximum storage space for measurement values, hence using indexation to refer to measurement timing.

To make these files more readable we use the Data Conversion tool.

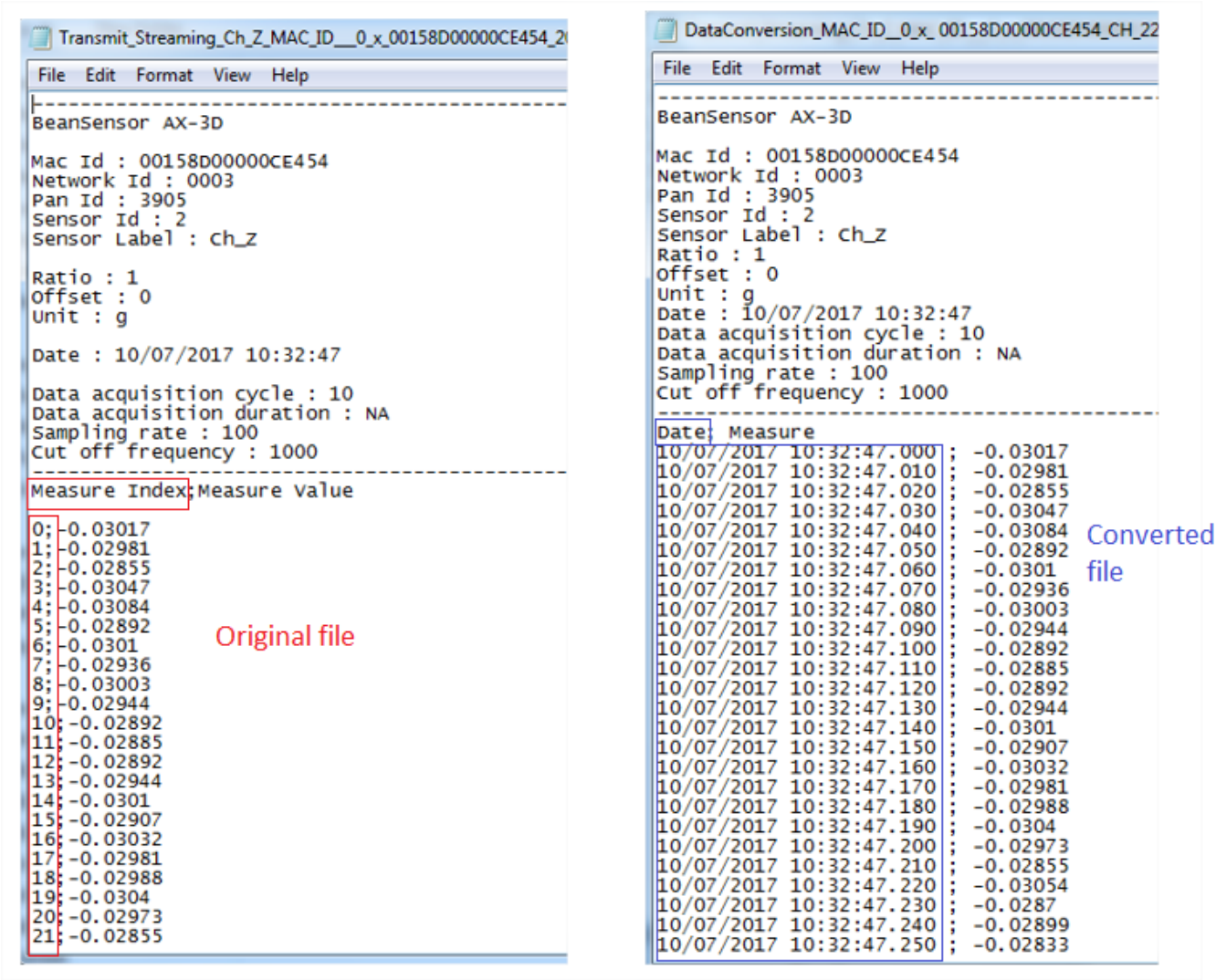


Figure 137: Data conversion example

Under the Tool menu on the BeanScape® software, select Data Conversion, a new window will pop up, where downloaded data can be converted.

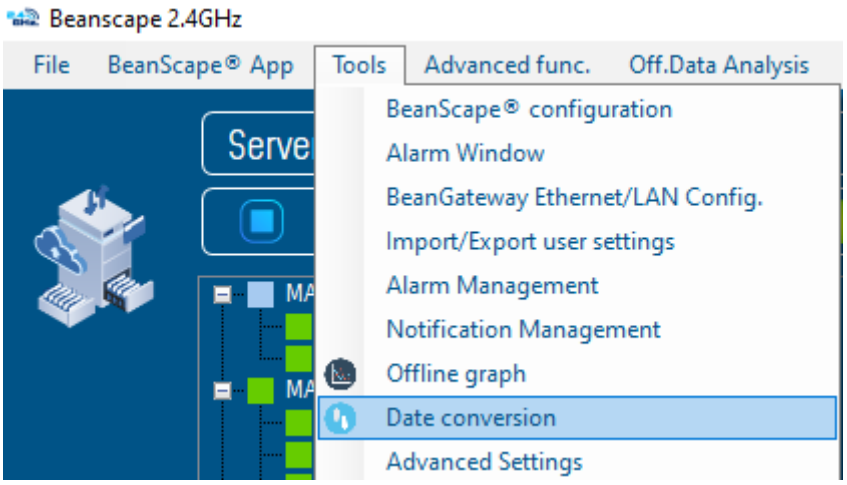


Figure 138: Data Conversion menu on BeanScape®

A new window will open:

Figure 139:Data Conversion window

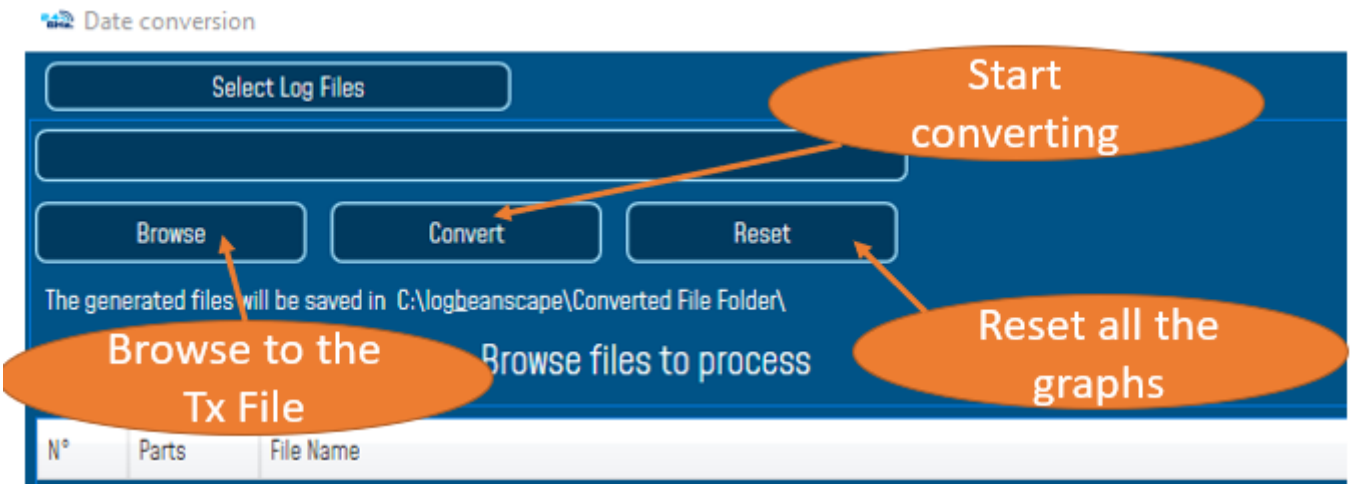


Figure 140: Data Conversion main options

- Click on browse and import streaming file containing the logged measurement.

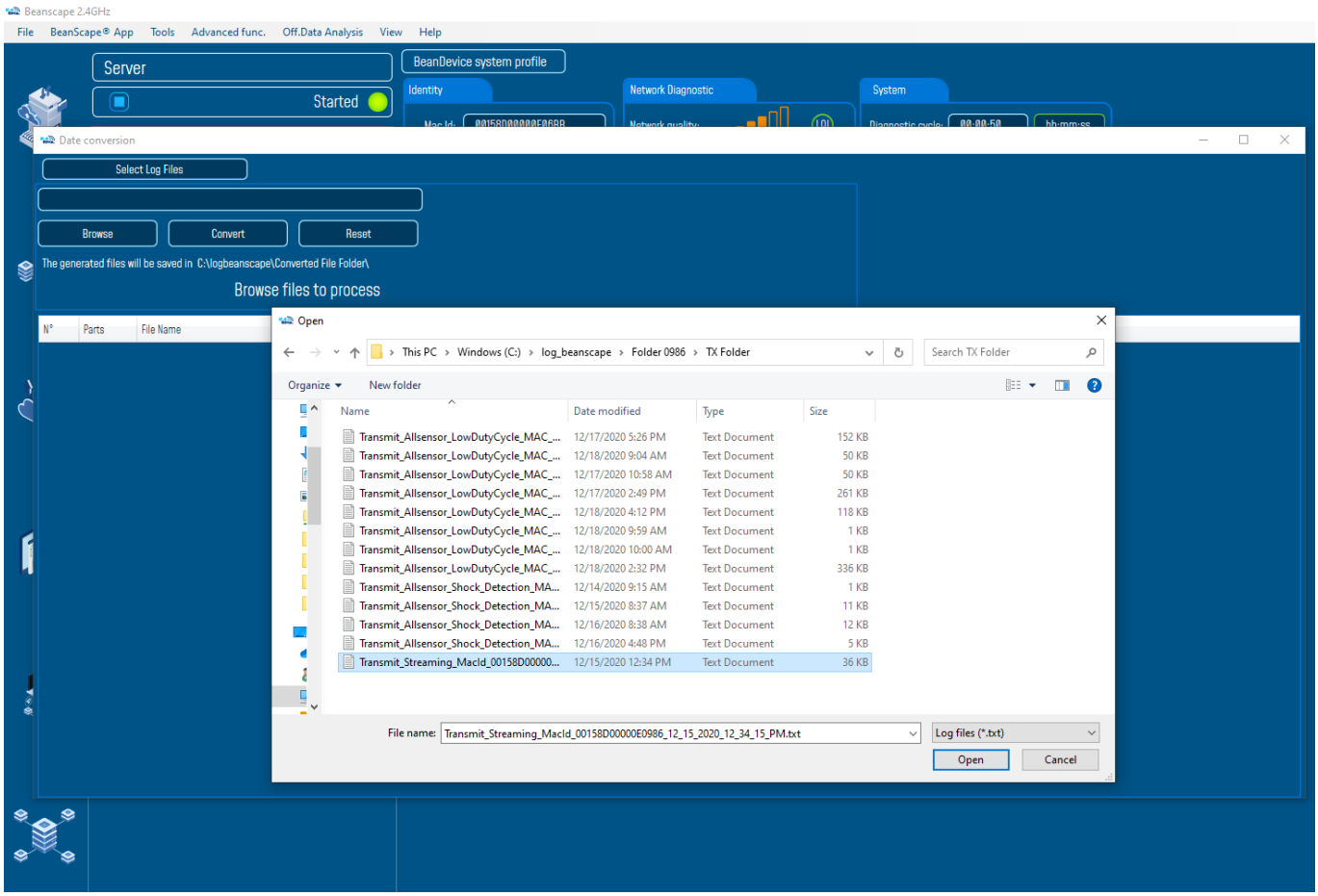


Figure 141: Importing files into Data Conversion tool

- Overview of the selected files

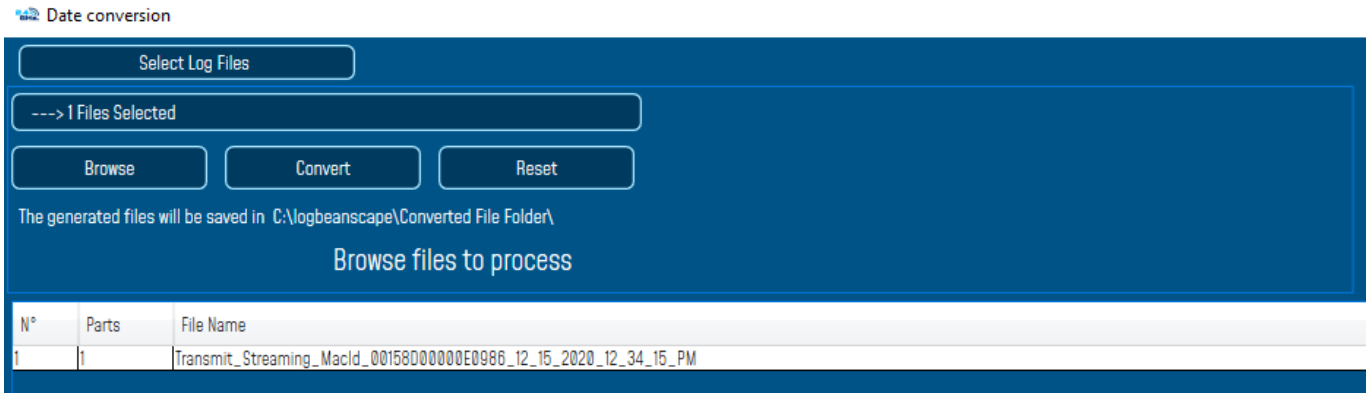


Figure 142: Overview of the selected files on Data Conversion window

- Select the converted file to view or go to your log directory and you will find all the converted files in a new generated folder named **Converted File Folder**

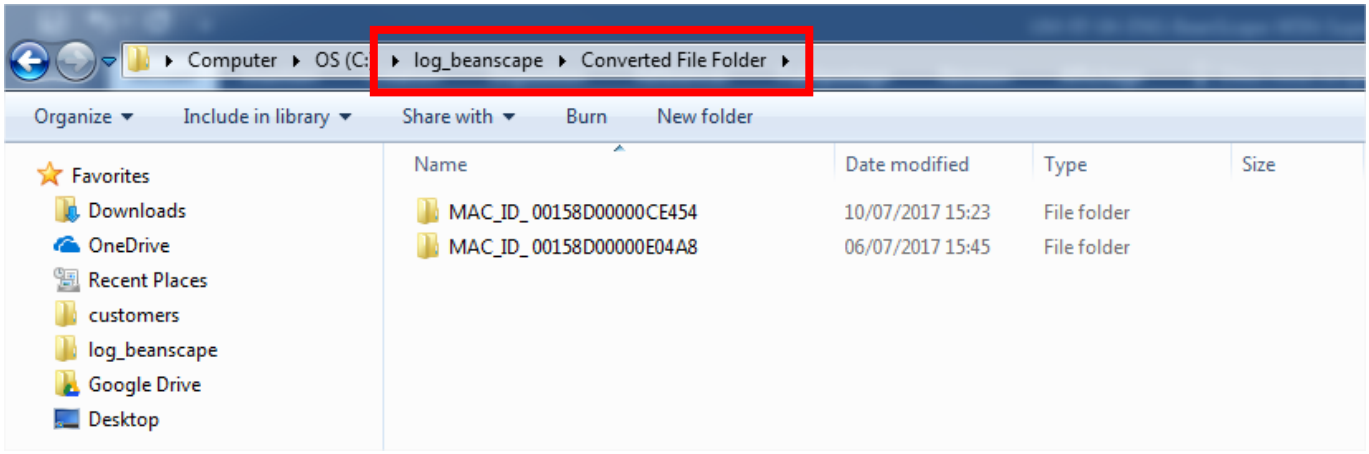


Figure 143: Overview: Converted File Folder

9.7 ADVANCED SETTINGS

Navigate to **Tools** and click on Advanced settings.

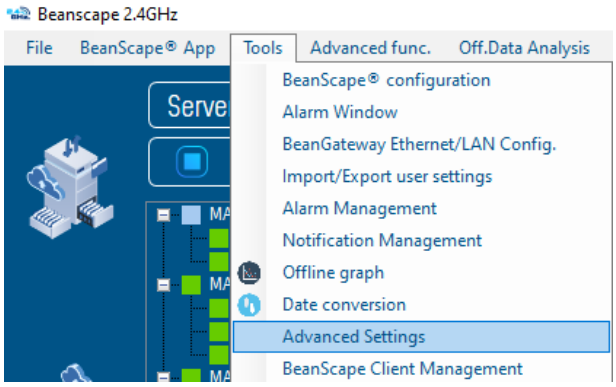


Figure 144: Advanced settings

A new window will pop up in which user can find several settings

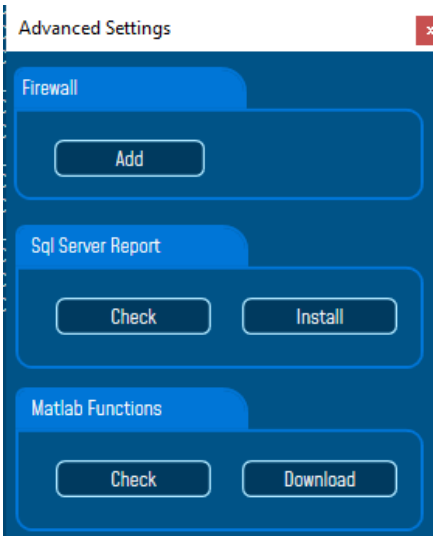


Figure 145: Advanced settings

9.7.1 Firewall

Click on **Add** button in order to add BeanScape on firewall, with that user will be sure that the firewall will not interrupt the connection between BeanScape software and the BeanGateway.

Figure 146: Add BeanScape to Firewall

Right after clicking on Add a notification message will be displayed on the screen saying that BeanScape was added to firewall successfully.

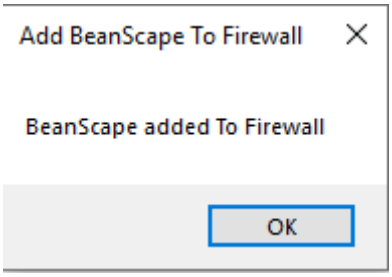


Figure 147: Notification message

9.7.2 SQL Server Report

Click on Check to check if the SQL Server was installed on your PC.

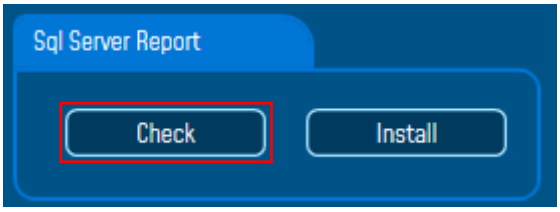


Figure 148: SQL Server installation

If the SQL Server is installed a pop-up notification will be displayed on the PC screen saying that the SQL Server is already installed.

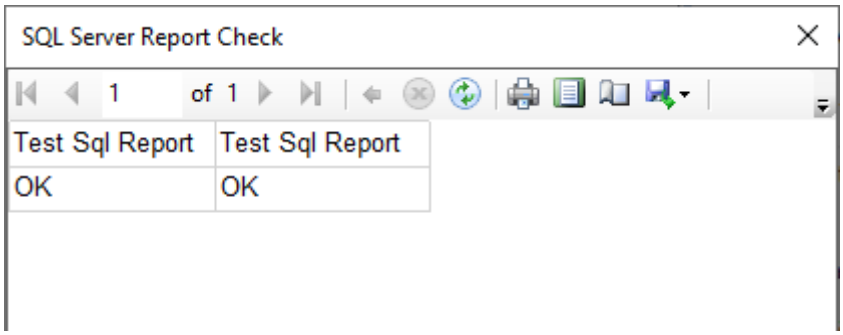


Figure 149: installation notification for SQL Server Report

If it is not the case just click on Install button to install it.

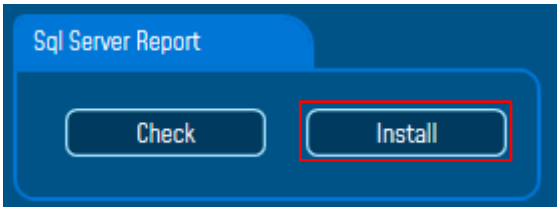


Figure 150: SQL Server Report Installation

9.7.3 MATLAB Function

Click on Check to check if the SQL Server was installed on your PC.

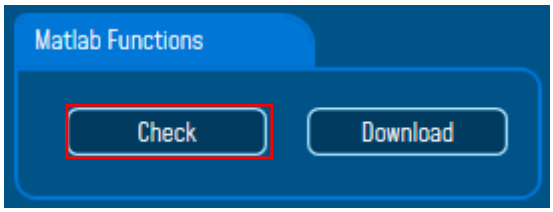


Figure 151: Check MATLAB extension

If the MATLAB extension was already installed a pop-up notification will be displayed on the PC screen saying that is installed.

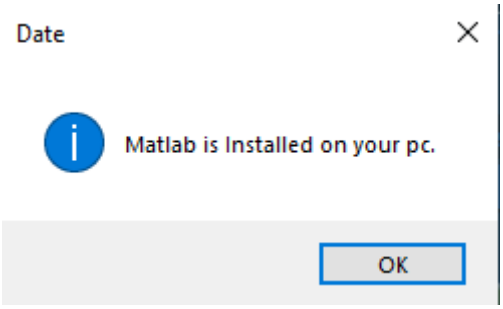


Figure 152: Notification message

Otherwise Click on Download button to download the extension then install it on your PC.

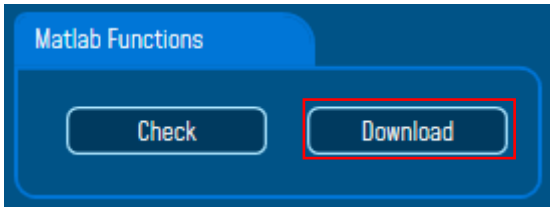


Figure 153: Download MATLAB extension

9.8 BEANSCAPE® CLIENT MANAGEMENT

This option is available only on BeanScape® Multiview version

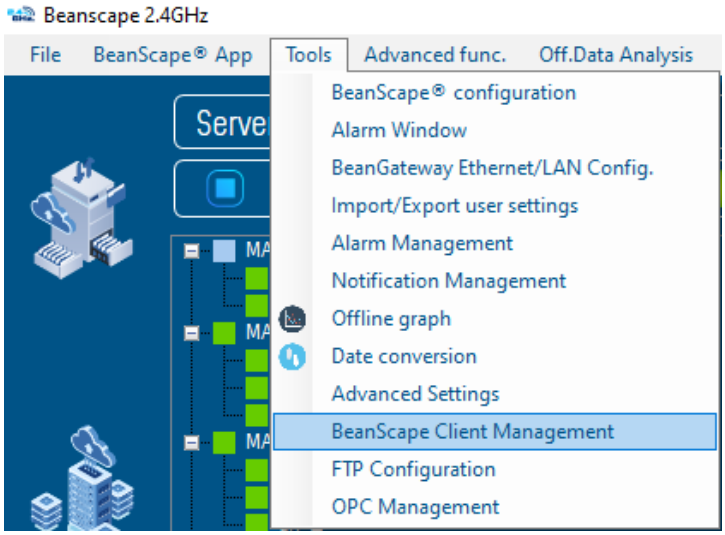


Figure 154: Client management

Based on Client/Server paradigm, this option allows user to switch between client and server mode by entering a right serial key, and it gives the possibility also to give the client the rights to manage the system.

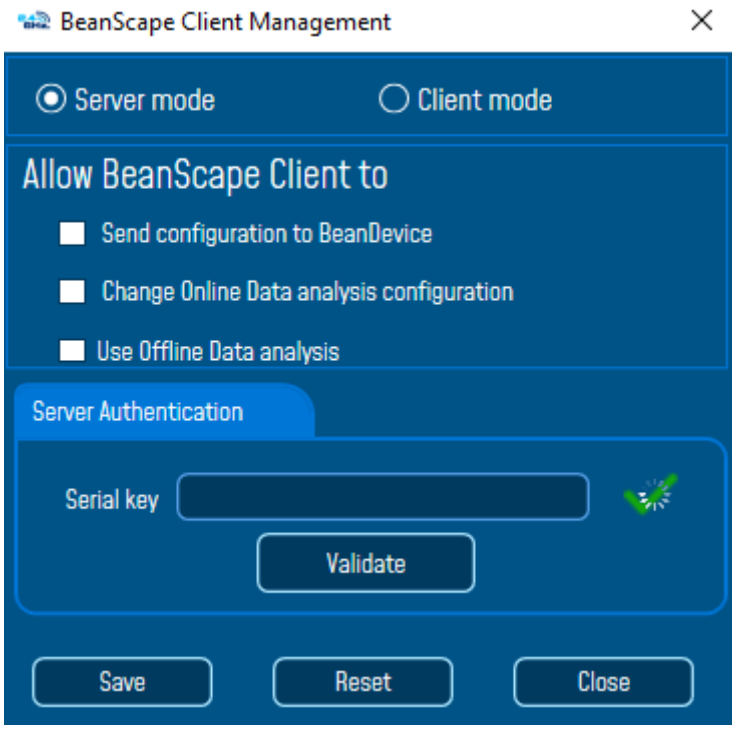


Figure 155: Client/Server Management

9.9 FTP CONFIGURATION

The user has the ability to send all his measurement data log files to the FTP Server through the FTP feature.

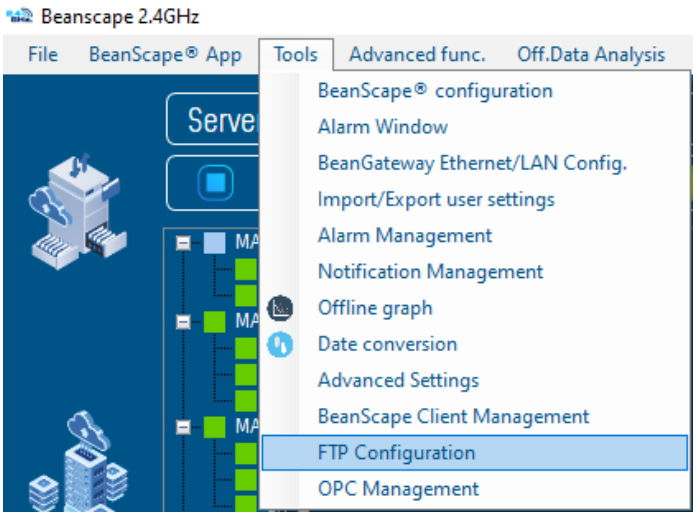


Figure 156: FTP Configuration

Check FTP enable check box then enter the right FTP Server setting using the following window

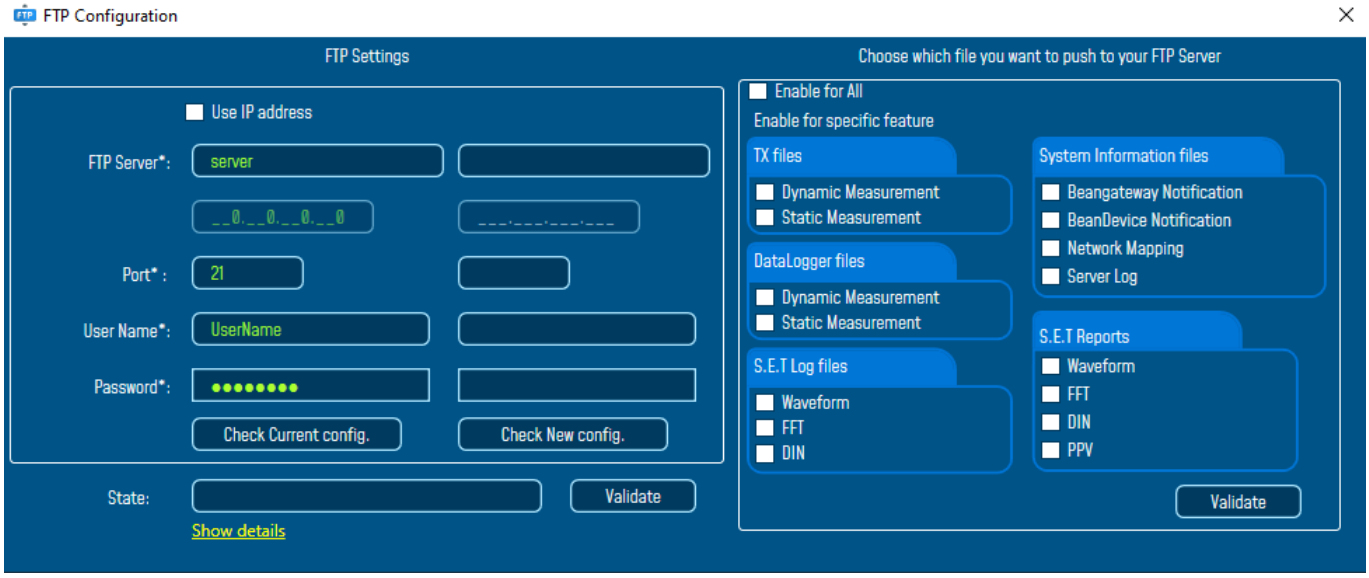


Figure 157: FTP configuration window

You should connect to your FTP server before setting up the FTP configuration on the BeanScape software.

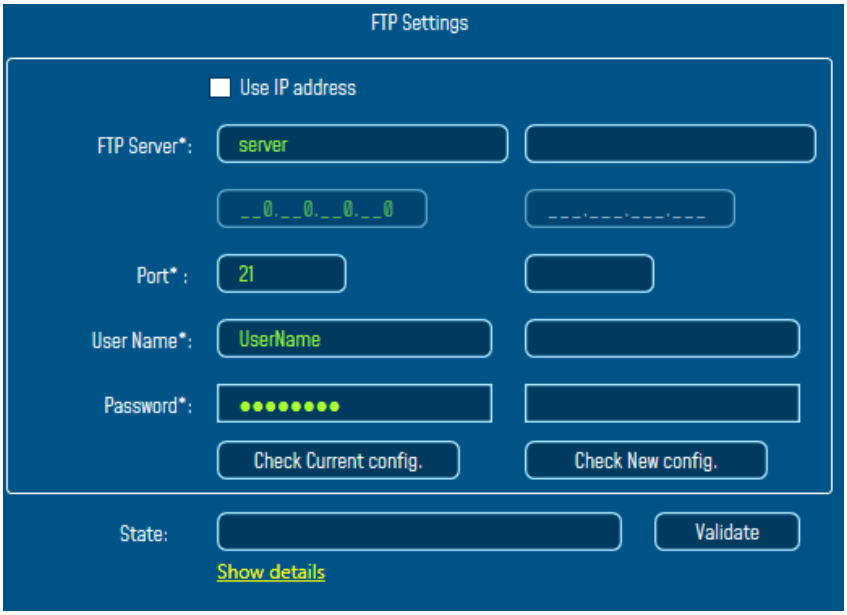


Figure 158: FTP Server settings

- **FTP Server:** Enter your FTP Server DNS or IP address by checking use IP address checkbox
- **User Name:** Enter your FTP user name
- **Password:** Enter your right FTP password
- **Port:** By default, the FTP port is 21, you can change it also
- **Check New Configuration:** click on check new configuration to make sure the settings are correct.
- **Validate:** click on validate to save the setting and proceed
- **State:** display if the connection status successfully established or failed.

If the connection was failed please click the Show details link to see the cause of the issue.

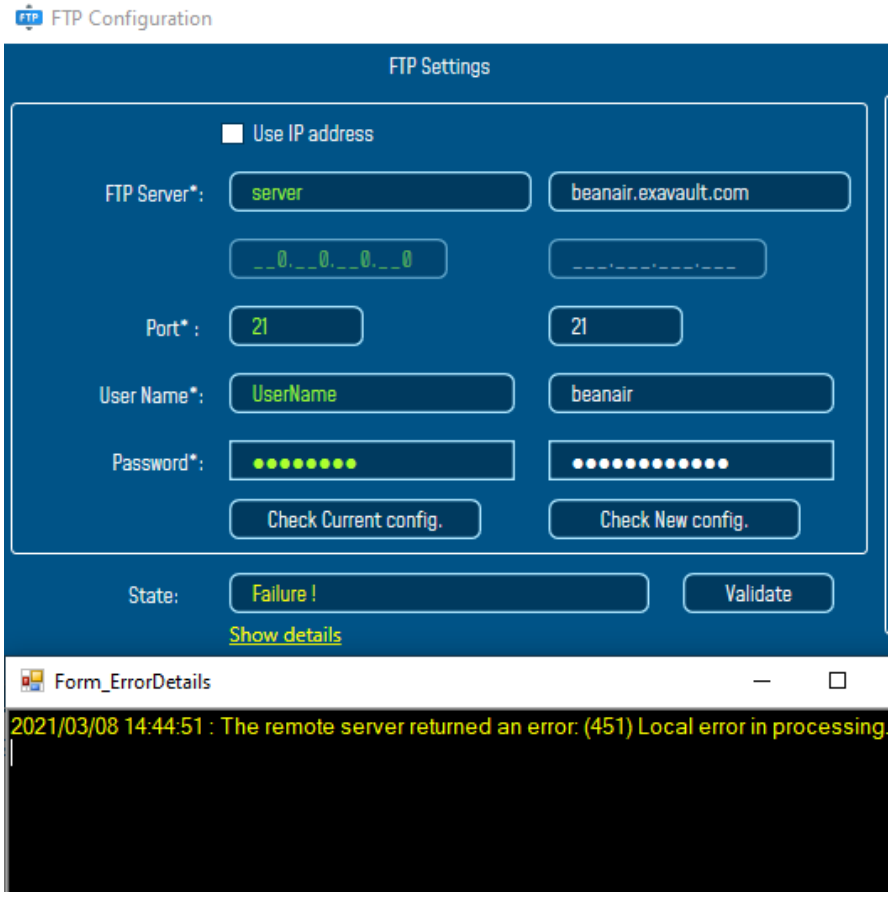


Figure 159: Failure details

Then check the type of files which you want to send to you FTP server, and click on Validate

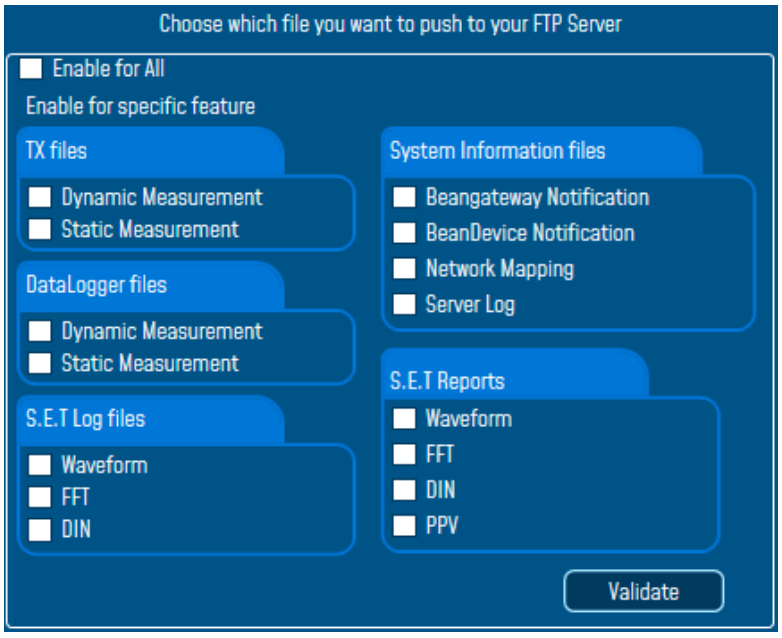


Figure 160: the available type of files

The files will be stored on your FTP server every 1 min.

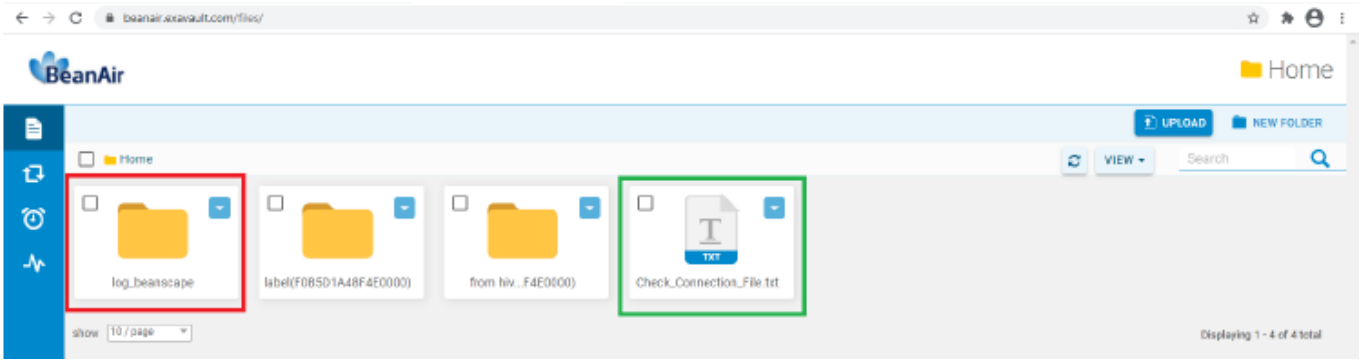


Figure 161: Files stored on the FTP server

10. VIEW TAB

BeanScape® 2.4GHz software comes with two view options, a Standard view and an Expert view.

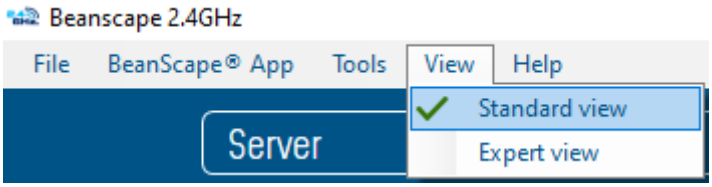


Figure 162: View tab

10.1 STANDARD VIEW

Once you open BeanScape® software and start the server, the standard view is selected as default view.

The standard view is just a simplified dashboard displaying the needed information that makes the system easy to use.

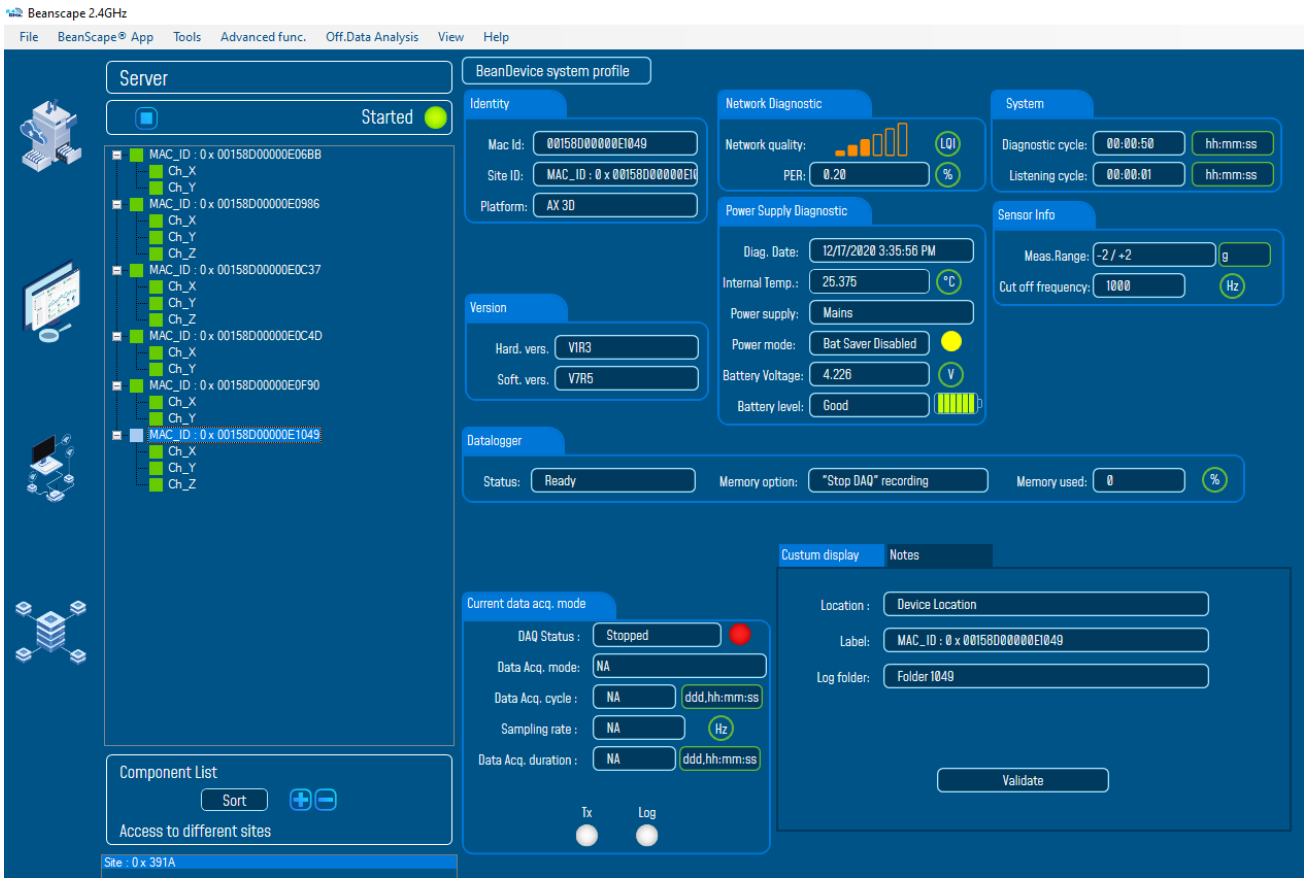


Figure 163: Standard View dashboard

By connecting the BeanGateway® directly to the PC, the Expert view should be the selected view.

10.1.1 Dashboard Management

10.1.1.1 BeanGateway® Dashboard

The BeanGateway® is identified by its PAN ID and is located on the lower left window.

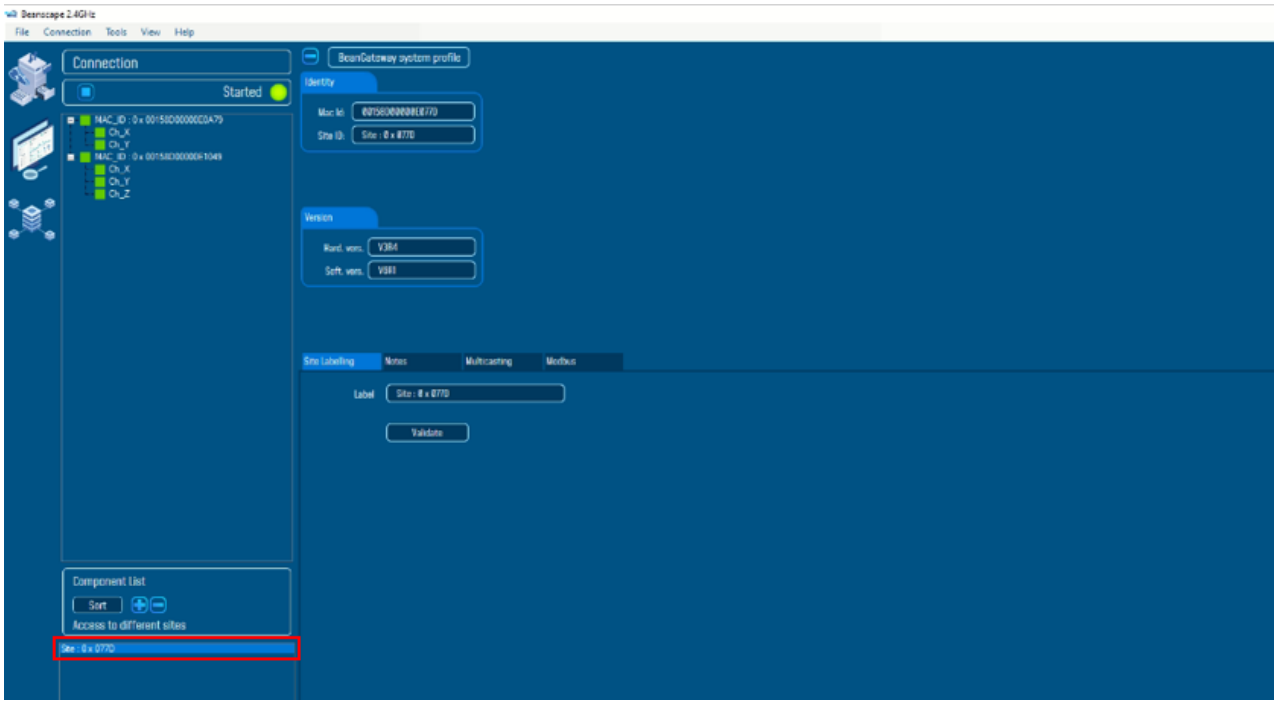


Figure 164: BeanGateway® PAN ID

✓ You will see the following window:

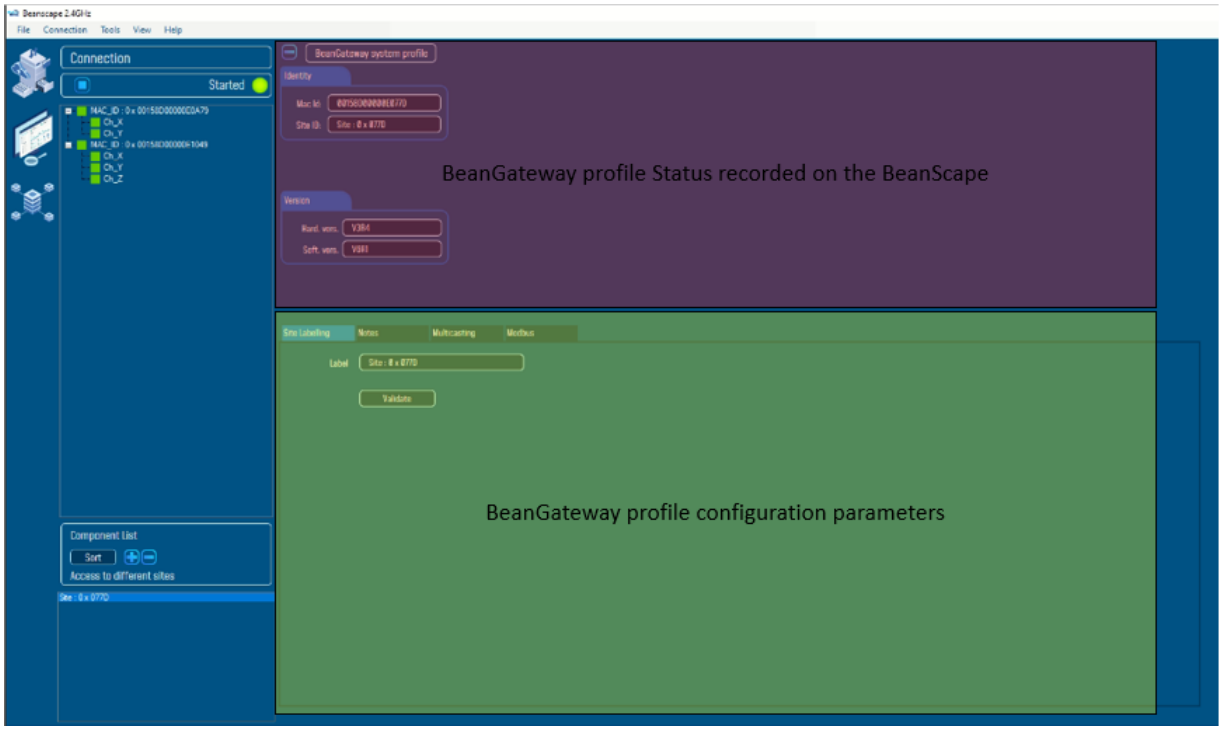
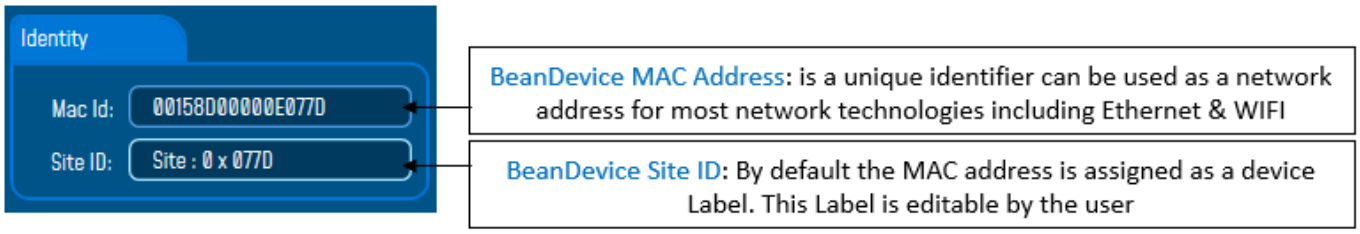
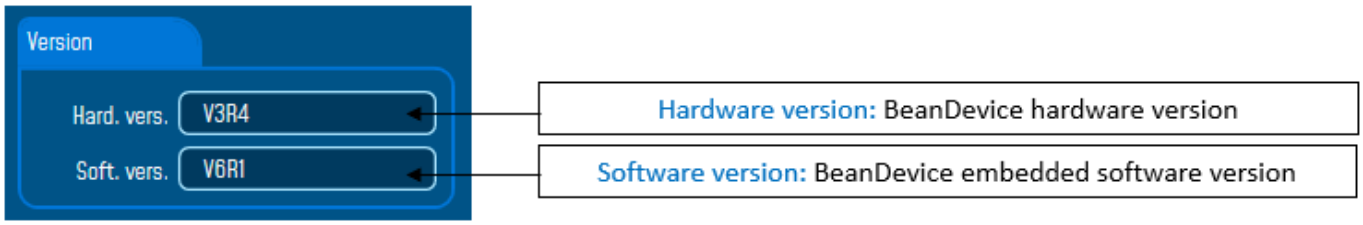


Figure 165: BeanGateway® profile

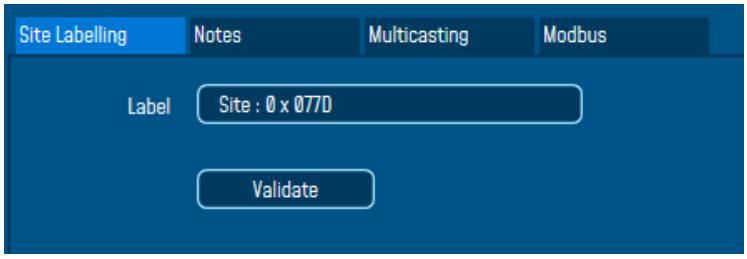
- **Identity Frame**



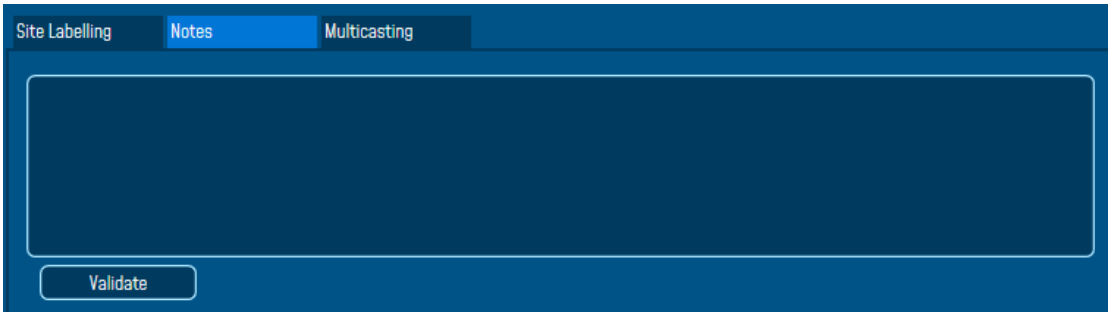
- **Version Frame**



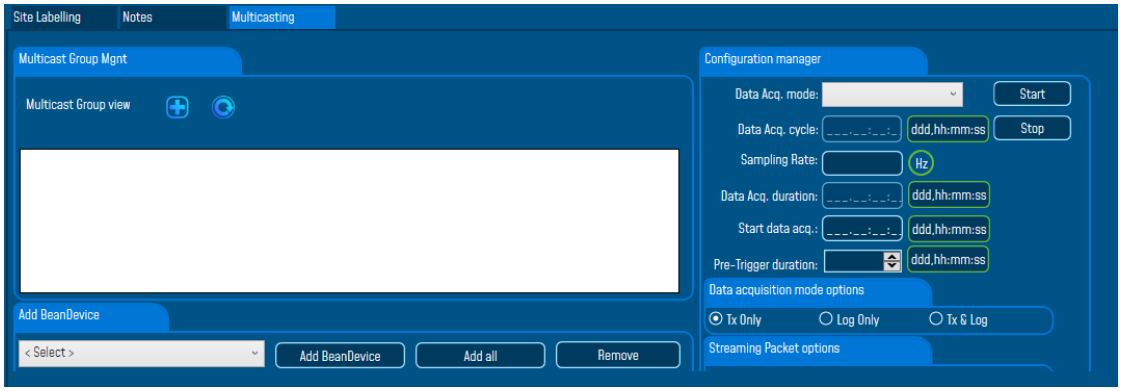
- **Labelling**



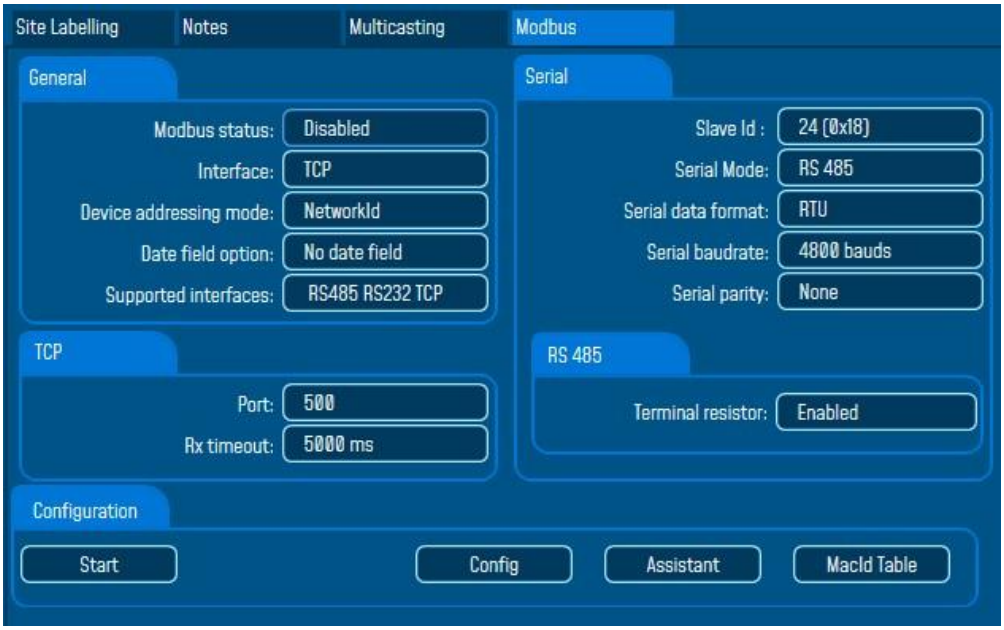
- **Notes**



- **Multicasting**

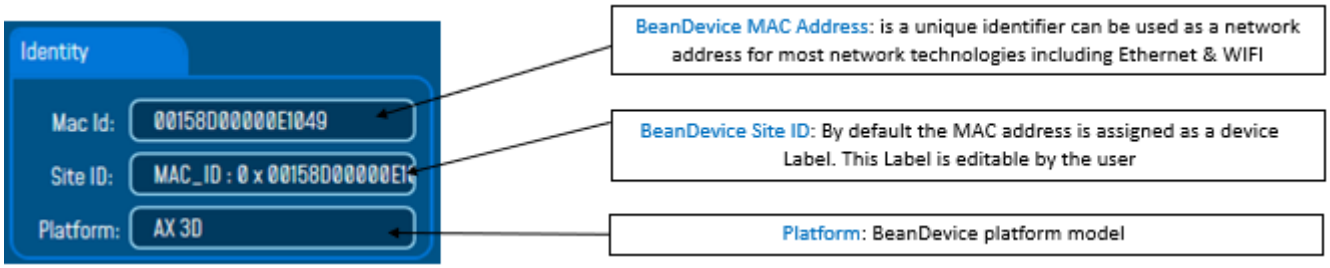


- **Modbus (if the BeanGateway® comes with a Modbus module)**

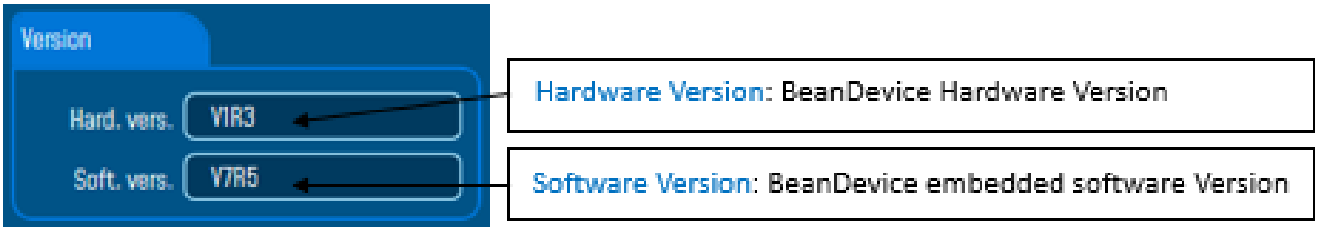


10.1.1.2 BeanDevice® Dashboard

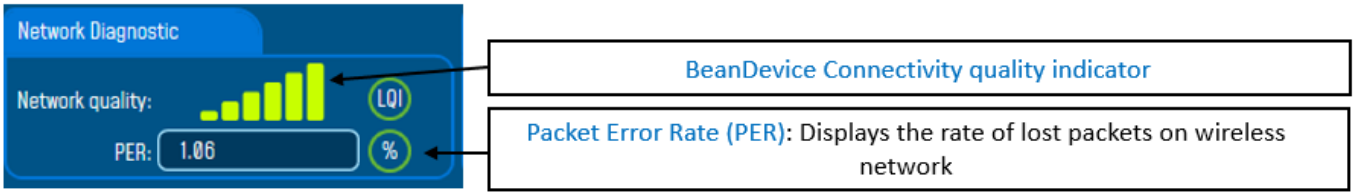
- **Identity**



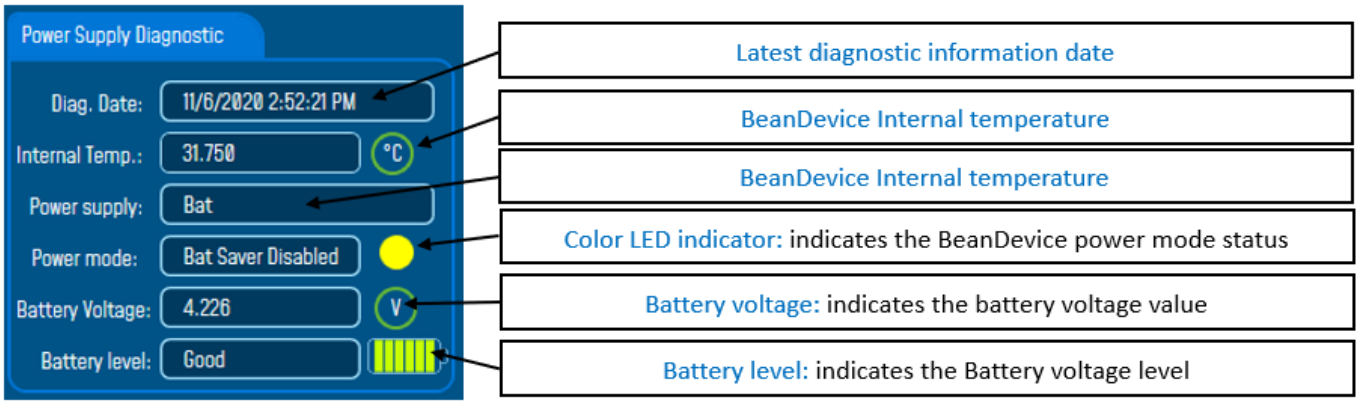
- **Version**



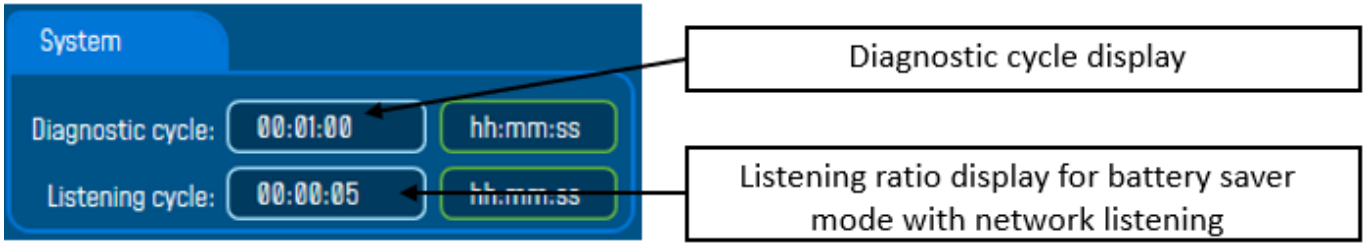
- **Network Diagnostic**



- **Power supply diagnostic**

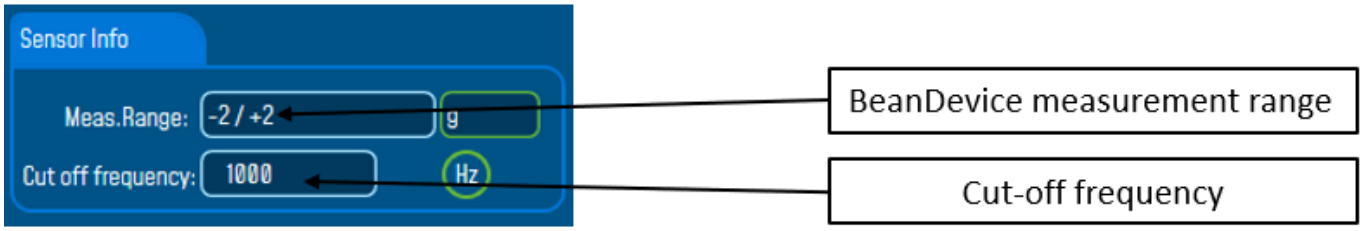


- **System**

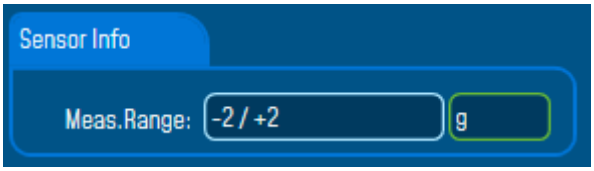


- **Sensor info**

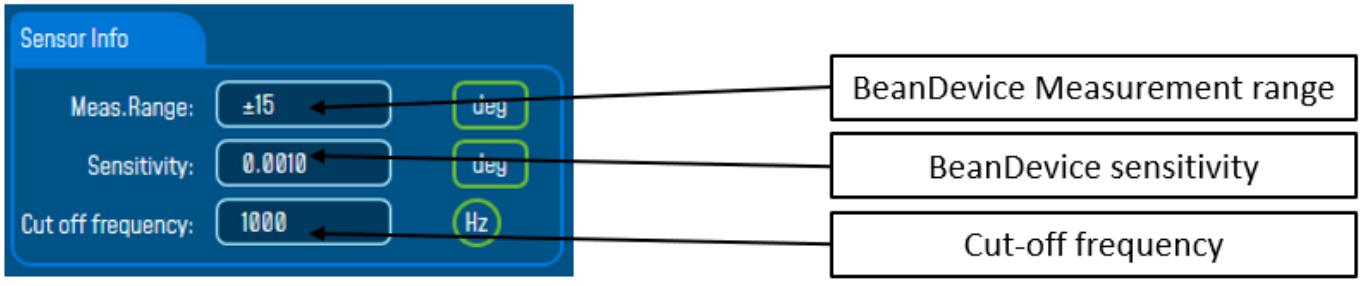
➢ For the AX3D and AX3D Xrange



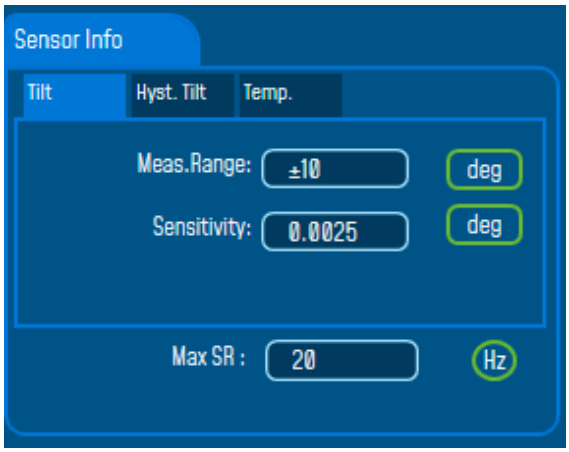
➢ For the AX3DS



➢ For the Hi-Inc & Hi-Inc Xrange



➢ For the Hi-Inc-SR

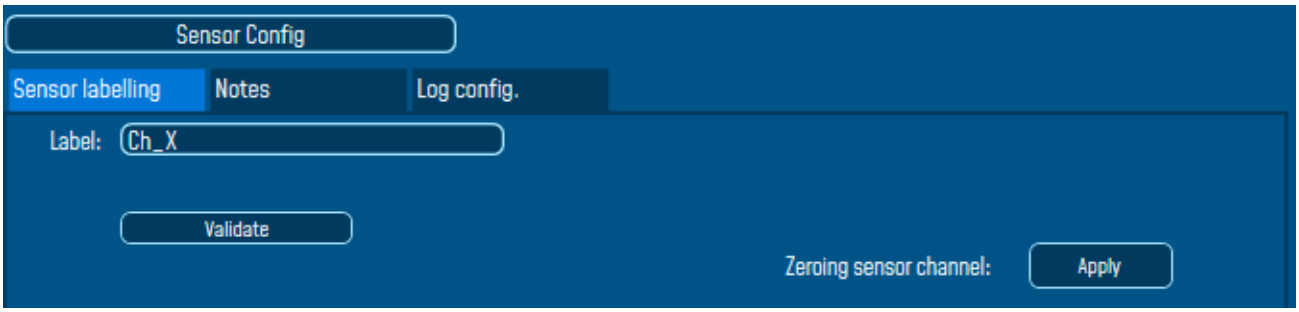


- **Custom display**

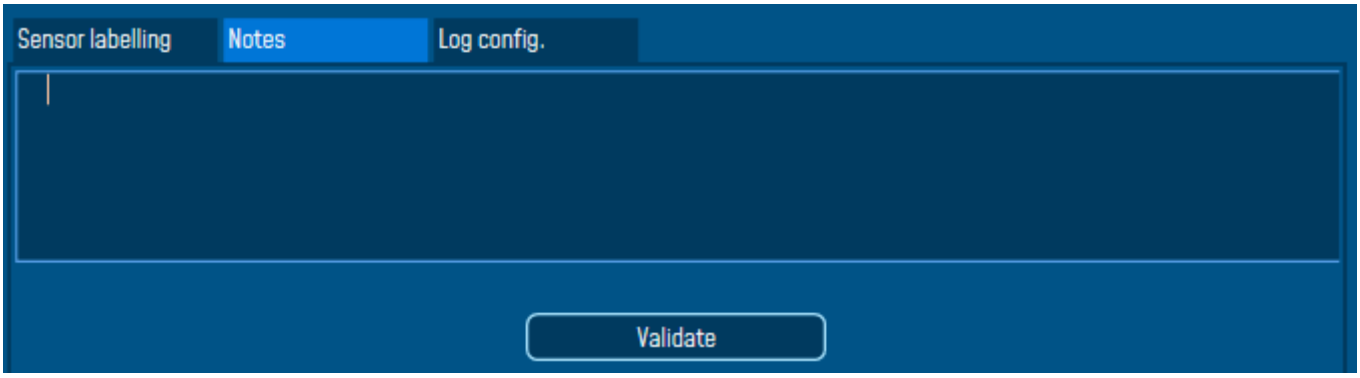
- **Note**

10.1.1.3 Sensor Profile

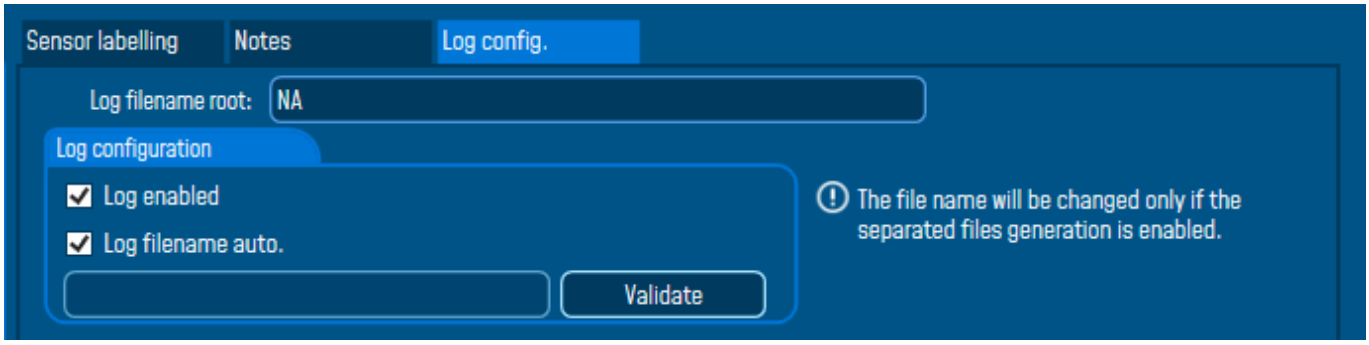
- **Custom display**



- **Notes**



- **Log config**



10.2 EXPERT VIEW

The expert view contains more technical features for expert using.

To change the view simply go to **View** tab then **select Expert** view.

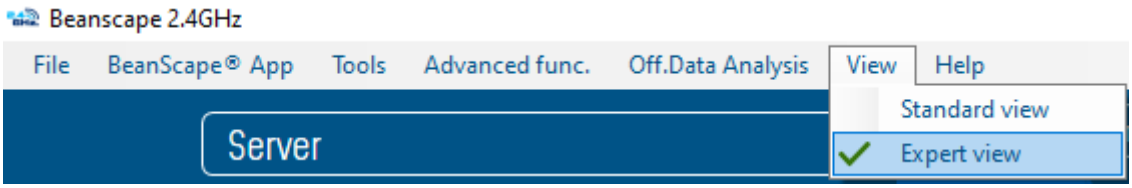


Figure 166: Expert View

You need to enter the right serial key in order to have access to the expert view

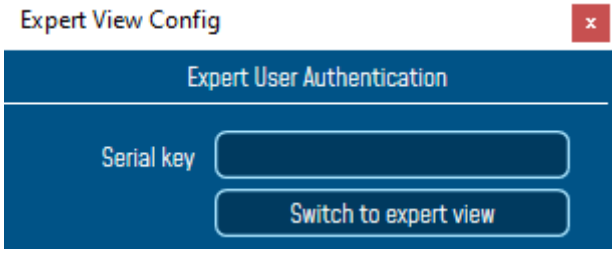


Figure 167: Serial Key

Once you choose the Expert view you notice that the dashboard display looks quite different and that there are more information and features were added to the chart.

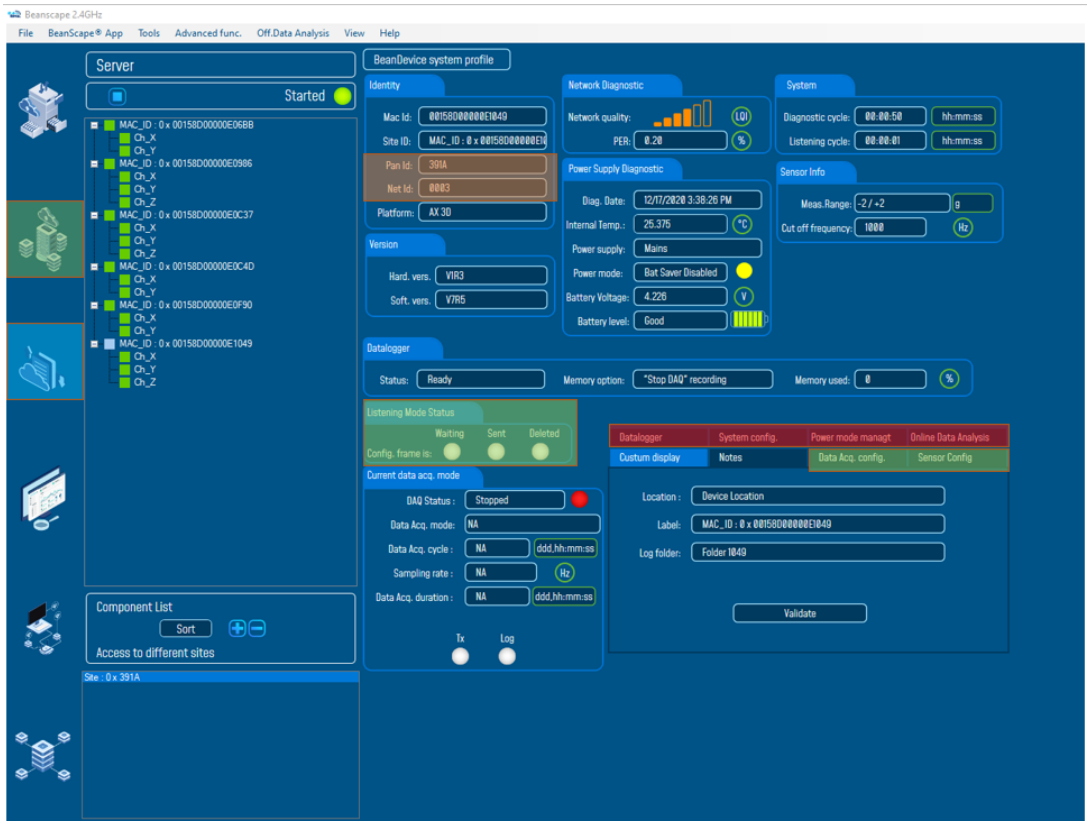


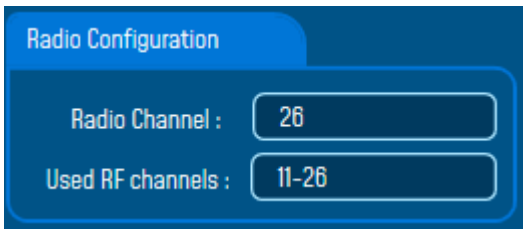
Figure 168: Expert view dashboard

The PAN ID, Net ID, PER level, the system information and much more options are accessible from only the expert view.

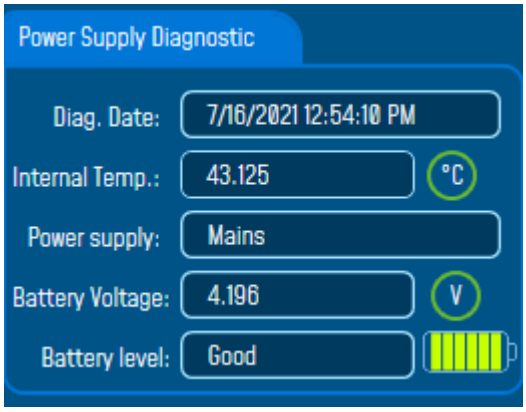
10.2.1 BeanGateway® profile

- **Identity**

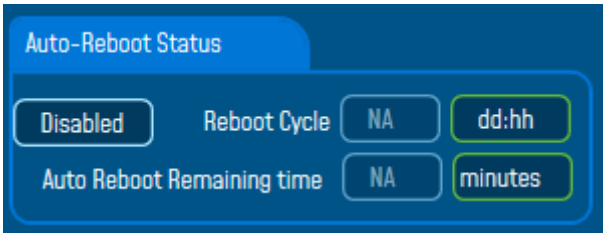
- **Radio config**



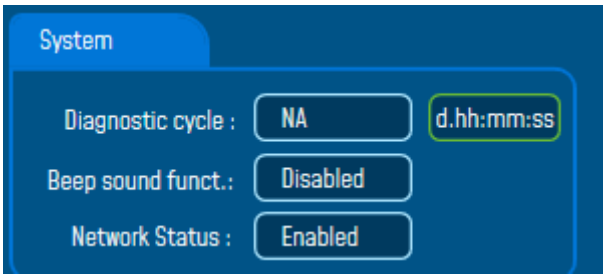
- **Power supply diagnostic**



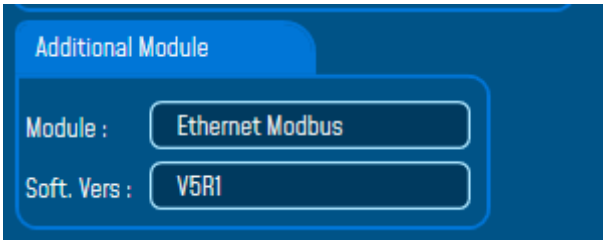
- **Auto reboot status**



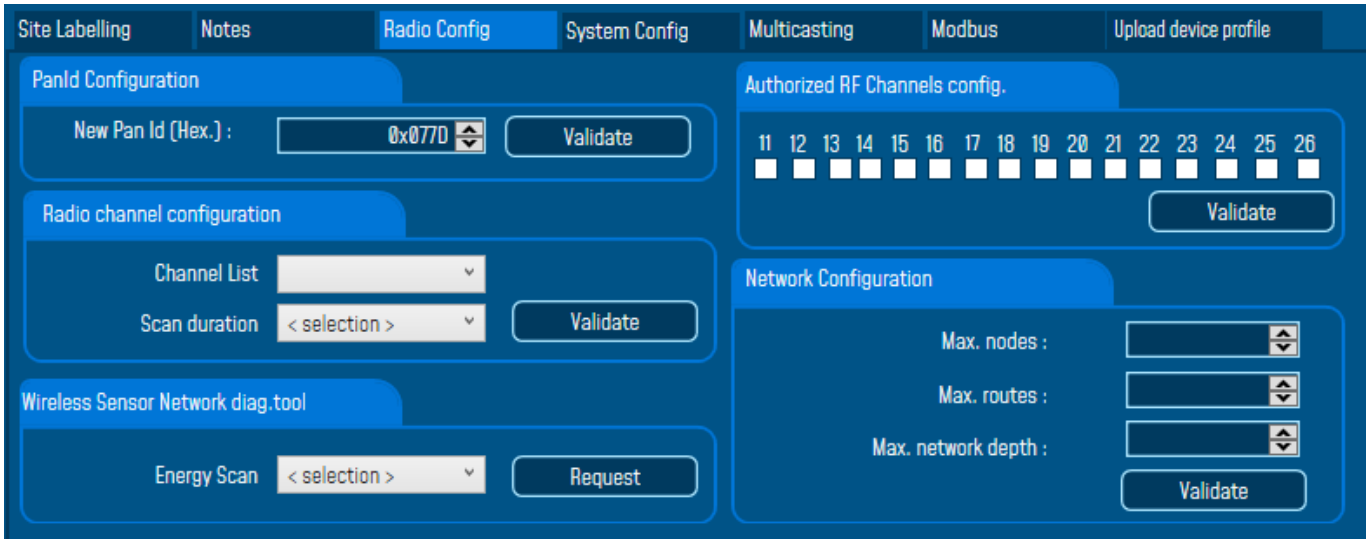
- **System**



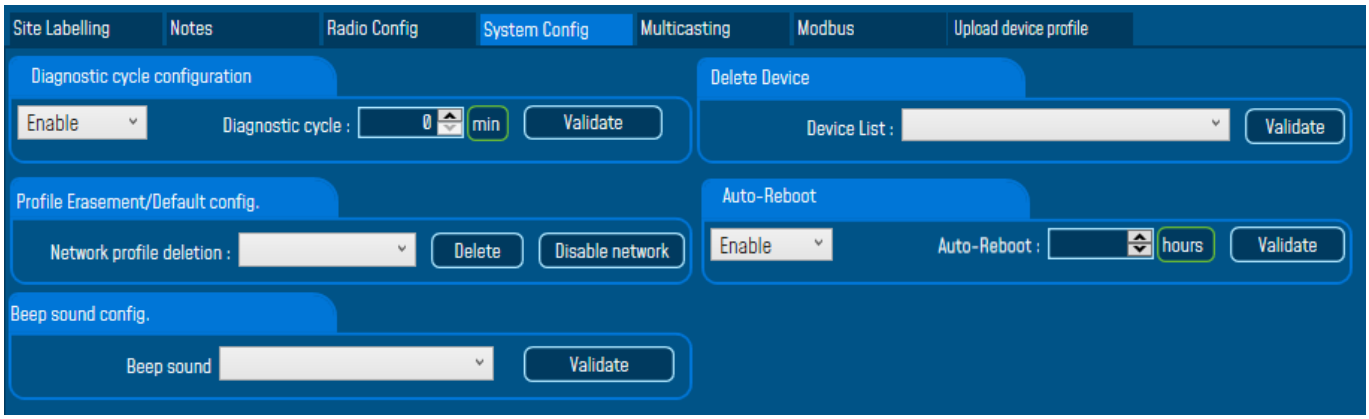
- **Additional module**



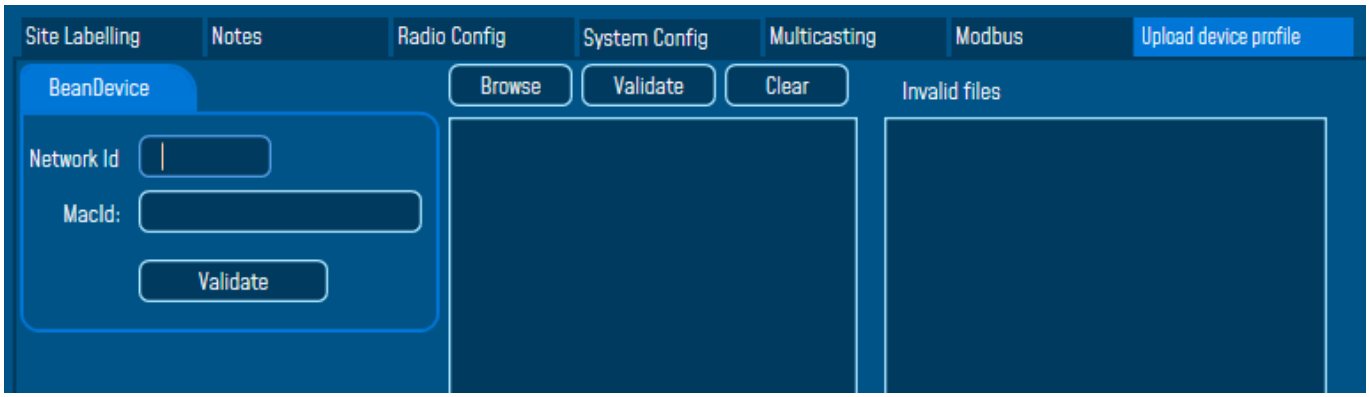
- **Radio Config**



- **System Config**

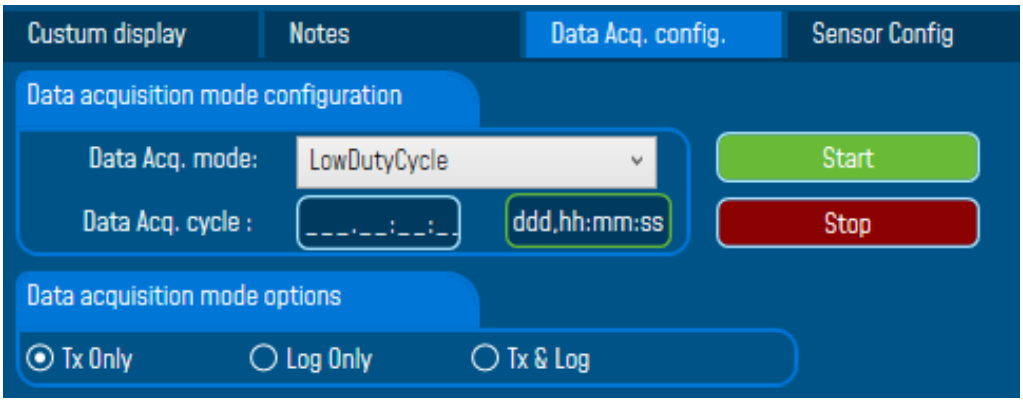


- **Upload device profile**



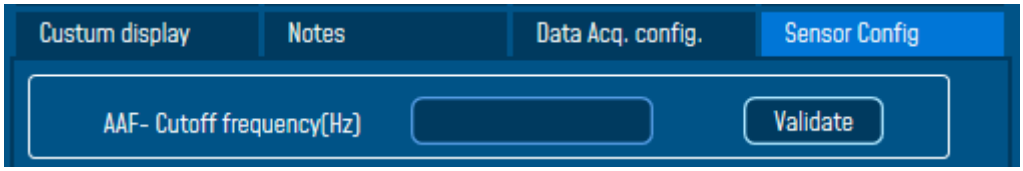
10.2.2 Data Acquisition configuration

- **Data Acq Config tab**

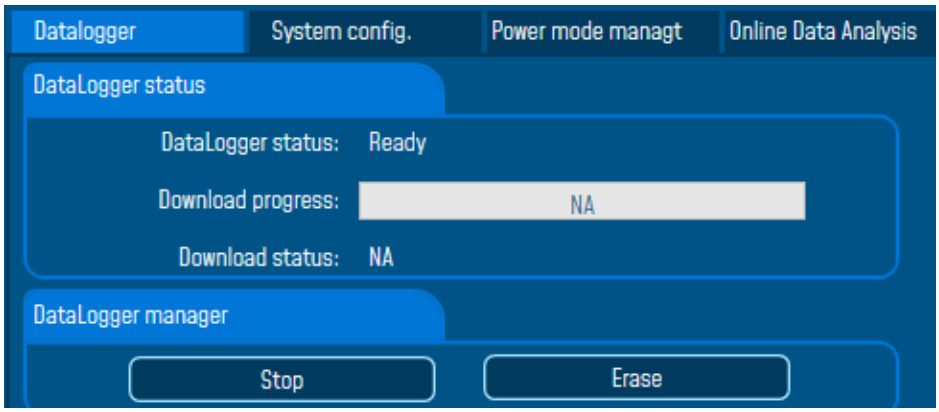


- **Sensor Config tab**

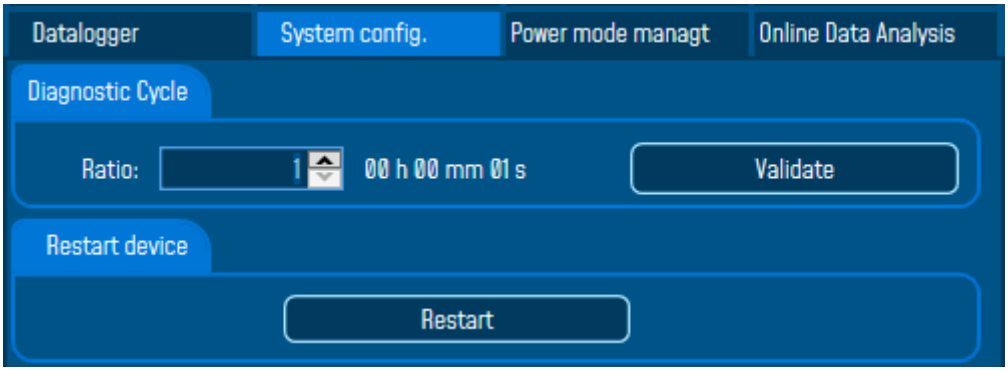
For the AX3D & AX3D Xrange



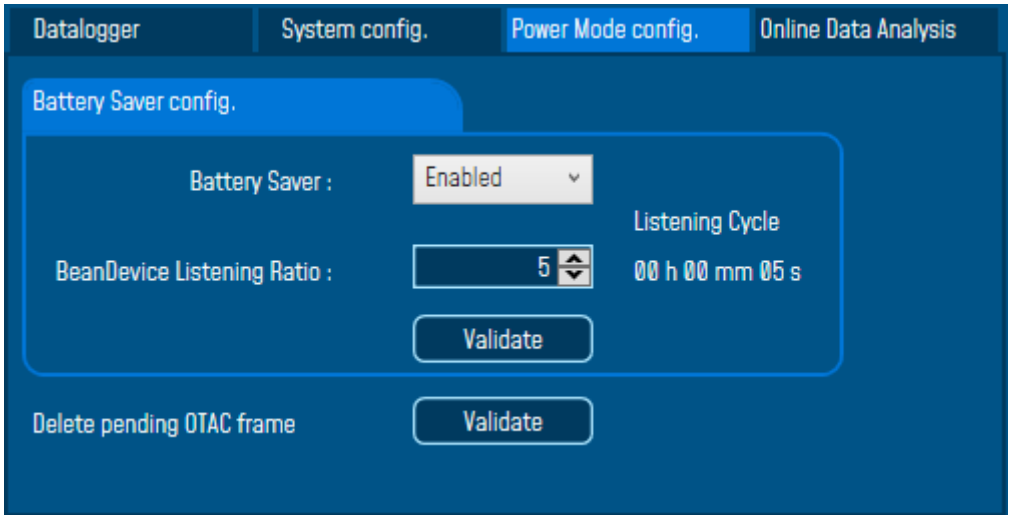
- **Datalogger tab**



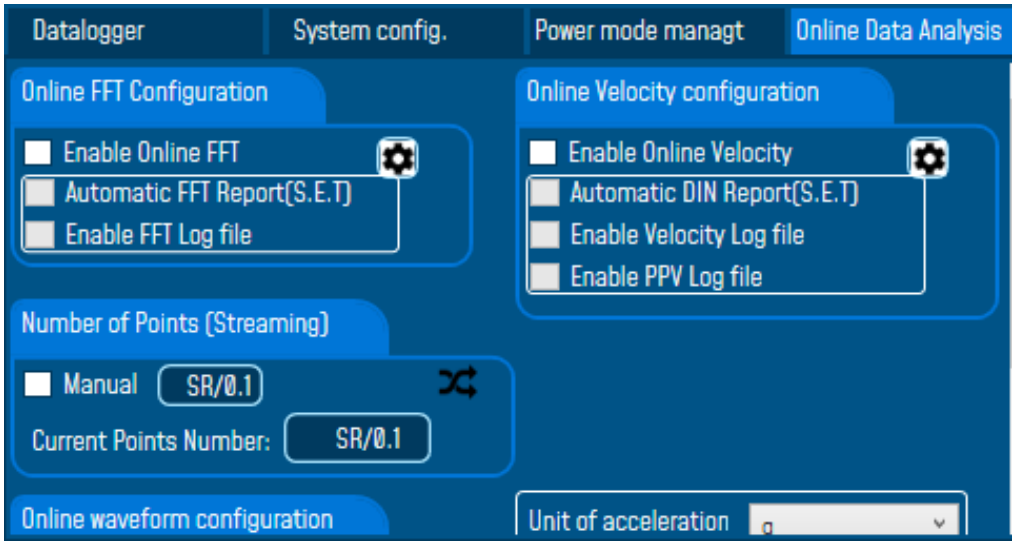
- **System config tab**



- **Power management tab**

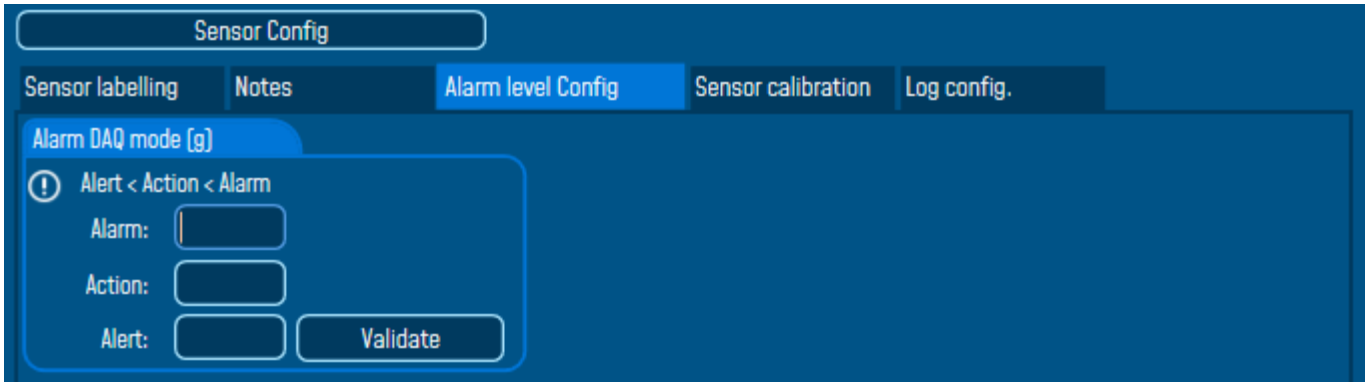


- **Online Data Analysis**

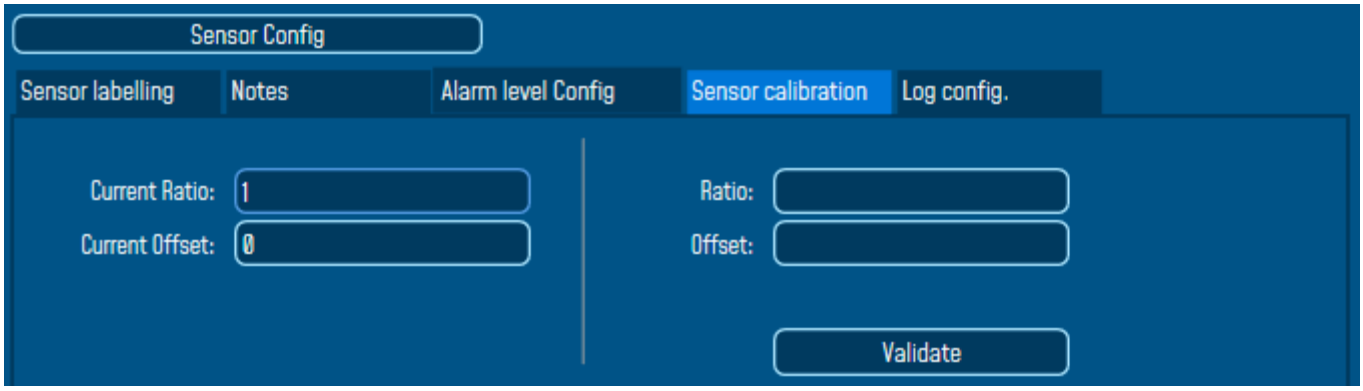


10.2.3 Sensor Profile

- **Alarm levels config**



- **Sensor calibration**



10.2.4 Tools tab

More options are available on the expert view

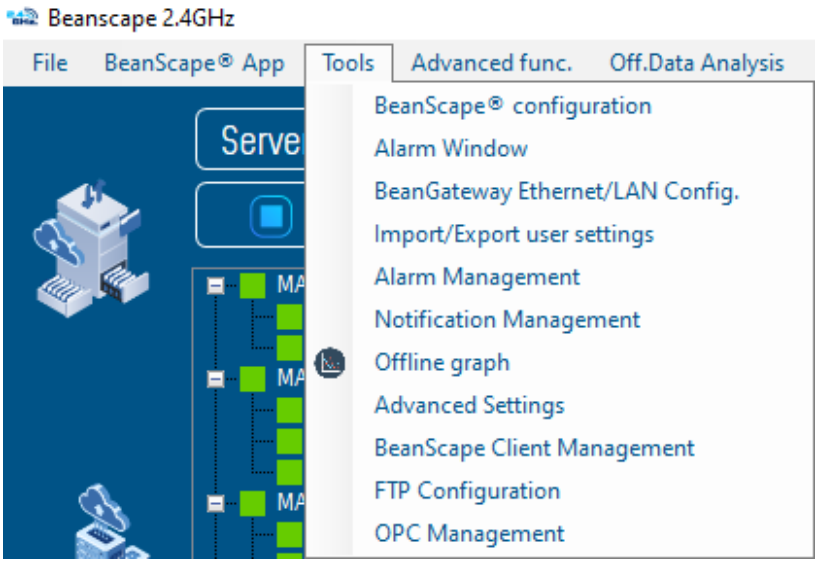
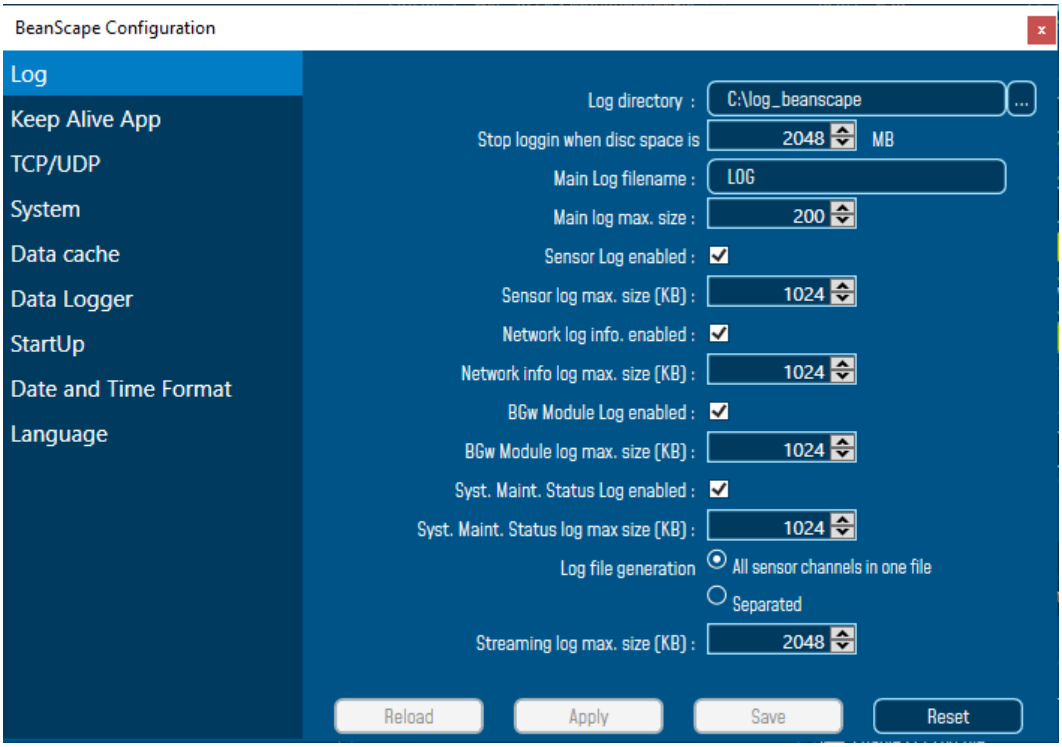
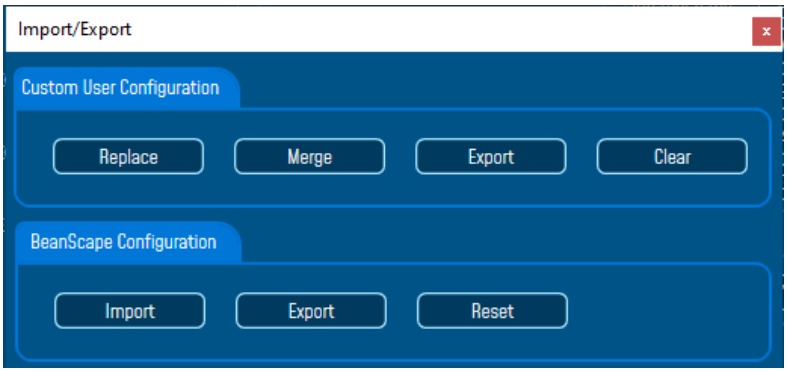


Figure 169: Tools options list on the expert view

- **BeanScape® configuration**

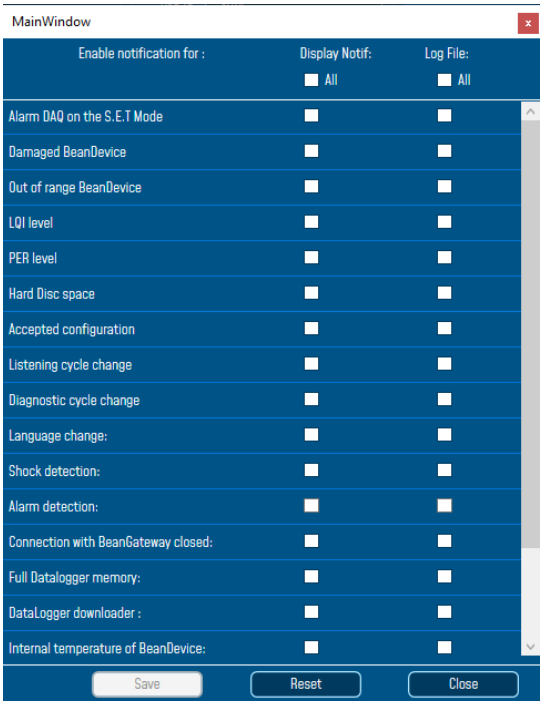


- **Import/Export user settings**

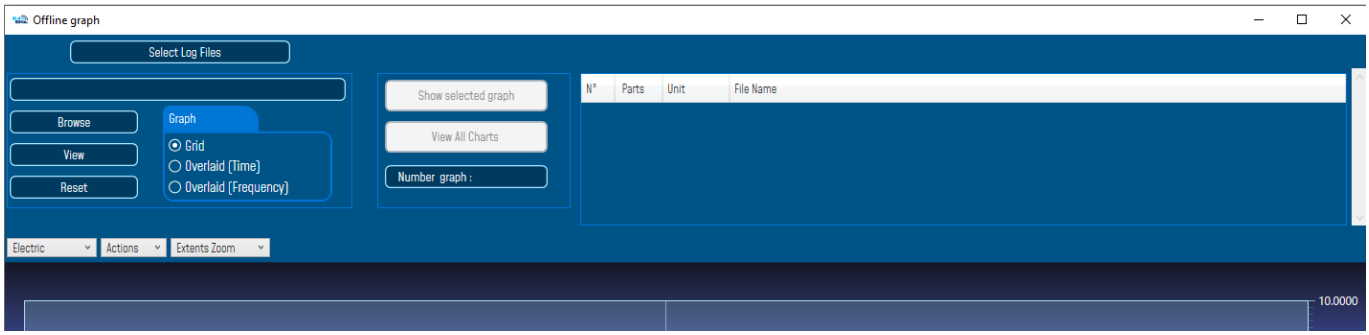


- **Alarm Management Toolbox**

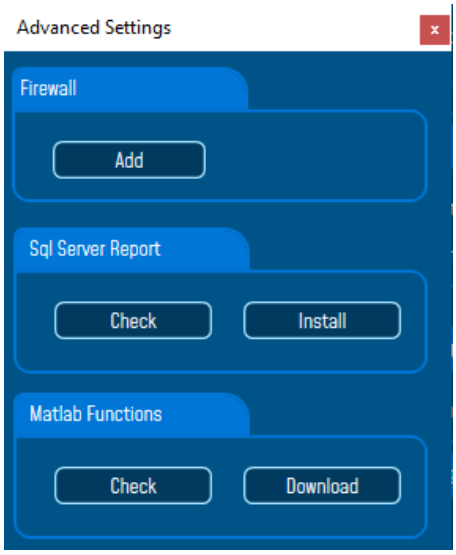
- **Notification Management**



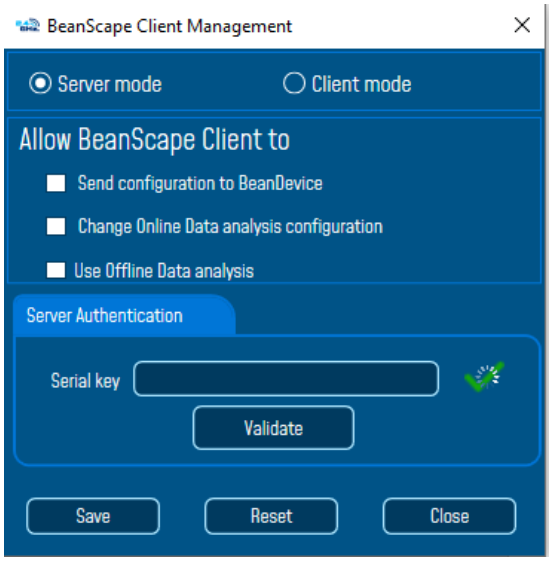
- **Offline Graph**



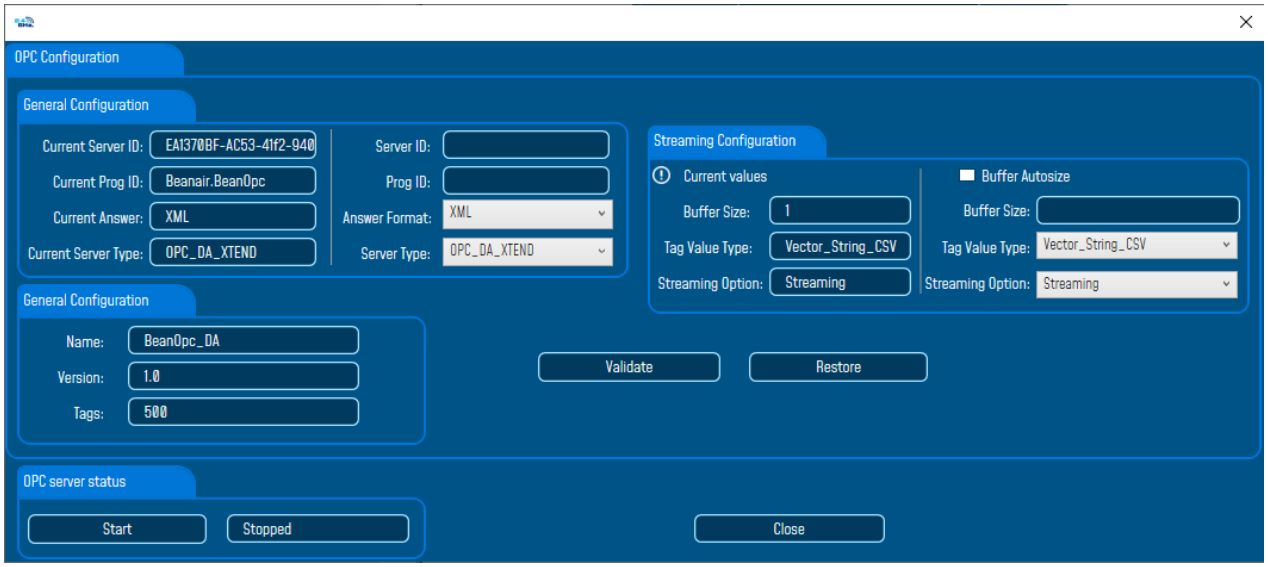
- **Advanced Settings**



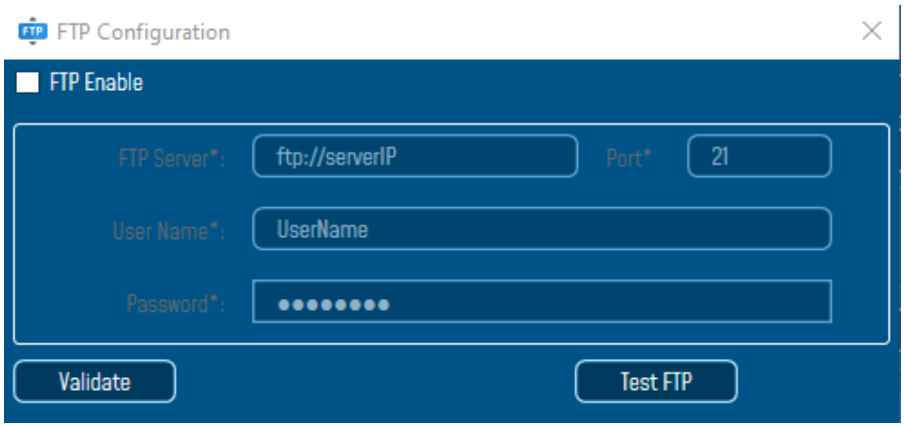
- BeanScape Client Management



- OPC Management

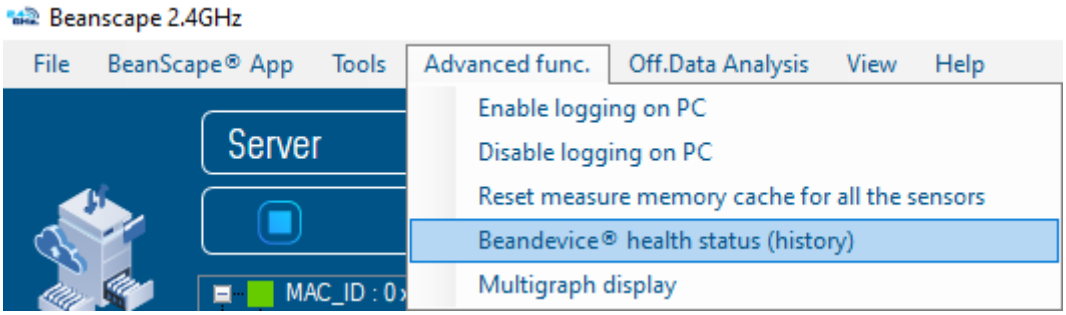


- FTP Configuration



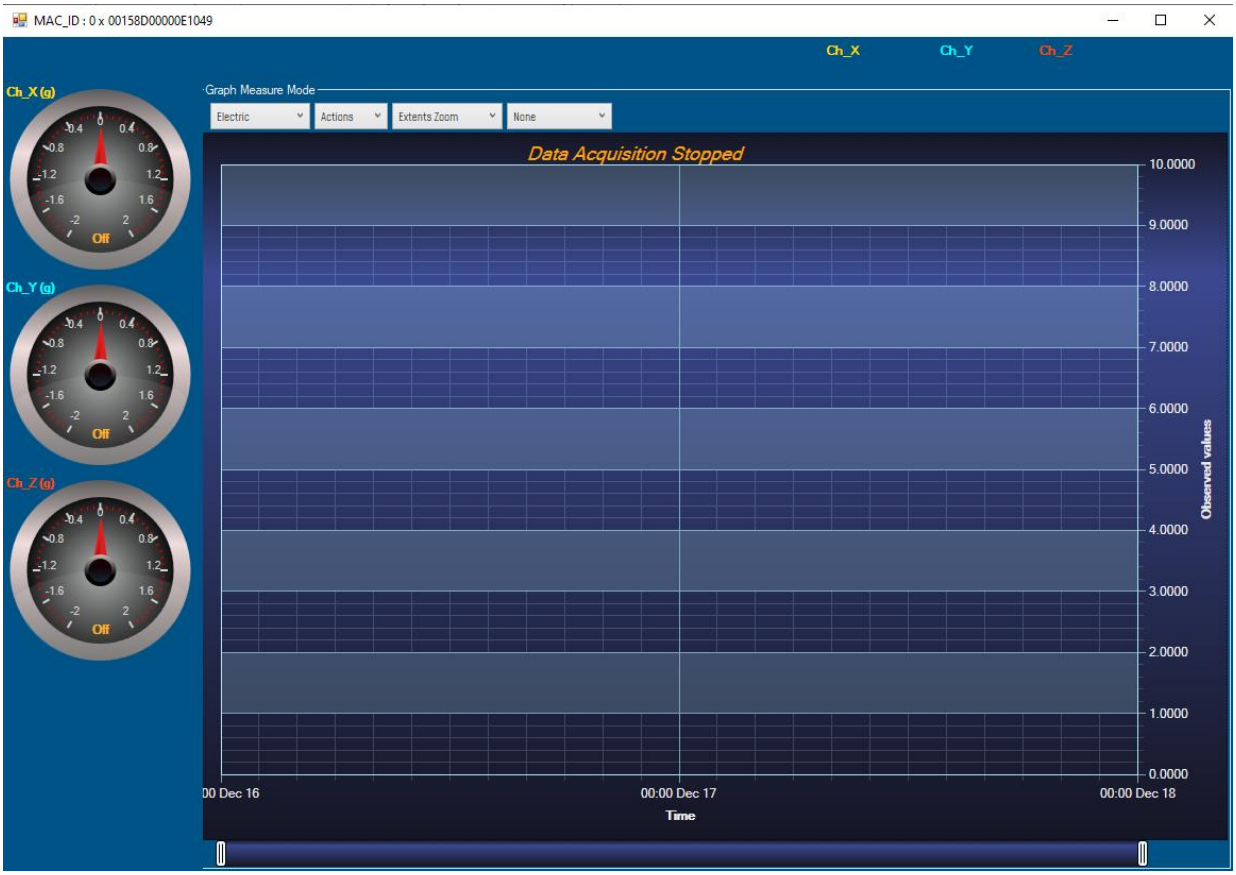
10.2.5 Advanced Functions

This option is related to the BeanDevice®



- Enable logging on PC: to generate a log file which contains all the data and will be backed up on your PC
- Disable logging on PC: there is no log file containing the data stored on your PC
- Reset measure memory cache for all sensors: to Reset the cache
- BeanDevice® health status

- Multigraph display


MAC_ID : 0 x 00158D00000E1049
Ch_X
Ch_Y
Ch_Z
Ch_X (g)
Ch_Y (g)
Ch_Z (g)
Off
Graph Measure Mode
Electric
Actions
Extents Zoom
None
Data Acquisition Stopped
10.0000
9.0000
8.0000
7.0000
6.0000
5.0000
4.0000
3.0000
2.0000
1.0000
0.0000
Observed values
00 Dec 16
00:00 Dec 17
00:00 Dec 18
Time

11. ONLINE AND OFFLINE DATA ANALYSIS TOOL

Online and offline analysis tool is only available on BeanDevice® AX-3D and BeanDevice® AX-3D Xrange

11.1 OFFLINE DATA ANALYSIS TOOL

11.1.1 FFT (Fast Fourier Transform) waveform analysis module

The Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) resolves a time waveform into its sinusoidal components. The FFT takes a block of time-domain data and returns the frequency spectrum of the data. The FFT is a digital implementation of the Fourier transform. Thus, the FFT does not yield a continuous spectrum. Instead, the FFT returns a discrete spectrum, in which the frequency content of the waveform is resolved into a finite number of frequency lines, or bins.

FFT (Fast Fourier transform) module is only compatible with "Streaming" and "S.E.T" measurement modes.

11.1.1.1 FFT generation

The BeanScape® Software includes an FFT module used for spectrum analysis. Under the menu Off.Data Analysis displayed on the BeanScape® top menu, select FFT to have access to FFT spectrum analysis module.

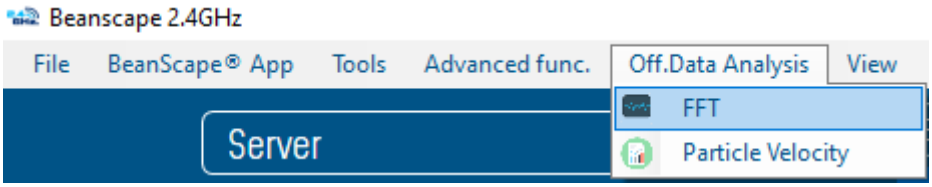


Figure 170: FFT offline data analysis on BeanScape® top menu

A new pop-up window will appear, where the user is invited to browse Tx files to be treated and graphically displayed.

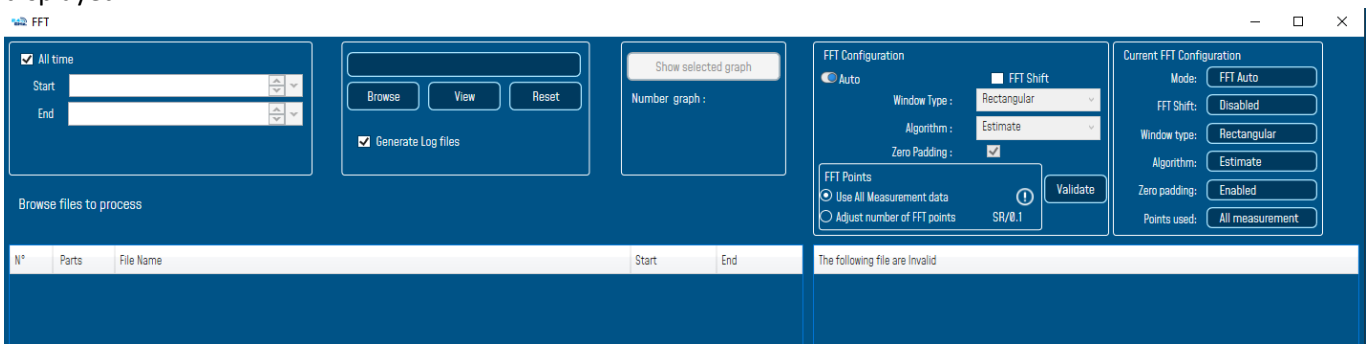


Figure 171: FFT tool window

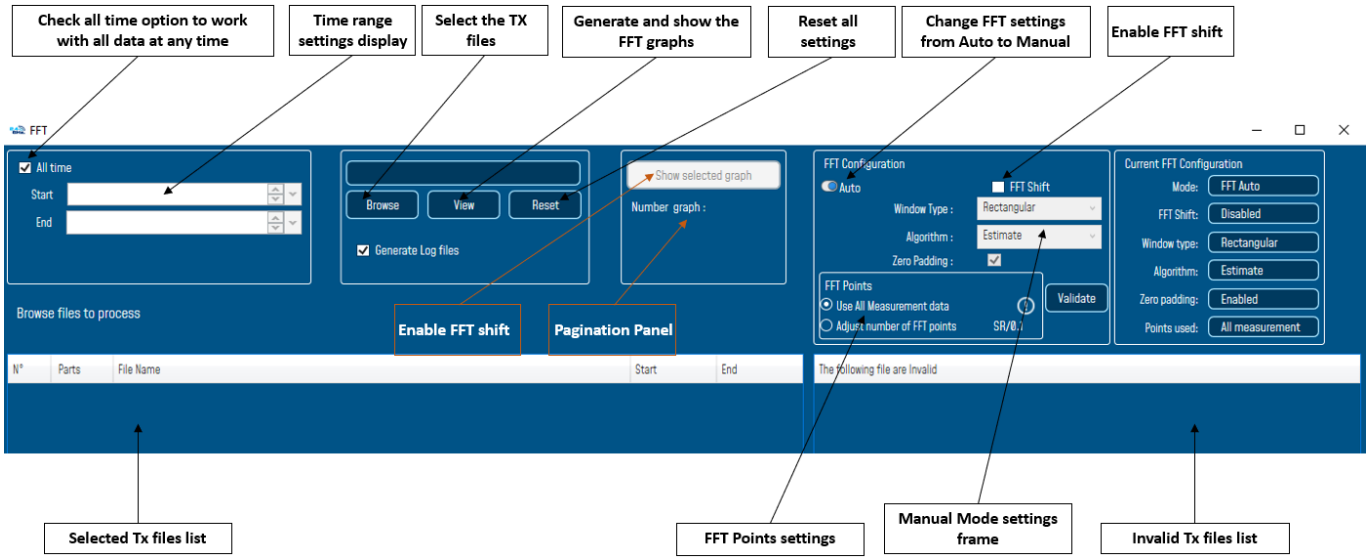


Figure 172:FFT tool options

To import the files containing the logged measurement, the user should click on Browse, then import the files from log_beanscape folder, where Tx files are saved.

The FFT tool will generate as a result:

- Power spectral density and a new window displays

1: Click on Browse to choose files

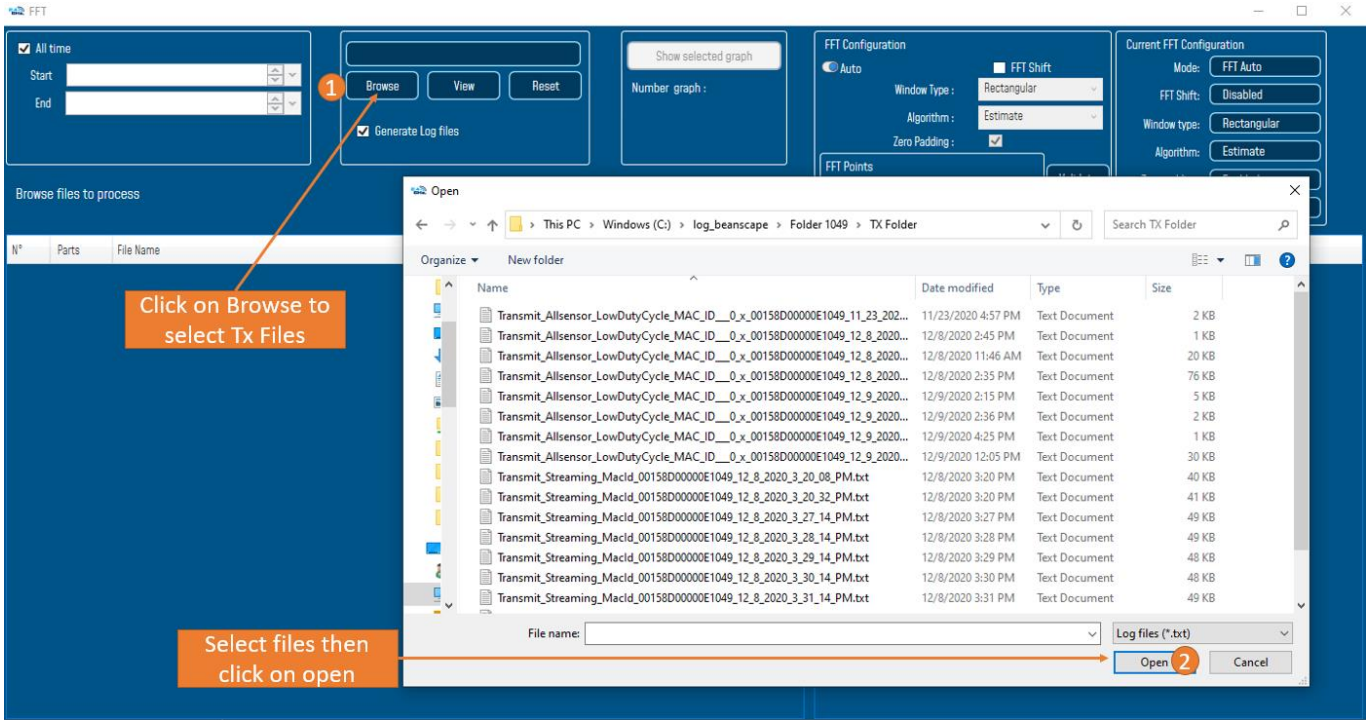


Figure 173: Browsing TX files on FFT tool

2: Overview of the selected files

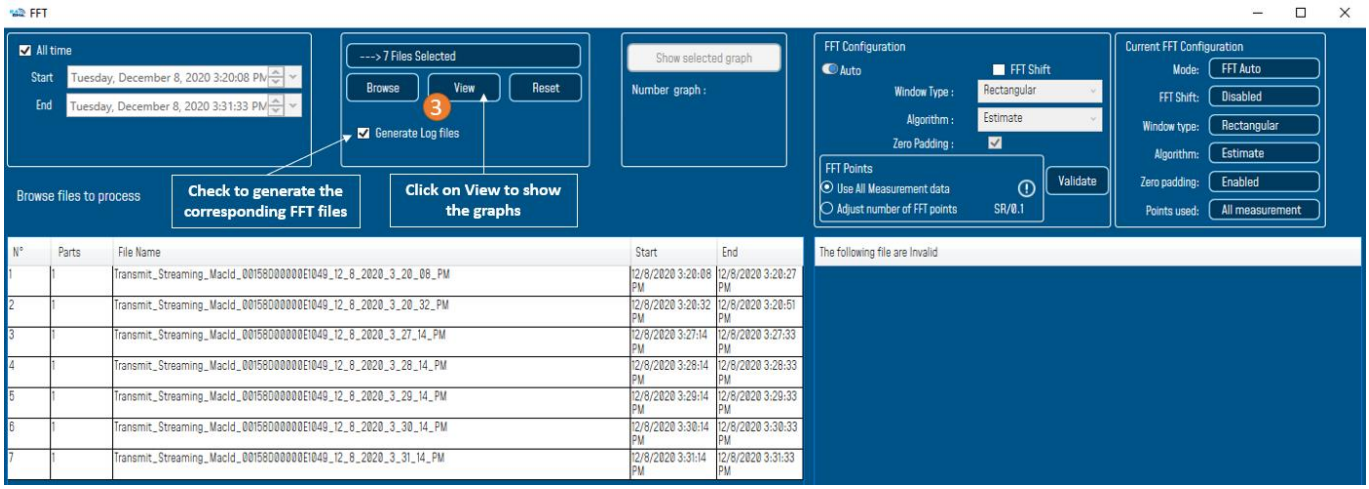


Figure 174: Overview: FFT window

3:Loading

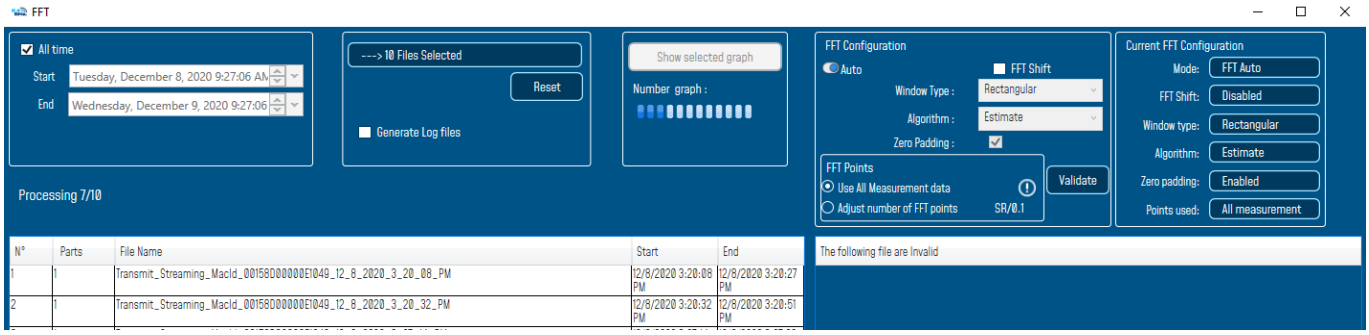


Figure 175: FFT generation

4: FFT report generated with the following results:

a. Frequency
b. Amplitude

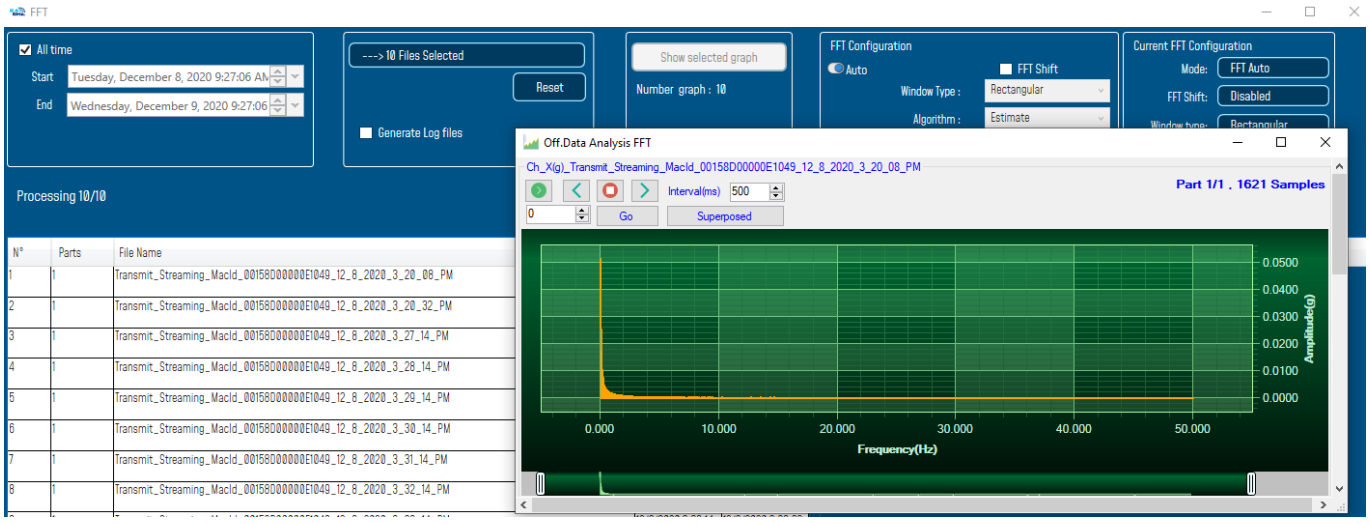


Figure 176: FFT generated View

5: FFT LOG files generated

FFT LOG files will be generated in a folder located in log_beanscape repertory called FFT FOLDER.
In this folder, BeanScape® will create separate folders for each BeanDevice®.

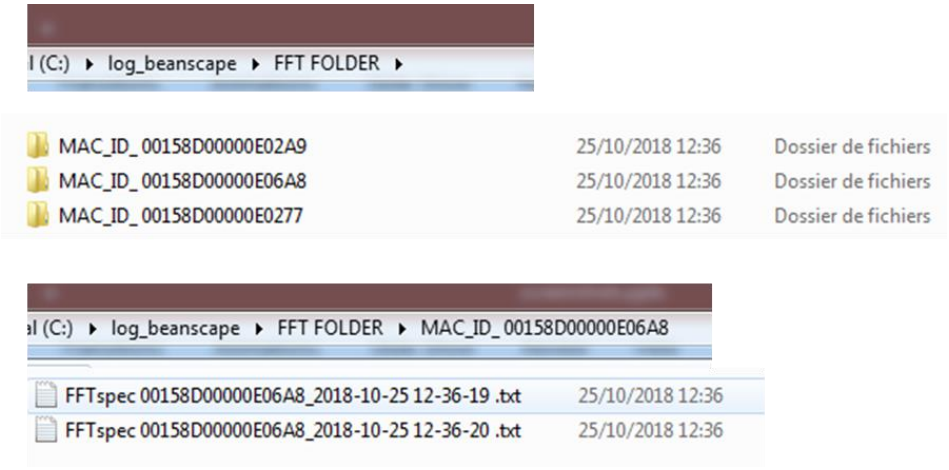


Figure 177: Generated FFT Log files

6: The graphs will be displayed automatically when VPPV Report is generated via a pop-up window, that can be formatted to select the number of graphs to display simultaneously in this window.
An easy navigation bar on the top of the window, allow to the user to navigate between the graphs and select the page size.

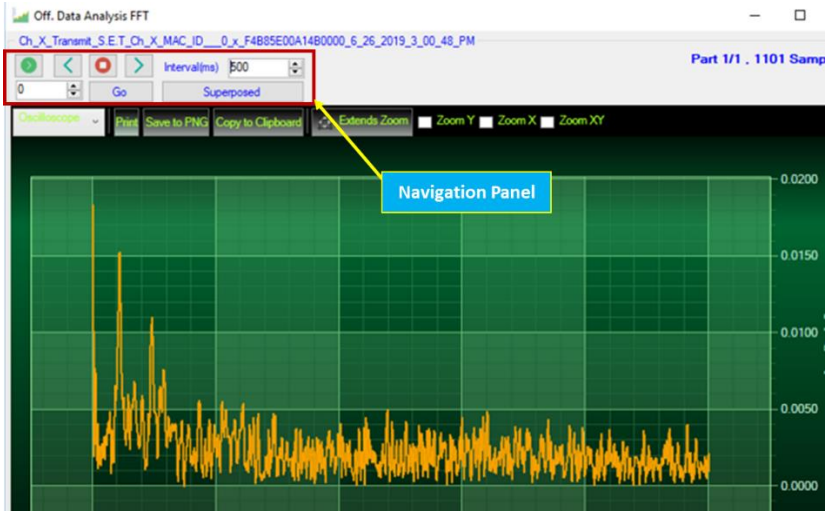


Figure 178: Graph display (Offline Data Analysis)

7: Users can manually select and launch graph by double click or selecting file and click on “Show selected graph” button.

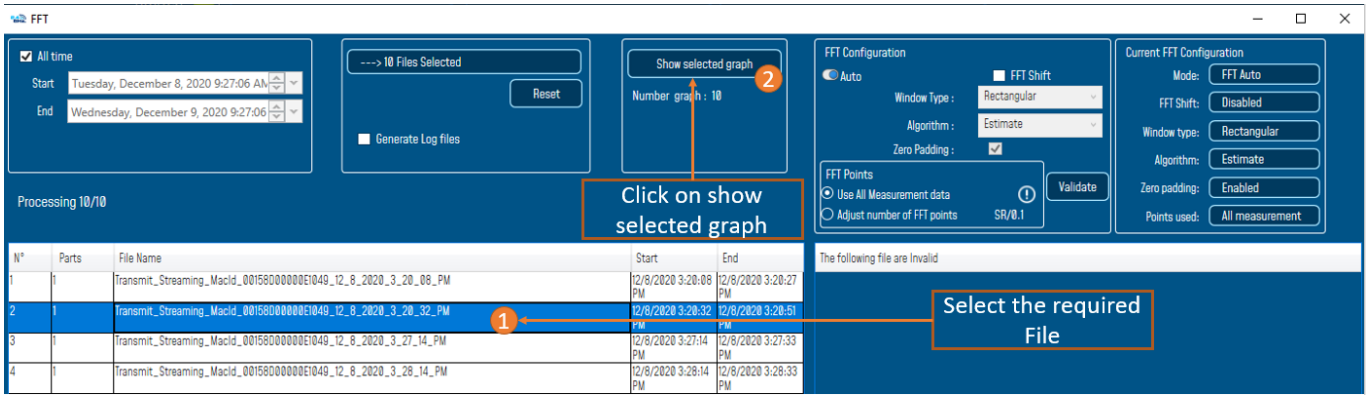


Figure 179: Selecting a graph to display

8: The selected graph is displayed

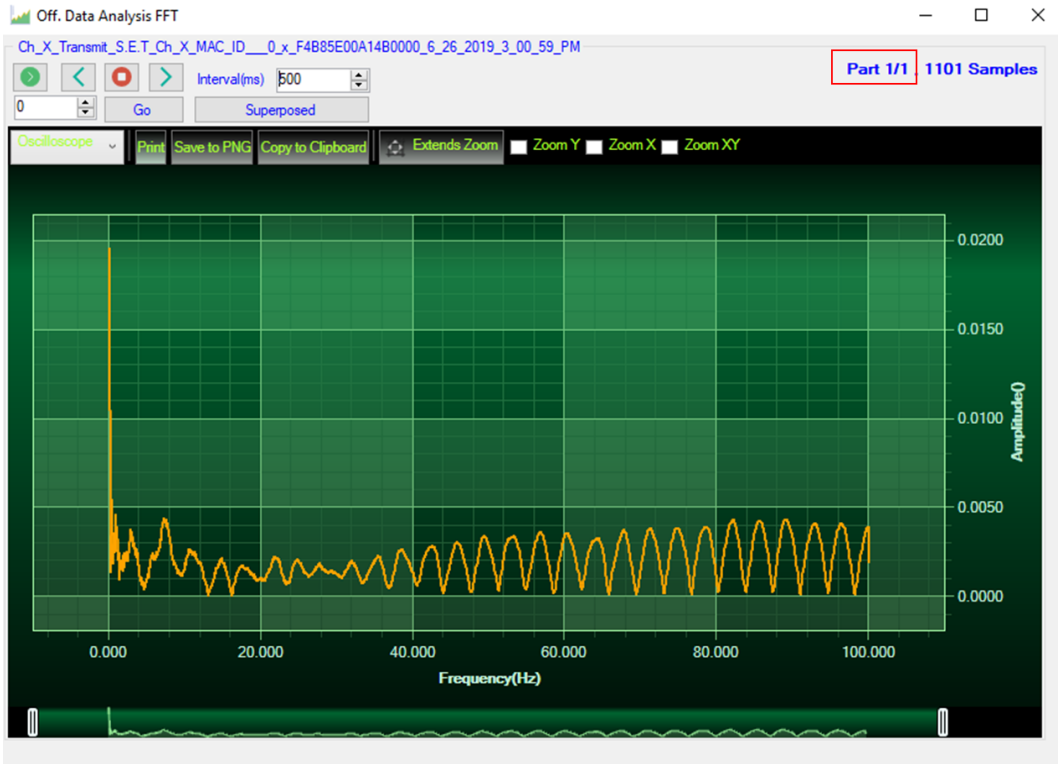


Figure 180: Selected graph display

10: Make sure that the time range is within your measurements, otherwise the files will be considered as invalid.

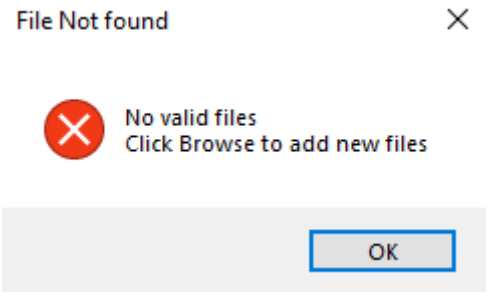


Figure 181: FFT invalid files

11.1.1.2 FFT shift

FFT shift allows sorting the FFT output by moving the zero-frequency component to the center of the array. It is useful for visualizing a Fourier transform with the zero-frequency component in the middle of the spectrum.

FFT shift option is activated when the checkbox "FFT shift" is checked.

Click on browse and import file containing the logged measurement, the result will be:

- Power spectral density and a new window displays (with zero-frequency at the center)

1: To use FFT Shift: check FFT Shift, select files and click the "View" button:

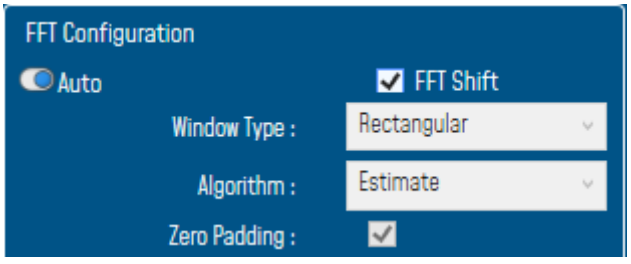


Figure 182: FFT Shift activation

2: FFT Spectrum with FFT Shift option enabled

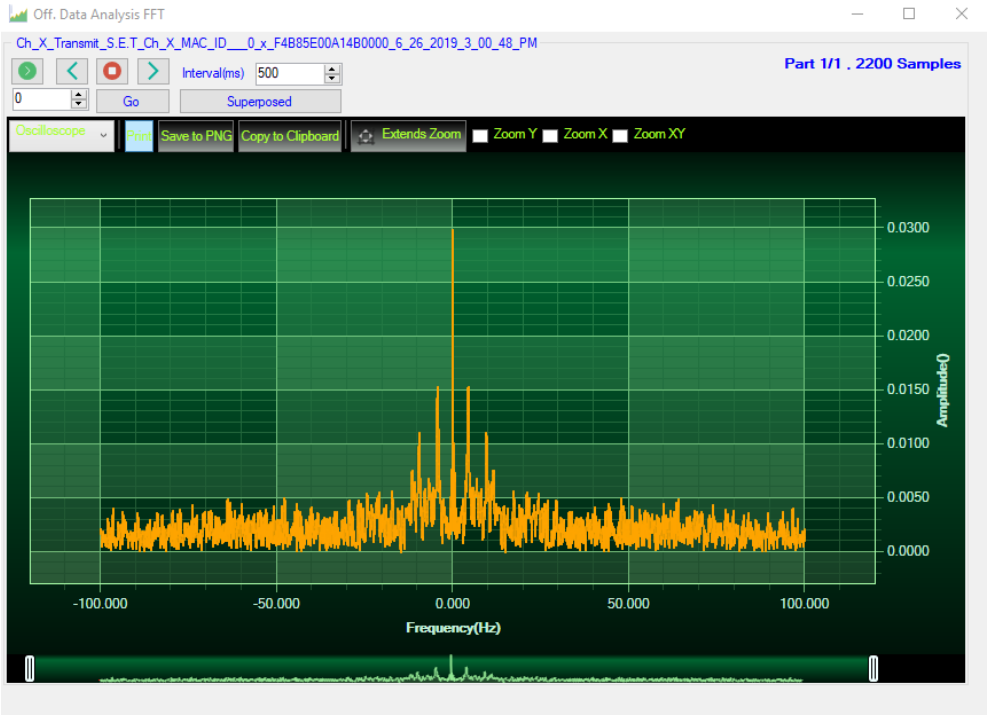


Figure 183: Gird of FFT Shift spectra

FFT and FFT shift video

11.1.2 Particle Velocity

According to the DIN4150-3, the BeanScape® software Particle Velocity option acts as follow:

1-Display Particle velocity which is calculated from the acceleration.

2-Implement an analysis report.

The first step: Under Off.Data Analysis menu on the Beanscape® top menu, select Particle Velocity

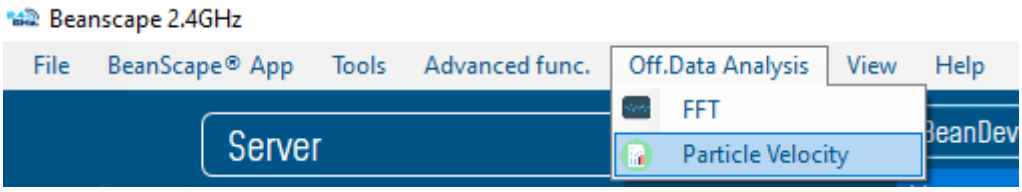


Figure 184: DIN on BeanScape® top menu

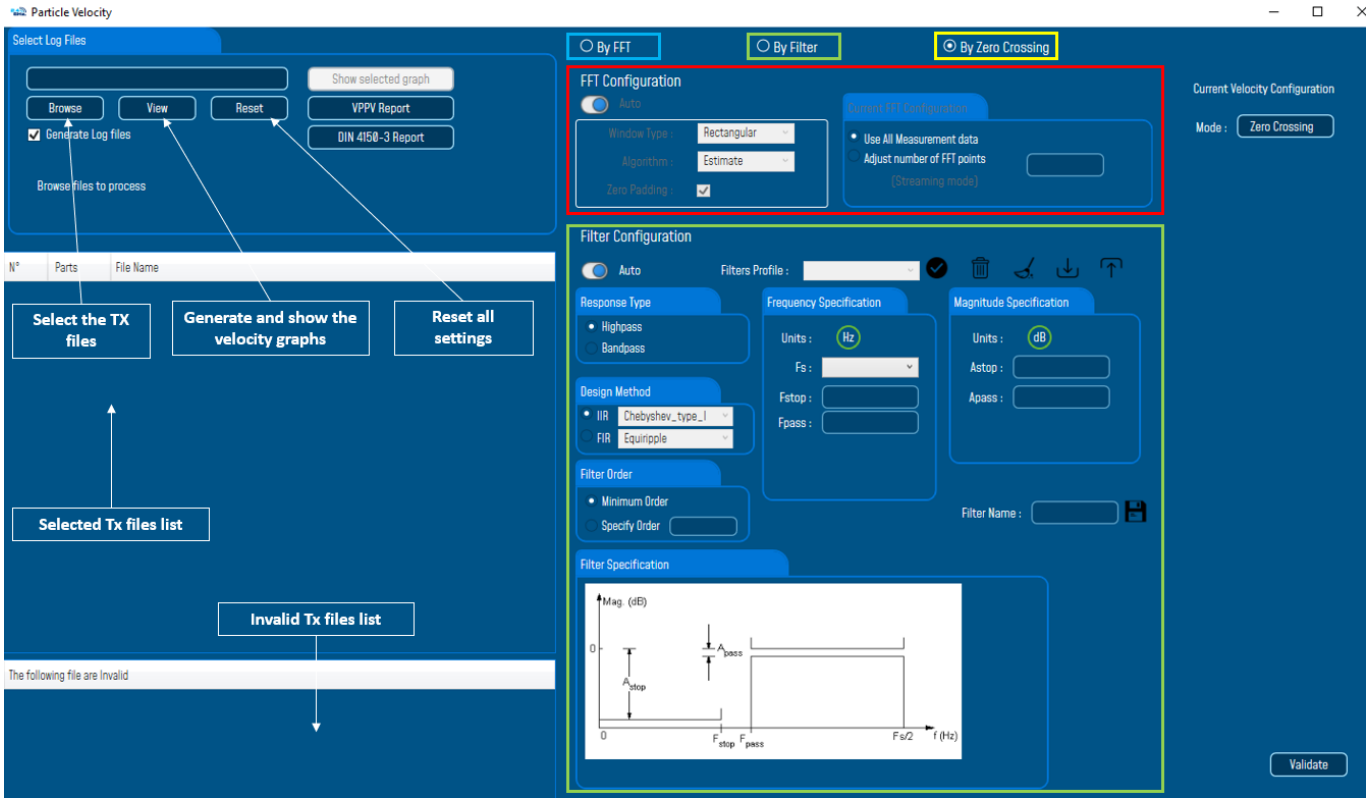
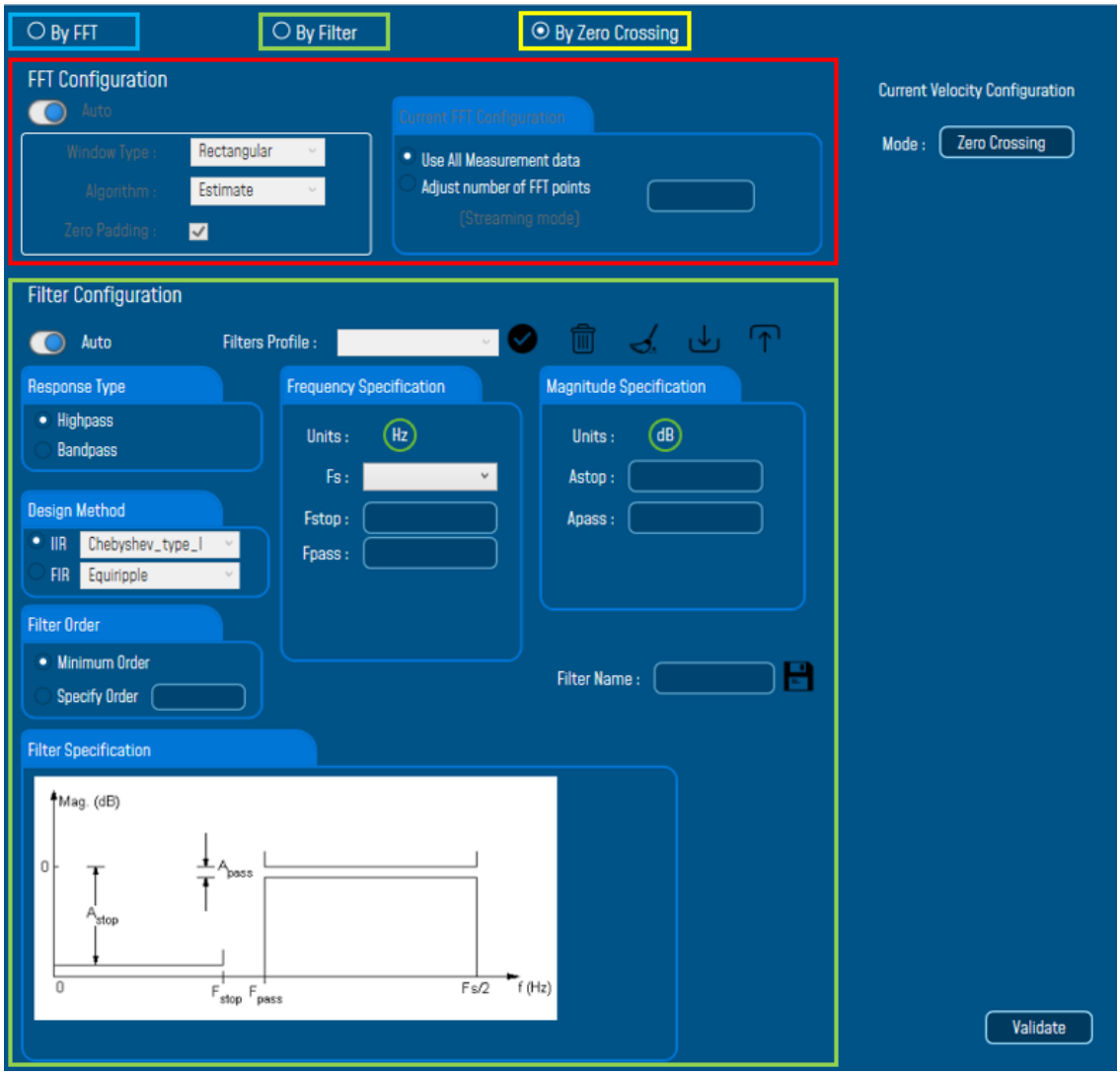


Figure 185: Particle Velocity window

The second step is to browse and import the file containing the logged measurement. The result will be:

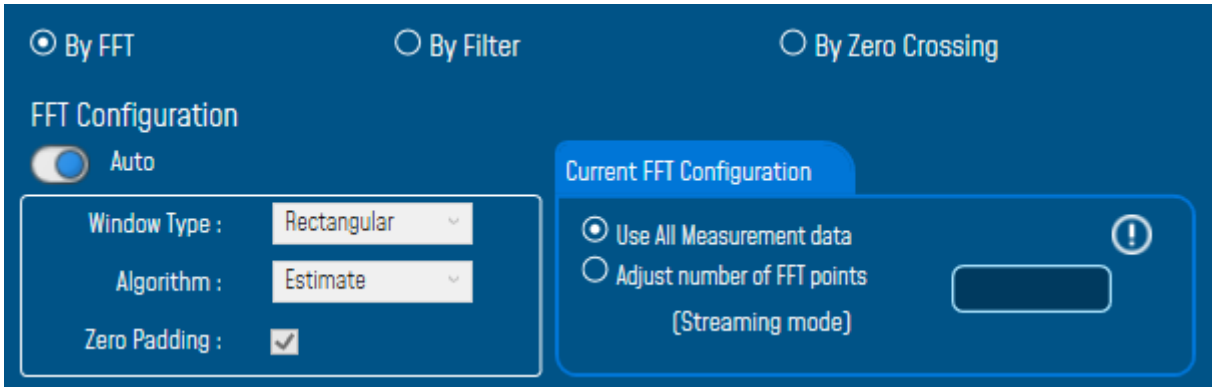
- Velocity display window
- DIN report generated
- Velocity files created

3: Velocity Advanced Configuration.

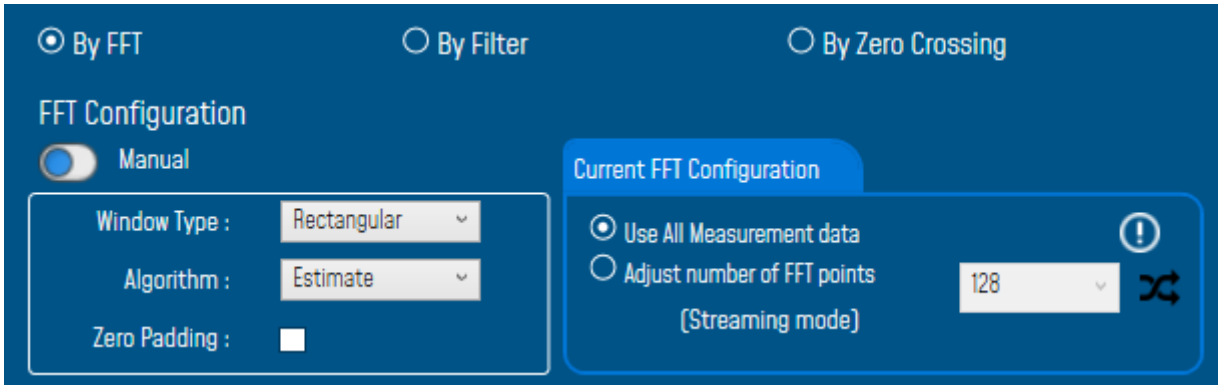


By default, the Velocity is configured “By Zero Crossing”, to edit the Velocity settings user must select “By FFT” or “By Filter”.

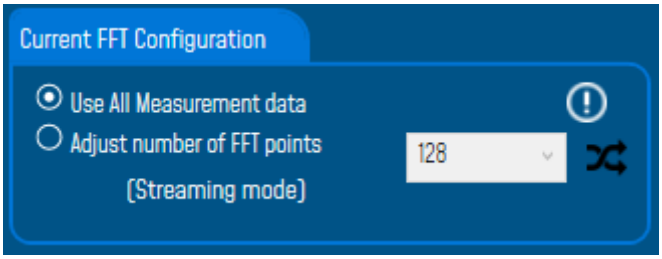
- **By FFT:** By selecting this option, the user will setup the Velocity basing on customized FFT settings.
    - Auto: If Auto is selected, The Velocity calculation will activate FFT Auto mode Settings



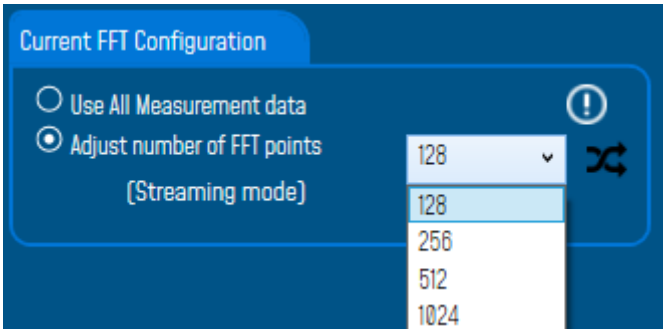
- Manual: Once switched to Manual, the user must configure the FFT settings manually (Window Type, Algorithm & Zero Padding).



- FFT Points:



By default, the Number of Points is configured to be set automatically as Sampling Rate / 0.1 (SR/0.1). By moving to the Manual settings, user must choose a value between 128 and 32768.



It is important to notice that larger Number of Points provide higher spectral resolution but take longer to compute.

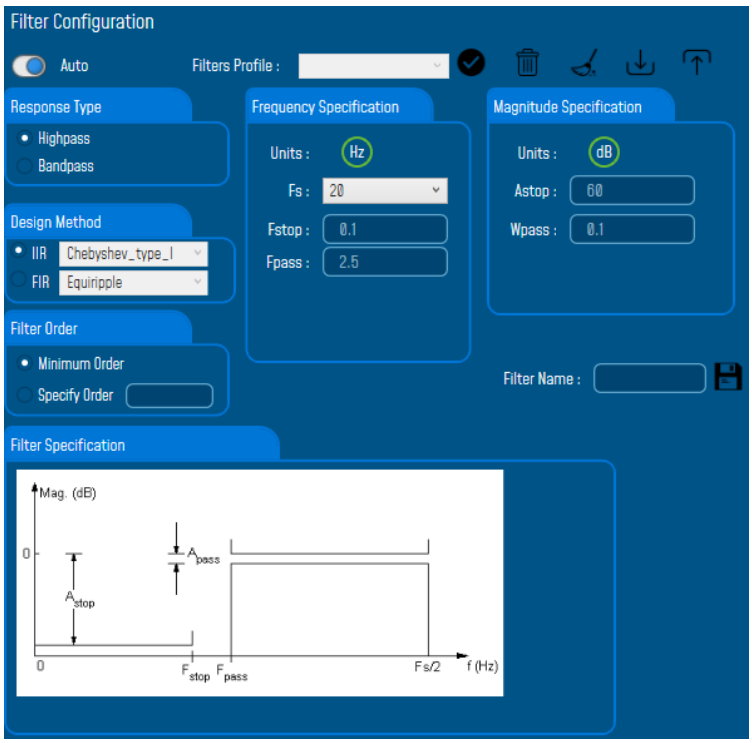
The frequency resolution of each spectral line is equal to the Sampling Rate divided by the Number of Points. For instance, for example, if the Number of Points is 4096 and the Sampling Rate is 2000, the resolution of each spectral line will be:

2000/4096 = 0.48828125

The Number of Points should be equal or higher than the Samplig Rate (Acquisition time at least = 1 second)

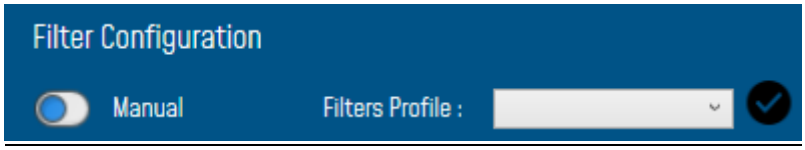
It is important to notice that larger Number of Points provide higher spectral resolution but take longer to compute.

- **By Filter:** By selecting this option, the user will setup the Velocity basing on the Software Filter.
    - Auto: If Auto is selected, Velocity Automatic filter will be configured



- Manual: Once switched to Manual, the user must configure manually the Filter settings.

  - Response Type: User should specify if the Response is **Highpass** or **Bandpass**



  - Design Method: User should Select the nature of the Filter between **IIR** or **FIR**
    From the List of every filter, user have to specify the method of the Filter:
    IIR: Chebyshev_type_I, Chebyshev_type_II or Butterworth
    FIR: Equiripple, Generalized_Equiripple or Kaiser_Window

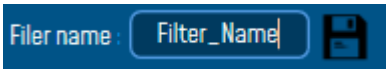
The Frequency Specification and The Magnitude Specification will be modified according the selected Design Method

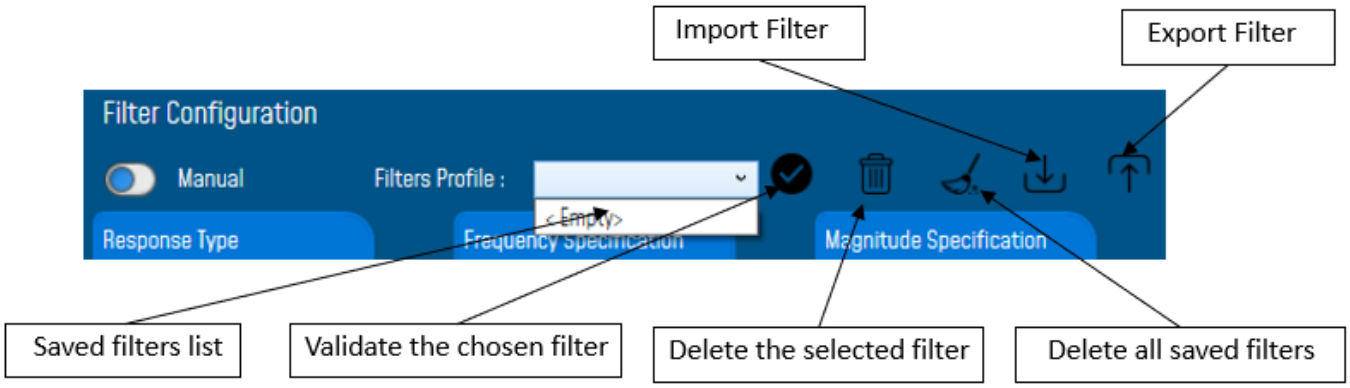
  - Filter Order: If the user is using IIR Design Method, Minimum Order will be selected automatically.
    If the FIR Design Method is selected, user must Specify Order.

  - Frequency Specification: Is a customizable frame according to the Design Method.

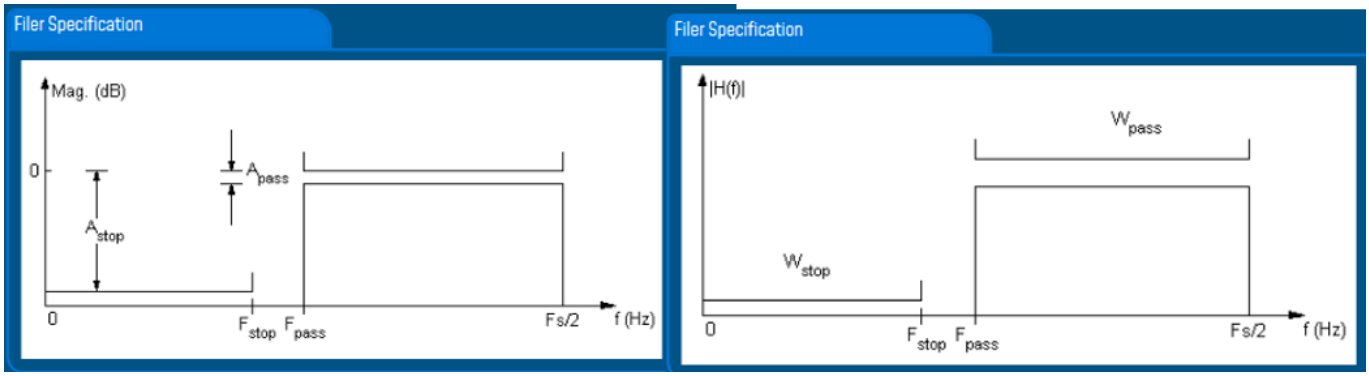
  - Magnitude Specification: Is a customizable frame according to the Design Method.

  - Filter Profile: User can save a specific Configuration and re-use it later.





  - Filter Specification: Is a Graphical Display of the Filter Specification depends on the user settings.



4: Click on browse button to choose TX Files.

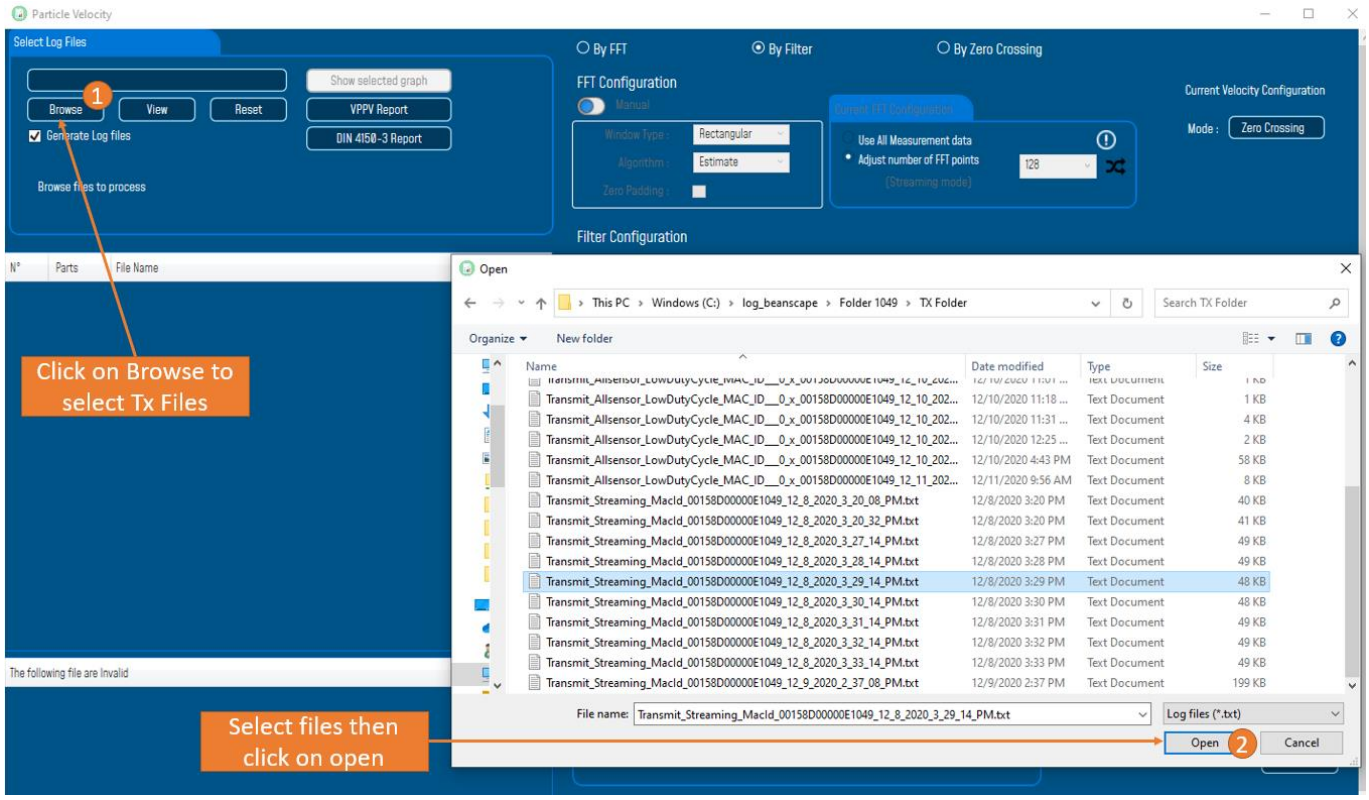


Figure 186: Browsing TX files into Particle Velocity tool

5: Loading.

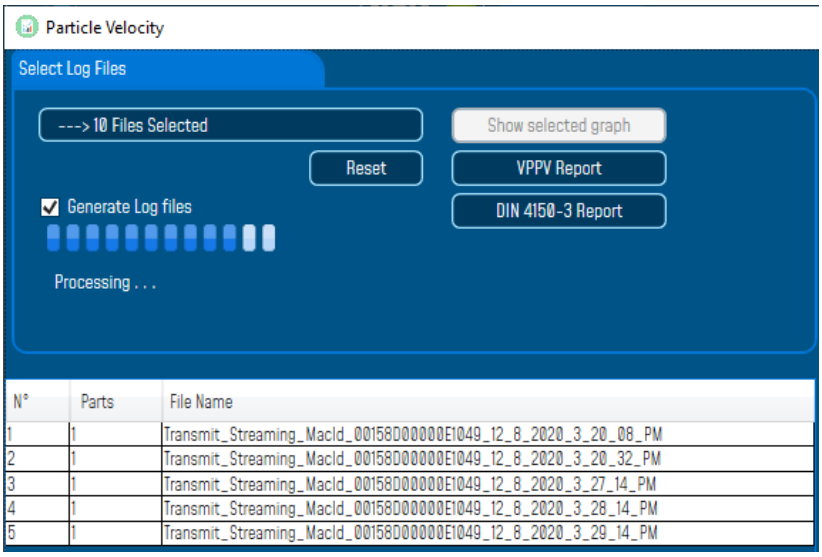


Figure 187: Particle Velocity result generation

6: The Particle Velocity Window will be displayed and will display:

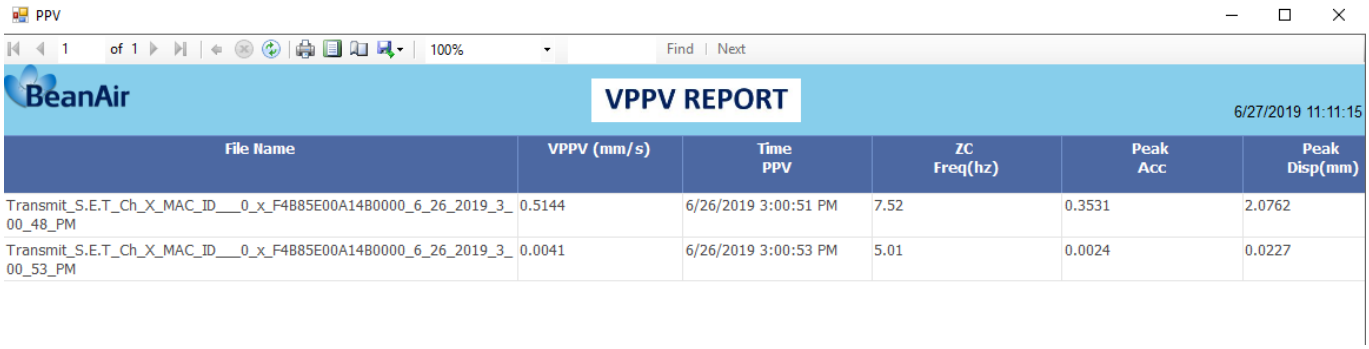
- **Velocity Graph**
- **Particle Velocity Graph**
- **PPV Values**
- **Zero Crossing frequency values**
- **Peak Acceleration and Displacement values**

Figure 188: Particle Velocity Display Window

6: The VPPV and DIN Report:

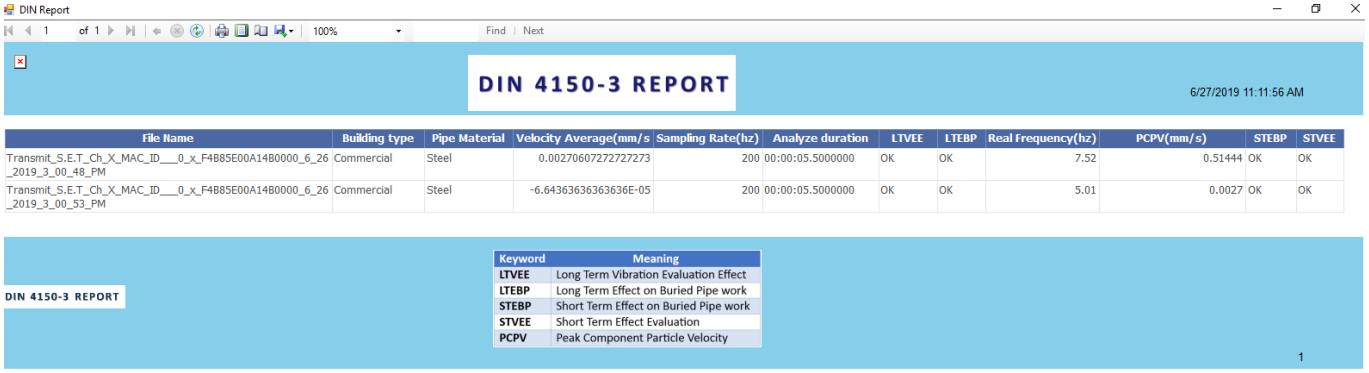
VPPV & DIN Report will be generated by clicking on the VPPV View and DIN-4150-3 Report buttons

Figure 189: VPPV & DIN buttons



File Name	VPPV (mm/s)	Time PPV	ZC Freq(hz)	Peak Acc	Peak Disp(mm)
Transmit_S.E.T_Ch_X_MAC_ID___0_x_F4B85E00A14B0000_6_26_2019_3_00_48_PM	0.5144	6/26/2019 3:00:51 PM	7.52	0.3531	2.0762
Transmit_S.E.T_Ch_X_MAC_ID___0_x_F4B85E00A14B0000_6_26_2019_3_00_53_PM	0.0041	6/26/2019 3:00:53 PM	5.01	0.0024	0.0227

Figure 190: VPPV Report



File Name	Building type	Pipe Material	Velocity Average(mm/s	Sampling Rate(hz)	Analyze duration	LTVEE	LTEBP	Real Frequency(hz)	PCPV(mm/s)	STEBP	STVEE
Transmit_S.E.T_Ch_X_MAC_ID___0_x_F4B85E00A14B0000_6_26_2019_3_00_48_PM	Commercial	Steel	0.00270607272727273	200	00:00:05.5000000	OK	OK	7.52	0.51444	OK	OK
Transmit_S.E.T_Ch_X_MAC_ID___0_x_F4B85E00A14B0000_6_26_2019_3_00_53_PM	Commercial	Steel	-6.643636363636E-05	200	00:00:05.5000000	OK	OK	5.01	0.0027	OK	OK

DIN 4150-3 REPORT

Keyword	Meaning
LTVEE	Long Term Vibration Evaluation Effect
LTEBP	Long Term Effect on Buried Pipe work
STEBP	Short Term Effect on Buried Pipe work
STVEE	Short Term Effect Evaluation
PCPV	Peak Component Particle Velocity

Figure 191: DIN Report

INFORMATION	DETAILS
Building type	User configurable
Pipeline Material	User Configurable
Velocity Average	Get the average of the signal after transforming the acceleration signal into velocity signal
Sampling Rate	In Hz
Analyse duration	BeanScape property
Long term vibration evaluation effect	1-Find the maximum velocity values over the Time 2- Compare the maximum velocity to the guideline value described on the Norm DIN 4150. 3-Display if the result is OK or not (guideline respected or not)
Long term Effect on buried pipework	1-Find the maximum velocity values over the Time 2- Compare the maximum velocity to the guideline value described on the Norm DIN 4150. 3-Display if the result is OK or not (guideline respected or not)
Real Frequency	Get the signal frequency (FFT + windowing)
Maximum velocity (mm/s)	BeanScape Property
Short term Effect on buried pipework	1-Find the maximum velocity values over the Time 2- Compare the maximum velocity to the guideline value described on the Norm DIN 4150. 3-Display if the result is OK or not (guideline respected or not)
Short term vibration effect evaluation	1-find the maximum velocity value over the time. 2-Determine the significant frequency (use the FFT + windowing). 3-compare the maximum velocity to the guideline value described on the Norm DIN 4150 5-Display if the result is OK or not (guideline respected or not)

Signal windowing is used in this analysis. Windowing is a technique used to cut out a section of your data to measure, in order to minimize distortions that cause spectral leakage of the FFT.

DIN 4150-3 Interpretation video

11.2 ONLINE DATA ANALYSIS TOOL

11.2.1 Online FFT

The FFT (Fast Fourier transform) operates by decomposing an N point time domain signal into N time domain signals each composed of a single point.

The second step is to calculate the N frequency spectra corresponding to these N time domain signals.

Lastly, the N spectra are synthesized into a single frequency spectrum.

When using FFT in SET mode, for best performance FFT points are automatically calculated on the number of data acquisition (sampling rate xdata acquisition duration).

Real time observation of FFT available for BeanDevice AX-3D only with Streaming and S.E.T acquisition modes and is enabled from the Online Data Analysis tab in the Configuration panel.

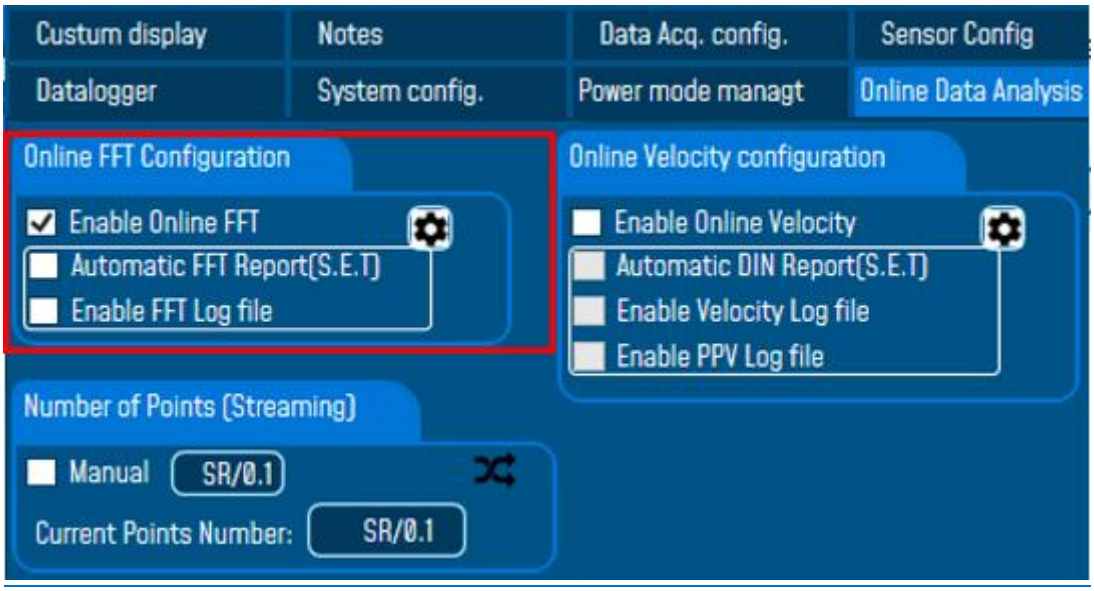


Figure 192: Online FFT Configuration frame

1: Check Enable Online FFT to view the display of FFT graph in the sensor profile

Figure 193: FFT Spectrum

2: Check Enable FFT Log file to generate log files in the log_beanscape directory.

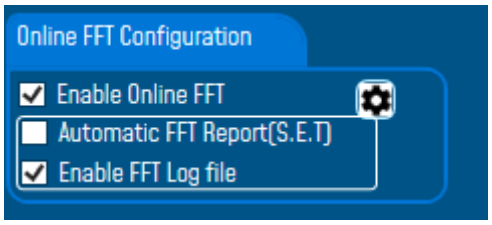


Figure 194: Online FFT Configuration frame

The log files will be generated in a folder called “FFT” under the BeanDevice® repertory.

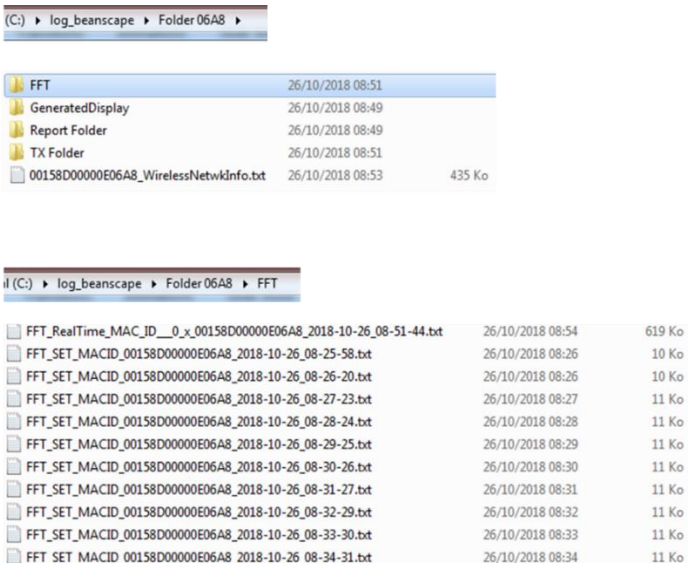


Figure 195: FFT log files folder

3: Enabling Automatic Report: This functionality is available only in S.E.T mode. To activate automatic reports generation, check the option on Online FFT configuration frame

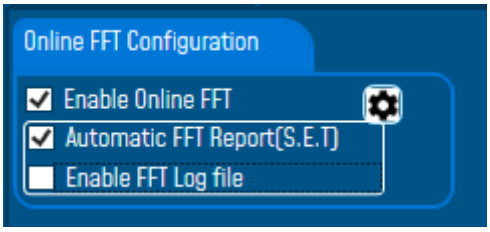
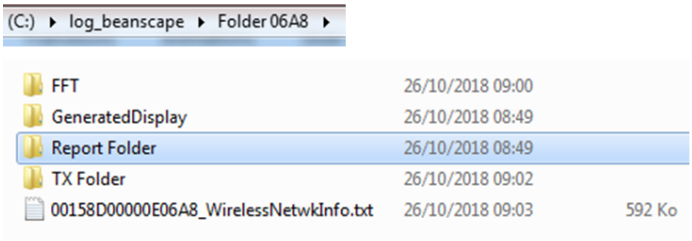


Figure 196:Enabling Automatic FFT Report

The Reports will be generated in your log_beanscape directory, under "Report Folder" repertory.



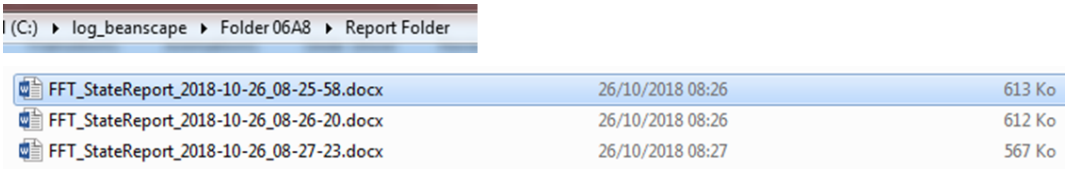


Figure 197: Report Folder

For further information about the configuration of Online FFT please refer to section 7.3.4 of this user manual

After enabling Real time FFT and setting SMTP configuration (more information on section 8), this is an example of an FFT report emailed to concerned recipients.

BeanAir

FFT Report

[Logo] 1

This email is sent by the BeanScape® software – Acceleration event occurred on "Ch_Z Axis" at Time : 11:04:59.150 , Level : Action

Date : 2020-12-11 11:04:59.150
Measure Duration : 15 sec
Sampling Rate : 100 (hz)
Pre-Trigger Duration : 100 (ms)
IIRFilter : Disabled
Axis where trigger occured : Ch_Z

2

Beandevice® Type : AX 3D
MAC ID : 00158D00000E1049
Label : MAC_ID : 0 x 00158D00000E1049
Range(g) : -2 / +2
Thresholds type for SET mode : Acceleration

4

Related notes to monitoring site

User Name :
Location :
Monitoring sites :

3

Sensor Information

	Ch_X	Ch_Y	Ch_Z
Offset Zeroing value	NA	NA	NA
Threshold Alarm	1.052 g	1.052 g	1.052 g
Threshold Action	0.747 g	0.747 g	0.747 g
Threshold-Alert	0.441 g	0.441 g	0.441 g

5

FFT Configuration

Mode : AUTO
Zero Padding : Enabled
Window Type : Rectangular
Algorithm : Estimate

6

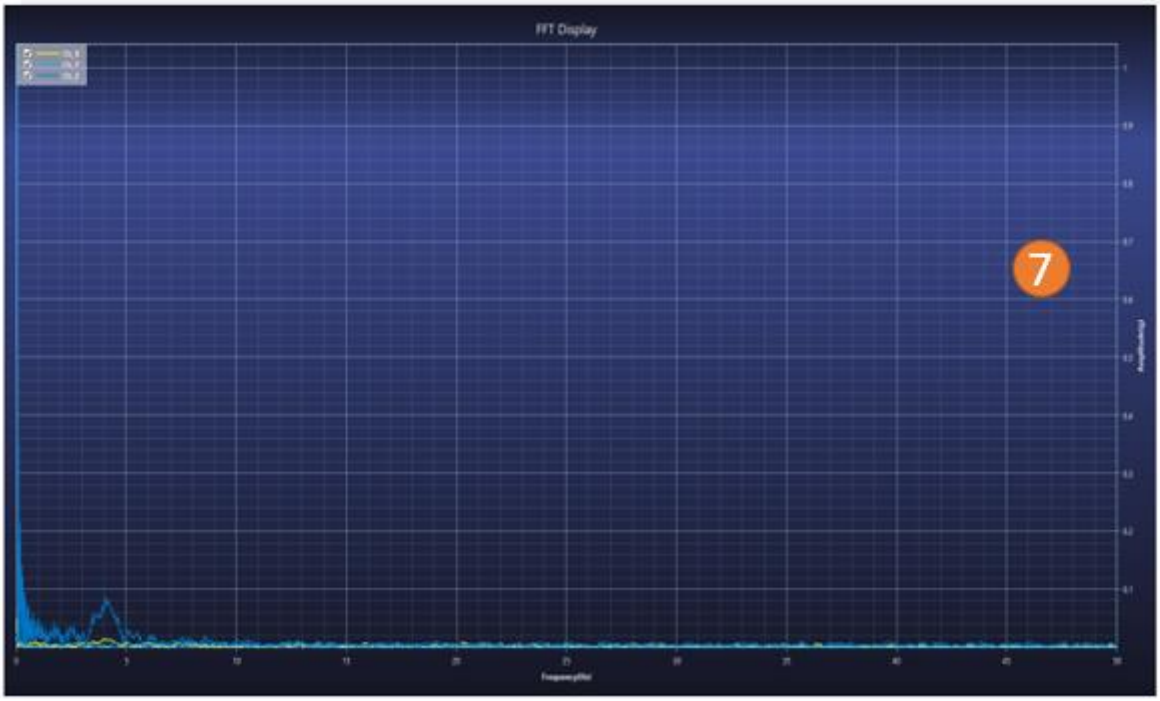


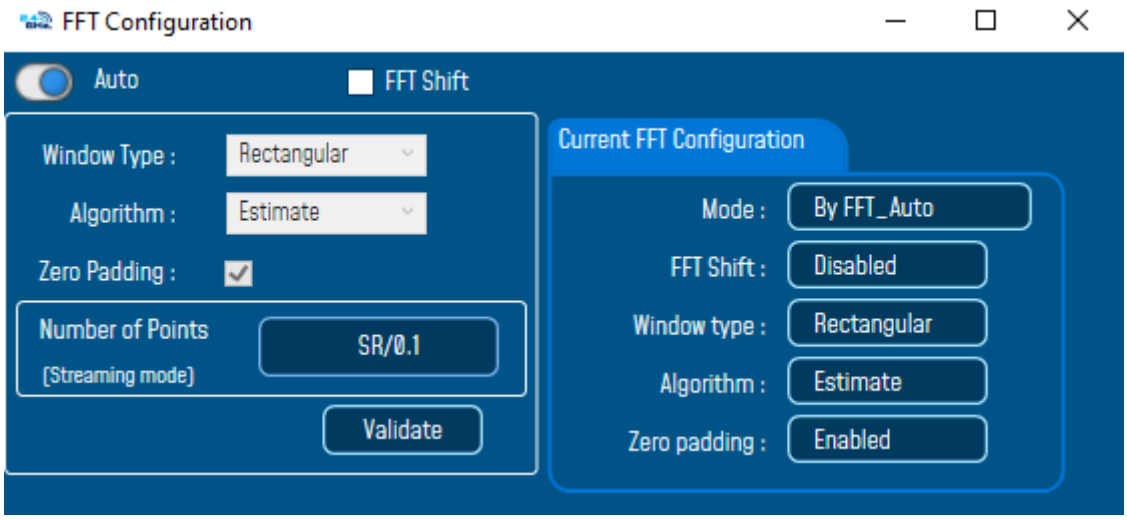
Figure 198: FFT Report (S.E.T mode)

1	Logo of your company, you can upload it from the alarm management configuration window. Tools→Alarm management
2	General information about the Measurement, Date, duration sampling rate ,pre-trigger duration, IIR filter status and triggered axis
3	Information related to monitoring site: user, location and monitoring sites (can be configured from the Alarm tool window. This field can be configured be from the alarm management configuration window Tools→Alarm management
4	BeanDevice® Information: Type, MAC ID and label, measurement range, and Alarm Type : Acceleration or Velocity
5	Alarm thresholds value on each Axis, the three levels of alarms are displayed Action-Alert-Alarm
6	FFT Report with Max Frequency for each Axis, VPPV (Vector Peak Particle Velocity) value and Max amplitude
7	Graph Area – 3 Axis are displayed on the same graph

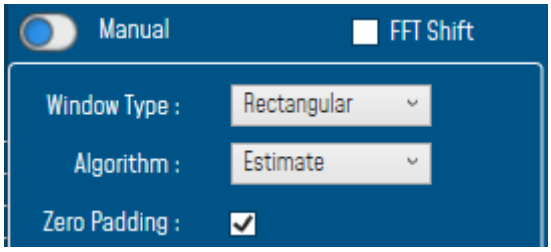
For further information about managing your notification and reports email please refer to section **8:** Alarm management.

-  : FFT Advanced Configuration

  The FFT configuration allows the user to activate the FFT Shift and to go for manual settings related to FFT.



- Auto/Manual



- Window type:

Rectangular
Hamming
Hann
Blackman
Blackman Harris
Gaussian
Kaiser
Taylor
Triangular
Flattop
Bartlett
Bartlett-Hann

When the number of periods in the acquisition is not an integer, the endpoints are discontinuous. These artificial discontinuities show up in the FFT as high-frequency components as not present in the original signal. These frequencies can be much higher than the Nyquist frequency and are aliased between 0 and half of your sampling rate. This phenomenon is known as spectral leakage.

You can minimize these effects by using a technique called windowing.

Windowing reduces the amplitude of the discontinuities at the boundaries of each finite sequence acquired by the digitizer. Windowing consists of multiplying the time record by a finite-length window with an amplitude that varies smoothly and gradually toward zero at the edges. This makes the endpoints of the waveform meet and, therefore, results in a continuous waveform without sharp transitions. This technique is also referred to as applying a window.

There are several different types of window functions that you can apply depending on the signal. To understand how a given window affects the frequency spectrum, you need to understand more about the frequency characteristics of windows.

Selecting a window function is not a simple task. Each window function has its own characteristics and suitability for different applications. To choose a window function, you must estimate the frequency content of the signal.

- If the signal contains strong interfering frequency components distant from the frequency of interest, choose a smoothing window with a high side lobe roll-off rate.

- If the signal contains strong interfering signals near the frequency of interest, choose a window function with a low maximum side lobe level.

- If the frequency of interest contains two or more signals very near to each other, spectral resolution is important. In this case, it is best to choose a smoothing window with a very narrow main lobe.

- If the amplitude accuracy of a single frequency component is more important than the exact location of the component in a given frequency bin, choose a window with a wide main lobe.

- If the signal spectrum is rather flat or broadband in frequency content, use the uniform window, or no window.

In general, the Hanning (Hann) window is satisfactory in 95 percent of cases. It has good frequency resolution and reduced spectral leakage. If you do not know the nature of the signal but you want to apply a smoothing window, start with the Hann window.

- Algorithm

Estimate	Determine a best-guess transform algorithm based on the size of problem.
Measure	Find a better algorithm by computing multiple transforms and measuring the run times.
Patient	Run a wider range of testing compared to 'measure', resulting in a better transform algorithm, but at the expense of higher computational cost to determine the parameters.
Hybrid	Use a combination of 'measure' for transforms with dimension length (number of points) 8192 or smaller and 'estimate' for transforms with dimension length (number of points) larger than 8192.

- Zero Padding: The use of zero padding enables you to estimate the amplitudes of frequencies correctly.

- FFT Shift: Check to enable real time FFT Shift processing for BeanDevice AX-3D on streaming mode and the FFT spectrum will appear shifted below the Streaming graph in the sensor profile.

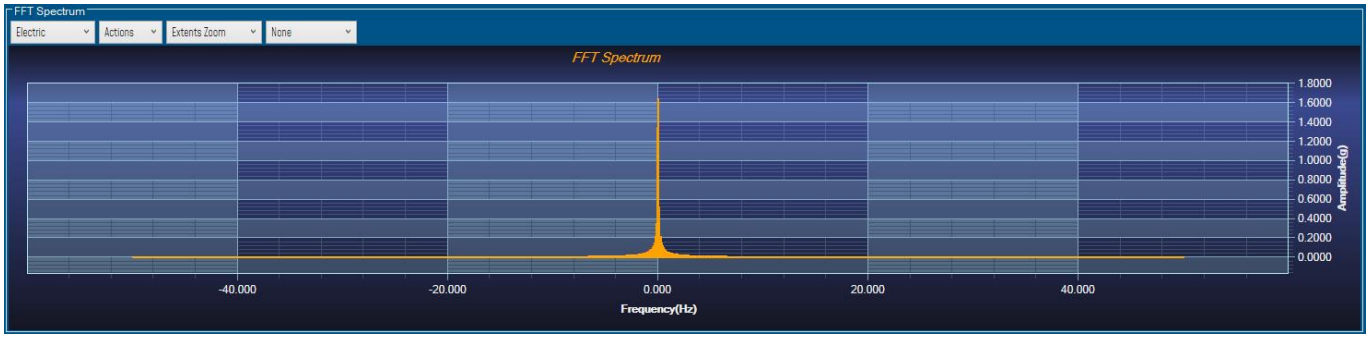


Figure 199: FFT Shift Spectrum

11.2.2 Online Velocity

In order to use Real time PPV, you should use high sampling rate to provide good PPV values.

You need to sample at 200Hz at least to provide good PPV values.

By using SET mode, you need to choose the highest sampling rate which is 200Hz and don't forget to enter a DAQ duration higher than 10s.

For Streaming mode, choose at least 500Hz and above with a minimum DAQ duration of 10s, to provide good PPV measurement.

Real time observation of velocity available for BeanDevice AX-3D only with Streaming and S.E.T acquisition modes and is enabled from the signal processing tab in the Configuration panel.

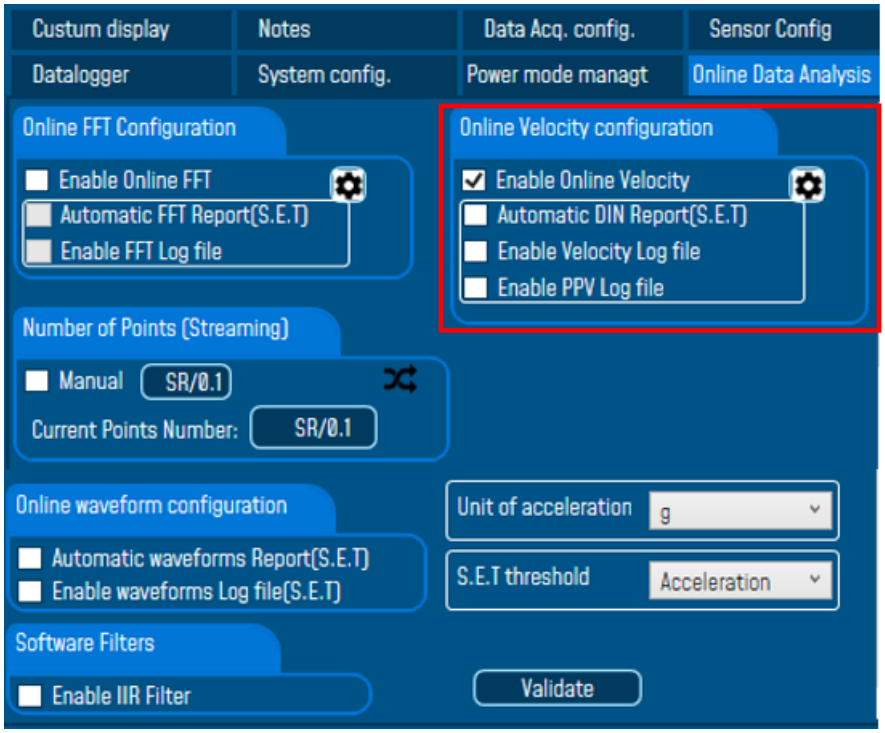


Figure 200: Online Velocity configuration tab

- ***Enable online Velocity***: check to enable real time Velocity processing, PPV and PVS, the velocity graph will be displayed.

On the Graph side a real time DIN 4150 graph will be displayed on the right side of the screen.

Under the DIN 4150 Graph, the PPV and the PVS values will be displayed in real time.

On the PPV frame, BeanScape will display PPV in mm/s, ZC Frequency in Hz, Peak Acceleration in g and Peak Displacement in mm.

It is important to notice that the PVS calculation required 3 active channels to be generated.

PPV: is a measurement of maximum ground particle movement speed, it is in millimeters per second (mm/sec), PPV is a "vector" quantity (i.e. it has both a value and an associated direction).

Peak Vector Sum (PVS): is simply the square root of the sum of the squares of the individual PPV values. PVS is a "scalar" quantity, i.e. one with only a value, which is always larger than the individual PPV vector values.

Scientific studies have shown that the PPV correlates best with damage potential of all the tested characterizations of ground movement (e.g. acceleration, displacement, or strain). Most, though not all, ground vibration standards are quoted in PPV values, although the "acceptable" values of PPV differ with the standard applied and with the frequency of the vibration components.

Figure 201: Velocity Graph

Figure 202: Velocity and FFT Graph, PPV and PVS

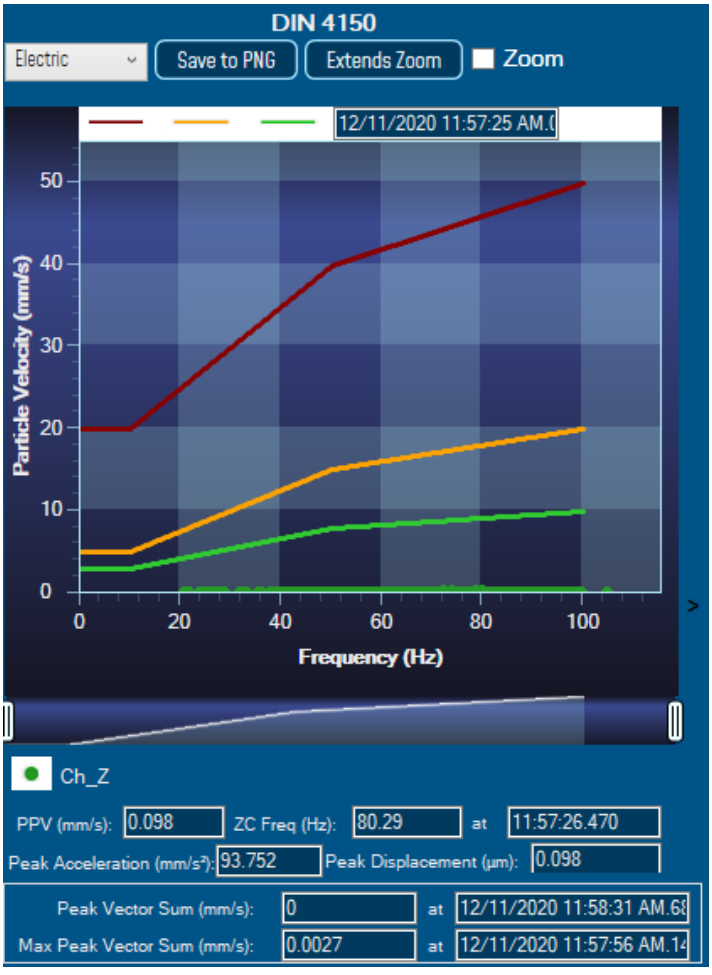
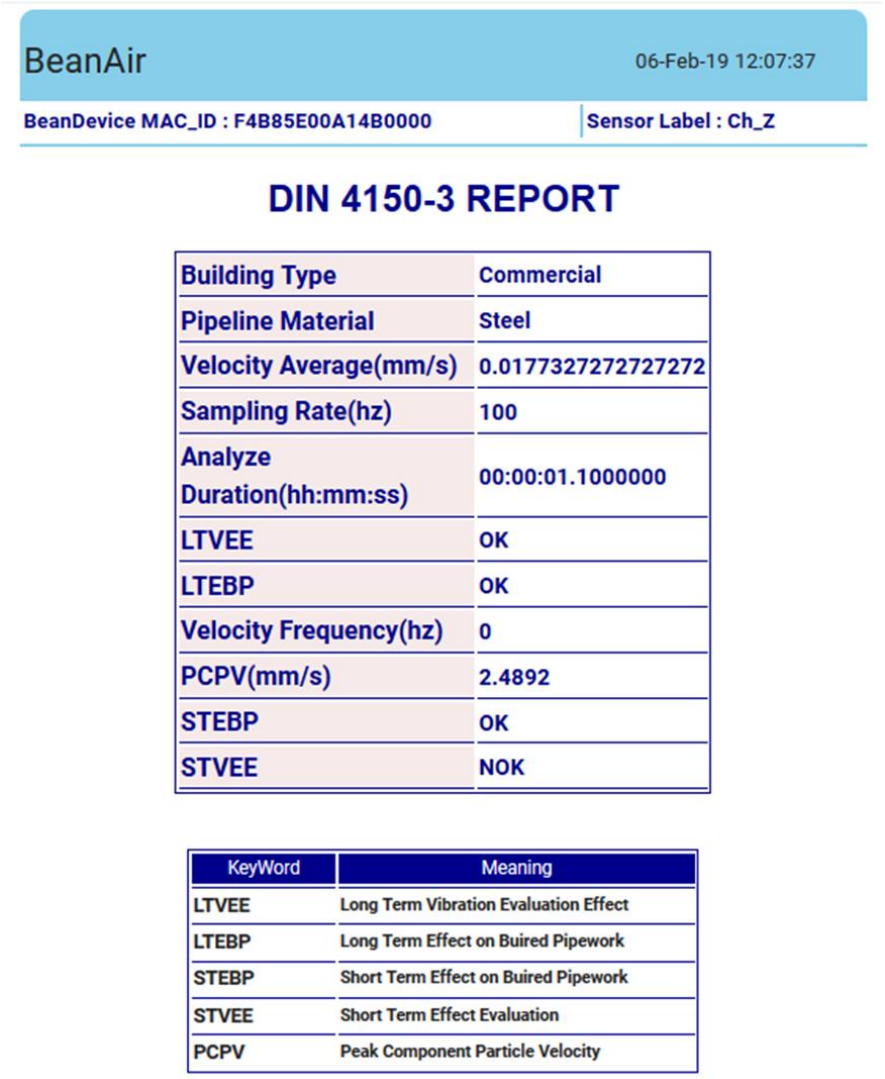


Figure 203: DIN 4150 Real Time Graph, PPV & PVS

- ***Automatic DIN Report (S.E.T)***: check to enable DIN4150-3 report automatic generation when threshold is reached, or an acquisition cycle is reached on the S.E.T acquisition mode.

  An automatic Report will be sent to the email addresses configured on Alarm Management Option.



BeanAir 06-Feb-19 12:07:37

BeanDevice MAC_ID : F4B85E00A14B0000 | Sensor Label : Ch_Z

DIN 4150-3 REPORT

Building Type	Commercial
Pipeline Material	Steel
Velocity Average(mm/s)	0.0177327272727272
Sampling Rate(hz)	100
Analyze Duration(hh:mm:ss)	00:00:01.1000000
LTVEE	OK
LTEBP	OK
Velocity Frequency(hz)	0
PCPV(mm/s)	2.4892
STEBP	OK
STVEE	NOK

KeyWord	Meaning
LTVEE	Long Term Vibration Evaluation Effect
LTEBP	Long Term Effect on Buired Pipework
STEBP	Short Term Effect on Buired Pipework
STVEE	Short Term Effect Evaluation
PCPV	Peak Component Particle Velocity

Figure 204: DIN 4150-3 Report email

INFORMATION	DETAILS
Building type	User configurable
Pipeline Material	User Configurable
Velocity Average	Get the average of the signal after transforming the acceleration signal into velocity signal
Sampling Rate	In Hz
Analyse duration	BeanScape property
Long term vibration evaluation effect	1-Find the maximum velocity values over the Time 2- Compare the maximum velocity to the guideline value described on the Norm DIN 4150. 3-Display if the result is OK or not (guideline respected or not)
Long term Effect on buried pipework	1-Find the maximum velocity values over the Time 2- Compare the maximum velocity to the guideline value described on the Norm DIN 4150. 3-Display if the result is OK or not (guideline respected or not)
Velocity Frequency	Get the signal frequency (FFT + windowing)
Maximum velocity (mm/s)	BeanScape Property
Short term Effect on buried pipework	1-Find the maximum velocity values over the Time 2- Compare the maximum velocity to the guideline value described on the Norm DIN 4150. 3-Display if the result is OK or not (guideline respected or not)
Short term vibration effect evaluation	1-find the maximum velocity value over the time. 2-Determine the significant frequency (use the FFT + windowing). 3-compare the maximum velocity to the guideline value described on the Norm DIN 4150 5-Display if the result is OK or not (guideline respected or not)

- ***Enable Velocity Log file***: check to enable Velocity data to be stored in the log folder.

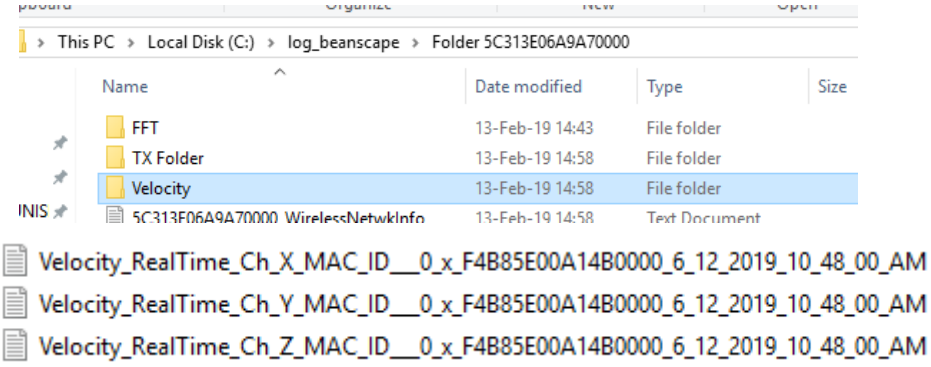


Figure 205: Velocity Log Folder/Files

- ***Enable PPV Log file***

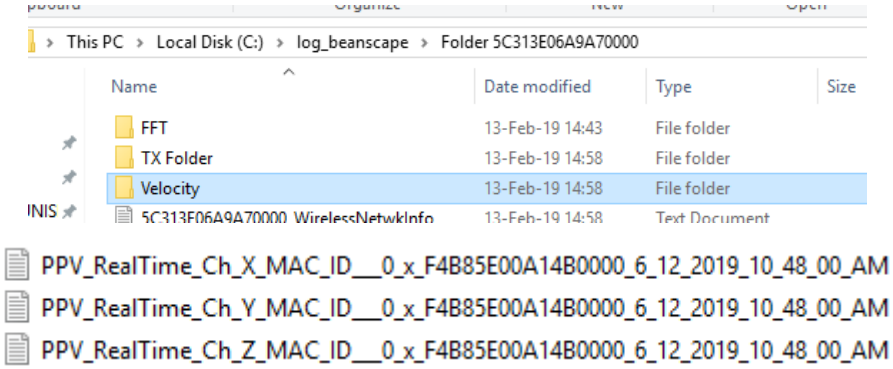


Figure 206: PPV Log Folder/Files

: Velocity Advanced Configuration

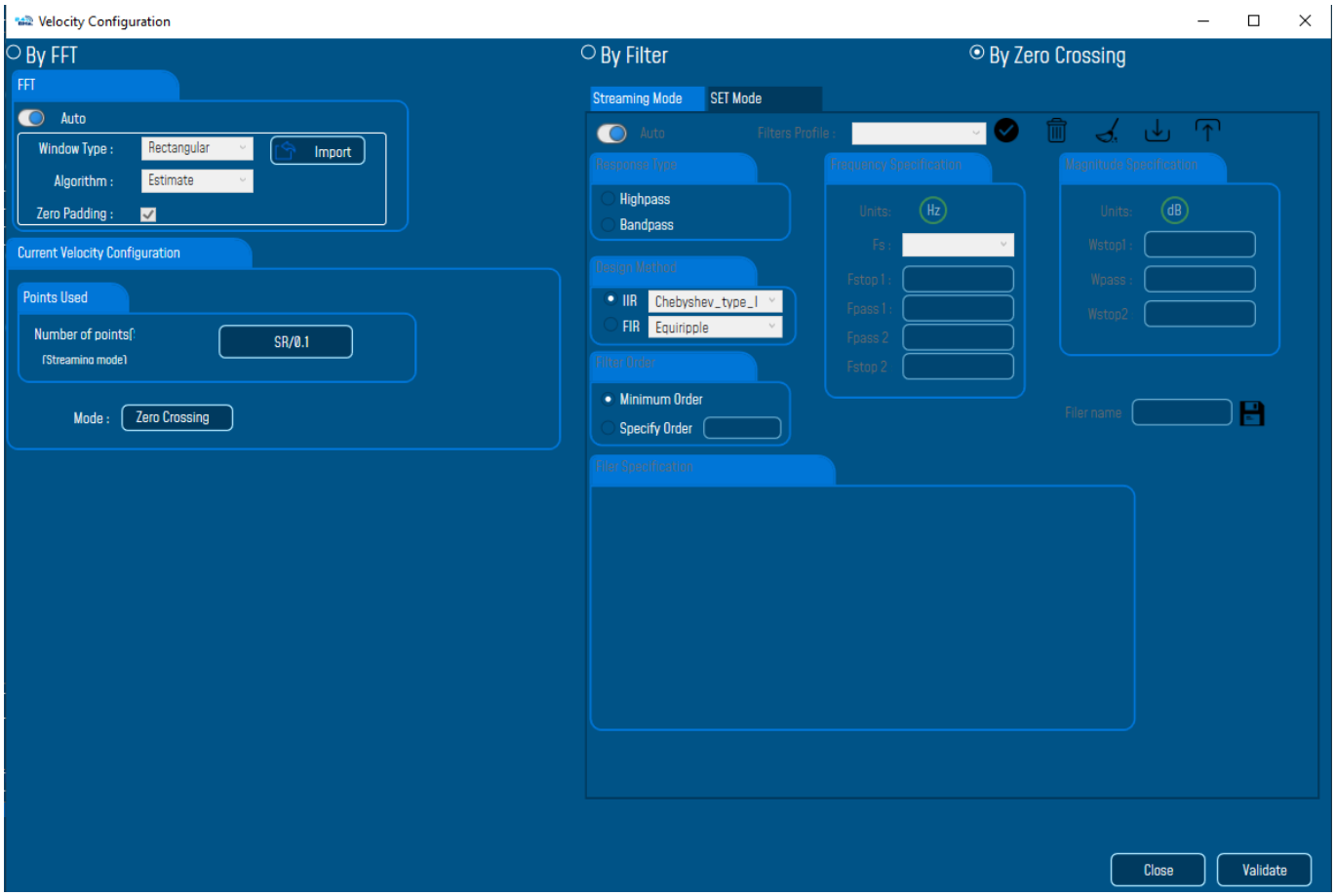
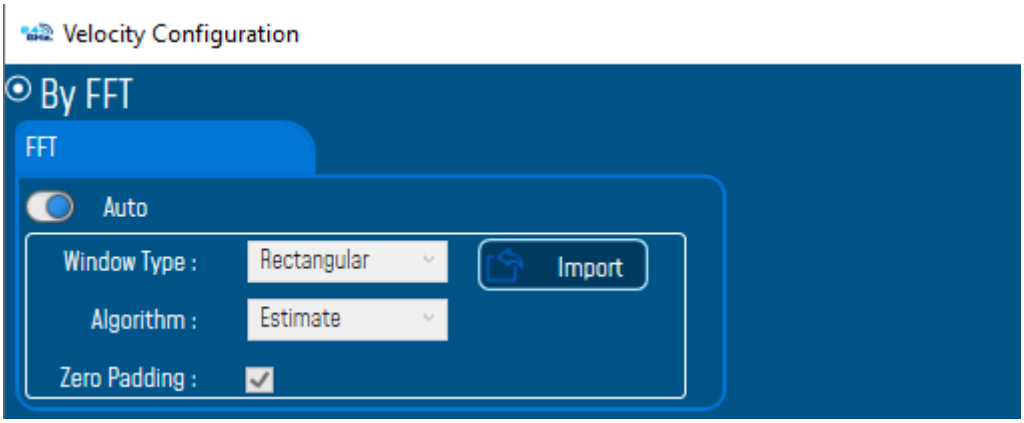


Figure 207: Velocity Advanced Configuration

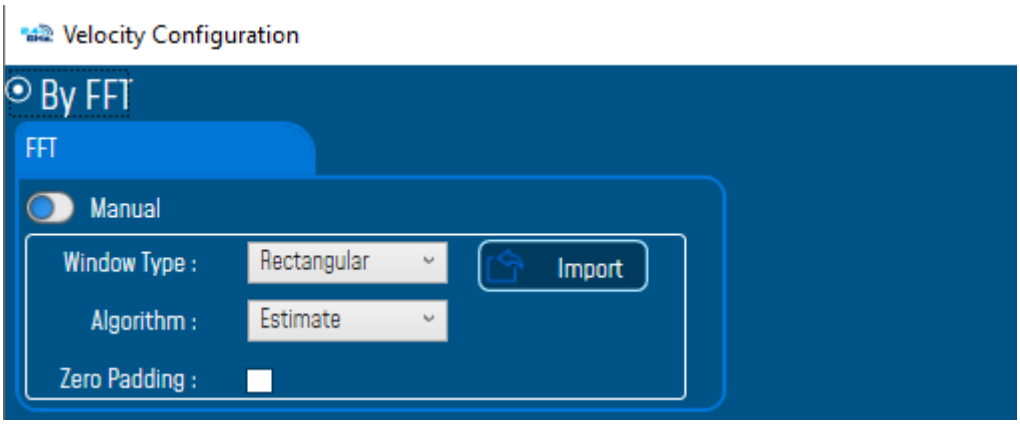
By default, the Velocity is configured “By Zero Crossing”, to edit the Velocity settings user must select “By FFT” or “By Filter”.

- **By FFT:** By selecting this option, the user will setup the Velocity basing on customized FFT settings.
    - Auto: If Auto is selected, The Velocity calculation will activate FFT Auto mode Settings

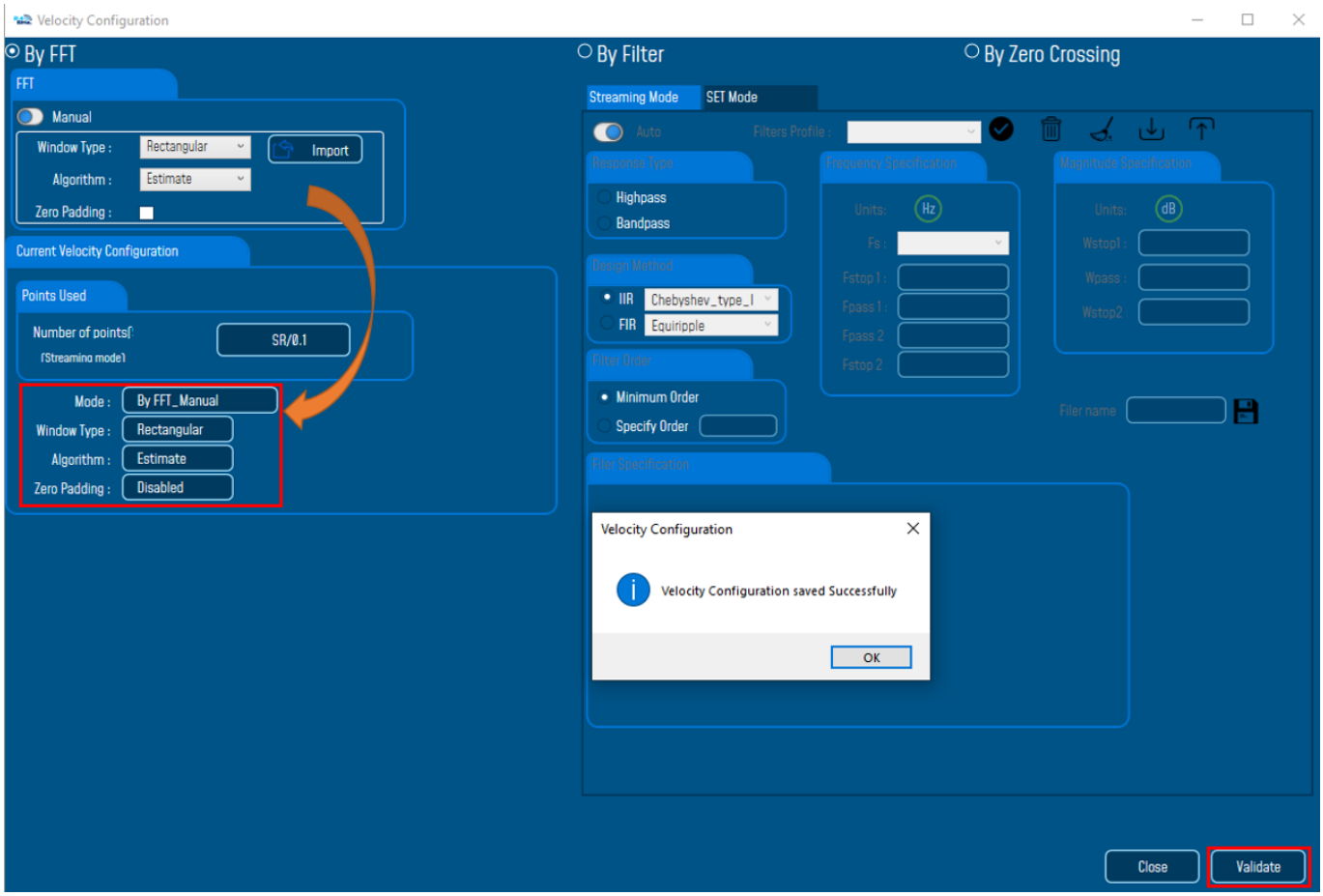


- Manual: Once switched to Manual, the user must configure the FFT settings manually (Window Type, Algorithm & Zero Padding).

  By clicking on Import the Configuration will import the FFT current settings, already configured on the FFT frame.

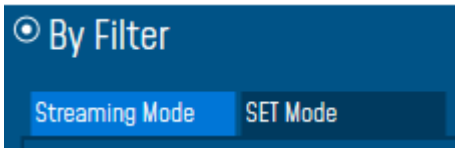


To save all settings Press Validate. The new settings should be displayed on the Left side of the Window.

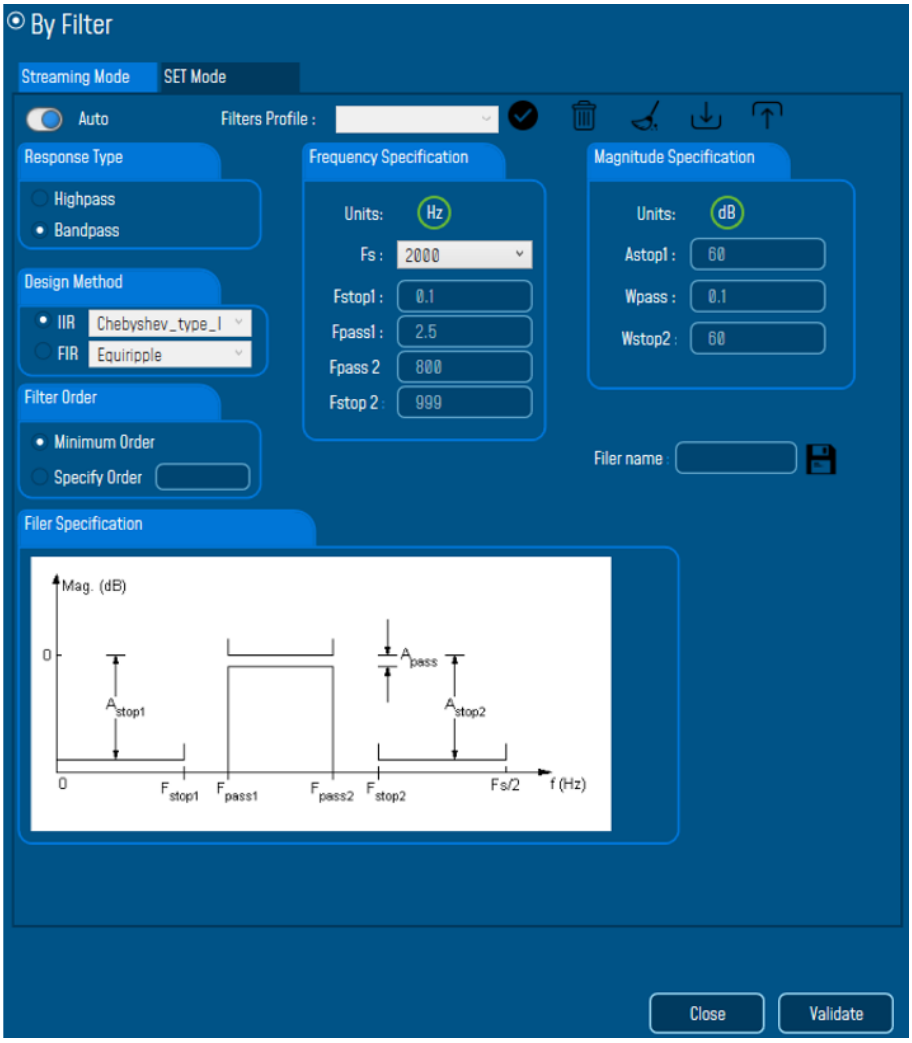


- **By Filter:** By selecting this option, the user will setup the Velocity basing on the Software Filter.

The Software filter is available for Streaming and S.E.T Mode.

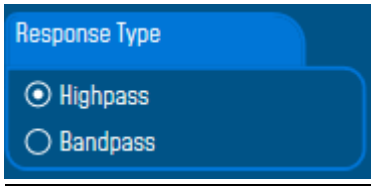


  - Auto: If Auto is selected, Velocity Automatic filter will be configured



- Manual: Once switched to Manual, the user must configure manually the Filter settings.

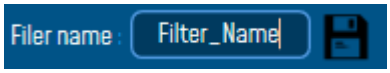
  - ❖ Response Type: User should specify if the Response is **Highpass** or **Bandpass**

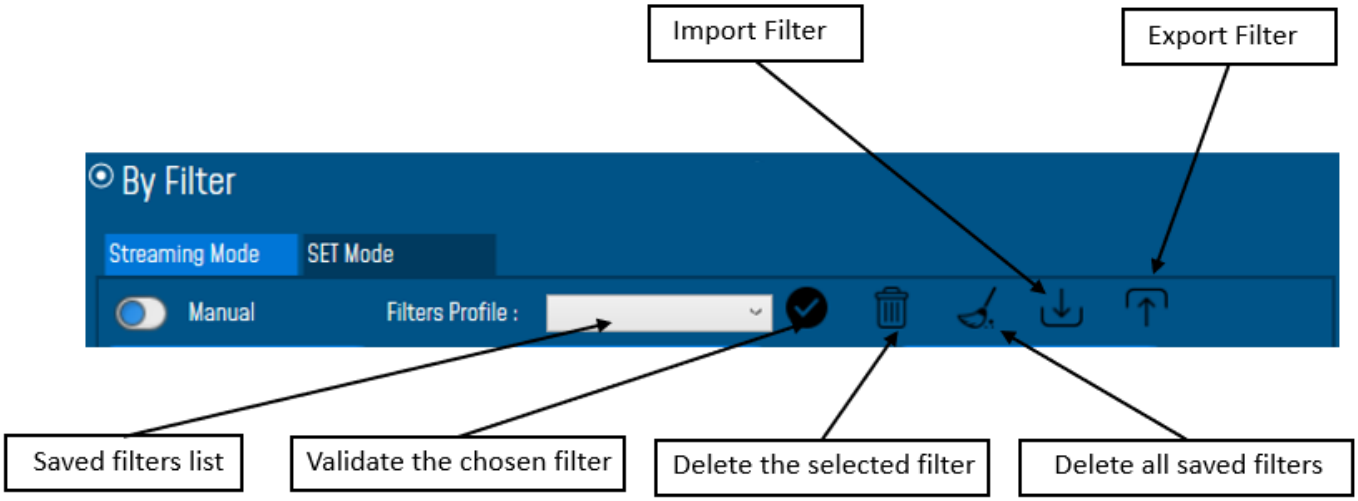


  - ❖ Design Method: User should Select the nature of the Filter between **IIR** or **FIR**
    From the List of every filter, user have to specify the method of the Filter:
    IIR: Chebyshev_type_I, Chebyshev_type_II or Butterworth
    FIR: Equiripple, Generalized_Equiripple or Kaiser_Window

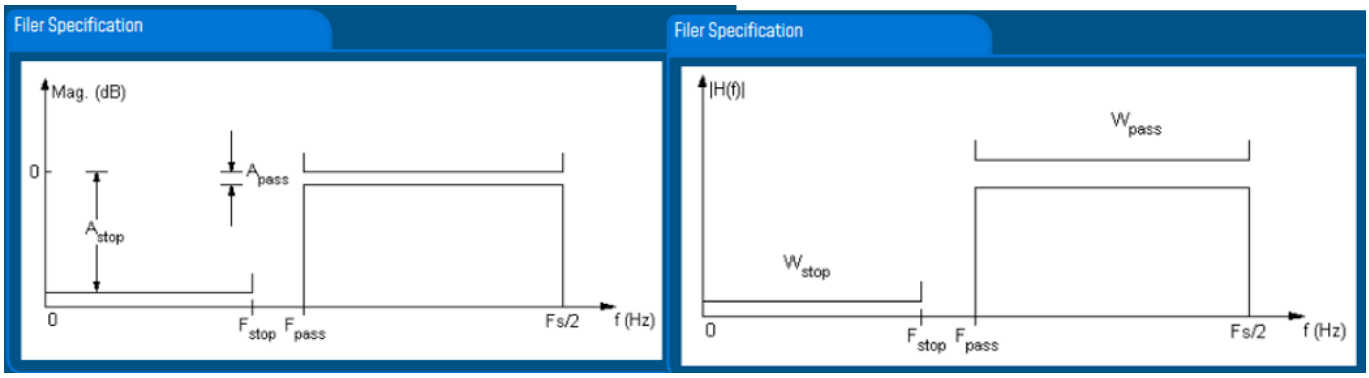
The Frequency Specification and The Magnitude Specification will be modified according the selected Design Method

- Filter Order: If the user is using IIR Design Method, Minimum Order will be selected automatically.
  If the FIR Design Method is selected, user must Specify Order.
- Frequency Specification: Is a customizable frame according to the Design Method.
- Magnitude Specification: Is a customizable frame according to the Design Method.
- Filter Profile: User can save a specific Configuration and re-use it later.

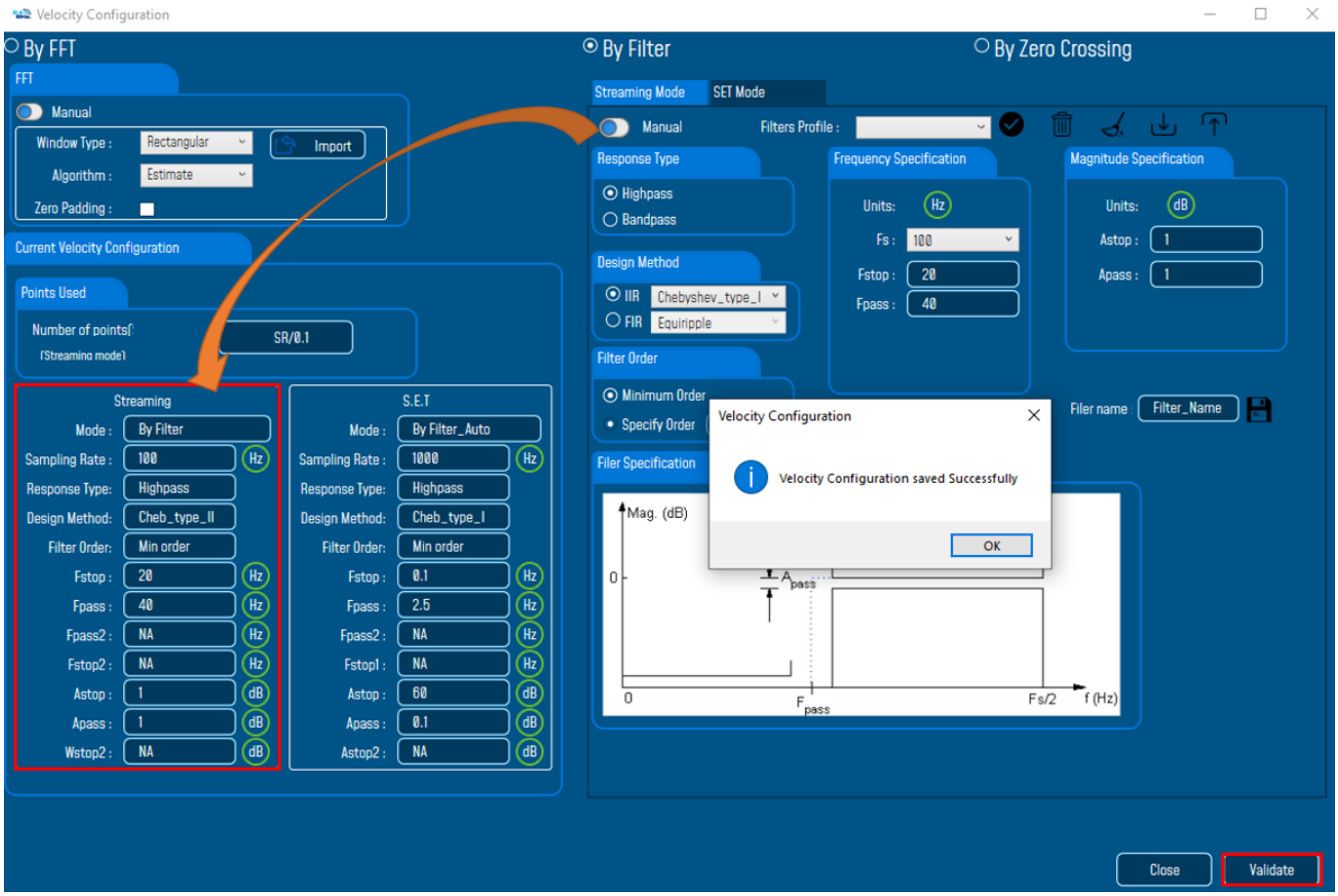




- Filter Specification: Is a Graphical Display of the Filter Specification depends on the user settings.

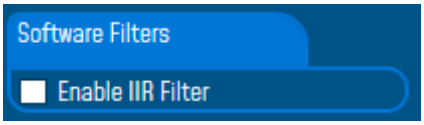


To save all settings Press Validate. The new settings should be displayed on the Left side of the Window.

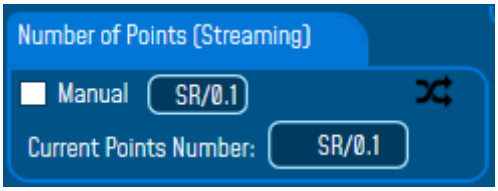


11.2.3 IIR Software Filter

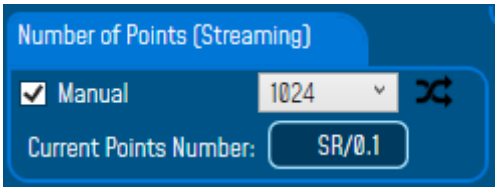
- ***Enable IIR Filter***: Check to enable IIR filter



11.2.4 Number of Points (Streaming)

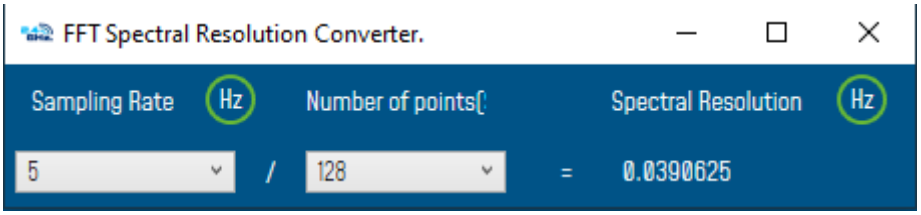


By default, the Number of Points is configured to be set automatically as Sampling Rate / 0.1 (SR/0.1). By moving to the Manual settings, user must choose a value between 128 and 32768.



It is important to notice that larger Number of Points provide higher spectral resolution but take longer to compute.

FFT Spectral Resolution Converter is simulation tool which will estimate the FFT Spectral Resolution regarding the Sampling Rate and the Number of Points.



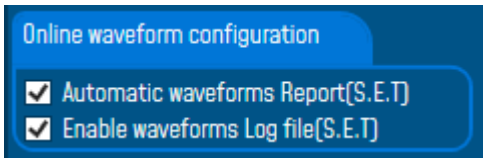
The frequency resolution of each spectral line is equal to the Sampling Rate divided by the Number of Points. For instance, for example, if the Number of Points is 4096 and the Sampling Rate is 2000, the resolution of each spectral line will be:

2000/4096 = 0.48828125

The Number of Points should be equal or higher than the Sampling Rate (Acquisition time at least = 1 second)

It is important to notice that larger Number of Points provide higher spectral resolution but take longer to compute.

11.2.5 Online Waveform Configuration

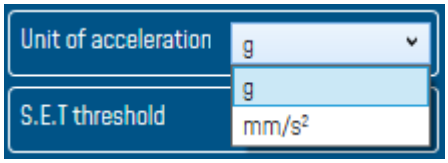


- ***Automatic Wave Report (S.E.T)***: Check to enable waveform reports, this is only available for S.E.T mode
- ***Enable Wave Log file:*** check to enable logging wave form for real-time data (only S.E.T mode)

11.2.6 Unit of acceleration

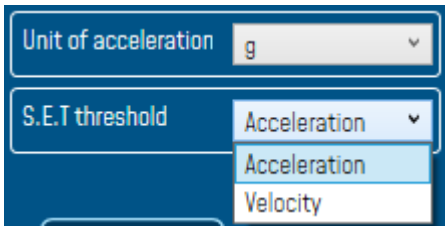
Select which unit to be used for acceleration measurement.

- G
- mm/s²



11.2.7 S.E.T threshold

In many cases the threshold is needed to be set in mm/s and not in g or mm/s², you need to configure your S.E.T threshold parameters before starting. To configure the threshold to be set in mm/s, you need to go to Online Data Analysis and change S.E.T threshold from acceleration to Velocity.



12. APPENDICES

12.1 APPENDICE 1: INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

12.1.1 Sealing

The product BeanDevice® comes with an *IP67* rating. So, do not install the BeanDevice® in a marine environment with high turbulence.
Do not install the BeanDevice® up front to prevent the accumulation and infiltration of water from the front of the case.

If the BeanDevice® is used in a cold environment, it will be better to integrate it inside a plastic casing.

12.1.2 Coexistence With other Frequencies at 2.4 GHz

The BeanDevice® is sensitive to noise 2.4GHz (Wi-Fi as a source for example), but many protections are already in place, particularly in the IEEE 802.15.4®.
It should however be careful when installing the product, check all the possibilities of radio channels on the frequency range 2.4-2.5GHz. The operation of the product will be improved.

For further information, read the application note: AN_RF_004 – "Coexistence of Beanair WSN at 2.4GHz"

12.1.3 Temperature & Humidity

The BeanDevice® SmartSensor series comes with an operating temperature of -20°C to +65°C.

BeanDevice® products can operate in an area with 90% humidity.
However, the wireless range can be reduced in the presence of water. Avoid mounting the BeanDevice® in an enclosure surrounded by water, or near bushy plants (plants are composed of 90% water), ...

12.1.4 Reflections, Obstructions and Multipath

For further information, read the application note: AN_RF_007 :" Beanair_WSN_Deployment"

12.1.5 shock & Vibration resistance

Shock resistance on BeanDevice® products are:

Shock resistance
50g during 50 ms

Do not force connections.

12.1.6 Antenna

Check the LQI (Link Quality Indicator) of your BeanDevice® for being sure that your antenna is right oriented.

For further information, read the application note: AN_RF_007 :" Beanair_WSN_Deployment"

12.2 APPENDICE 2: SENSOR CHARACTERISTICS

12.2.1 BeanDevice® AX-3D & AX-3D Xrange

12.2.1.1 Sensor architecture

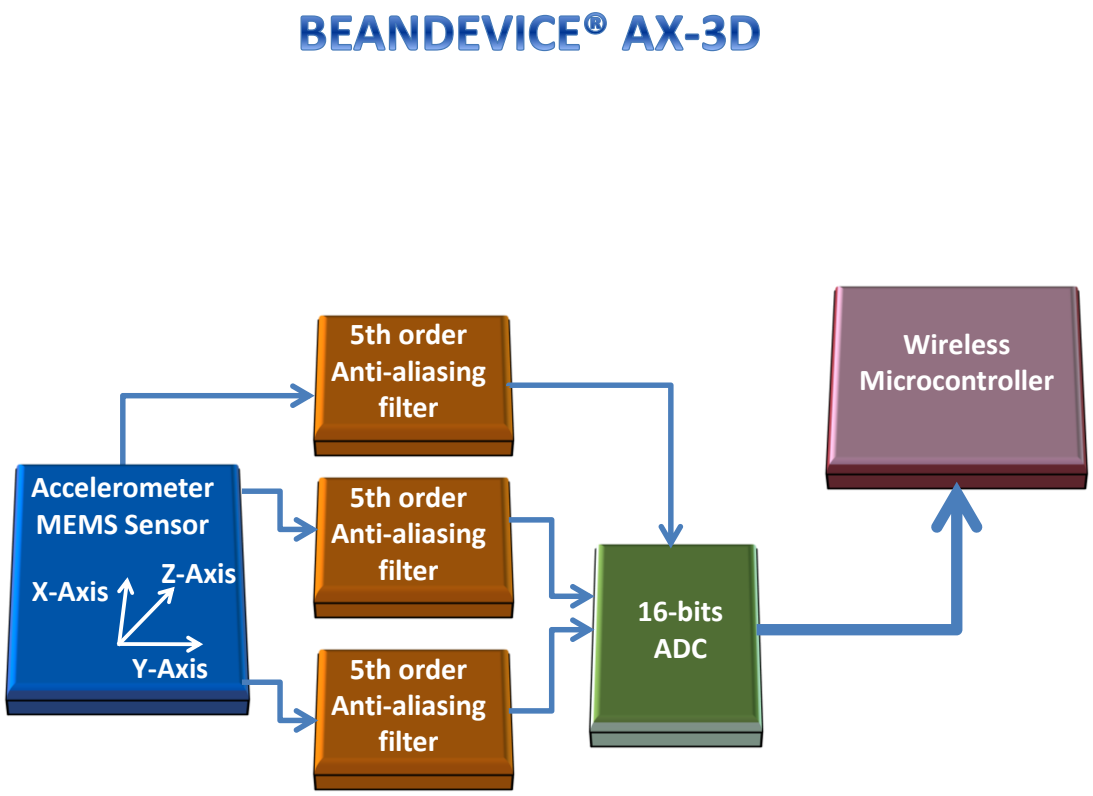


Figure 208: Sensor design

12.2.1.2 MEMS Accelerometer

The BeanDevice® AX-3D integrates a tri-axis, silicon micromachined accelerometer with a full-scale output range of ±2g, ±10g.

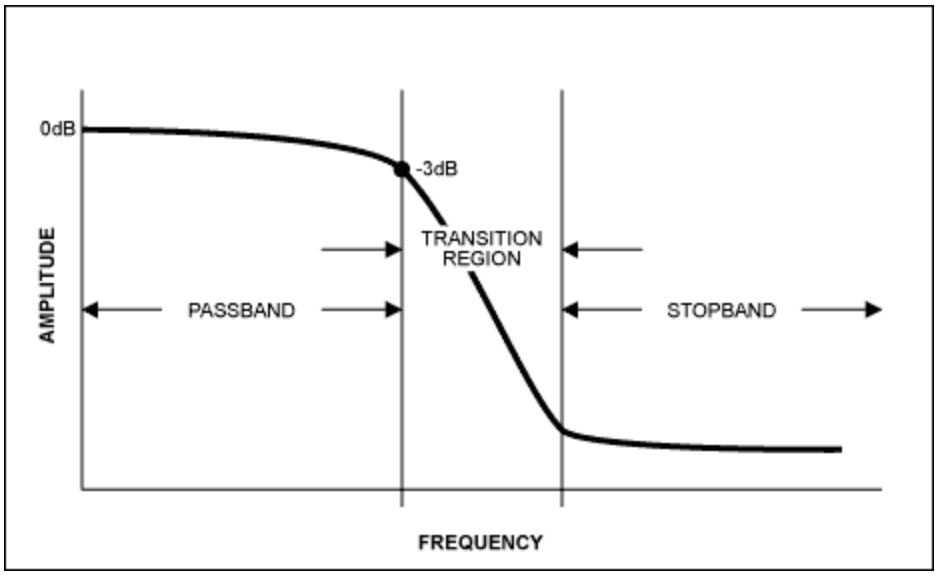
Acceleration sensing is based on the principle of a differential capacitance arising from acceleration-induced motion of the sense element, which further utilizes common mode cancellation to decrease errors from process variation, temperature, and environmental stress. The sense element is hermetically sealed at the wafer level by bonding a second silicon lid wafer to the device using a glass frit.

12.2.1.3 5th order Anti-aliasing filter

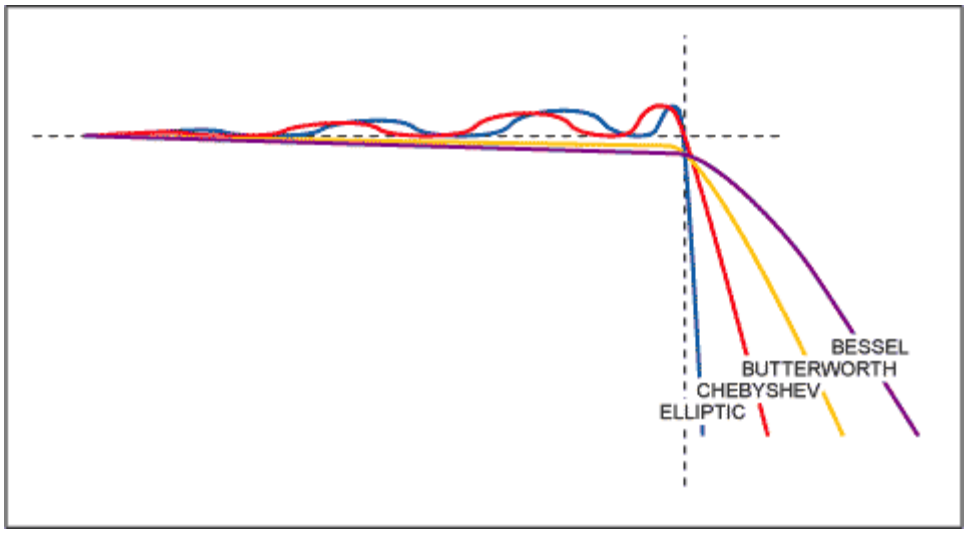
BeanDevice® AX-3D & HI-INC products integrates a high-performance 5th order Butterworth filter.

12.2.1.4 Why using an anti-aliasing filter?

When selecting an analog filter, the goal is to provide a cutoff frequency that removes unwanted signals from the ADC input or at least attenuates them to the point that they will not adversely affect the circuit. An anti-aliasing filter is a low-pass filter that accomplishes this. How does one select the right filter? The key parameters that need observation are the amount of attenuation (or ripple) in the passband, the desired filter rolloff in the stopband, the steepness in the transition region and the phase relationship of the different frequencies as they pass through the filter.



Once the signal frequencies of interest are known, use a simple filter program to determine the filter topology needed to meet the passband, stopband, and transition region requirements. Of the four basic filter types, each has its own advantages

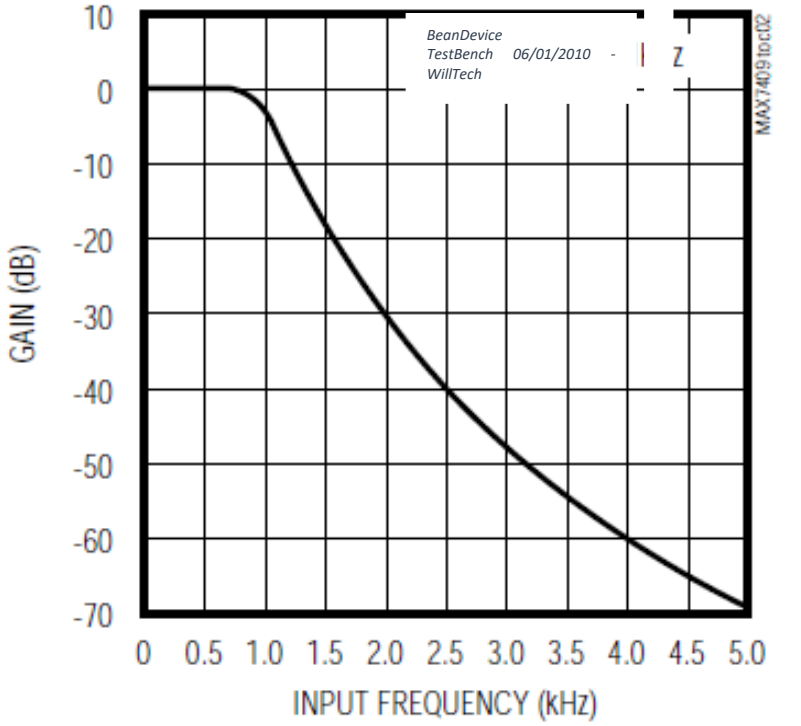


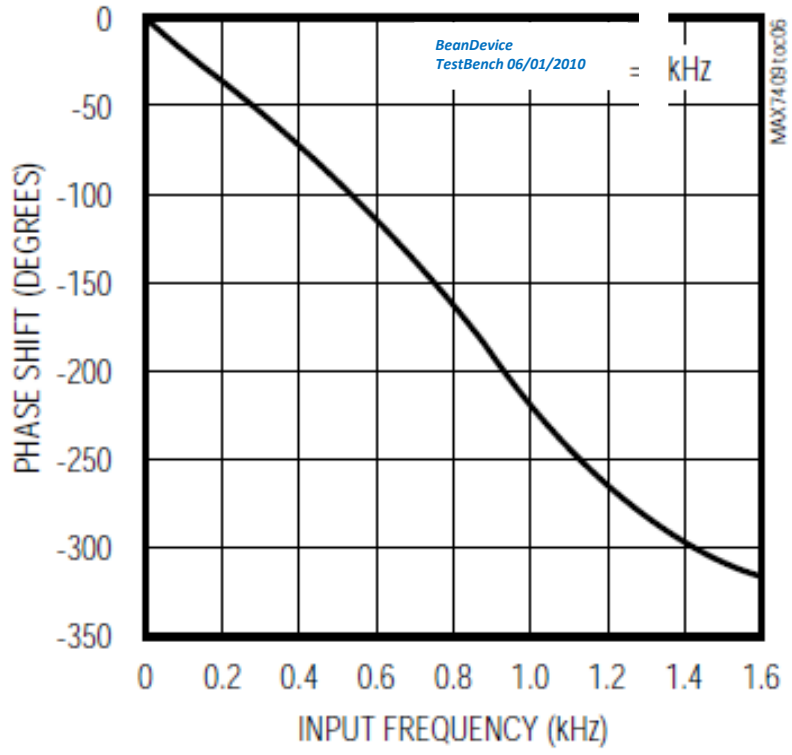
The Butterworth filter used on the BeanDevice® SmartSensor product lines, has the flattest passband region, meaning it has the least attenuation over the desired frequency range. The Bessel filter has a more gradual roll-off but its key advantage is that it has a linear phase response, meaning each frequency component is delayed by an equal amount of time as it passes through the filter. A linear phase response is often specified as a constant group delay, since group delay is defined as the derivative of the phase response with respect to frequency. The Chebyshev filter has a steeper rolloff but more ripple in the passband. The Elliptic filter has the steepest rolloff. For a simple anti-aliasing filter, often times a simple single-pole passive RC filter is acceptable. In other cases an active filter works well. One advantage of an active filter is that for multi-order filters, the operation of the filter is less sensitive to the values of the external components, in particular, the 'Q' value of the filter.

12.2.1.5 Anti-aliasing filter features

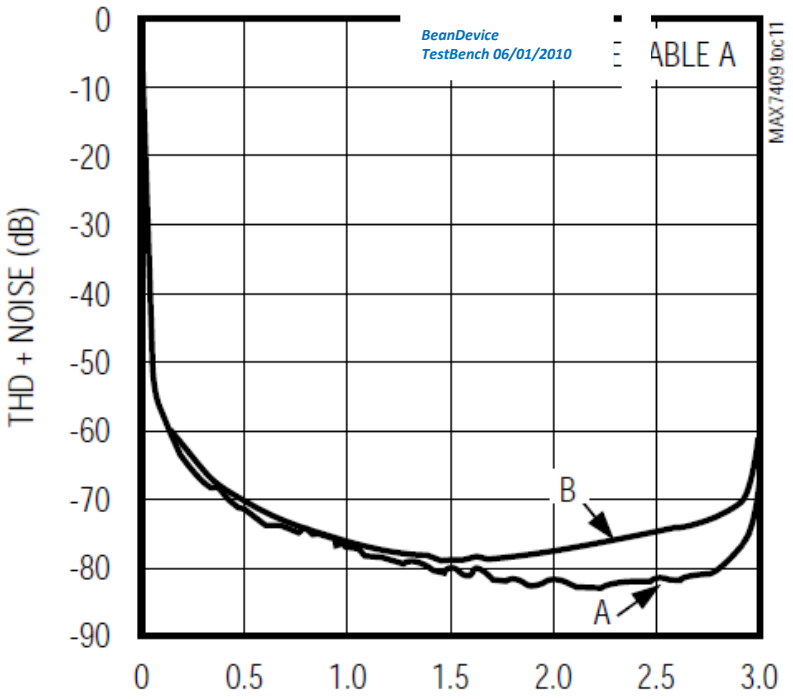
specifications	*Typical*
Type of Lowpass filter	*5-th Butterworth response*
Total harmonic distortion plus Noise (THD + N)	*-81 dB*
Typical Harmonic Distortion	*-86,4 dB*
Cutoff frequency (or corner frequency)	*Configurable from the BeanScape® :* *AX-3D : 0 à 2 KHz* *AX-HD : 0 à 2 KHz* *HI-INC : 0 à 60 Hz*

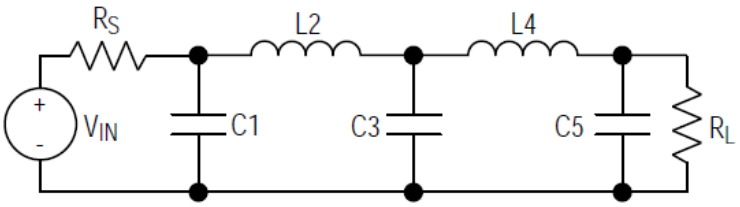
Table 4: Frequency & Phase response curve cutoff frequency 1 KHz





Total Harmonic Distortion plus Noise vs Input signal amplitude





5th-order Ladder Filter network

12.2.1.6 Analog Digital Converter

The Analog-to-Digital (16-bits) converter is based on a true SAR (Successive Approximation Register) architecture with no missing codes.
The ADC integrates an internal temperature sensor, which is useful for performing a system calibration.
The internal reference is temperature-compensated to within 10 mV. The reference is trimmed to provide a typical drift of ±10 ppm/°C.

12.2.2 BeanDevice® HI-INC & HI-INC Xrange

12.2.2.1 Sensor architecture

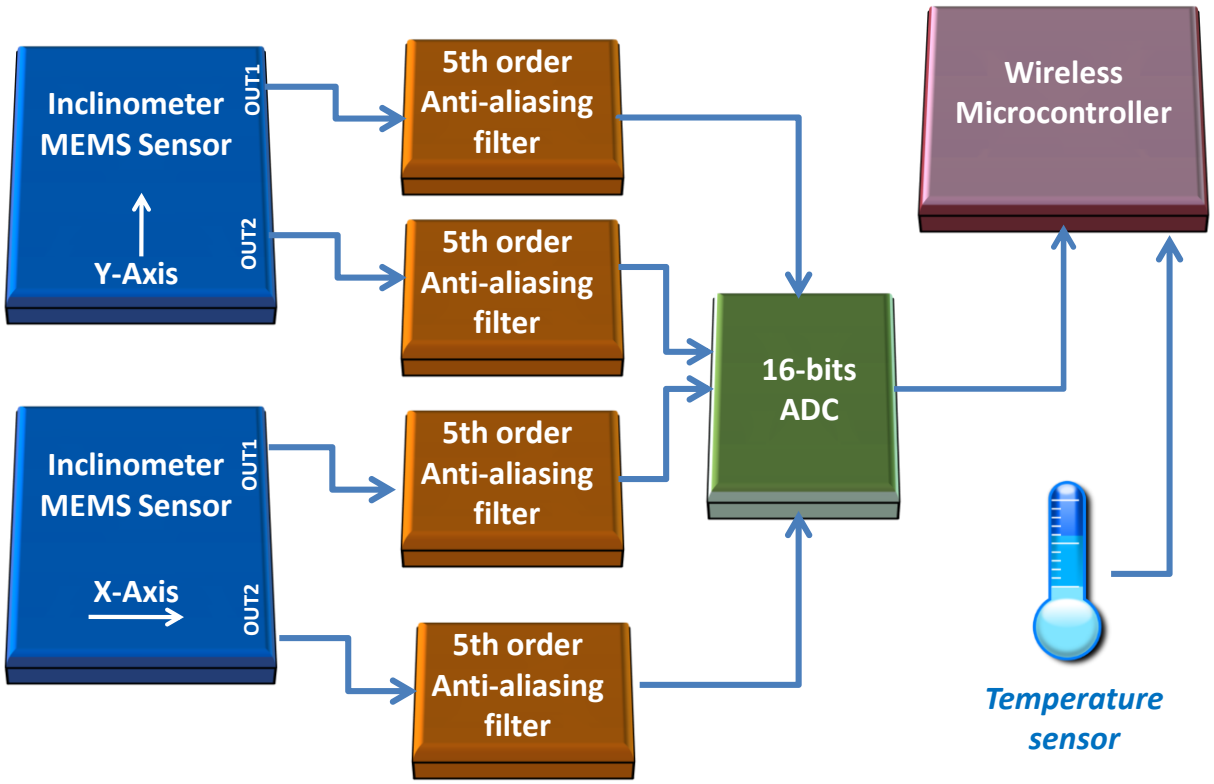


Figure 209: Inclinometer Block Diagram (BeanDevice® HI-INC ±30° and ±15° versions)

12.2.3 Inclinometer Block Diagram (BeanDevice® version)

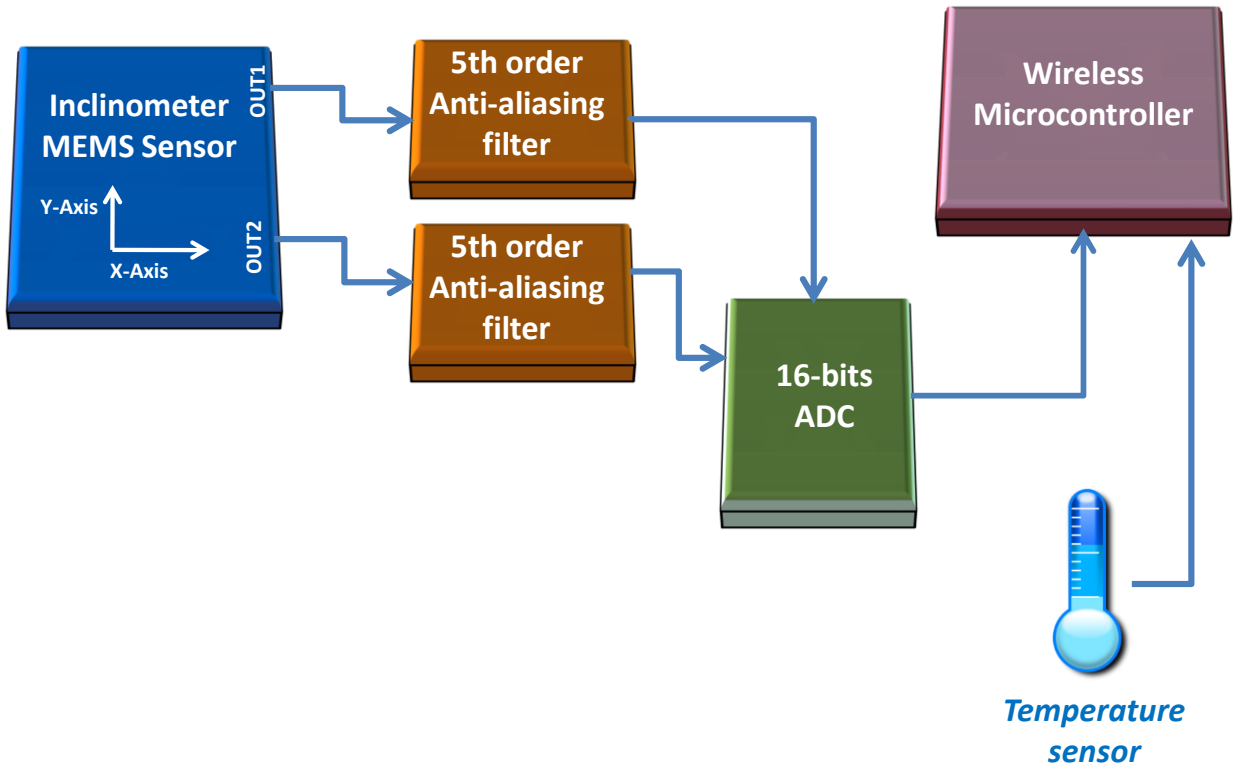


Figure 210: Inclinometer Block Diagram (BeanDevice® version)

12.2.4 MEMS Inclinometer & differential output

The BeanDevice® HI-INC integrates a 3D-MEMS-based single axis inclinometer that uses the differential measurement principle. The high calibration accuracy combines extremely low temperature dependency, high resolution and low noise together with a robust sensing element design, to make the BeanDevice® HI-INC an ideal choice for high accuracy leveling instruments.

The inclinometer used on the BeanDevice® HI-INC ±15° and ±30° provides a differential output: the measuring axes of the sensing elements are mutually opposite in direction, thus providing two inclination signals which can be differentiated externally by our wireless processor.
The differential measurement principle removes all common mode measurement errors. Most of the error sources have similar effects on both sensing elements. These errors are removed from measurement result during signal differentiation. The differential measurement principle gives very efficient noise reduction, improved long term stability and extremely low temperature dependency.

12.2.5 5th order Anti-aliasing filter

Same specifications as BeanDevice® AX-3D

12.2.6 Analog to digital converter

Same specifications as BeanDevice® AX-3D

12.2.7 Accuracy considerations

Main error components are:

- ***Zero Point Error***

  In most cases the most significant error component is the zero point error. In the range -25 … +85°C it is ±0.057° (6δ limit) and the temperature dependence is typically ±0.002°/°C. The room temperature variation can be reduced by calibration at the instrument level and the effects of the temperature dependence dealt with by using temperature compensation.

- ***Error Caused by the SIN Function:***

  When used as an inclinometer, the output of the accelerometer is proportional to 1g * SIN (Phi + Phi0), where Phi is the inclination angle and Phi0 the internal mounting error. The internal mounting error is a maximum of ±2.9°, corresponding to ±50mg. This error is of importance when using large inclination angle amplitudes and is seen as an addendum to the non-linearity (Typically ±5mg in ±0.5g and ±10mg in ±1g).

- ***Cross-axis Sensitivity***

  The cross-axis sensitivity (4%) shows how much perpendicular acceleration or inclination is coupled to the signal.

- ***Rectification of Vibration***

  The effect of high frequency vibration is strongly suppressed by the over-damped sensing element (upper cut-off freq. f_{-3dB} = 0 … 10Hz). In an extreme case, high amplitude vibrations (>5g) may cause a measurable zero point shift.

12.2.8 Offset & temperature dependencies

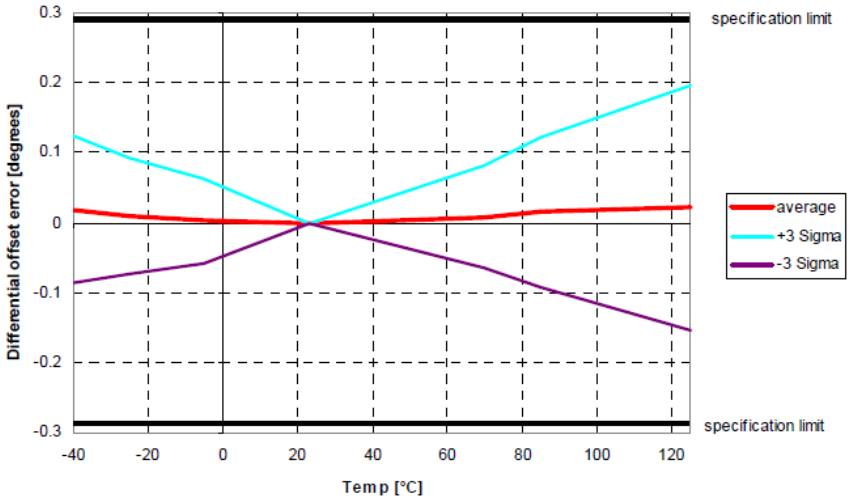
To achieve the best possible accuracy, an internal temperature sensor is used for sensitivity temperature dependency compensation. By using an additional 3rd order polynome compensation curve based on average sensitivity temperature dependency curve and temperature measurement information, it is possible to reduce sensitivity temperature dependency from:

- ✓ 0.013%/°C down to 0.005%/°C for the BeanDevice® HI-INC ±15°and ±30° versions
- ✓ 0.014%/°C down to 0.008%/°C for the BeanDevice® HI-INC ±90°

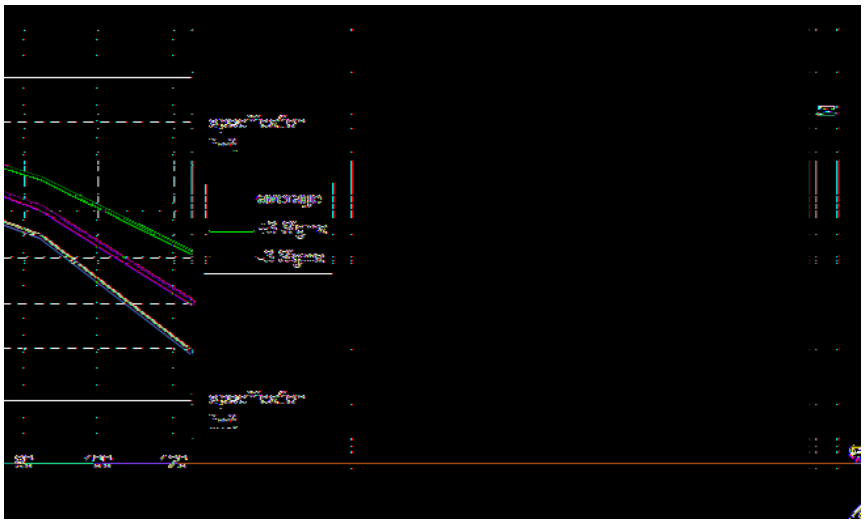
Typical offset and sensitivity temperature dependencies of the inclinometer sensor are presented in following diagrams. These results represent the typical performance of inclinometer sensor components. The mean value

and 3 sigma limit (mean ± 3× standard deviation) and specification limits are presented in following diagrams. The 3 sigma limits represents 99.73% of the inclinometer sensor population.

Temperature dependency of the inclinometer sensor offset (differential output)



Temperature dependency of the sensor sensitivity [%] (differential output)



12.2.9 BeanDevice® AX-3DS

12.2.9.1 Mems Sensor architecture

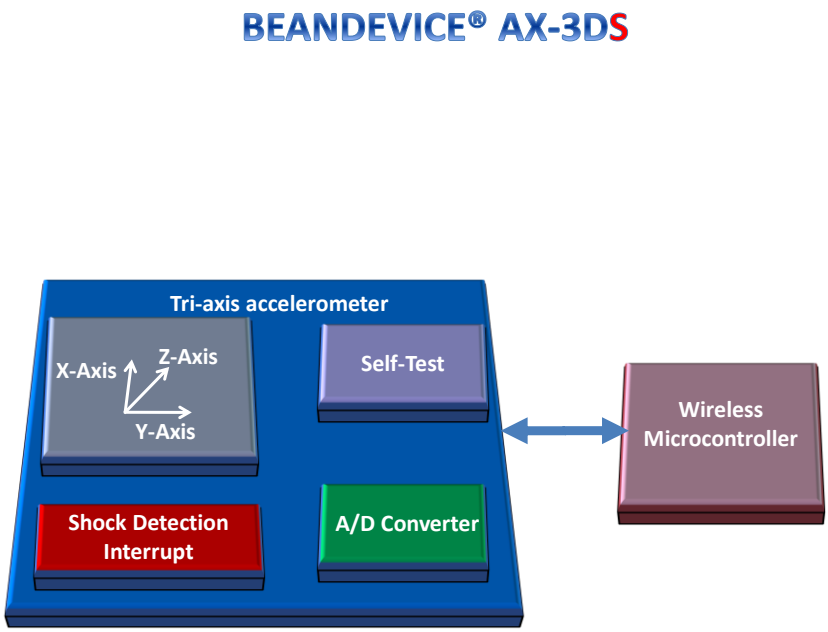


Figure 211: BeanDevice® AX-3DS mems Sensor architecture

12.2.9.2 Shock detection trigger

The shock detection trigger allows the BeanDevice® AX-3DS to wake up when a threshold is reached. The threshold value can be modified from the BeanScape®.

This feature is used for "***Smart shock detection***" data acquisition mode.

12.2.9.3 BeanDevice® current consumption in sleeping mode with SSD activated (Smart shock detection)

When SSD is activated, the BeanDevice will wake up if a shock is detected. During the sleeping mode of the BeanDevice®, the sensor will continue to track a shock event.

Depending on the sampling rate of the accelerometer during sleeping, the BeanDevice® current consumption can change:

Accelerometer sampling rate during sleeping	*BeanDevice® AX3DS Current consumption*
0,5 Hz	***21 µA***
1 Hz	***31 µA***
2 Hz	***50 µA***

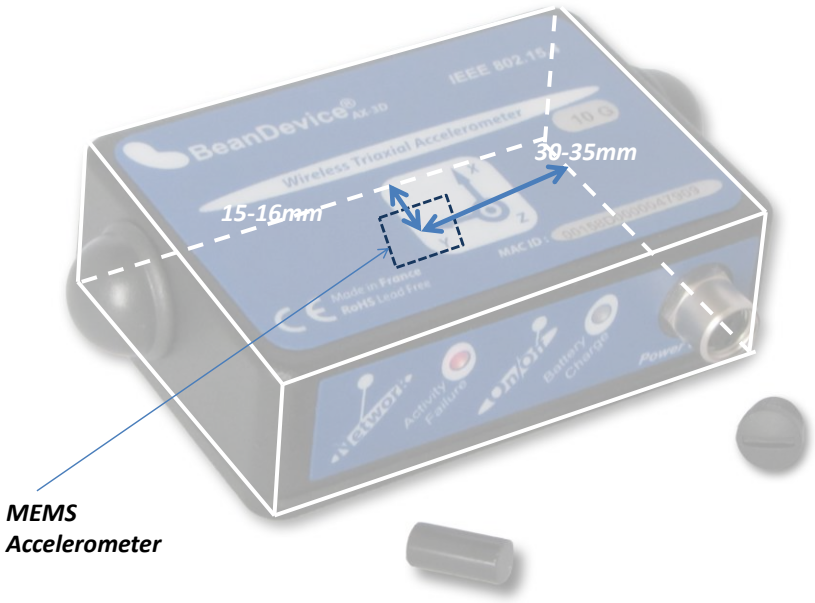
5 Hz	***78 µA***
10 Hz	***130 µA***
50 Hz	***302 µA***
100 Hz	***308 µA***
400 Hz	***343µA***
1000 Hz	***413 µA***

Table 5 : BeanDevice® AX-3DS power consumption for a given sampling rate

For further information about the SSD (Smart Shock Detection) measurement mode, read the technical note TN_RF_008 – "Data acquisition modes available on the BeanDevice®"

12.2.10 Sensor position inside the casing

12.2.10.1 BeanDevice® AX-3D



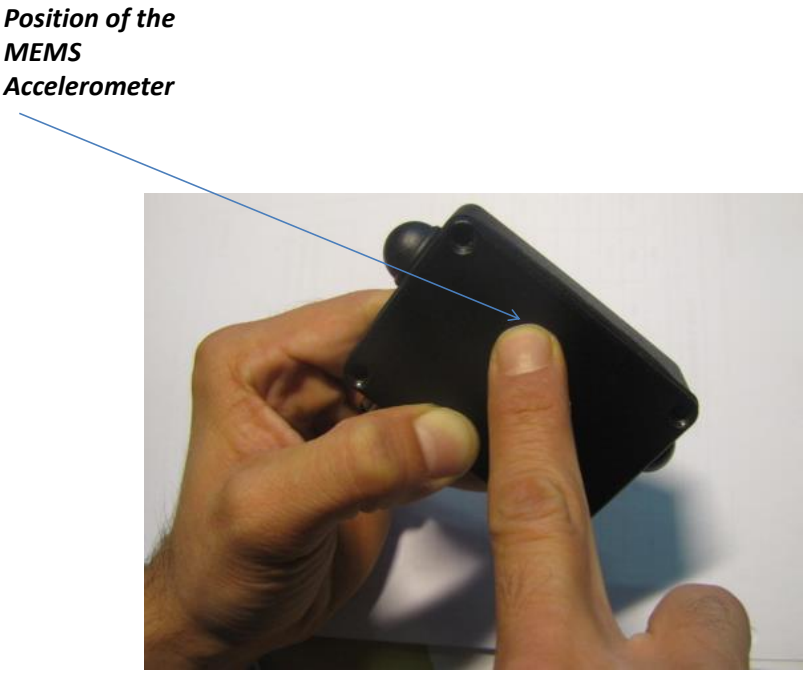


Figure 212: Overview: MEMS Accelerometer in BeanDevice® AX-3D

12.3 APPENDICE 3: MAINTENANCE & SUPERVISION (FOR EXPERIENCED USER)

This section allows to an experienced user to configure correctly the Wireless Sensor Networks.

12.3.1 Extending battery life

The battery autonomy depends on several parameters:

- ✓ The environment where the BeanDevice® is deployed
- ✓ Data acquisition mode which is configured

The table below presents the BeanDevice® current consumption during radio TX or during sleep phase:

BeanDevice® version	*Current consumption during radio TX at 25°C, powered by a battery of 3.6V*	*Current consumption in sleep phase at 25°C, powered by a battery of 3.6V*
BeanDevice® AX-3D & BeanDevice® AX-3D XRange	60-61 mA	< 30 uA

BeanDevice® HI-INC ***BeanDevice® HI-INC XRange*** ***BeanDevice® INC***	**70-73 mA**	**<30uA**
BeanDevice® AX-3DS ***BeanDevice® AX-3DS XRange***	**50-55 mA**	**<30uA**

For further information, please read the technical note "TN_RF_002 V1.0 - Current consumption in active & sleeping mode"

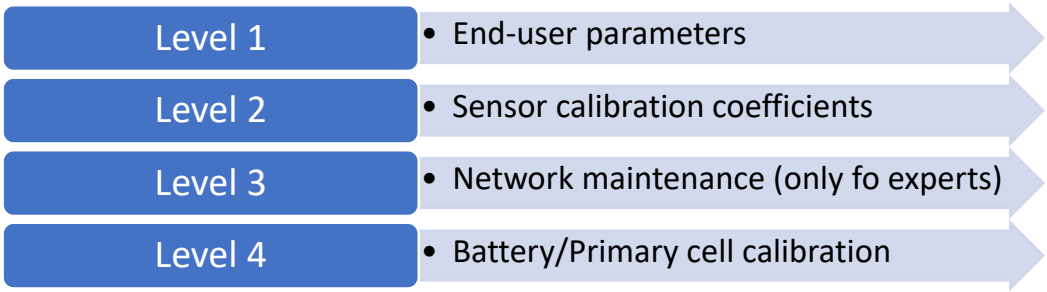
The following table gives you a list of recommendations in order to extend the battery autonomy of your BeanDevice®:

Influence factors on battery lifetime	Observations	Recommendations
Sleeping power mode on your BeanDevice®	Sleeping power mode can be configured on the BeanDevice® from the BeanScape®	By activating this power mode on your BeanDevice®, you will increase the battery autonomy of your BeanDevice®. By activating sleeping power mode, the BeanDevice® current consumption can decrease from 30 mA to 10-45 micro-amperes. ***For further information, please read the technical note TN_RF_010 – « BeanDevice® Power Management »***
Sampling rate in streaming mode	Power consumption will grow with the sampling rate.	Choose the right sampling rate on your BeanScape® interface.
Packet Error Rate (PER)	A high packet error rate can cause a higher retransmission data and this increase the current consumption.	Try to replace your BeanDevice® in an area where the radio link is much better (see Link Quality Indicator value).

12.3.2 Over-the-air Configuration (OTAC) parameters backed up on Flash

The BeanDevice® integrates an internal flash memory used for backing up OTAC (Over-the-air configuration) parameters.

This memory is organized into several levels:



12.3.2.1 Level 1: End-user OTAC parameters

The following table presents all the defaults configuration parameters:

Parameter	BeanDevice® version		
	AX3D & AX-3D Xrange	HI-INC & HI-INC XRange	AX-3DS & AX-3DS XRange
Power Mode	Active	Active	Active
Data Acquisition duty cycle	10s	10s	10s
Acquisition duration time	OK	OK	OK
Sampling rate	OK	OK	OK
Data Acquisition mode	LowDutyCycle	LowDutyCycle	LowDutyCycle
Alarms Threshold	H1 :2 ou10 H2 :2 ou 10 S2 :-2 ou -10 S1 :-2 ou -10	H1 :20 H2 :20 S2 :0 S1 :0	H1 :20 H2 :20 S2 :0 S1 :0
Anti-aliasing Filter cut-off frequency	100 Hz	10 Hz	10 Hz

Table 6: End-user OTAC parameters

To restore these defaults parameters, you must perform a *Network context deletion*.

The “Network” non-contact button is outside the product. Hold the magnet on the button network ("Network") for more than 2 seconds.

Figure 213: Network reed non-contact button

Level 2, 3 & 4 of Configuration parameters are not affected by network context deletion (by hardware or software)

12.3.2.2 Level 2: Sensor calibration parameters

The table below presents the sensor calibration parameters depending on BeanDevice® version:

Parameter	*BeanDevice® Version*		
	AX3D & AX-3D Xrange	**HI-INC & HI-INC XRange**	***AX-3DS* & *AX-3DS* XRange**
Sensor gain	OK	OK	OK
Sensor offset	OK	OK	OK

Network diagnostic from your BeanScape® software
The BeanScape® provides network diagnostic information which is described in this chapter.

12.3.2.3 Displaying Network information

1. Launch your BeanScape® application
2. Select your BeanDevice® profile, a new tab “Advanced func." will appear in your BeanScape® toolbar;
3. Click on this tab, and then click on "BeanDevice® health status (history)”.

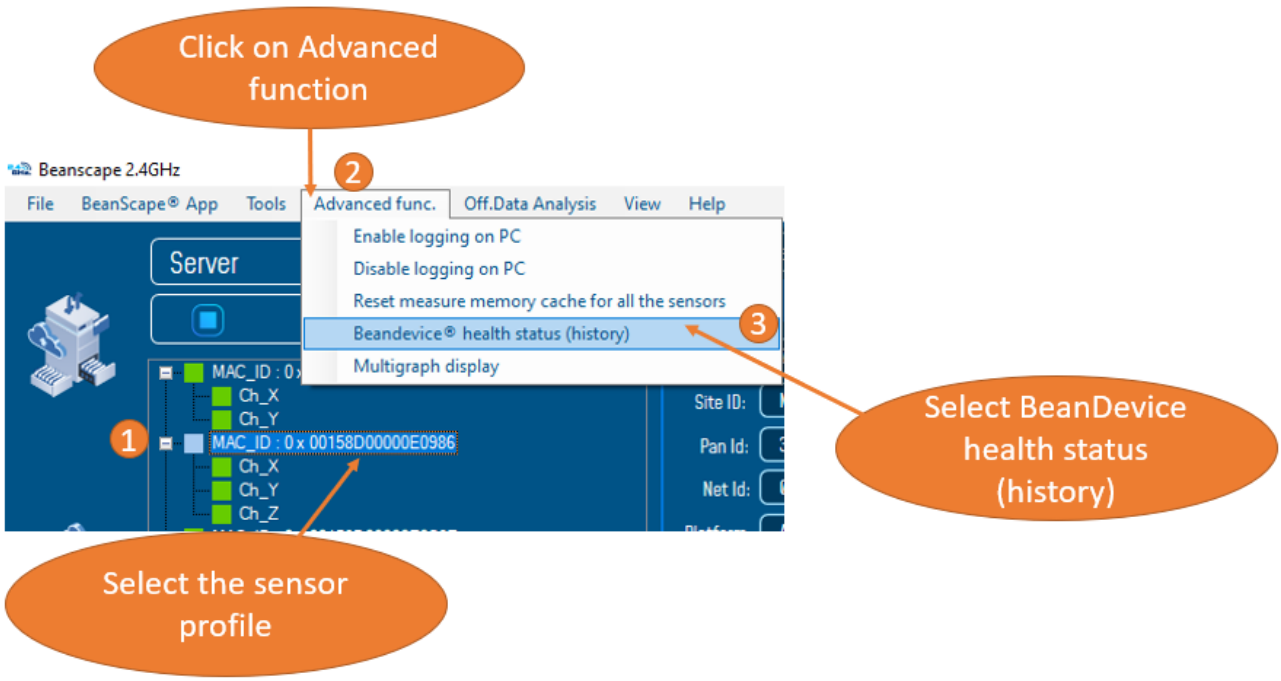


Figure 214: BeanDevice® health status option

A new window occurs:

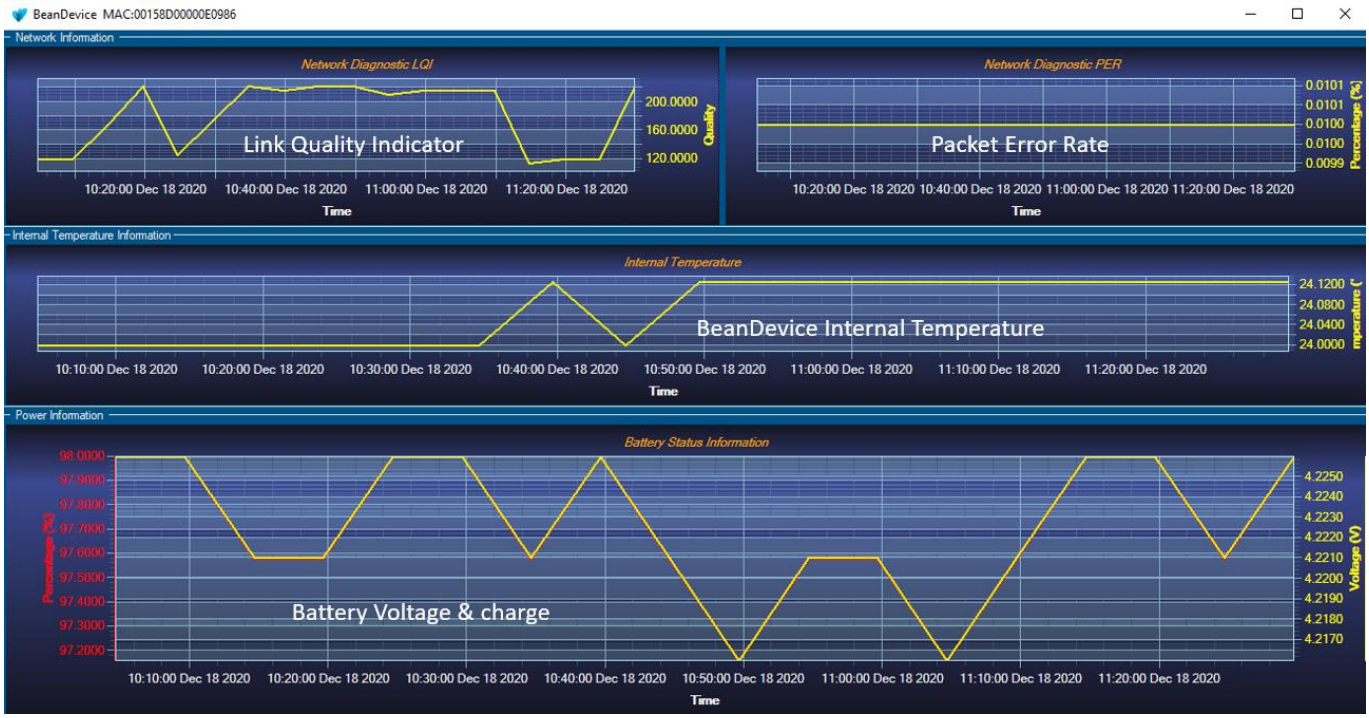


Figure 215: BeanDevice® health status window

12.3.2.4 Packet Error Rate

Packet error rate (PER) is the number packet errors divided by the total number of transferred packets during a studied time interval. PER is a unit less performance measure, often expressed as a percentage number.

PER is only available with IEEE 802.15.4 Network; it represents the ratio of "lost data/data send" between the BeanDevice® and the BeanGateway®.

12.3.2.5 LQI (Link Quality Indicator)

LQI (Link Quality Indicator) represents the radio signal quality in your Environment. It is possible that LQI is low due to EMC interference or metal presence in the environment.

If you encounter such problems, several solutions are proposed to increase your LQI:

- ✓ Try to configure your receiver antenna and your transmitter antenna on the same antenna pattern (cf. the Beam with of your antenna)
- ✓ Use a high gain antenna (in outdoor use only) for a better RF Link Budget
- ✓ Fix your BeanDevice & BeanGateway on a top of a mast or a building.

For further information, read the application note on "How to extend your wireless range?"

12.3.2.6 Internal temperature monitoring

An internal temperature sensor is used for onboard & battery temperature monitoring

12.3.2.7 Battery charge monitoring

Battery charge is based on current accumulation. The BeanDevice® integrates a current accumulator circuit which facilitates remaining capacity estimation by tracking the net current flow into and out of the battery. Current flow into the battery increments the current accumulator while current flow out of the battery decrements it.

Voltage measurement corresponds to battery voltage.

12.3.3 Scrolling menu « BeanDevice »

The BeanDevice® scrolling menu provides access to additional features: like the multi-graph mode (display of multiple windows on a graph measuring the same screen), deleting graphs displayed and the activation / deactivation of logging measurements.

To access to this scrolling menu, click on the sensor attached to your BeanDevice®. You will then see the BeanDevice® scrolling menu appearing.

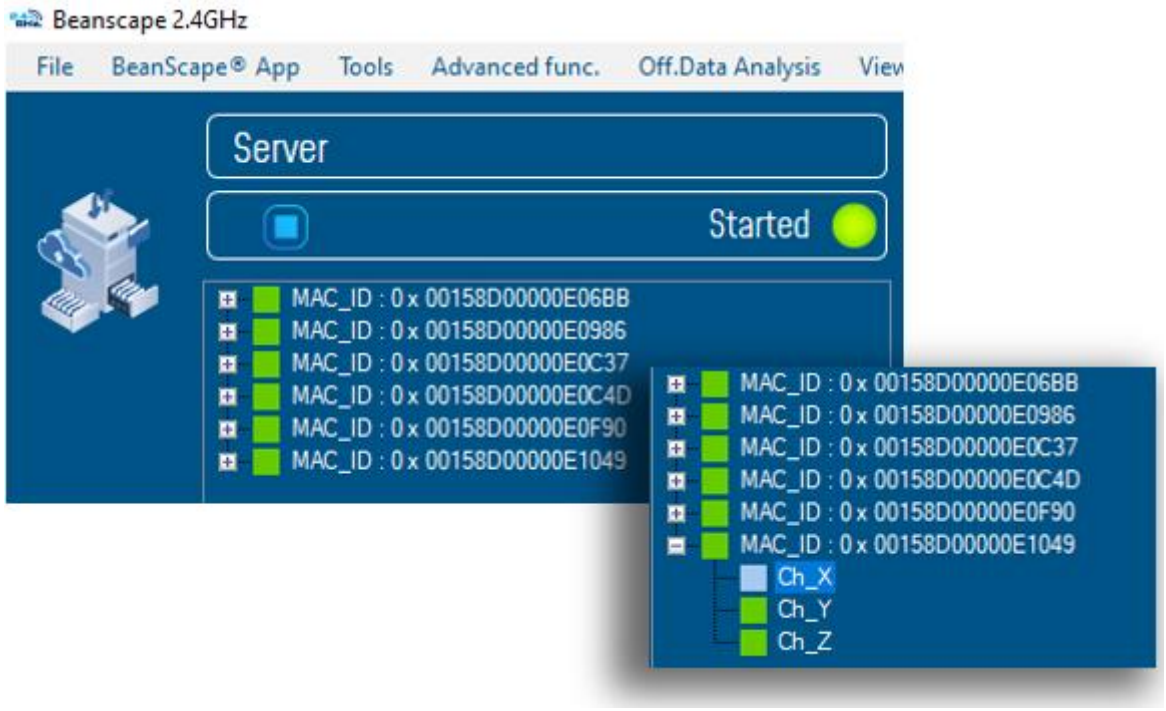


Figure 216: BeanDevice® Scrolling menu

By clicking on the scrolling menu « BeanSensor », you can access to the following features :

12.3.3.1 Disable/Enable log

All the data received on the BeanScape® are stored in a log file in CSV format.

This feature allows you to Enable / Disable data logging on your log file.

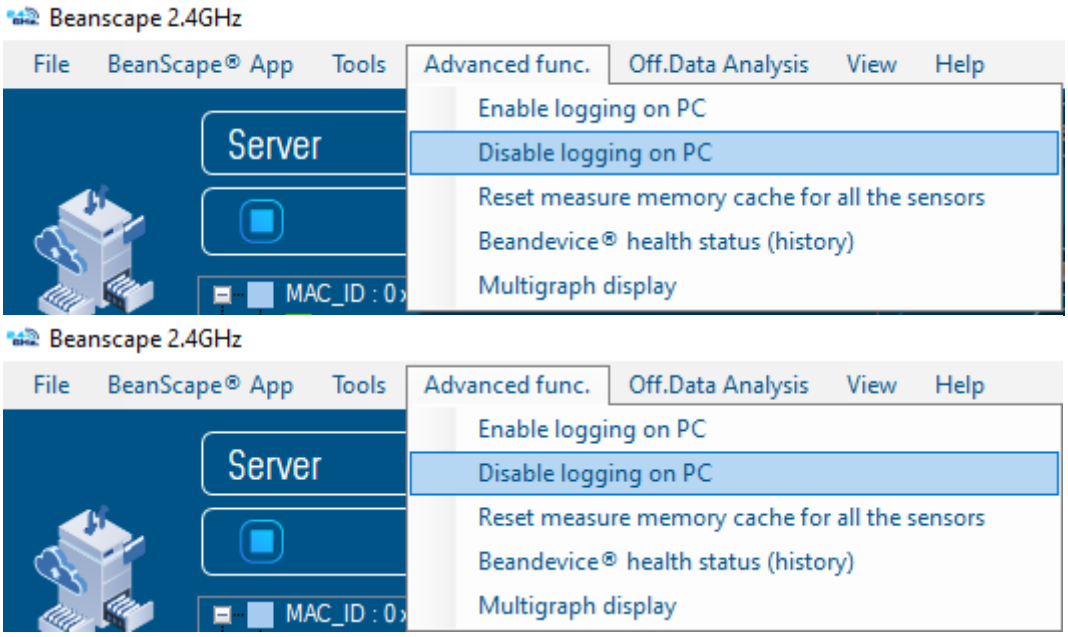


Figure 217: BeanSensor: Enable/Disable Log

For further information about CSV log file, please read the BeanScape® user manual.

12.3.3.2 Buffer reset

This function clears the graphical display concerning recorded measurements of your sensor. The data stored in a log are not affected by this function.

By clicking on « Buffer reset », a second window appears asking you to confirm your choice:

- Yes, you accept to delete the whole measure data of this BeanSensor;
- No, don't delete the whole measure data of this BeanSensor;

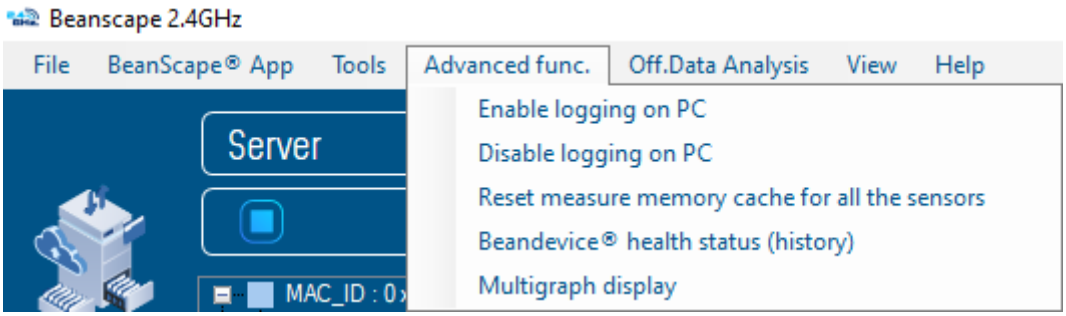


Figure 218: BeanSensor: Buffer Reset option

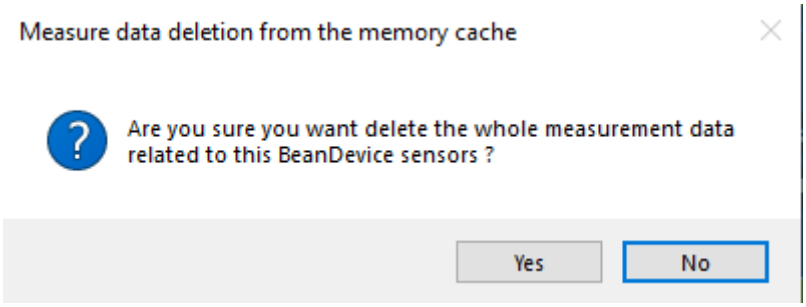


Figure 219: Buffer Reset

12.3.3.3 Open the graph in a new window

By clicking on “Open the graph in a new window”, you can open a graph corresponding to your sensor.

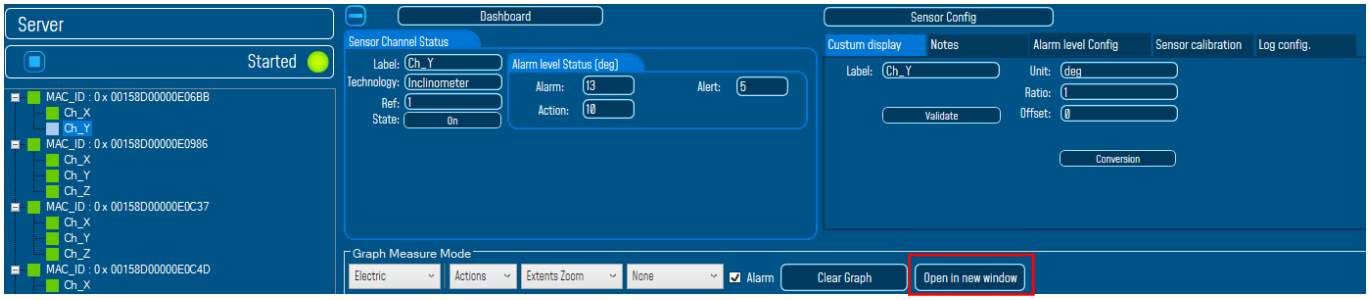


Figure 220: BeanSensor: Open the graph in a new window

You can easily open several graphs in a window.

Figure 221: Graphs opened in separated windows

The multi-graph mode requires a lot of resources on your computer, it is recommended to install the BeanScape® software on a powerful computer.

12.4 APPENDICE 4: TROUBESHOOTING

✓ ***Why the Red LED is flashing?***

Each time a packet is lost by the BeanDevice®, Nwk/Activity led will blink in red. Try to decrease the wireless range between the BeanGateway® and the BeanDevice®.

✓ ***Why the BeanDevice® LEDS are not activated?***

If there is no wireless network activity, the led will be inactive. Make sure you have powered your BeanDevice® with a charged battery.

✓ ***What should I do if interference is present on the radio channel?***

Please turn off your BeanDevice ®, and then choose an appropriate channel. The channel selection is done from the BeanGateway ®.
For further information, please Read BeanGateway User's Manual BeanGateway ®.

✓ ***Why the BeanDevice® does not provide the right measurement value?***

- Check if your sensor channel is activated on your BeanScape® interface (ON Position)?;
- Check if your BeanDevice® is powered up;

- Check your LQI quality, if your LQI is under 50-60. You must change your antenna position, or your product position;
- Check your data acquisition mode, maybe you have specified a data acquisition which is too long;
- If you use a BeanDevice® AN-XX :
  - Check your sensor power supply, maybe you need to increase/decrease your power supply;
  - Check your sensor preprocess time. Maybe your sensor preprocess time is too short?
  - Check the wiring code of your sensor plug;

Why the BeanDevice® doesn't respond when I try to configure it (Over-the-air-configuration)?

- ✓ If your BeanDevice® operates with sleep phase, the RF Hardware operates also with a sleep phase. Therefore an Over-the-air-configuration will not be possible.
- ✓ Check the LQI (Link Quality Indicator) value, if this value is under 80, the over-the-air configuration will not be easy. Try to decrease the wireless range between the BeanDevice® and the BeanGateway®.
- ✓ If your BeanDevice® works in streaming mode, in order to keep a full synchronization of the data acquisition, any over-the-air-configuration is authorized.

Why do I have too much noise on my sensor signal?

- ✓ If you use a BeanDevice® AX3D/HI-INC/AX-3DS: don't forget to configure the cutoff frequency of your anti-aliasing filter
- ✓ If you use a BeanDevice® AN-mV: use a shielded cable.

Why I see 1g on the axis pointing to the ground?

- ✓ Accelerometers are devices that measure acceleration, which is the rate of change of the velocity of an object. They measure in meters per second squared (m/s2) or in G-forces (g). A single G-force for us here on planet Earth is equivalent to 9.8 m/s2 = 1g.
- ✓ The gravitational force has three vector components, in X, Y & Z directions, the accelerometer should read 1g on the Z axis (Z axis is pointed to the ground), it's usual to view 1g on this axis as it's the gravity. Our sensors are MEMS based and are working between DC to 800Hz . It's a normal behavior.

12.5 APPENDIX 5: SENSOR CALIBRATION

12.5.1 Factory Calibration procedure

12.5.1.1 BeanDevice® HI-INC/INC & HI-INC Xrange (Wireless Inclinometer)

The calibration procedure is based on a side-by-side comparison with a reference tiltmeter (Level development, Ref: SOLAR-2-05-1-RS232, accuracy ±0.01° on the FS). For a better measurement stability, the two tiltmeters are mounted on a sinus table (Mecamag, ref: 1005/02/175100S, accuracy ±5 seconds, planity ±0.005/100mm).

12.5.1.2 BeanDevice® AX-3D/AX-3DS & AX-3D Xrange (Wireless Accelerometer)

A static calibration method is used to calibrate the sensor.

12.5.2 Re-calibration

Depending on the operating environmental conditions, the following table summarize how often user should recalibrate its sensor:

BeanDevice® version	*Operating temperature < 40°C*	*Operating temperature > 40°C*
BeanDevice® AX-3D & BeanDevice® AX-3D Xrange	**6 years**	**3 years**
BeanDevice® AX-3DS	**3 years**	**2 years**
BeanDevice HI-INC, BeanDevice® HI-INC Xrange and BeanDevice® INC	**6 years**	**3 years**

Click here for more information about calibration settings

12.6 FIREWALL EXCEPTION FOR BEANSCAPE®

By default, firewall blocks all unknown network traffic coming in to the network. To permit traffic through the firewall we create exceptions (or rules) that allow certain traffic on the network. In our case the rules are defined by the software which is BeanScape.

Usually when launching BeanScape for the first time your Windows OS will ask you to add an exception and to allow the software to use your network resources, however in case this doesn't occur or rejected, manually adding BeanScape to exceptions list is possible through these following steps:

1. Use your Search bar at the windows launcher and look for "Allow an app through Windows Firewall"

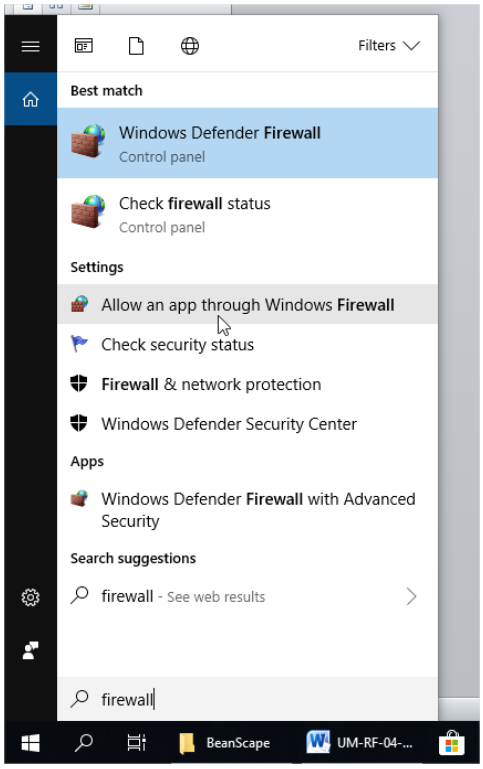


Figure 222 :Windows search for firewall screenshot

2. Look for BeanScape in the list and check its box, check Private if you are only willing to use BeanScape in your LAN or Public for allowing remote access from outside the LAN.Validate and your BeanScape will be allowed in your network.

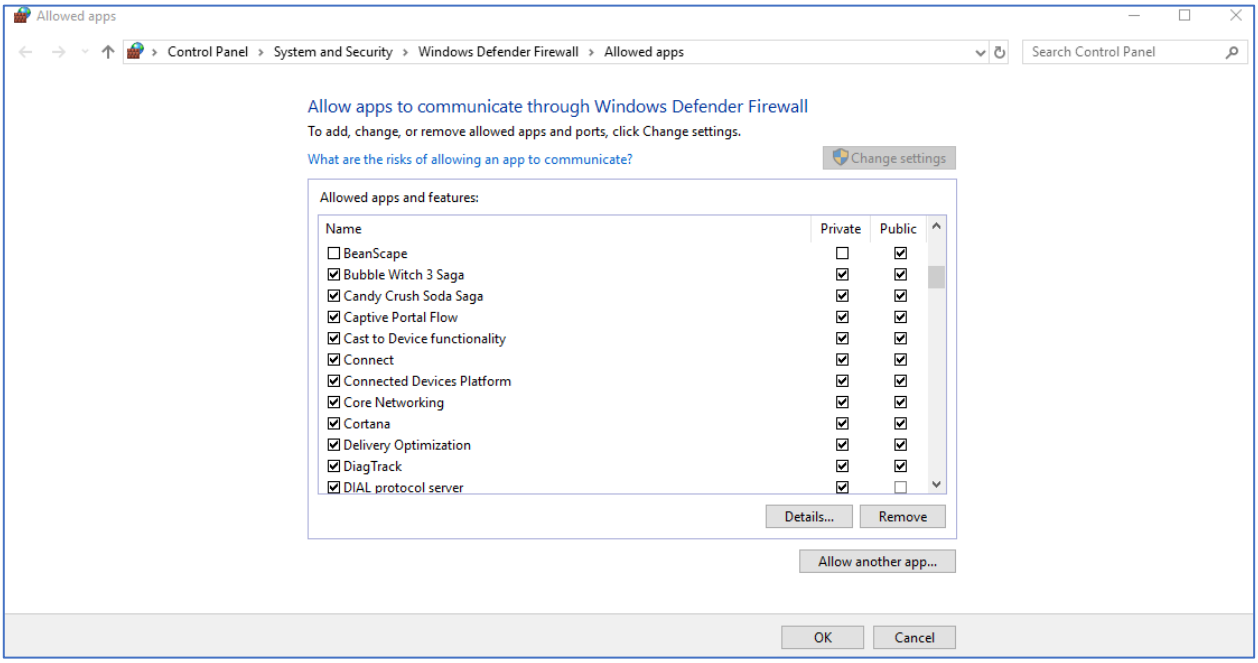


Figure 223: allowed apps window

If you are not familiar to configure a firewall exception, you can directly from BeanScape® add this rule automatically.

On the BeanScape® menu select Tools, then Advanced Settings then click on validate to add BeanScape® to the Firewall.

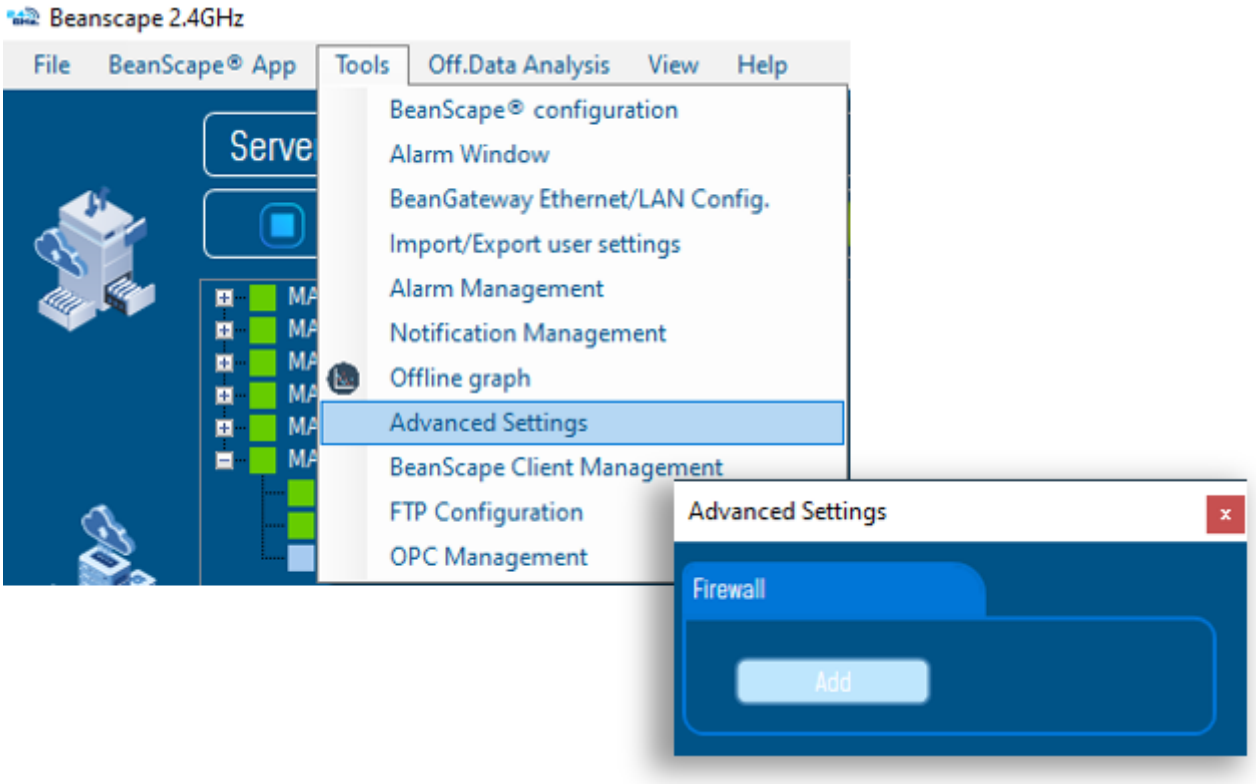


Figure 224: Firewall auto exception